

City of Jacksonville Senior Staff Voluntary Retirement Plan

ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT AS OF
OCTOBER 1, 2020 - DRAFT

ANNUAL EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR
ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2022





March 10, 2021

Mr. Timothy Johnson
Executive Director
Jacksonville Police and Fire Pension Fund
One West Adams Street, Suite 100
Jacksonville, FL 32202

**Re: City of Jacksonville Senior Staff Voluntary Retirement Plan
Actuarial Valuation as of October 1, 2020 and Actuarial Disclosures - DRAFT**

Dear Trustees:

The results of the DRAFT October 1, 2020 Annual Actuarial Valuation of the City of Jacksonville Senior Staff Voluntary Retirement Plan are presented in this report.

The computed contribution rates shown on page 1 may be considered as a minimum contribution rate that complies with the Plan's funding policy. Users of this report should be aware that contributions made at that rate do not guarantee benefit security. Given the importance of benefit security to any retirement system, we suggest that contributions to the Plan in excess of those presented in this report be considered.

The contribution rate in this report is determined using the actuarial assumptions and methods disclosed in Section B of this report. This report does not include a robust assessment of the risks of future experience not meeting the actuarial assumptions, as the assessment of these risks was outside the scope of this assignment. We encourage a review and assessment of investment and other significant risks that may have a material effect on the Plan's financial condition.

This report was prepared at the request of the Fund and is intended for use by the Retirement System and those designated or approved by the Fund. This report may be provided to parties other than the Plan only in its entirety and only with the permission of the Fund. GRS is not responsible for unauthorized use of this report.

The purposes of the valuation are to measure the Plan's funding progress, to determine the employer contribution rate for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022, and to determine the actuarial information for Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67. This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purposes described herein. Determinations of financial results associated with the benefits described in this report, for purposes other than those identified above may be significantly different.

The findings in this report are based on data through July 1, 2020 and financial information through September 30, 2020. Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience

differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the Plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. The scope of an actuarial valuation does not include an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

This valuation assumed the continuing ability of the plan sponsor to make the contributions necessary to fund this plan. A determination regarding whether or not the plan sponsor is actually able to do so is outside our scope of expertise and was not performed.

The actuarial information for GASB Statement No. 67 is intended to assist in preparation of the financial statements of the Plan. Financial statements are the responsibility of management, subject to the auditor's review. Please let us know if the auditor recommends any changes. Our calculation of the Net Pension Liability associated with the benefits described in this report was performed for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67. The Net Pension Liability is not an appropriate measure for measuring the sufficiency of plan assets to cover the estimated cost of settling the employer's benefit obligation. The Net Pension Liability is not an appropriate measure for assessing the need for or amount of future employer contributions. A calculation of the plan's liability for purposes other than satisfying the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 may produce significantly different results.

The valuation was based upon information furnished by the Executive Director concerning Retirement Plan benefits, financial transactions, plan provisions and active members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked for internal and year-to-year consistency, but did not otherwise audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by the Executive Director.

In addition, this report was prepared using certain assumptions and methods approved by the Fund and prescribed by the Florida Statutes as described in the section of this report entitled Actuarial Assumptions and Cost Methods. The prescribed assumptions are the assumed mortality rates detailed in the Actuarial Assumptions and Cost Methods section in accordance with Florida House Bill 1309 (codified in Chapter 2015-157).

This report was prepared using ProVal's valuation model, a software product of Winklevoss Technologies. We are relying on the ProVal model. We performed tests of the ProVal model with this assignment and made a reasonable attempt to understand the developer's intended purpose of, general operation of, major sensitivities and dependencies within, and key strengths and limitations of the ProVal model. In our professional judgment, the ProVal valuation model has the capability to provide results that are consistent with the purposes of the valuation.



This report has been prepared by actuaries who have substantial experience valuing public employee retirement systems. To the best of our knowledge the information contained in this report is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the City of Jacksonville Senior Staff Voluntary Retirement Plan as of the valuation date. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board and with applicable statutes.

Peter N. Strong and Jeffrey Amrose are members of the American Academy of Actuaries. These actuaries meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor.

This actuarial valuation and/or cost determination was prepared and completed by us or under our direct supervision, and we acknowledge responsibility for the results. To the best of our knowledge, the results are complete and accurate. In our opinion, the techniques and assumptions used are reasonable, meet the requirements and intent of Part VII, Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, and are based on generally accepted actuarial principles and practices. There is no benefit or expense to be provided by the plan and/or paid from the Plan's assets for which liabilities or current costs have not been established or otherwise taken into account in the valuation. All known events or trends which may require a material increase in plan costs or required contribution rates have been taken into account in the valuation.


Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company will be pleased to review this valuation report with the Board and to answer any questions pertaining to the valuation.

Respectfully submitted,

GABRIEL, ROEDER, SMITH AND COMPANY



Peter N. Strong, FSA, FCA, MAAA
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Senior Consultant & Actuary



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SECTION A

DISCUSSION OF VALUATION RESULTS

DISCUSSION OF VALUATION RESULTS

Closed Plan

In reviewing this Report, it is important for the reader to keep in mind that this Plan is closed to new members and all current members are in receipt of a pension benefit.

Comparison of Required Employer Contributions

The required employer contribution developed in this year's valuation is compared below to the last valuation.

	For FYE 9/30/22 Based on 10/1/2020 Valuation (if contributed on 12/1/2021)	For FYE 9/30/21 Based on 10/1/2018 Valuation (if contributed on 12/1/2020)
Required Employer Contribution	\$ 49,031	\$ 0

Payment of Required Contribution

The required employer contributions developed in this valuation have been calculated as though the payment is contributed on December 1.

The actual employer contributions for the year ending September 30, 2020 were \$0. The required employer contributions for the year ending September 30, 2020 were \$0.

