

Resilient Florida

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Topics of Discussion

 Florida Resilient Coastlines Program • SLIP Study (s. 161.551, F.S.) Resilient Florida Florida Coastal Mapping Initiative



Program

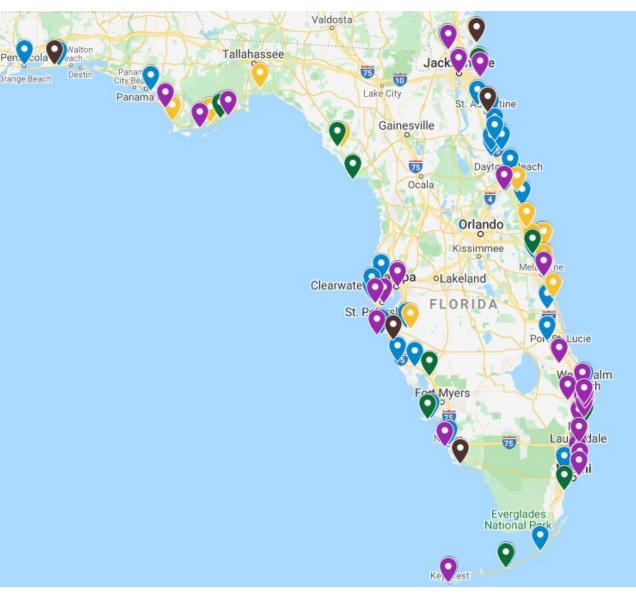




Florida Resilient Coastlines

- Program
- \$6.5 Million Allocated
- 97 Total Awards
 - 11 Implementation Proje
 - 86 Planning Projects^{*}
- 129 Cities and Counties

*Planning Projects include Peril of Flood, Vulnerability Assessments, Adaptation Plans and Regional Coordination





- New legislation in 2020 requires state-financed constructor to conduct sea level rise impact projection (SLIP) study for certain construction activities in the Coastal Building Zone.
- DEP required to develop and adopt rules for implementing the section.
- S. 62S-7, FAC, include definitions, requirements of state-financed constructors, standards for SLIP (sea level impact projection) studies, implementation of SLIP study findings, and enforcement.
- A SLIP tool was developed by Taylor Engineering to conduct SLR assessments in a web-based platform that included public accessibility.



Sea Level Impact Projection s. 161.551, F.S. (SB 178)





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SLIP Studies

Section 161.551, F.S.

Contact

Adaptation

Sea Level Impact Projection Study Tool

Determining risk for Florida coastline construction projects

The purpose of the Sea Level Impact Projection (SLIP) Study Tool is to facilitate the conduction of SLIP studies for state-funded construction within the coastal building zone in accordance with Section 161.551, F.S.



SLIP Studies

Continue

Learn more about SLIP Studies and how to create a report using this website



Section 161.551, F.S.

Learn more about the Florida statute that mandates SLIP studies.

