CITY OF JACKSONVILLE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015



CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015



PREPARED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE ACCOUNTING DIVISION



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City of Jacksonville, Florida

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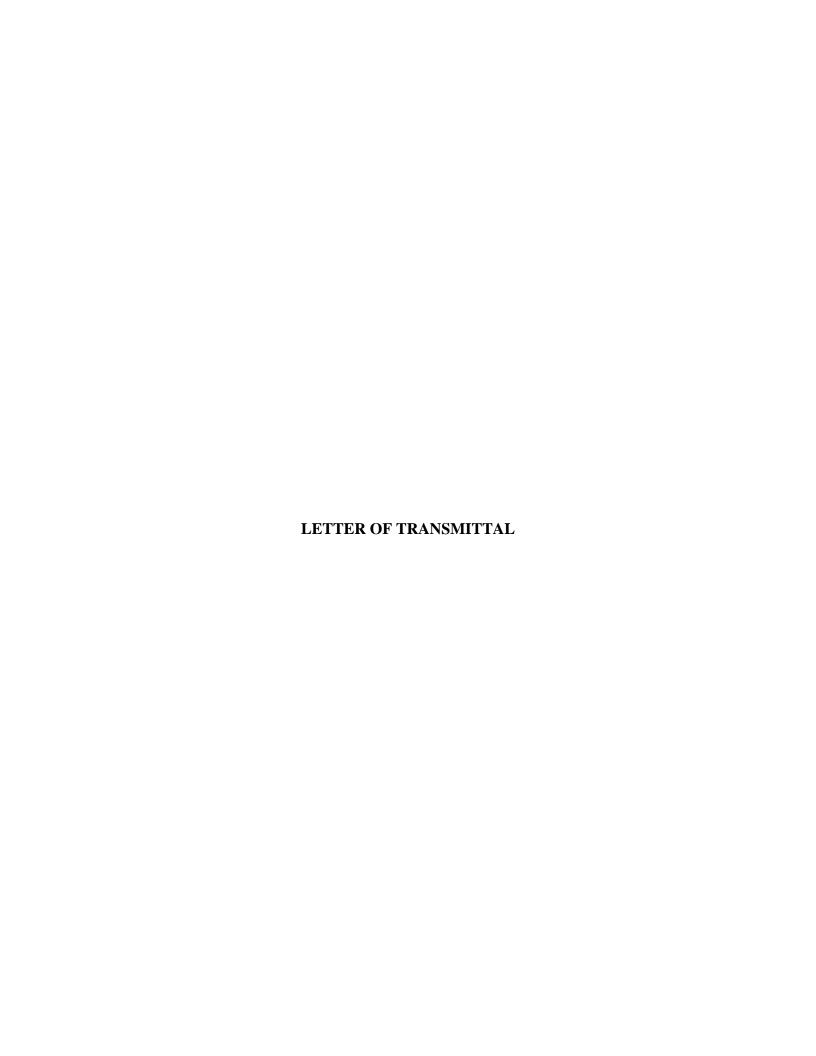
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OFFICE OF THE MAYOR

LENNY CURRY MAYOR CITY HALL SUITE 400 117 W. DUVAL STREET JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202

June 2, 2016

Dear Citizens:

It is my privilege to present the FY2014/2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the City of Jacksonville. A tremendous amount of work and diligence across multiple City departments went into developing this guide. I trust you will find it informative.

As mayor, I commit to leading with a focus on increased accountability and fiscal responsibility practices that ensure careful stewardship of taxpayer dollars. It has been my honor to work with members of City Council, other elected officials and City employees to meet the financial challenges of recent years. The information you will find in this report reflect vision, teamwork and engagement. This document details the financial status of our city while reflecting our overall commitment to the highest standards of financial management and accountability practices. I remain dedicated to building 'One City. One Jacksonville,' and ensuring that taxpayers get the best return on their investment.

As we work together to make Jacksonville a catalyst for distinctive economic growth and vitality, we understand that responsible fiscal management is an integral part of our efforts. I look forward to our continued progress.