Revisions in Benefits

The administrative control of the City of Jacksonville Senior Staff Voluntary Retirement Plan was transferred from the Jacksonville General Employees Retirement Plan to the original administrators, the Jacksonville Police and Fire Pension Fund. On April 20, 2016, the General Counsel for the City issued an opinion that the Senior Staff Voluntary Retirement Plan was unauthorized which subsequently transferred Plan administration to the City's General Employees Pension Plan and recalculated members' pension benefits as though they had participated in the General Employees Pension Plan. On May 28, 2020, a trial court ruled that the Police and Fire Pension Fund Board had the authority to create the Senior Staff Voluntary Retirement Plan. Plan administration was returned to the Police and Fire Pension Fund and members' pension benefits were reinstated to their prior amounts with applicable COLA increases and lump sum retroactive payments.

The reinstatement of benefits caused the Senior Staff Voluntary Retirement Plan to no longer be fully funded, which caused the required employer contribution for FY 2022 to increase by \$23,022.



Revisions in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Florida Statutes Chapter 112.63(1)(f) mandates the use of the mortality tables used in either of the two most recently published actuarial valuation reports of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The FRS updated its mortality assumption in the July 1, 2019 Actuarial Valuation. The previous FRS mortality table for Regular Class members was the RP 2000 Mortality Table for Annuitants, with mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2000 using Scale BB. For males, the base mortality rates included a 50% blue collar adjustment and a 50% white collar adjustment. For females, the base mortality rates included a 100% white collar adjustment. Further adjustments to the previous FRS mortality table included a 2.5-years set forward to mirror mortality assumptions that were used by the Jacksonville General Employees Retirement Plan. The current FRS mortality table for Regular Class (other than K-12 School Instructional Personnel) members is the Pub-2010 Headcount-Weighted General Below Median Health Retiree Mortality Tables, with separate rates for males and females and ages set back 1 year for males, and mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2010 using scale MP-2018.

The assumed investment return assumption has been reduced by 0.1% from 7.0% per annum to 6.9% per annum, compounded annually and net of investment expenses.

The net impact of the above assumption changes caused the required employer contribution to increase by \$26,009.

Reflecting IRC Section 415 Limitation

One Plan member's benefits are currently in excess of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 415 limit. No other members are expected to have benefits in excess of the IRC Section 415 limit in the foreseeable future. Benefits in excess of the IRC Section 415 limitation are to be paid from an Excess Benefit Arrangement. Valuation liabilities in this report reflect a reduction in the Plan's liability for the present value of benefits expected to be paid from an Excess Benefit Arrangement. As a result of this reduction, the UAL decreased by approximately \$109,000.

Actuarial Experience

There were net actuarial experience losses totaling \$289,786 since the previous actuarial valuation (which was as of October 1, 2018), which means that actual experience was less favorable than expected.

Investment experience resulted in an experience loss of \$147,126. The net money-weighted investment return on the Market Value of Assets was 7.98% for FY 2020 and 2.96% for FY 2019, as reported by the Fund's investment consultant, for an average return of 5.44% per year over the past two years. The investment return was compared to the assumed annual investment return of 7.0%.

Demographic experience resulted in a net experience loss of \$142,658 due to better longevity than anticipated by the mortality assumption.

Funded Ratio

The funded ratio is equal to the actuarial value of assets divided by the actuarial accrued (past service) liability. This year's funded ratio is 88.89% compared to 144.21% as of October 1, 2018. Prior to



reflecting the assumption changes, the funded ratio would have been 94.49%; and prior to reflecting the plan changes, the funded ratio would have been 140.84%.

Analysis of Employer Contribution

The components of change in the required employer contribution are as follows:

Required Contribution Payable December 1, 2020	\$	0
Experience (Gains) or Losses		
Investment Experience		0
Other Sources Experience		0
Revision in Assumptions		26,009
Amortization Payment on UAAL		0
Change in Employer Normal Cost		0
Benefit Changes		23,022
		<hr/>
Required Contribution Payable December 1, 2021	\$	49,031

Conclusion

It is important to note that the Plan’s assets are insufficient to cover the actuarial liabilities for inactive members. The Plan was fully funded in previous years, but the reinstatement of benefits, actuarial experience losses and assumption changes have caused this to no longer be the case. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized over 17 years, which is the liability weighted average future life expectancy of the retirees in the Plan. Consideration should be given to lowering the Plan’s current investment return assumption of 6.9% since the Plan is closed to new members and covers only retirees.

The remainder of this Report includes detailed actuarial valuation results, information relating to the pension fund, financial accounting information, miscellaneous employee data and summaries of Plan provisions.



RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE MEASURING THE ACCRUED LIABILITY AND ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION

The determination of the accrued liability and the actuarially determined contribution requires the use of assumptions regarding future economic and demographic experience. Risk measures, as illustrated in this report, are intended to aid in the understanding of the effects of future experience differing from the assumptions used in the course of the actuarial valuation. Risk measures may also help with illustrating the potential volatility in the accrued liability and the actuarially determined contribution that result from the differences between actual experience and the actuarial assumptions.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions due to changing conditions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period, or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the Plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. The scope of an actuarial valuation does not include an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

Examples of risk that may reasonably be anticipated to significantly affect the plan's future financial condition include:

1. Investment risk – actual investment returns may differ from the expected returns;
2. Asset/Liability mismatch – changes in asset values may not match changes in liabilities, thereby altering the gap between the accrued liability and assets and consequently altering the funded status and contribution requirements;
3. Contribution risk – actual contributions may differ from expected future contributions. For example, actual contributions may not be made in accordance with the plan's funding policy or material changes may occur in the anticipated number of covered employees, covered payroll, or other relevant contribution base;
4. Salary and Payroll risk – actual salaries and total payroll may differ from expected, resulting in actual future accrued liability and contributions differing from expected;
5. Longevity risk – members may live longer or shorter than expected and receive pensions for a period of time other than assumed; and
6. Other demographic risks – members may terminate, retire or become disabled at times or with benefits other than assumed resulting in actual future accrued liability and contributions differing from expected.

The effects of certain trends in experience can generally be anticipated. For example, if the investment return since the most recent actuarial valuation is less (or more) than the assumed rate, the cost of the plan can be expected to increase (or decrease). Likewise, if longevity is improving (or worsening), increases (or decreases) in cost can be anticipated.

The computed contribution rate shown on page 1 may be considered as a minimum contribution rate that complies with the Plan's funding policy. The timely receipt of the actuarially determined contributions is critical to support the financial health of the plan. Users of this report should be aware that contributions made at the actuarially determined rate do not necessarily guarantee benefit security.