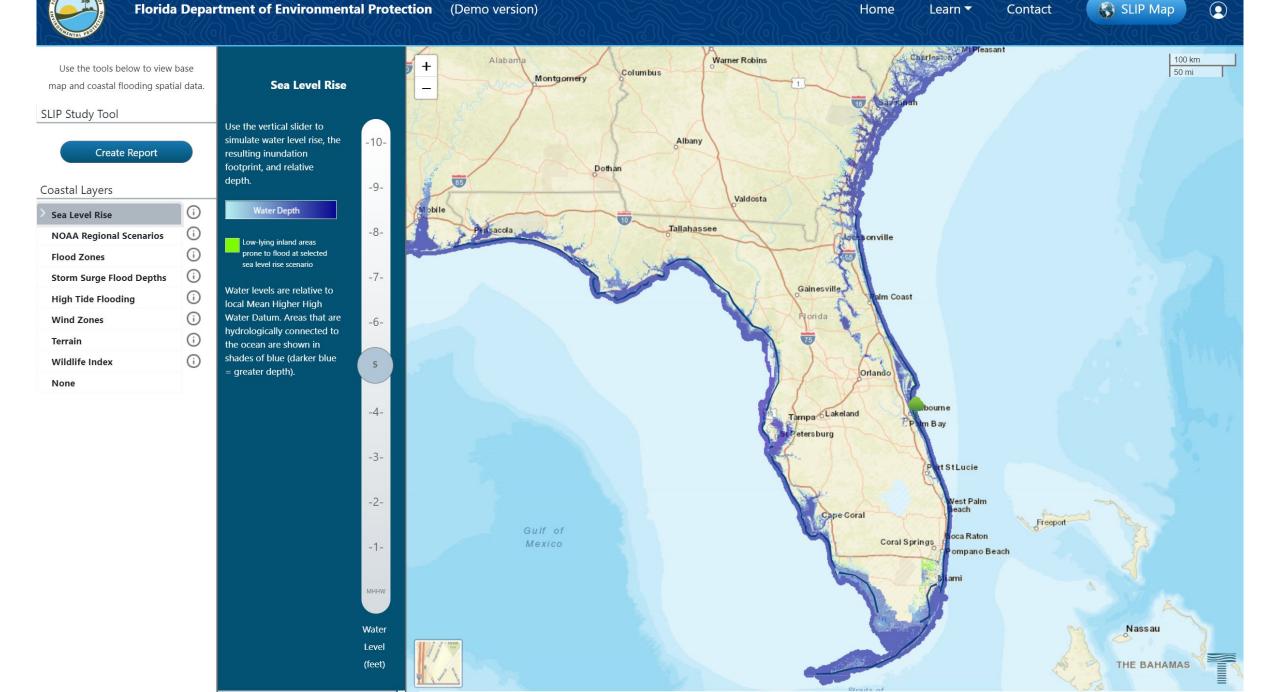
Continue



Adaptation

Learn about adaptation strategies for your construction projects.

Continue

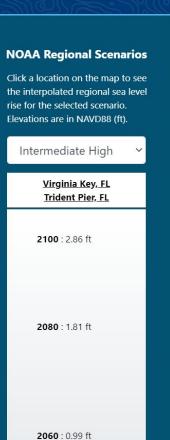




Use the tools below to view base map and coastal flooding spatial data.

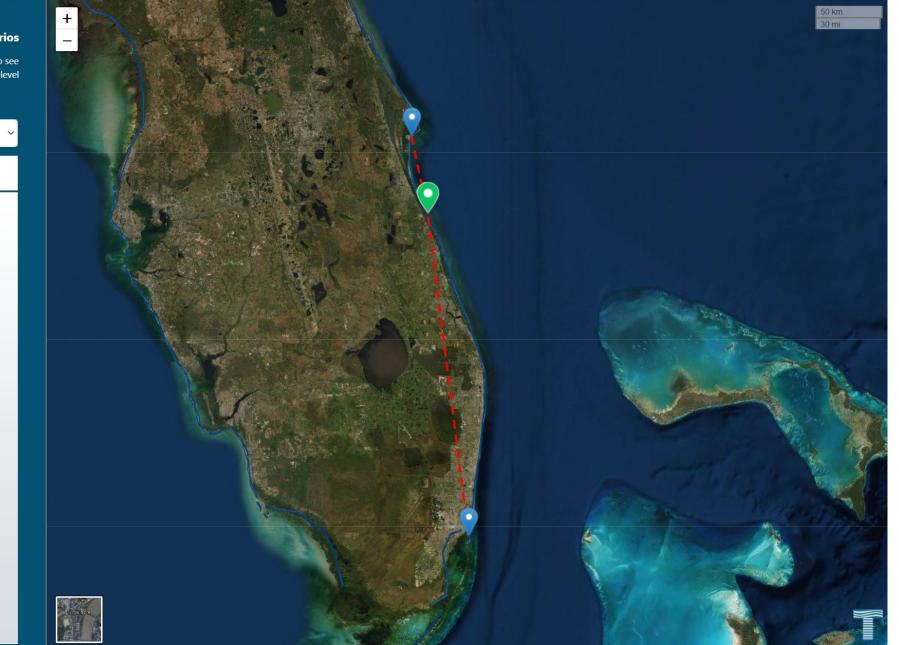
Coastal Layers

Sea Level Rise	()
NOAA Regional Scenarios	()
Flood Zones	()
Storm Surge Flood Depths	í
High Tide Flooding	í
Wind Zones	í
Terrain	(j
Wildlife Index	í
None	



2040 : 0.37 ft

2020 : -0.06 ft





Contact

Use the tools below to view base map and coastal flooding spatial data.