Sincerely,

Lenny Curr Mayor

LC/sw



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June 2, 2016

The Honorable Mayor Lenny Curry Members of the City Council Citizens of Jacksonville

INTRODUCTION

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Jacksonville, Florida (the City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 is hereby submitted.

The financial reporting entity includes all funds of the consolidated government of the City of Jacksonville and Duval County, as well as all of its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable and, for financial statement purposes, are either blended with the activities of the City or discretely presented.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of its presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. Management believes the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects. It is presented in a manner designed to set forth the financial position and the results of operations of the City on a government-wide and fund basis. Disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities are included.

As part of the independent audit process, the Chief Financial Officer issues a letter of representations that attests to his responsibility to establish and maintain effective internal control over financial reporting among other things. The letter also acknowledges his responsibility for the design and implementation of programs and controls to provide reasonable assurance that fraud is prevented and detected. Management acknowledges that they have no knowledge of misstatements in the financial statements of the City or of any fraud or suspected fraud that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

The City's Independent Auditor, Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC (CRI), issued an opinion letter as required by City Charter, Section 5.11; Chapter 166.241, Florida Statutes and Chapter 10.550 Rules of the Florida Auditor General, which is contained in the Financial Section of this document. CRI, based on its audit and the reports of component unit auditors, has opined that the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and changes in financial position of the City as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

The City of Jacksonville's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent certified public accountants.

PROFILE OF THE CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT

Governmental Framework

The City of Jacksonville was consolidated with Duval County in 1968 to streamline government and eliminate the cost of duplicative City and County services. Four municipalities were not consolidated: Atlantic Beach, Jacksonville Beach, Neptune Beach and Baldwin. The City has entered into interlocal agreements with the unconsolidated entities to provide cost effective services to residents in unconsolidated Duval County.

The City operates under a strong Mayor/City Council form of government. The 19-member City Council is made up of 14 district council members and 5 at-large council members. These 20 elected officials stand for election every four years (having no mid-term elections) and are subject to a two-term limitation.

The Charter of the Consolidated Government of the City of Jacksonville provides for three branches: Executive, Legislative and Judicial. The Executive branch includes the Office of the Mayor and Constitutional officers: Sheriff, Tax Collector, Property Appraiser, Supervisor of Elections and the Duval County School Board. The Legislative branch includes the City Council and a group of standing committees. There is also a Council Auditor and Council Secretary. The Judicial branch includes: the Circuit Court, County Court, Clerk of the Circuit Court, State Attorney, Public Defender and Medical Examiner.

Certain governmental entities are organized as independent authorities and/or commissions in city government, which include:

Jacksonville Aviation Authority (JAA)

Jacksonville Electric Authority (JEA- electric, water and wastewater utilities)

Jacksonville Port Authority (JPA)

Jacksonville Transportation Authority, (JTA- operates the mass transit system)

Jacksonville Children's Commission (JCC)

Jacksonville Public Library

Each authority/commission is subject to annual budget submission to the City and approval by the City Council.

BUDGET AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Florida Law, the City Charter and the City's Ordinance Code establish provisions that regulate the City's budget, tax levies and appropriations. The Mayor is required to submit a proposed budget to the City Council by July 15th of each year that is balanced and identifies revenues and other financial resources that are anticipated to be available for appropriations. The Mayor also makes recommendations for appropriations, expenditures and uses of financial resources, and otherwise presents concise policy direction and guidance for the continuing financial operation of the City. Prior to the beginning of each new fiscal year, the City Council adopts, by ordinance, a balanced budget.

The City's accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The types of funds to be used are determined by generally accepted governmental accounting principles, and the number of individual funds established is determined by sound financial administration and the statutory and ordinance requirements of the Council.