PLAN MATURITY MEASURES

Risks facing a pension plan evolve over time. A young plan with virtually no investments and paying few benefits may experience little investment risk. An older plan with a large number of members in pay status and a significant trust may be much more exposed to investment risk. Generally accepted plan maturity measures include the following:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2018</u>
Ratio of the net market value of assets to payroll	0.00	0.00
Ratio of actuarial accrued liability to payroll	0.00	0.00
Ratio of actives to retirees and beneficiaries	0.00	0.00
Ratio of net cash flow to market value of assets	(15.1%)	(5.7%)
Duration of the actuarial accrued liability	9.61	9.22

RATIO OF MARKET VALUE OF ASSETS TO PAYROLL

The relationship between assets and payroll is a useful indicator of the potential volatility of contributions. For example, if the market value of assets is 2.0 times the payroll, a return on assets 5% different than assumed would equal 10% of payroll. A higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) level of this maturity measure generally indicates a higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) volatility in plan sponsor contributions as a percentage of payroll.

RATIO OF ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY TO PAYROLL

The relationship between actuarial accrued liability and payroll is a useful indicator of the potential volatility of contributions for a fully funded plan. A funding policy that targets a funded ratio of 100% is expected to result in the ratio of assets to payroll and the ratio of liability to payroll converging over time.

The ratio of liability to payroll may also be used as a measure of sensitivity of the liability itself. For example, if the actuarial accrued liability is 2.5 times the payroll, a change in liability 2% other than assumed would equal 5% of payroll. A higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) level of this maturity measure generally indicates a higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) volatility in liability (and also plan sponsor contributions) as a percentage of payroll.

RATIO OF ACTIVES TO RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES

A young plan with many active members and few retirees will have a high ratio of active to retirees. A mature open plan may have close to the same number of actives to retirees resulting in a ratio near 1.0. A super-mature or closed plan may have significantly more retirees than actives resulting in a ratio below 1.0.

RATIO OF NET CASH FLOW TO MARKET VALUE OF ASSETS

A positive net cash flow means contributions exceed benefits and expenses. A negative cash flow means



existing funds are being used to make payments. A certain amount of negative net cash flow is generally expected to occur when benefits are prefunded through a qualified trust. Large negative net cash flows as a percent of assets may indicate a super-mature plan or a need for additional contributions.

DURATION OF ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY

The duration of the actuarial accrued liability may be used to approximate the sensitivity to a 1% change in the assumed rate of return. For example, duration of 10 indicates that the liability would increase approximately 10% if the assumed rate of return were lowered 1%.

ADDITIONAL RISK ASSESSMENT

Additional risk assessment is outside the scope of the annual actuarial valuation. Additional assessment may include scenario tests, sensitivity tests, stochastic modeling, stress tests, and a comparison of the present value of accrued benefits at low-risk discount rates with the actuarial accrued liability.



SECTION B

VALUATION RESULTS

PARTICIPANT DATA¹			
	October 1, 2020 <i>After Plan Changes</i>	October 1, 2020 <i>Before Plan Changes</i>	October 1, 2018
ACTIVE MEMBERS			
Number	0	0	0
Annual Payroll	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Average Annual Payroll	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Average Age	0.0	0.0	0.0
Average Past Service	0.0	0.0	0.0
Average Age at Hire	0.0	0.0	0.0
RETIREES, BENEFICIARIES & DROP			
Number	3	3	3
Annual Benefits	\$ 357,705 ²	\$ 267,404	\$ 257,663
Average Annual Benefit	\$ 119,235	\$ 89,135	\$ 85,888
Average Age	70.6	70.6	68.6
DISABILITY RETIREES			
Number	0	0	0
Annual Benefits	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Average Annual Benefit	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Average Age	0.0	0.0	0.0
TERMINATED VESTED MEMBERS			
Number	0	0	0
Annual Benefits	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Average Annual Benefit	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Average Age	0.0	0.0	0.0

¹Participant data is collected as of July 1.

²Not including distributions from the Excess Benefits Arrangement Plan.

ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION (ADC)

	October 1, 2020	October 1, 2020	October 1, 2020	October 1, 2018
A. Valuation Date	<i>After Plan and Assumption Changes</i>	<i>After Plan Changes and Before Assumption Changes</i>	<i>Before Plan and Assumption Changes</i>	
B. ADC to Be Paid During Fiscal Year Ending	9/30/2022	9/30/2022	9/30/2022	9/30/2021
C. Assumed Date of Employer Contributions	12/1/2021	12/1/2021	12/1/2021	12/1/2020
D. Annual Payment to Amortize Unfunded Actuarial Liability	\$ 48,489	\$ 22,764	\$ 0	\$ 0
E. Employer Normal Cost	0	0	0	0
F. ADC if Paid on the Valuation Date: D + E	48,489	22,764	0	0
G. Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) in Contribution Year*	49,031	23,022	0	0

* = Employer Contribution (item F.) x (1+interest rate) ^ (2/12)



ACTUARIAL VALUE OF BENEFITS AND ASSETS

A. Valuation Date	October 1, 2020	October 1, 2020	October 1, 2020	October 1, 2018
	<i>After Plan and Assumption Changes</i>	<i>After Plan Changes and Before Assumption Changes</i>	<i>Before Plan and Assumption Changes</i>	
B. Actuarial Present Value of All Projected Benefits for				
1. Active Members	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
2. Inactive Members				
a. Service Retirees	2,826,258	2,637,088	2,295,163	3,112,964
b. Disability Retirees	0	0	0	0
c. Beneficiaries	1,760,522	1,677,900	853,452	0 *
d. Terminated Vested Members	0	0	0	0
e. Total	4,586,780	4,314,988	3,148,615	3,112,964
3. Total for All Members	4,586,780	4,314,988	3,148,615	3,112,964
C. Actuarial Accrued (Past Service) Liability				
1. Active Members	0	0	0	0
2. Inactive Members	4,586,780	4,314,988	3,148,615	3,112,964
3. Total for All Members	4,586,780	4,314,988	3,148,615	3,112,964
D. Actuarial Value of Accumulated Plan Benefits per FASB No. 35	4,586,780	4,314,988	3,148,615	3,112,964
E. Plan Assets				
1. Market Value of Assets	4,077,179	4,077,179	4,434,551	4,489,259
2. Actuarial Value of Assets	4,077,179	4,077,179	4,434,551	4,489,259
F. Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability: C3 - E2	509,601	237,809	(1,285,936)	(1,376,295)
G. Funded Ratio: E2 / C3	88.89%	94.49%	140.84%	144.21%

*The breakdown of the Present Value of Future Benefits between Service Retirees and Beneficiaries for the prior valuation is not available.