SLIP Study Tool

Create Report

Coastal Layers

	Sea Level Rise	í
	NOAA Regional Scenarios	í
	Flood Zones	í
	Storm Surge Flood Depths	í
>	High Tide Flooding	i
	Wind Zones	í
	Terrain	i
	Wildlife Index	í
	None	

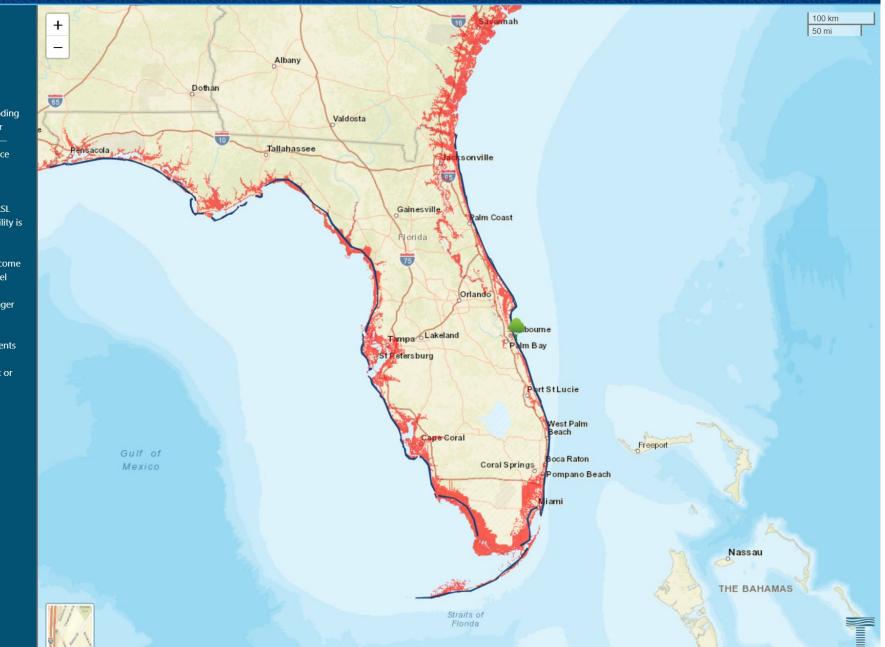
High Tide Flooding

Shallow Coastal Flooding

Annual occurrences of tidal flooding —exceeding local thresholds for minor impacts to infrastructure have increased 5- to 10-fold since the 1960s in several U.S. coastal cities. The changes in high tide flooding over time are greatest where elevation is lower, local RSL rise is higher, or extreme variability is less.

In a sense, today's flood will become tomorrow's high tide, as sea level rise will cause flooding to occur more frequently and last for longer durations of time.

The red layer in the map represents areas currently subject to tidal flooding, often called "recurrent or nuisance flooding."



Conta

Create SLIP Study Report

*Denotes required values

*Project Name:

Bonsteel Park Driveway

*Category:

Horizontal (road/bridge/parking lot, etc)

*Construction type:

Risk Category I

Critical Elevation (ft NAVD88):

1.3

*Construction Start Year:

2021

*Expected Life (years):

50

*Estimated Construction Cost (\$):

20000

Create SLIP Study Report

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()

You have chosen to create a Sea Level Impact Projection (SLIP) Study Report for the location specified below. If you wish to continue, you will be directed to a new page to input important parameters to be considered for the report.

