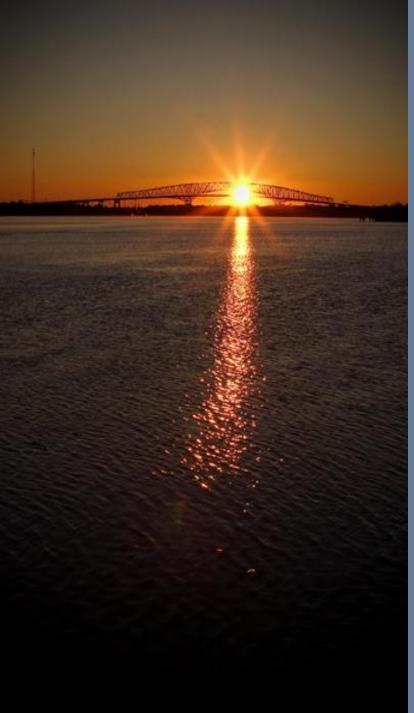


City of Jacksonville Progress







Stormwater Utility:

- 840 square miles
- 66,442 Catch Basins/Inlets
- 13,862 Manholes
- 1,421 miles of pipe
- 224 City maintained ponds
- 462 major outfalls
- 1,421 miles of ditches
- 10 pump stations
- \$ 38.5 million annual budget

Construction Projects - I

Project	Drainage Basin	Status	Treatment
Melba/Green Street	LSJR Trout River	Complete	Flood Control Only
Smith Broward Pond	LSJR Trout River	Complete	Wet Detention
Woodland Acres/Oakwood Villa Area Drainage Phase I	Arlington River	Complete	Wet Detention
Hugh Edwards Road Drainage	Ortega River	Complete	Wet Detention
Pine Forest/Larsen Acres	LSJR Trout River	Complete	Wet Detention
Upper Deer Creek Phase 3	LSJR Trout River	Complete	Wet Detention
Venetia Terrace Drainage	Ortega River	Complete	Erosion Control & Wet Detention
Newtown Drainage main trunk-line improvement (Myrtle & Beaver)	LSJR Trout River	1 st Phase of construction Complete	Wet Detention

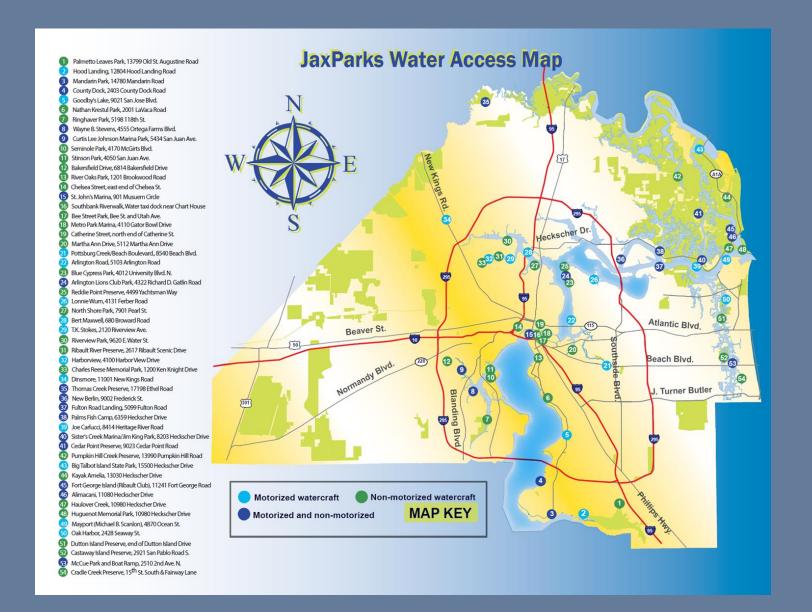
Construction Projects - II

Project	Drainage Basin	Status	Treatment
McCoys Creek Pond C	LSJR Trout River	Complete	Wet Detention
Air Liquide Pond Retrofit	LSJR Trout River	Under Construction	Wet Detention
Mireulo Circle	LSJR Trout River	Complete	Flood Control Only
Paul Avenue Outfall	LSJR Trout River	Complete	Wet Detention
Hamilton Jersey Outfall	LSJR Trout River	Under Construction	Erosion Control
Pinedale Area	Ortega River	Design in Progress	Flood Control Only
Country Creek Area Drainage Improvements	Ortega River	Under Construction	Wet Detention

