# SECTION 271013 - STRUCTURED RESIDENTIAL CABLING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Submittals: Product Data, Shop Drawings, system schematic, floor plans with cabling point labeling, and cabling color scheme.
- B. Performance Requirements: Coordinate the features of materials and equipment so they form an integrated system complying with TIA/EIA-570-A. Match components and interconnections for optimum performance.
- C. Comply with NFPA 70, "National Electrical Code."
- D. Comply with TIA/EIA-570-A.
- E. DELETED
- F. DELETED

#### 1.2 BASIS FOR REPLACEMENT

- A. If the wire throughout is aluminum, the Contractor shall remove and replace with copper wire, in accordance with local and state building code.
- **B.** If existing receptacles do not possess a third prong for grounding and polarization, the Contractor shall remove and replace with a three prong grounded receptacle provided the existing outlet is grounded.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 DISTRIBUTION DEVICE

- A. Description: Equipment to support network, including signal amplification, cross connects, network hubs, and service terminations.
  - 1. Auxiliary disconnect outlet and distribution device cords for telephone and television service.
  - 2. Cross-connect devices, patch panels, cable termination devices, and accessories shall meet the data transmission speed and bandwidth of the associated cabling.
  - 3. Comply with TIA/EIA-570-A, Grade 1 service standard.
  - 4. Comply with TIA/EIA-570-A, Grade service standard noted on Drawings.
- B. Telephone: lines from the exchange access provider; with cross-connect device to enable the selection and pairing of incoming lines with outlet lines.

- 1. Place outlet cabling in a star topology.
- 2. Branch outlets required in each bed room, kitchen and living room.
- 3. Cross Connect: Modular, IDC-type, cross-connect device with modules designed for punch-down caps or tools.
- 4. Provide space for installation and connection of an ADSL gateway distribution device furnished by access provider.
- C. Television: Distribution device shall have space for **CATV** lines, and distribute in-home generated video and radio-frequency sources.
  - 1. Place outlet cabling in a star topology.
  - 2. Branch outlets required in each bed room, kitchen and living room and den for available TV or internet services.
  - 3. Provide space for installation of signal amplification and conditioning.
  - 4. Distribute in-home generated video sources to same outlet as cable television service.
  - 5. Accommodate the installation and connection of a cable gateway distribution device furnished by access provider.
- D. Speaker Cable: Cross-connect panel with number of speaker cables connected to distribution device, plus 25 percent (if installed).
- E. Equipment Enclosure: Modular with equipment mounting rails to accept all specified components; 14-1/2 inches wide, suitable for mounting between studs.
  - 1. Mounting: Surface, Flush or Semi-flush.
  - 2. Door: Hinged, lockable.
- F. Power Outlets: UL 1449; cabinet mounted, with one 15-A, 120-V ac, NEMA WD 6, Configuration 15-15R receptacle(s), with surge protection, and including the following:
  - 1. LED indicator lights for power and protection status.
  - 2. Peak Single-Impulse Surge Current Rating: 26 kA per phase.
- G. Incoming Telephone Line Surge Protection: UL 497; cabinet-mounted, dial-up line surge suppressor for each line.
  - 1. Working Voltage: 200 V.
  - 2. Maximum Clamping Voltage: 270 V.
- H. Incoming Television Line Surge Protection: Cabinet-mounted, coaxial cable surge suppressor for each cable, 0.3-dB maximum insertion loss at 5 to 1000 MHz. Rated for maximum surge current of 5000 A.

## 2.2 CABLE

- A. UTP Cable: Comply with ANSI, EIA, TIA 568-B.2-1, No. 24 AWG, unshielded copper cable, Category 6, 100 ohms, 4 pair.
  - 1. NFPA 70, Types CMG and CMP.

- B. Horizontal Fiber-Optic Cable: 2-fiber cable complying with TIA/EIA-455, tight buffer, 50/125.
  - 1. Number of Connectors per Field: One for each fiber of cable(s) assigned to field, plus spares and blank positions adequate to suit specified expansion criteria.
- C. Fiber-Optic Cable Connecting Hardware: Quick-connect, simplex- and duplex-, Type FC or Type ST coupler. Insertion loss not more than 0.7 dB.
- D. Series-6 Coaxial Cable: 75-ohm nominal impedance with a return loss of 20 dB maximum from 7 to 806 MHz.
  - 1. No. 16 AWG, solid, copper-covered steel conductor; gas-injected, foam-PE insulation. Double shielded with 100 percent aluminum-foil shield and 60 percent aluminum braid.
  - 2. Cable Connecting Hardware: Type BNC, 75 ohms.
- E. Combination Cables: Designed for home networking; may be used provided the requirements for single-cable types are met.
- F. Speaker Cables: 2-conductor cable, No. 14 AWG, UTP, PVC jacketed, UL Type CL3. Use two different jacket colors and a consistent conductor color.
- G. Security Device Cables: Multi-conductor, No 18 AWG, UTP, with red PVC jacket, and complying with NFPA 70, Type CL2 and TIA/EIA-570-A-1 requirements.
- H. Fire and Carbon Monoxide Warning Device Cables: Multi-conductor, No. 18 AWG, twisted pair, with red PVC jacket, and complying with NFPA 70, Type FPL and TIA/EIA-570-A-1 requirements.

#### 2.3 RACEWAYS

- A. Nonmetallic Flexible Raceway and Fittings: UL 2024. One-piece, plastic, dual-voltage, twogang box and bracket, with molded-in nailing flanges.
- B. Floor Boxes: Round, with partitions for power, data, and communication wire and cable. Thermoplastic covers.