LIQUIDATION OF THE UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY

After Plan Changes and Before Assumption Changes

UAAL AMORTIZATION PERIOD AND PAYMENTS						
Original UAAL				Current UAAL		
Date Established	Type of Amortization Base	Amortization Period (Years)	Amount	Years Remaining	Amount	Payment
10/1/2020	Experience (Gain)/Loss	17	\$ 289,784	17	\$ 0 *	\$ 0
10/1/2020	Plan Changes	17	1,523,745	17	237,809 *	22,764
			<u>1,813,529</u>		<u>237,809</u>	<u>22,764</u>

After Plan and Assumption Changes

UAAL AMORTIZATION PERIOD AND PAYMENTS						
Original UAAL				Current UAAL		
Date Established	Type of Amortization Base	Amortization Period (Years)	Amount	Years Remaining	Amount	Payment
10/1/2020	Experience (Gain)/Loss	17	\$ 289,784	17	\$ 0 *	\$ 0
10/1/2020	Plan Changes	17	1,523,745	17	237,809 *	22,628
10/1/2020	Assumption Changes	17	<u>271,792</u>	17	<u>271,792</u>	<u>25,861</u>
			2,085,321		509,601	48,489

*Current year's base amount is limited to the amount of Actuarial Accrued Liability in excess of Plan Assets, no less than zero.



Amortization Schedule

The UAAL is being amortized as a level dollar over the number of years remaining in each amortization period. The following schedule illustrates the expected amortization of the UAAL:

Amortization Schedule	
Year	Expected UAAL
2020	\$ 509,601
2021	492,926
2022	475,103
2023	456,051
2024	435,683
2025	413,910
2030	280,329
2035	93,848
2037	-

ACTUARIAL GAINS AND LOSSES

The assumptions used to anticipate mortality, investment income, and other factors have been based on long range trends and expectations. Actual experience can vary from these expectations. The variance is measured by the gain and loss for the period involved. If significant long term experience reveals consistent deviation from what has been expected and that deviation is expected to continue, the assumptions should be modified. The net actuarial gain (loss) for the past year is computed as follows:

1. UAAL at 10/1/2018	\$ (1,376,295)
2. 2018-20 Total Normal Cost for Benefits (BOY)	0
3. 2018-20 Contributions	0
4. Interest at the Assumed Rate on:	
a. 1 and 2 for two years	(199,425)
b. 3 from dates paid	0
c. a - b	(199,425)
5. Expected UAAL at 10/1/2020 (before changes): 1 + 2 - 3 + 4c	(1,575,720)
6. Actual UAAL at 10/1/2020 (before changes):	(1,285,936)
7. Net Actuarial Gain/(Loss):	(289,784)
8. Gain/(Loss) Due to Investments:	(147,126)
9. Gain/(Loss) Due to Other Sources:	(142,658)

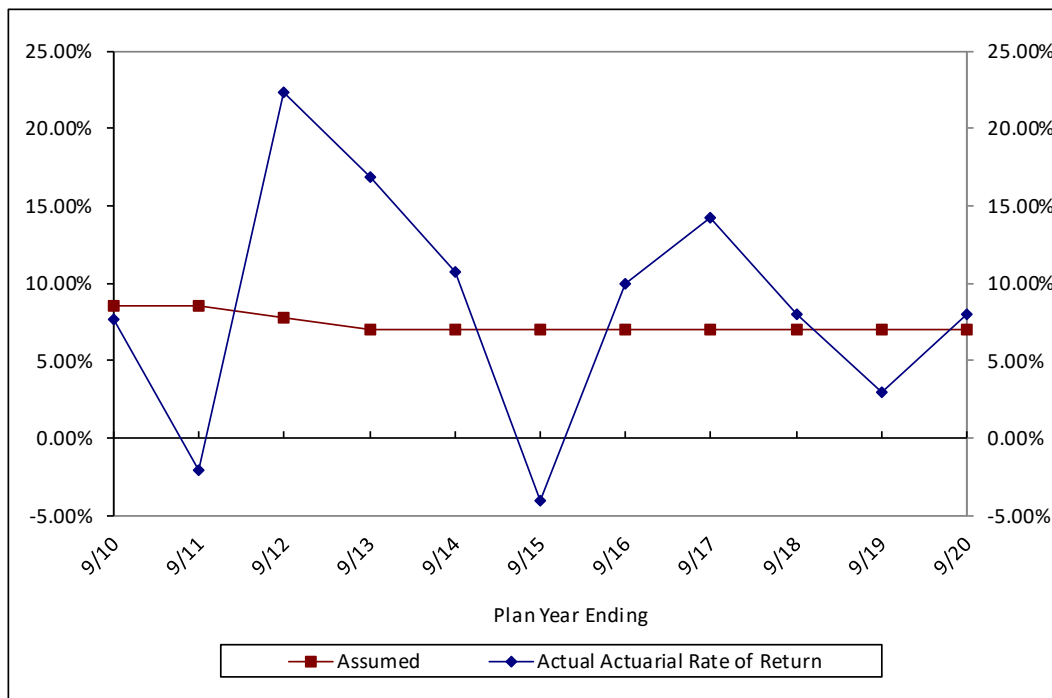
The annual experience gains/(losses) in previous years have been as follows:

Year Ending	Experience Gain / (Loss)
9/30/2018	\$ 3,621
9/30/2020	(289,784)

The fund earnings assumption have considerable impact on the cost of the plan so it is important that they are in line with the actual experience. The following table shows the actual fund earnings (based on the actuarial value of assets) compared to the assumed rates of return for the last few years:

Year Ending	Investment Return	
	Actual	Assumed
9/30/2010	7.70 %	8.50 %
9/30/2011	(2.07)	8.50
9/30/2012	22.33	7.75
9/30/2013	16.81	7.00
9/30/2014	10.73	7.00
9/30/2015	(4.00)	7.00
9/30/2016	10.00	7.00
9/30/2017	14.27	7.00
9/30/2018	7.99	7.00
9/30/2019	2.96	7.00
9/30/2020	7.98	7.00
Average	8.36 %	7.34 %

History of Investment Return Based on Actuarial Value of Assets



RECENT HISTORY OF VALUATION RESULTS

Valuation Date	Number of		Covered Annual Payroll	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Actuarial Value of Assets	Funded Ratio	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)
	Active Members	Inactive Members					
10/1/2018	0	3	\$ 0	\$ 3,112,964	\$4,489,259	144.2 %	\$(1,376,295)
10/1/2020	0	3	0	4,586,780	4,077,179	88.9	509,601



ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND COST METHOD

Valuation Methods

Actuarial Cost Method - Normal cost and the allocation of benefit values between service rendered before and after the valuation date were determined using an **Individual Entry-Age Actuarial Cost Method** having the following characteristics:

- (i) the annual normal cost for each individual active member, payable from the date of employment to the dates of expected retirement, is sufficient to accumulate the value of the member's benefit at the time of retirement;
- (ii) each annual normal cost is a constant percentage of the member's year by year projected covered pay.

Actuarial gains/(losses), as they occur, reduce (increase) the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Financing of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities - Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities were amortized as a level (principal & interest combined) dollar over a prescribed period. The prescribed period is based on a liability weighted average of the future life expectancy of current plan members.

Actuarial Value of Assets – Market Value as of the valuation date.

Valuation Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation are shown in this Section.

Economic Assumptions

The **investment return rate** assumed in the valuation is 6.90% per year, compounded annually (net after investment expenses). *This rate was 7.00% in the previous valuation.*

The **inflation rate** assumed in this valuation was 2.25% per year. *This rate was 2.50% in the previous valuation.*

The assumed **real rate of return** over inflation is defined to be the portion of total investment return that is more than the assumed inflation rate. Considering other economic assumptions, the 6.90% investment return rate translates to an assumed real rate of return over inflation of 4.65%.

Demographic Assumptions

The **mortality table** is the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted General Below Median Healthy Retiree Mortality Table, with separate rates for males and females and ages set back 1 year for males, with gender-specific mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2010 using Scale MP-2018. These are the same rates currently in use for Regular Class (other than K-12 School Instructional Personnel) members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS), as mandated by Chapter 112.63, Florida Statutes.



FRS Healthy Post-Retirement Mortality

Sample Attained Ages in 2020	Probability of Dying Next Year		Future Life Expectancy (years)	
	Men	Women	Men	Women
50	0.19 %	0.58 %	33.04	36.86
55	0.97	0.58	28.67	32.42
60	1.15	0.60	24.59	27.89
65	1.29	0.69	20.55	23.32
70	1.80	1.10	16.55	18.85
75	2.88	1.90	12.85	14.66
80	4.87	3.44	9.58	10.92

This assumption is used to measure the probabilities of each benefit payment being made after retirement.

In the previous valuation, this assumption was the RP- 2000 Mortality Table for Annuitants, with mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2000 using Scale BB. For males, the base mortality rates were set forward 2.5 years and included a 50% blue collar adjustment and a 50% white collar adjustment. For females, the base mortality rates were set forward 2.5 years and included a 100% white collar adjustment.

Miscellaneous and Technical Assumptions

<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	None. Annual administrative expenses are assumed to be paid outside of the Plan assets.
<i>Incidence of Contributions</i>	Employer contributions are assumed to be received in full on December 1 st and are assumed to be equal to the dollar amount shown.
<i>Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 415 Limitation</i>	IRC Section 415 limits are projected into the future assuming annual inflation increases of 2.25% per year. For the purpose of valuing the liability for applicable Plan member(s) whose benefits are currently limited under IRC Section 415, benefits payable from the Plan are reduced to reflect the projected IRC Section 415 limit.



GLOSSARY

<i>Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)</i>	The difference between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits, and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs.
<i>Actuarial Assumptions</i>	Assumptions about future plan experience that affect costs or liabilities, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement, and retirement; future increases in salary; future rates of investment earnings; future investment and administrative expenses; characteristics of members not specified in the data, such as marital status; characteristics of future members; future elections made by members; and other items.
<i>Actuarial Cost Method</i>	A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs and the Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<i>Actuarial Equivalent</i>	Of equal Actuarial Present Value, determined as of a given date and based on a given set of Actuarial Assumptions.
<i>Actuarial Present Value (APV)</i>	The amount of funds required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments with an assumed interest rate and with the assumed probability each payment will be made.
<i>Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits (APVFB)</i>	The Actuarial Present Value of amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, nonretired members entitled to either a refund or a future retirement benefit. Expressed another way, it is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.
<i>Actuarial Valuation</i>	The determination, as of a valuation date, of the Normal Cost, Actuarial Accrued Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related Actuarial Present Values for a plan.
<i>Actuarial Value of Assets</i>	The value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio and the actuarially determined contribution (ADC).