Construction Projects - III

Project	Drainage Basin	Status	Treatment
Avenue "B"/Zinia Outfall	Trout River	Under Construction	Erosion Control Only
Crystal Springs Area	Ortega River	Design in Progress	Wet Detention
Bunche Rd. Drainage	Trout River	Under Construction	Wet Detention
Noroad/Lambing Drainage	Ortega River Basin	Design in Progress	Wet Detention
Old Plank Rd. Drainage	Ortega River Basin	Design in Progress	Wet Detention
Mandarin Area Drainage (Grand Crique)	LSJR Upstream of Trout River	Design in Progress	Wet Detention
County Creek Area	Ortega River	Under Construction	Flood Control Only
Messer Area Drainage	LSJR	Design Effort on Hold	Flood Control Only
Septic Tank Phase-Out Program	LSJR	Phase Out In Progress	Water Quality
City-Wide Drainage System Rehabilitation	LSJR - Countywide	Under Construction	Erosion Control & Flood Control

Improving Public Access



Southbank Riverwalk

 Total reconstruction using lightweight concrete and adding new lighting and park amenities.



Southbank Riverwalk

Michael B. Scanlan Mayport Boat Ramp

Added new floating docks at this popular boat ramp.

Trout River Pier

 Completed major renovation of south end of the Trout River fishing pier.



Exchange Club Island Park

- Completed design of park development:
 - Floating dock
 - Kayak landing
 - Picnic facilities
 - Nature trail
- Construction to begin in fall 2015.



Blue Cypress/Arlington Lions Club Boardwalk

- Designed 800 ft. extension of the shoreline boardwalk.
- Construction to begin in fall 2015.

Mike McCue Boat Ramp Lighting

 Addition of lights to this popular boat ramp on ICW at Beach Blvd is underway.

Jim King Park and Boat Ramp at Sisters Creek

- Completed design for relocation of boater access docks into deeper water and adding more lighting to the parking lot.
- Lighting to be installed later this year.
- Dock project to begin in 2016, pending award of FIND grant.

County Dock Road Boat Ramp

- Completed design for ramp replacement, parking improvements and removal of navigational hazards.
- Construction to begin in 2016, pending award of FIND grant.

Northshore Park Kayak Launch

- Design is underway for an improved shoreline kayak launch
- Construction projected for 2017, pending award of FIND grant.

Half Moon Island Preserve

- Design is underway for new boat ramp, fishing pier, picnic facilities and parking.
- Construction projected for 2017, pending award of FIND grant.

Charles Reese Memorial Park

- Design is underway for fishing pier and kayak launch
- Construction projected for 2017, pending award of FIND grant.

Greater Jacksonville Kingfish Tournament (July 13-18)

- Another successful year!
- Participation:
 - 128 boats competed for cash and prizes
 - 164 in Jr. Angler Tournament
 - 34 from JaxParks Summer Camp
 - 47 in Down at the Dock Fishing Derby





Florida Department of Health Duval County

- 1,145 properties within impaired WBIDs were provided septic tank-related outreach, educational materials and inspections
- 92 were discovered to be connected to JEA
- 34 parcels were vacant
- 13 property owners refused access
- 21 properties received official notices to correct sanitary nuisance violations

Violations included direct laundry discharge and sewage on the ground surface, unsealed and broken septic tank lids, damaged drainfields, collapsed septic tanks, plumbing back-up, and illicit discharge pipes.

Enforcement continued until all sanitary nuisances were abated.