Create Report Close

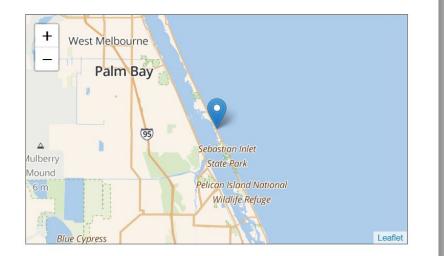




Save Report

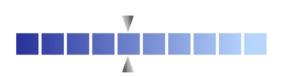
Sea Level Impact Projection (SLIP) Study Report (Demo version)

Project name	Bonsteel Park Platform
Coordinates	-80.47 W, 27.90 N
Project category	Horizontal
Construction type	Bridge
Construction start year	2021
Expected life (years)	40
Estimated Construction Cost (\$)	\$20,000
Critical elevation (ft NAVD88)	20.1
Organization	Taylor Engineering, Inc.
Report Date	5/4/2021, 10:07:14 AM



Results

Average Annual Chance of Flood Damage: 5%



Metric	Value
FEMA Flood Hazard Zone	VE
Base Flood Elevation (ft NAVD88)	13
Int-High Sea Level Rise (year 2060) (ft NAVD88)	0.85
Wind Zone (mph)	180

The cumulative results of the SLIP Study were found to be moderate, meaning the selected location is moderately favorable when considering coastal hazards related to potential sea level impacts. More explanation will be forthcoming in future versions.



Potential Beneficial Adaptation Strategies

Based on the results of the SLIP Study, the following adaptation strategies may be beneficial to consider in the constructio recommendations, merely standard strategies used to mitigate risk.

Build on Partially Elevated Areas

Building on partially elevated areas reduces the flood risk locally.

Metric	Value
Solution Timeline	Long Term
Scale	Micro
Adaptation Infrastructure	Hybrid
Degree of Protection	Medium
Relative Cost (\$, \$\$, \$\$\$)	\$\$

Flood Barriers (Passive or Active)

Barriers around a building system utility components to protect from flooding.

Metric	Value
Solution Timeline	Intermediate
Scale	Micro
Adaptation Infrastructure	Gray
Degree of Protection	Medium
Relative Cost (\$, \$\$, \$\$\$)	\$\$



Potential Public Safety and Environmental Impacts

Based on the results of the SLIP Study, consider the following potential public safety and environmental impacts.

Flood Risk

When factoring in the flood zone, base flood elevation, terrain, and sea level rise trends for the project location, a moderate flood risk is present.

Wind Risk

The project location was found to be located in an area of high wind risk with a C (waterfront) classification and potential wind speeds of 150 mph. There is potential risk from flying debris.

Explosion Risk

The high wind risk in this project location may contribute to a higher risk of explosion due to potential downed powerlines.

FEMA Flood Hazard Information

Flood Zone	VE
Zone subtype	COASTAL FLOODPLAIN
Static BFE (ft NAVD88)	13
Depth (ft NAVD88)	Not Applicable
Velocity	Not Applicable
Vertical Datum	NAVD88



The base flood elevation (BFE) is provided in NAVD88 for VE, AE, and AH special flood hazard zones. For AO special flood hazard zones though, FEMA does not calculate BFE. Instead, flood depth relative to the ground elevation is provided.



Regional Sea Level Rise Scenarios NOAA Regional Scenarios (ft) +_ Scenario 2040 2060 2080 2100 Low -0.14 0.01 0.12 0.23 Intermediate Low 0.45 -0.08 0.11 0.29 Intermediate 0.10 0.47 0.93 1.45 Intermediate High 0.85 1.63 2.58 0.28 High 0.46 1.27 2.39 3.77 Extreme 0.58 1.59 2.97 4.78 Leaflet **Regional Scenario Curves** Int-High Confidence Confidence Extreme Low Int-Low Int High 5 4 3 Ft (NAVD88) 2 -1-2040 2060 2080 2100 Year

Resilient Florida Section 380.093, F.S.



Resilient Florida Grant Program

Focused on planning

- Comp plan amendments, especially compliance wit the Peril of Flood statute.
- Vulnerability assessment:
- Adaptation/resilience plans.
- Projects to adapt critical assets.

CONTEXT

- Assemble a steering committee
- Set guiding principles and motivations
- Establish planning area and describe geographic context
- Define public outreach approach and opportunities for community participation

ADAPTATION STRATEGIES

- Assess adaptive capacities
- Prioritize adaptation needs
- Identify adaptation strategies
- Integrate into existing plans

VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT

- Conduct an exposure analysis
- Conduct a sensitivity analysis
- Assign focus areas

IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGIES

- Assess implementation capabilities
- Create a schedule of activities, actions, and actors
- Monitor and evaluate

Figure 1. Communities can follow this roadmap of steps to create an adaptation plan.