<i>Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)</i>	The employer's periodic required contributions, expressed as a dollar amount or a percentage of covered plan compensation, determined under GASB. The ADC consists of the Employer Normal Cost and Amortization Payment.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	A method for determining the Amortization Payment. The most common methods used are level dollar and level percentage of payroll. Under the Level Dollar method, the Amortization Payment is one of a stream of payments, all equal, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. Under the Level Percentage of Pay method, the Amortization Payment is one of a stream of increasing payments, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. Under the Level Percentage of Pay method, the stream of payments increases at the rate at which total covered payroll of all active members is assumed to increase.
<i>Amortization Payment</i>	That portion of the plan contribution or ADC which is designed to pay interest on and to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<i>Amortization Period</i>	The period used in calculating the Amortization Payment.
<i>Closed Amortization Period</i>	A specific number of years that is reduced by one each year, and declines to zero with the passage of time. For example, if the amortization period is initially set at 30 years, it is 29 years at the end of one year, 28 years at the end of two years, etc.
<i>Employer Normal Cost</i>	The portion of the Normal Cost to be paid by the employer. This is equal to the Normal Cost less expected member contributions.
<i>Equivalent Single Amortization Period</i>	For plans that do not establish separate amortization bases (separate components of the UAAL), this is the same as the Amortization Period. For plans that do establish separate amortization bases, this is the period over which the UAAL would be amortized if all amortization bases were combined upon the current UAAL payment.
<i>Experience Gain/Loss</i>	A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of Actuarial Assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuations. To the extent that actual experience differs from that assumed, Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities emerge which may be larger or smaller than projected. Gains are due to favorable experience, e.g., the assets earn more than projected, salaries do not increase as fast as assumed, members retire later than assumed, etc. Favorable experience means actual results produce actuarial liabilities not as large as projected by the actuarial assumptions. On the other hand, losses are the result of unfavorable experience, i.e., actual results that produce Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities which are larger than projected.

<i>Funded Ratio</i>	The ratio of the Actuarial Value of Assets to the Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<i>GASB</i>	Governmental Accounting Standards Board.
<i>Normal Cost</i>	The annual cost assigned, under the Actuarial Cost Method, to the current plan year.
<i>Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability</i>	The difference between the Actuarial Accrued Liability and Actuarial Value of Assets.
<i>Valuation Date</i>	The date as of which the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits are determined. The benefits expected to be paid in the future are discounted to this date.



SECTION C

PENSION FUND INFORMATION

Reconciliation of Plan Assets

Item	September 30		
	2020 <i>After Plan Changes</i>	2020 <i>Before Plan Changes</i>	2019
A. Market Value of Assets at Beginning of Year	\$ 4,359,959	\$ 4,359,959	\$ 4,489,259
B. Revenues and Expenditures			
1. Contributions			
a. Member Contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
b. Employer Contributions	-	-	-
c. Miscellaneous	-	-	-
d. Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2. Investment Income			
a. Net Investment Income	\$ 331,488 *	\$ 337,631 *	\$ 129,086 **
3. Benefits and Refunds			
a. Regular Monthly Benefits	\$ (283,877)	\$ (263,039)	\$ (258,386)
b. Refunds	-	-	-
c. Lump Sum Retroactive Underpayments	(330,391)	-	-
d. Total	\$ (614,268)	\$ (263,039)	\$ (258,386)
4. Administrative and Miscellaneous Expenses			
a. Total Administrative Expenses	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
b. Miscellaneous	-	-	-
c. Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
C. Market Value of Assets at End of Year	\$ 4,077,179	\$ 4,434,551	\$ 4,359,959

*7.98% applied to beginning-of-year account value; mid-July timing for the lump sum retroactive underpayment; and mid-year timing assumed on regular payments from accounts during the year.

**2.96% applied to beginning-of-year account value; and mid-year timing assumed on payments from accounts during the year.



Period Ending	Net Investment Rate of Return	
	Total Market Value	Total Actuarial Value
9/30/2010	7.7 %	7.7 %
9/30/2011	(2.1)	(2.1)
9/30/2012	22.3	22.3
9/30/2013	16.8	16.8
9/30/2014	10.7	10.7
9/30/2015	(4.0)	(4.0)
9/30/2016	10.0	10.0
9/30/2017	14.3	14.3
9/30/2018	8.0	8.0
9/30/2019	3.0	3.0
9/30/2020	8.0	8.0
Average Returns:		
Last 3 Years	6.3 %	6.3 %
Last 5 Years	8.6 %	8.6 %
Last 10 Years	8.4 %	8.4 %
All Years Shown Above	8.4 %	8.4 %

The above rates are based on the retirement system's financial information reported to the actuary. They may differ from figures that the investment consultant reports, in part because of differences in the handling of administrative and investment expenses, and in part because of differences in the handling of cash flows.

SECTION D

FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING INFORMATION

FASB NO. 35 INFORMATION		
A. Valuation Date	October 1, 2020	October 1, 2019*
B. Actuarial Present Value of Accumulated Plan Benefits		
1. Vested Benefits		
a. Members Currently Receiving Payments	\$ 4,586,780	\$ 3,063,442
b. Terminated Vested Members	0	0
c. Other Members	0	0
d. Total	<u>4,586,780</u>	<u>3,063,442</u>
2. Non-Vested Benefits	0	0
3. Total Actuarial Present Value of Accumulated Plan Benefits: 1d + 2	4,586,780	3,063,442
4. Accumulated Contributions of Active Members	0	0
C. Changes in the Actuarial Present Value of Accumulated Plan Benefits		
1. Total Value at Beginning of Year	3,063,442	3,112,964
2. Increase (Decrease) During the Period Attributable to:		
a. Plan Amendments	1,523,745	0
b. Change in Actuarial Assumptions	271,792	0
c. Latest Member Data, Benefits Accumulated and Decrease in the Discount Period	342,069	208,864
d. Benefits Paid	<u>(614,268)</u>	<u>(258,386)</u>
e. Net Increase	1,523,338	(49,522)
3. Total Value at End of Period	4,586,780	3,063,442
D. Market Value of Assets	4,077,179	4,359,959
E. Funded Ratio Using Market Value: D / C3	88.9%	142.3%
F. Actuarial Assumptions - See page entitled Actuarial Assumptions and Methods		

*Results for 2019 are based on 10/1/18 liabilities rolled-forward to 10/1/2019.



SUMMARY OF DISCLOSURES

GASB Statement No. 67

Actuarial Valuation Date September 30, 2020
Pension Plan's Fiscal Year Ending Date (Asset Measurement Date & Reporting Date) September 30, 2020

Membership

Number of	
- Retirees and Beneficiaries	3
- Inactive, Nonretired Members	-
- Active Members	-
- Total	3
Covered Payroll	\$ -

Net Pension Liability

Total Pension Liability	\$ 4,586,780
Total Plan Fiduciary Net Position	4,077,179
Net Pension Liability	\$ 509,601
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	88.89%
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A

Development of the Single Discount Rate

Single Discount Rate	6.90%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	6.90%
Long-Term Municipal Bond Rate*	2.41%
Last year ending September 30 in the 2021 to 2120 projection period for which projected benefit payments are fully funded	2120

* Source: Fidelity General Obligation AA rate as of September 30, 2020. This is the rate for Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Investments' "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index." In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the municipal curves are constructed using option adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax exempt securities.