JEA Progress









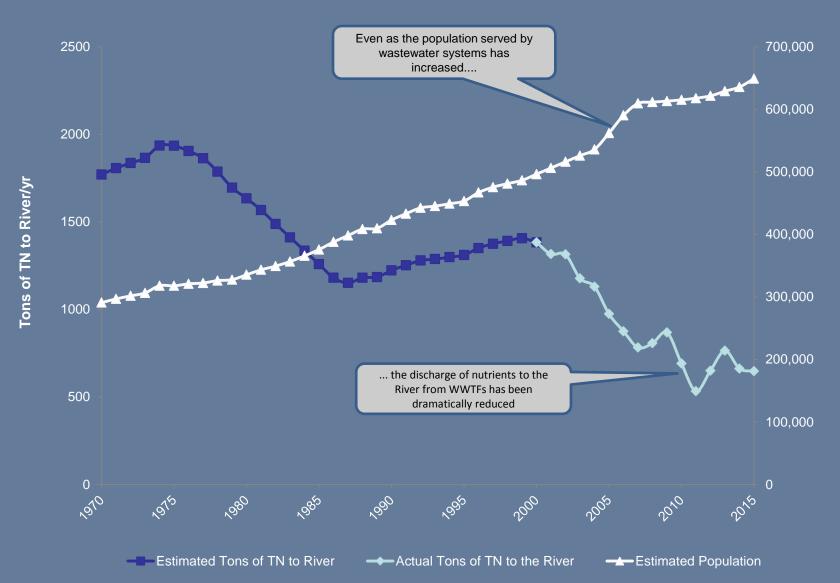




JEA Progress - Wastewater

- In 2013, JEA fulfilled its last remaining commitments for the River Accord in regards to wastewater improvement projects.
 - These projects also fulfilled JEA's obligations for the LSJR Main Stem TMDL and Basin Management Action Plan (BMAP).
- These completed projects included:
 - Upgrading regional treatment plants
 - Phasing out older technology plants
 - Expanding the utility's reclaimed water system (continuing)
- JEA has achieved a reduction of over 1,600,000 lbs./yr. of nitrogen entering the St. Johns River.
 - JEA's loading to the River has been reduced from 1400 tons of TN/yr in 2000 to less than 600 Tons TN/yr, a 60% reduction

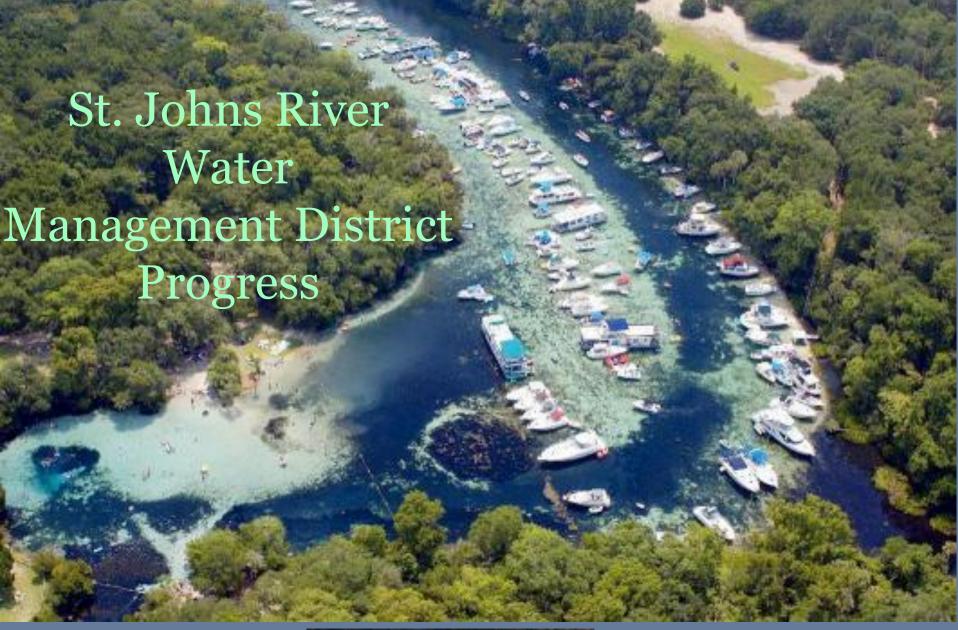
Nitrogen Loading to the River in Duval Co. from Wastewater Treatment



Population served by wastewater system

JEA Progress - Reuse

- JEA has completed 190 miles of reclaimed pipe.
- The reuse infrastructure improvements completed to date have left JEA well situated to satisfy the increase in reuse demand from revived development in the Northern St. Johns County area.
 - JEA added more than 1200 new reuse customers in this area over the last 12 months.
 - JEA now has over 6200 reuse customers.