## 2.4 WIRING DEVICES

- A. Modular; each outlet configuration field fabricated from factory-made components. Listed and labeled as complying with TIA/EIA-568-B.2, TIA/EIA-B.3, and UL 1863.
- B. Mount connectors on single or multi-gang faceplate.
  - 1. Faceplates: High-impact plastic. Colors shall be ivory or white.
  - 2. Outlet shall accept the following components:
    - a. Telephone and Data Jacks: IDC connector for UTP, modular, RJ-45.
    - b. MATV: Type F.
    - c. Voice: RCA type.
    - d. Speaker: Banana jack or Binding post type.

## 2.5 GROUNDING AND BONDING

A. Materials: Comply with NFPA 70 and UL 467.

## 2.6 IDENTIFICATION PRODUCTS

- A. Comply with TIA/EIA-606-A and with applicable requirements in Division 27 Section "Common Work Results for Communications."
- B. Cable Labels: Self-adhesive vinyl or vinyl-cloth wraparound tape markers, machine printed with alphanumeric cable designations.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 DEMARCATION POINTS

- A. Contact access providers to locate demarcation points according to applicable regulations. Demarcation points shall be installed for the following:
  - 1. Telephone by AT&T or Comcast
  - 2. Television, AT&T or Comcast
- B. Comply with BICSI RNCM.
- C. Install fire stopping according to TIA/EIA-569-A.
- D. Ground equipment complying with ANSI-J STD-607-A.
- E. Raceway Installation:
  - 1. Install a vertical chase consisting of **two**, 2-inch nonmetallic conduits from distribution device to the attic and to an accessible space below the floor as applicable.
  - 2. Nonmetallic conduit shall not be installed in plenums or spaces used for environmental air.
- F. Cable Installation:
  - 1. Install exposed cable parallel and perpendicular to surfaces or exposed structural members and follow surface contours where possible.
  - 2. Make splices, taps, and terminations only at indicated outlets, terminals, and cross-connect and patch panels.
  - 3. Cold-Weather Installation: Bring cable to room temperature before de-reeling. Heat lamps shall not be used for heating.
  - 4. Secure and support cable at intervals not exceeding 30 inches and not more than 6 inches from boxes, outlets, and terminals.
  - 5. Install UTP cable using techniques, practices, and methods that are consistent with Category 6 rating of components and that ensure Category 6 performance of completed and linked signal paths, end to end.

- a. Do not untwist more than 1/2 inch of Categories 5e and 6 cable at connector terminations.
- 6. Install security device cable between the security system cabinet and the device as follows:
  - a. Two-Conductor Cable: Magnetic switches at doors and windows.
- 7. Install smoke and carbon monoxide warning device cable between the security system cabinet and the outlet as follows:
  - a. Four-Conductor Cable: Smoke detectors, combination strobe/horn appliance.
  - b. Install one detector per room and\or as required by code.
  - c. Install one carbon monoxide detector device adjacent to garage.
  - d. Devices must be hard-wired as described and be equipped with battery backup.
- 8. Protection against Physical Damage:
  - a. Install cabling and nonmetallic raceways complying with NFPA 70, "Wiring Methods" Article. All cabling in this Section shall comply with provisions for nonmetallic-sheathed cabling listed in that article.
  - b. Install insulated grommets or bushings when cable passes through openings in metal studs or enters boxes and cabinets.
  - c. Installing cable in shallow grooves, as described in NFPA 70, "Wiring Methods" Article, is not permitted.
- 9. Outdoor Coaxial Cable:
  - a. Outdoor connections shall be installed in enclosures complying with NEMA 250, Type 4X. Connectors shall be corrosion resistant with properly designed O-rings to keep out moisture.
  - b. Attach antenna lead-in cable to support structure at intervals not exceeding 36 inches.
- G. Wiring within Distribution Device:
  - 1. Group cable-connecting hardware into separate logical fields.
  - 2. Train conductors to terminal points with no excess.
  - 3. Use lacing bars to restrain cable, to prevent straining connections, and to prevent bending cable to smaller radii than minimums recommended by manufacturer.
- H. Separation from EMI Sources:
  - 1. Comply with TIA/EIA-570-A for separating telecommunication cabling from potential EMI sources, including electrical power lines and equipment. Comply with the following minimum separation distances from possible sources of EMI:
    - a. Power Lines or Electrical Equipment near Open Cabling or Cabling in Nonmetallic Raceways: 2 inches.
    - b. Electrical Motors and Transformers, 5 kVA or HP and Larger: 48 inches.
    - c. Fluorescent Fixtures: 5 inches.

- 2. Maintain electrical branch circuit conductors (line, neutral, and grounding wires) together by sheathing or bundling to minimize inductive coupling. 2 inches may be reduced if cabling crosses at right angles.
- 3. Install cabling in grounded metallic raceways where the required separation is not practical.

## 3.2 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Cable and Wire Identification:
  - 1. Label each cable within 4 inches of each termination and tap, where it is accessible in a cabinet or junction or outlet box, and elsewhere as indicated.
  - 2. Each wire connected to building-mounted devices is not required to be numbered at device if color of wire is consistent with associated wire connected and numbered within panel or cabinet.
  - 3. Within Connector Fields in Distribution Devices: Label each connector and each discrete unit of cable-terminating and connecting hardware. Where similar jacks and plugs are used for both voice and data communication cabling, use a different color for jacks and plugs of each service.
- B. Cable Schedule: Post in distribution device. List incoming and outgoing cables and their designations, origins, and destinations. Furnish an electronic copy of final comprehensive schedules for Project.

#### 3.3 FIRESTOPPING

- A. Fire stopping: Comply with requirements in Division 07, Section "Penetration Firestopping."
- B. Comply with TIA-569-B, Annex A, "Firestopping."
- C. Comply with BICSI TDMM, "Firestopping Systems" Article.

## END OF SECTION 271013