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

GASB Statement No. 67

Fiscal year ending September 30,	2020	2019	2018	2017*	2016	2015
Total pension liability						
Service Cost	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -	\$ (57,000)
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	205,390	208,864	209,522		298,000	282,000
Benefit Changes	1,517,602	-	-		89,000	-
Difference between actual & expected experience	142,822	-	38,910		27,000	-
Assumption Changes	271,792	-	-		149,000	154,000
Benefit Payments	(263,039)	(258,386)	(257,285)		(286,000)	(109,000)
Refunds	-	-	-		-	-
Other - Benefit Payments from Benefit Changes	(351,229)	-	-		-	-
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	1,523,338	(49,522)	(8,853)	(1,562,183)	278,000	270,000
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	3,063,442	3,112,964	3,121,817	4,684,000	4,406,000	4,136,000
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 4,586,780	\$ 3,063,442	\$ 3,112,964	\$ 3,121,817	\$ 4,684,000	\$ 4,406,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - Employer (City)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions - Non-Employer Contributing Entity	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions - Employee	-	-	-	-	-	22,000
Net Investment Income	331,488	129,086	341,854	567,131	386,000	(167,000)
Benefit Payments	(614,268)	(258,386)	(257,285)	(264,642)	(286,000)	(109,000)
Refunds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administrative Expense	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(282,780)	(129,300)	84,569	302,489	100,000	(254,000)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	4,359,959	4,489,259	4,404,690	4,102,201	4,002,000	4,257,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 4,077,179	\$ 4,359,959	\$ 4,489,259	\$ 4,404,690	\$ 4,102,000	\$ 4,002,000
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 509,601	\$ (1,296,517)	\$ (1,376,295)	\$ (1,282,873)	\$ 582,000	\$ 404,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage						
of Total Pension Liability	88.89 %	142.32 %	144.21 %	141.09 %	87.57 %	90.83 %
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage						
of Covered Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

*For Measurement Year Ended September 30, 2017, information on the change in Total Pension Liability was not available.



SCHEDULE OF THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY

GASB Statement No. 67

FY Ending September 30,	Total Pension Liability	Plan Net Position	Net Pension Liability	Plan Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	Covered Payroll	Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll
2015	\$ 4,406,000	\$ 4,002,000	\$ 404,000	90.83%	\$ -	N/A
2016	4,684,000	4,102,000	582,000	87.57%	-	N/A
2017	3,121,817	4,404,690	(1,282,873)	141.09%	-	N/A
2018	3,112,964	4,489,259	(1,376,295)	144.21%	-	N/A
2019	3,063,442	4,359,959	(1,296,517)	142.32%	-	N/A
2020	4,586,780	4,077,179	509,601	88.89%	-	N/A



NOTES TO NET PENSION LIABILITY

GASB Statement No. 67

Valuation Date: September 30, 2020
Measurement Date: September 30, 2020

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Net Pension Liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases	Not applicable
Investment Rate of Return	6.90%
Retirement Age	Not applicable
Mortality	PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted General Below Median Healthy Retiree Mortality Table, with separate rates for males and females and ages set back 1 year for males, with gender-specific mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2010 using Scale MP-2018. These are the same rates currently in use for Regular Class (other than K-12 School Instructional Personnel) members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS), as mandated by Chapter 112.63, Florida Statutes.

Other Information:

Notes See Discussion of Valuation Results in the October 1, 2020 Actuarial Valuation Report.

Benefit changes reflect the change in administrative control of the Plan to the Jacksonville Police and Fire Pension Fund which reinstated pension benefits to their former amounts with applicable COLA increases.

Assumption changes reflect the following changes:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.0% to 6.9%.
- The mortality assumption was updated to the current mortality assumption being used by the Florida Retirement System, which was updated effective July 1, 2019 by the FRS, as required by Florida Statutes.



SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

GASB Statement No. 67

FY Ending September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) ¹	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2011	\$ 142,000	\$ 101,000	\$ 41,000	\$ 484,000	20.87%
2012	523,000	117,000	406,000	355,000	33.09%
2013	28,000	248,000	(220,000)	290,000	85.59%
2014	28,000	7,000	21,000	298,000	2.41%
2015	-	-	-	307,000	0.00%
2016	-	-	-	-	0.00%
2017	-	-	-	-	0.00%
2018	-	-	-	-	0.00%
2019	-	-	-	-	0.00%
2020	-	-	-	-	0.00%



NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

GASB Statement No. 67

Valuation Date: October 1, 2018
Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, which is two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Not applicable
Remaining Amortization Period	Not applicable
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Not applicable
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Retirement Age	Not applicable
Mortality	RP-2000 Mortality Table for Annuitants, with mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2000 using Scale BB. For males, the base mortality rates include a 50% blue collar adjustment and a 50% white collar adjustment; and ages set forward 2.5 years. For females, the base mortality rates include a 100% white collar adjustment; and ages set forward 2.5 years. These are the same rates used for the Jacksonville General Employees Retirement Plan.

Other Information:
Notes See Discussion of Valuation Results in the October 1, 2018 Actuarial Valuation Report prepared by Segal Consulting, dated November 12, 2019.



SINGLE DISCOUNT RATE

GASB Statement No. 67

A single discount rate of 6.90% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the total actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (6.90%) was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption

1% Decrease	Current Single Discount Rate Assumption	1% Increase
5.90%	6.90%	7.90%
\$950,429	\$509,601	\$132,161

SECTION E

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL MEMBERSHIP DATA		
	From 10/1/18 To 10/1/20	From 10/1/15 To 10/1/18
A. Active Members - Closed Plan		
Number Included in This Valuation	0	0
B. Terminated Vested Members		
Number Included in This Valuation	0	0
C. Service Retirees, Disability Retirees and Beneficiaries		
1. Number Included in Last Valuation	3	3
2. Additions from Active Members	0	0
3. Additions from Terminated Vested Members	0	0
4. Deaths	0	0
5. Additions from New Survivor Benefits	0	0
6. End of Certain Period - No Further Payments	0	0
7. Other - Data Corrections	0	0
8. Number Included in This Valuation	3	3

Note: Participant Data is collected as of July 1.