SJRWMD reuse and treatment plant improvement partnership

- SJRWMD and the state have contributed \$46.5 million to date.
- Partnership projects completed:
 - Atlantic Beach
 - Jacksonville Beach
 - Neptune Beach
 - _ JEA
 - Clay County
 - Orange Park
- Continue cost-share funding for nutrient reduction projects benefiting the river and springs.

SJRWMD reuse and treatment plant improvement partnership

- NAS Jacksonville (U.S. Navy) \$4.2 million (\$2.2 million Navy, \$2 million State) Remove all treated wastewater from the river (except in wet weather) and apply it for reuse and sprayfields on Station. Estimated TN reduction to river by 2015: 54,412 lbs/yr.
 - Phase I construction by city of Jacksonville from Station reuse pond to Station golf course complete (\$400,000 State grant).
 - Phase II construction by city of Jacksonville from the Station reuse pond to the South Antenna Farm will be completed by end of August 2015 under \$1.4 million State grant.
- Clay County Utility Authority Project revised from reservoir to series of sub-aquifer infiltration basins resulted in lower project cost and improved TN reduction. 19,374 lbs./yr. TN reduction to river with a maximum storage and recharge capacity of 2.2 mgd.
 - Project nearing completion.

Upstream efforts

- Tri-county Agricultural Area (TCAA)
 - Phase I (pond) complete on SJRWMD/St. Johns County partnered project to construct an additional agricultural runoff treatment facility near Hastings
 - Treatment of 1,425 acres draining to Deep Creek
 - Engineering design underway on FDACS-funded regional treatment within the Deep Creek Watershed
 - Year 3 (State FY 14-15 funding cycle) of Tri-County Agricultural Area
 Water Management Partnership
 - Led by FDACS with funding support from SJRWMD (\$1.5 million), Legislature (\$750,000) and FDEP (\$1.9 million)
 - 8 projects approved for funding
 - Fertilizer banding equipment for 7 growers
 - Fertilizer banding may decrease phosphorus fertilizer rates by 30 percent

Upstream efforts cont'd.

- Monitoring continues on existing (Deep Creek West and Dog Branch) RSTs.
- Annual performance reported in BMAP annual report updates
 - TN and TP average annual load reductions for 2009-14 exceeded estimates included in LSJR Main Stem BMAP for both Deep Creek West and Dog Branch RSTs.
 - The overall treatment efficiencies for the Deep Creek West RST system from 2009- 2014 were approximately 48% for TN and 51% for TP.
 - The overall treatment efficiencies for the Dog Branch RST system from 2009 – 2014 were approximately 66% for TN and 67% for TP.

Upstream efforts cont'd.

Lake George gizzard shad harvest

- 1.17 million lbs. harvested June-September 2013 (approximately 8,000-9,000 lbs. of TP removed)
- 1.39 million lbs. harvested May-September 2014 (approximately 9,000-11,000 lbs. of TP removed)
- Year 3 of gizzard shad harvest initiated May 2015.

SJRWMD – Regular Program Activities within the LSJR

- Ongoing Monitoring
 - River and Tributary Water Quality
 - Phytoplankton Community Composition
 - Submersed Aquatic Vegetation (back for 2015!)
- Cooperative Funding and Assistance
 - USGS Continuous Real-Time River Network
 - FWRI Fisheries Independent Monitoring Expansion
 - FDEP assistance for the Lake George and Crescent Lake TMDLs
- Nuisance Bloom Monitoring
 - Coordination with FDEP and FDOH for Occurrence and Algal Toxin Data Alerts
- Exploring New Technologies
 - Hyperspectral Image Analysis for Comprehensive SAV Mapping
 - Molecular Genetic Methods Assessment for Plankton Identification
 - Satellite Remote Sensing for Algal Bloom Extent Monitoring













Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs)

- Science based
- Water quality targets
- Based on Florida water quality standards
- TMDLs established for:
 - Lower St. Johns River (LSJR) Main Stem
 - LSJR Tributaries

Basin Management Action Plans (BMAPs) adopted to address TMDLs:

- LSJR Main Stem BMAP
 - for nutrients October 2008
- LSJR Tributaries BMAP 1
 - for fecal coliforms December 2009
- LSJR Tributaries BMAP 2
 - for fecal coliforms August 2010

BMAP Progress

- BMAP stakeholders report project progress and monitoring results annually. They also meet annually to review the events of the past year and steps moving forward.
- Adopted BMAPs and annual progress reports can be found on FDEP's website at: http://www.dep.state.fl.us/water/watershed s/bmap.htm

Tributaries BMAP I

- The first tributaries BMAP addressed the 10 worst-case tributaries impaired for fecal coliforms.
- The BMAP's 5th year assessment has been completed.
- Stakeholders conducted field investigations to prepare for the next 5 year plan.
- Additional efforts have been identified in Phase 2 of this BMAP



Source ID Monitoring

- FDEP is using strategic source ID monitoring to guide efforts.
 - Quantitative polymerase chain reaction or <u>qPCR</u> to determine the DNA of the bacteria.
 - Artificial sweetener called <u>sucralose</u> commonly known under the brand name Splenda
 - A common pain killer, <u>acetaminophen</u> known under the brand name Tylenol



Tributaries BMAP I Progress

Tributary Name (BMAP I)	TMDL Data (1996-2003) Exceedance Median	BMAP Data (2010-2014) Exceedance Median	Phase I Progress Toward TMDL
Newcastle Creek	2,500	1,622	42%
Hogan Creek	5,000	1,622	73%
Butcher Pen Creek	2,400	2,850	-23%
Miller Creek	5,000	5,100	-2%
Miramar Creek	5,000	2,100	63%
Big Fishweir Creek	3,000	2,900	4%
Deer Creek	2,765	1,376	59%
Terrapin Creek	1,367	920	46%
Goodbys Creek	3,000	840	83%
Open Creek	1,000	920	13%

Tributaries BMAP I Frequency

Tributary Name (BMAP I)	Total Number of Data points (Jan 1, 2007 – June 30, 2014)	Number of Exceedances	Minimum Number of Exceedances - Considered Impaired	Percent Exceedance
Newcastle Creek	117	90	17	77%
Hogan Creek	170	143	23	84%
Butcher Pen Creek	161	148	22	92%
Miller Creek	181	151	24	83%
Miramar Creek	99	81	15	82%
Big Fishweir Creek	284	255	36	90%
Deer Creek	163	81	22	50%
Terrapin Creek	81	68	13	84%
Goodbys Creek	189	112	25	60%
Open Creek	86	59	13	69%
Open Creek (Marine)	60	31	10	52%

Tributaries BMAP II

- The second tributaries BMAP addressed the next 15 worst-case tributaries impaired for fecal coliforms.
- In 2015, field investigations and source ID monitoring will be preformed where TMDLs are not being met to guide next 5 year plan.
- Additional efforts have been identified in Phase 2 of this BMAP as well.

Tributaries BMAP II Progress

Tributary Name	TMDL Data (1996-2003) Exceedance Median	BMAP Data (2010- 2014) Exceedance Median	Phase I Progress Toward TMDL
Craig Creek	3,000	2,550	17%
Deep Bottom Creek	2,200	1,500	39%
Cormorant Branch	1,500	811	63%
Hopkins Creek	1,200	16,351	-19%
Fishing Creek	1,300	1,081	24%
Blockhouse Creek	2,200	1,081	62%
Williamson Creek	2,400	2,300	5%
Pottsburg Creek	800	1,532	-183%
Middle Trout River	1,184	641	69%
Greenfield Creek	1,354	721	66%
McCoy Creek	2,510 1,200		62%
Moncrief Creek	2,600	1,300	59%
Sherman Creek	1,400	1,231	17%
Wills Branch	4,000	1,000	83%
Lower Trout River	1,000	721	47%