Data Set & Vulnerability Assessments





- Will comprise the Statewide Vulnerability Assessment and be the basis for the Statewide Resilience Plan.
- Encompass entire city or county and all critical assets.*
- Use most recent publicly available DEM and generally accepted analysis and modeling.
- Address Peril of Flood compliance, if applicable.
- Assess flooding using, at least, Intermediate Low and Intermediate High scenarios from NOAA 2017 for at least 2040 and 2070:
 - Tidal flooding, including future high tide flooding.



Resilience Plan

- 3-year rolling plan of projects.
- Prioritized based on criteria in statute.
- Year 1 & 2 Preliminary Plans use completed local vulnerability assessments.
- Year 3+ Plans use projects identified in the Statewide Vulnerability Assessment.
- Counties and municipalities, regional resilience entities (on behalf of a member), WMDs and flood control districts



Regional Resilience Entities

- Funding for regional resilience entities to assist communities and coordinate intergovernmental solutions:
 - Technical assistance.
 - Coordinate multijurisdictional vulnerability assessments.
 - Develop project proposals to go into the Resilience Plan.









Florida Flood Hub

• Designates the College of Marine Science at USF to serve as the lead institution to engage other academic and research institutions, private partners, and financial sponsors to coordinate efforts to support applied research and innovation to address the flooding and see level rise aballances of the



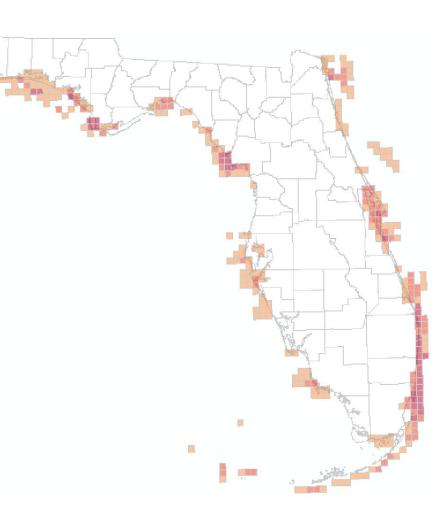


	Resilient Florida Grant Program		Comprehensive Statewide Flood Vulnerability Data Set and Assessment		Statewide Flooding and Sea Level Rise Resilience Plan	Regional Resilience Entities	Florida Flood Hub
	Planning Grants	Resilience Projects	Data Set	Assessment			
Activities	vulnerability assessments, adaptation plans, and projects to adapt critical assets to the effects of flooding and sea level rise. Provides a	Fixed Capital Outlay for the	Provides for the collection and aggregation of data from vulnerability assessments that are	other analyses into a statewide sea level	3-year rolling planning horizon and will consist of	Provides funding to regional entities that are established by local governments to provide technical assistance on multijurisdictional projects.	Provides for the establishment of the Florida Flood Hub at USF's College of Marine Science. The Flood Hub will serve as the lead institution and will engage other institutions and partners to coordinate research and innovation around the flooding and sea level rise challenges facing the state.
Deadlines	Application portal opens: July 1, 2021. Applications due September 1, 2021		Data Set due July 1, 2022.	Assessment due July 1, 2023.	Application portal opens: July 1, 2021. Applications Due September 1, 2021. Plan due to EOG/Legislature December 1, 2021. Starting December 1, 2023, the Resilience Plan will be based on the Statewide Assessment.	Application portal Opens: July 1, 2021. Applications due September 1, 2021	Annual Report due July 1, 2022.
Annual Funding							
FY 21-22	\$20,000,000	\$500,000,000	\$4,000),000		\$2,000,000	
EV 22 22							



orida Coastal Mapping Initiative

- \$100,000,000 appropriation provided for bathymetric LiDAR/Sonar on continental shelf.
- Federal coordination.
- Nearshore (0-20 m); Deep water (20-200 m).
- Build on priority initiated by the FCMaP.
- Compliment topographic LiDAR flown 2020, anticipated to be available Spring, 2022.





Thank you! Alex Reed <u>Alex.Reed@FloridaDEP.gov</u> 850-245-2101