INACTIVE MEMBERS AS OF OCTOBER 1, 2020

Age	<u>Terminated Vested</u>		<u>Disabled</u>		<u>Retired</u>		<u>Beneficiaries</u>		<u>Grand Total</u>	
	Total		Total		Total		Total		Total	
	<u>Number</u>	<u>Benefits</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Benefits</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Benefits</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Benefits</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Benefits</u>
Under 25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25 - 29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30 - 34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35 - 39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
40 - 44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
45 - 49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
50 - 54	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
55 - 59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
60 - 64	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	107,218	1	107,218
65 - 69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
70 - 74	0	0	0	0	1	21,758	0	0	1	21,758
75 - 79	0	0	0	0	1	228,729	0	0	1	228,729
80 - 84	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
85 - 89	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
90 - 94	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
95 - 99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
100 & Over	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	2	250,487	1	107,218	3	357,705
Average Age:		0.0		0.0		75.5		60.8		70.6
Avg. Annual Benefit:		0		0		125,244		107,218		119,235



SECTION F

SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

SENIOR STAFF VOLUNTARY RETIREMENT PLAN

A. Plan Year

October 1 through September 30

B. Type of Plan

Qualified, governmental defined benefit retirement plan; for GASB purposes it is a single employer plan.

C. Eligibility Requirements

Board employees of the Jacksonville Police and Fire Pension Fund in an approved budgeted position. The plan is currently closed to new entrants and all current members are in receipt of pension benefits.

D. Credited Service

Credited Service is measured as the total number of months and fractional parts thereof of employment with the City during which time prescribed employee contributions are made. No service is credited for any periods of employment for which the member received a refund of their contributions.

E. Average Final Compensation (AFC)

The average of Compensation shall be the final two years of Credited Service immediately preceding the time of retirement.

F. Normal Retirement

Eligibility: A member may retire on the first day of the month coincident with attainment of age 65 with 5 years of Credited Service.

Benefit: Average final compensation multiplied by 3.0% for each year of Credited Service.

Normal Form

of Benefit: 75% Joint and Survivor option.

Health Care

Supplement: Monthly benefit of \$5.00 multiplied by years of Credited Service (not in excess of 30).

COLA: Each retiree will receive a 3.0% increase in benefits beginning with the first bi-weekly pay period in the first January after commencement of benefit and in each subsequent first bi-weekly pay period in January.



G. Early Retirement

Eligibility: A member may elect to retire earlier than the Normal Retirement Eligibility upon attainment of age 60 with 5 years of Credited Service.

Benefit: The Normal Retirement Benefit is reduced by 0.5% per month before age 65.

Normal Form of Benefit: 75% Joint and Survivor option.

Health Care Supplement: Monthly benefit of \$5.00 multiplied by years of Credited Service (not in excess of 30).

COLA: Each retiree will receive a 3.0% increase in benefits beginning with the first bi-weekly pay period in the first January after commencement of benefit and in each subsequent first bi-weekly pay period in January.

H. Delayed Retirement

Same as Normal Retirement taking into account compensation earned and service credited until the date of actual retirement.

I. Disability Retirement

Eligibility: Any member who becomes totally and permanently disabled as a result of an act occurring in the performance of service for the City is immediately eligible for a disability benefit.

Benefit: The greater of:
(1) the member's accrued benefit to date of disability, or
(2) 60% of AFC in effect on the date of disability.

Normal Form of Benefit: 75% Joint and Survivor option.

Health Care Supplement: Monthly benefit of \$5.00 multiplied by years of actual years of Credited Service (not in excess of 30).

COLA: Each disabled retiree will receive a 3.0% increase in benefits beginning with the first bi-weekly pay period in the first January after commencement of benefit and in each subsequent first bi-weekly pay period in January.



J. Pre-Retirement Death

Eligibility: Any member who is killed or dies from effects of an injury or of any illness or disease is eligible for survivor benefits regardless of Credited Service.

Benefit: If the member has a legal spouse, the pension benefit is the greater of:
(1) 75% of the member's accrued benefit to date of death, or
(2) 49.5% of AFC in effect on the date of death.

If the member does not have a surviving spouse, a refund of the member's contributions to the Plan without interest shall be payable to the estate of the Member.

Normal Form of Benefit: Payable for the life of the beneficiary.

Health Care Supplement: Monthly benefit of \$5.00 multiplied by years of actual years of Credited Service (not in excess of 30).

COLA: Each beneficiary will receive a 3.0% increase in benefits beginning with the first bi-weekly pay period in the first January after commencement of benefit and in each subsequent first bi-weekly pay period in January.

K. Vested Termination

Eligibility: A member has earned a non-forfeitable right to Plan benefits after the completion of 5 years of Credited Service. Optionally, vested members may elect a refund in lieu of the vested benefits otherwise due.

Benefit: The benefit is the member's accrued Normal Retirement Benefit. The benefit begins on the date that would have been the member's Normal Retirement date.

Normal Form of Benefit: 75% Joint and Survivor option.

Health Care Supplement: Same as Normal Retirement.

COLA: Same as Normal Retirement.

L. Refunds

Members terminating employment with less than 5 years of Credited Service will receive a refund of the member's contributions without interest and money purchase funds transferred.



M. Member Contributions

7% of Compensation.

N. Employer Contributions

Any additional amount determined by the actuary needed to fund the plan properly according to State laws.

O. Cost of Living Increases

Each retiree and beneficiary will receive a 3.0% increase in benefits on each first bi-weekly pay period in January.

P. Other Ancillary Benefits

There are no ancillary retirement type benefits not required by statutes but which might be deemed a City of Jacksonville Senior Staff Voluntary Retirement Plan liability if continued beyond the availability of funding by the current funding source.