Tributaries BMAP II Frequency

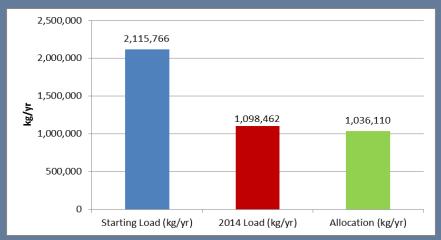
Tributary Name	Total Number of Data points (Jan 1, 2007 – June 30, 2014)	Exceedances	Minimum Number of Exceedances – Considered Impaired	Percent Exceedance
Craig Creek	171	159	23	93.0%
Deep Bottom Creek	81	69	13	85.2%
Cormorant Branch	99	51	15	51.5%
Hopkins Creek	80	36	13	45.0%
Fishing Creek	209	110	28	52.6%
Blockhouse Creek	40	23	7	57.5%
Williamson Creek	119	101	17	84.9%
Pottsburg Creek	67	19	11	28.4%
Middle Trout River	93/42	37/26	14/8	39.8/61.9%
Greenfield Creek	38/3	18/2	7/*	47.4%/*
McCoy Creek	161	97	22	60.2%
Moncrief Creek	206	118	27	57.3%
Sherman Creek	181	62	24	34.3%
Wills Branch	75	43	12	57.3%
Lower Trout River	56	12	10	21.4%

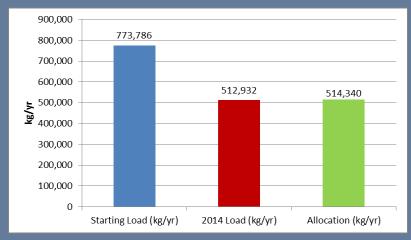
Lower St. Johns Main Stem BMAP

- The BMAP's 5th year assessment has been completed.
- Projects and reductions continue.

Main Stem TMDL Load Reductions

 The figures below illustrate load reductions made by the stakeholders and the remainder of nutrient loading in each river segment to achieve the TMDLs.

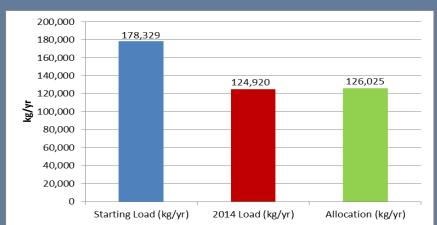




Progress towards the TN TMDL in the marine section

Progress towards the TN TMDL in the freshwater section

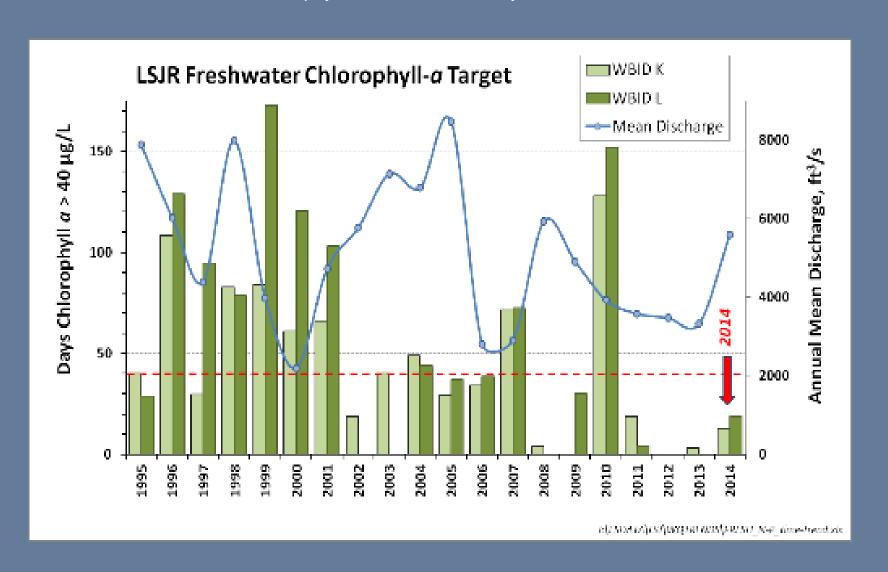
- •"Starting Load" is based on the data period used in the TMDL.
- •"2013 Load" compared to the starting load shows a significant reduction achieved.
- •"Allocation" is the target.



Progress towards the TP TMDL in the freshwater section

Freshwater TMDL Criteria Performance

Chlorophyll-a Trends at the Racy Point Station



Marine TMDL Criteria Performance

Levels of Low DO Impairment Based on the LSJR Criteria for 1996-2014