BUDGET APPROPRIATIONS FY2014 - FY2016

				Change from	Change from
				FY2014 to	FY2015 to
Fund Types	FY2014	FY2015	FY2016	FY2015	FY2016
General Fund	1,067,187,868	1,105,918,070	1,151,186,806	3.63%	4.09%
Special Revenue	262,576,191	273,046,759	296,314,135	3.99%	8.52%
Capital Projects	46,100,144	4,725,000	49,513,478	-89.75%	947.90%
Enterprise	200,755,084	204,646,034	230,490,347	1.94%	12.63%
Internal Service	393,238,099	397,418,039	419,022,495	1.06%	5.44%
Trust & Agency	13,519,254	16,258,916	18,007,551	20.26%	10.75%
Other	2,602,784	306,696	1,533,983	-88.22%	400.16%
Total	\$1,985,979,424	\$ 2,002,319,514	\$2,166,068,795		

Source: Annual Budget Documents

CAPITAL BUDGET

Capital Improvement Program (CIP) and Debt Affordability Model

The City annually approves a 5-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) that anticipates a specific level of borrowing and is financially feasible. Concurrent with the submission of the 5-year CIP, the City reviews its Debt Affordability Model which a) looks backward 5 years to compare history; b) measures the City's performance against self-imposed ratio targets and maximum/minimum limits; c) compares the City to national Aa/AA category norms; and d) projects the City's performance within targets/limits for the next 5 years.

Capital Improvement Plan

The Capital Improvement Plan identifies the following:

Program Area	FY15/16	FY16/17	FY17/18	FY18/19	FY19/20	Beyond 5th
Environmental/Ash Remediation	\$1,700,000	\$8,500,000	\$5,500,000	\$1,500,000	_	-
Environmental/Quality of Life	-	17,500,000	-	-	-	-
Government Facilities	5,188,816	2,800,000	4,400,000	4,300,000	4,800,000	1,800,000
Parks	6,105,105	9,100,000	6,200,000	3,500,000	3,500,000	36,174,657
Public Safety	-	12,410,520	12,059,283	14,581,092	28,598,473	11,148,000
Roads/Infrastructure/Transportation	45,696,531	6,741,312	48,313,132	46,113,132	23,663,132	120,419,555
Public Facilities	2,610,485	2,676,821	375,000			36,611,143
Sub-Total	\$61,300,937	\$59,728,653	\$76,847,415	\$69,994,224	\$60,561,605	\$206,153,355
Solid Waste	\$10,630,572	\$14,000,000	\$6,000,000			\$17,898,000
Drainage*	11,269,221	9,000,000	12,928,400	14,986,900	13,303,650	43,296,164
Total	\$83,200,730	\$82,728,653	\$95,775,815	\$84,981,124	\$73,865,255	\$267,347,519

^{*} Most Drainage projects are budgeted within enterprise funds.

Status of Ongoing Major Projects

Pollution Remediation and Ash Site Settlement

During 2004-2005, the City was able to settle a long-standing class action suit regarding land value diminution and personal injury that arose out of a solid waste practice, prior to the early 1970's, of using incinerator ash mixed with soil as fill in low lying areas. The City agreed to pay \$25 million and to allow the plaintiffs to pursue the City's then-insurance providers related thereto. In FY 2009, the City issued variable debt from the Banking Fund and is amortizing the remaining \$22.5 million over a 12 year period.

The City also negotiated (and finalized a settlement agreement in the fall of 2007) with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regarding cleanup, which will involve removing two feet of soil around the homes and related park land, putting down a protective mesh, and replacing the removed top cover with new soil in an area that includes more than 1,300 homes.

The City has spent \$153.9 million on this remediation and has accrued \$27.2 million as a liability at the end of FY 2015.

The City has several other pollution remediation sites that are in various stages of clean-up and has spent \$24.2 million on those sites. The City has accrued an additional \$133.7 million liability for future years estimated remediation expense.

Better Jacksonville Plan

The Better Jacksonville Plan is a comprehensive undertaking by the City to provide: road, transportation and infrastructure improvements, park and environmental improvements, economic development and public facilities. The Plan was approved by the City in July 2000. Improvements include projects such as: road resurfacing, drainage, sidewalks, bike paths and landscaping, safety improvements at grade crossings, environmental land preservation, parks, and environmental clean-up.

Major projects included improvements to the Jacksonville Zoo and Cecil Field, construction of a new main library and library branch improvements, an arena, a baseball park and a county courthouse. The City has spent \$2.09 billion on the plan and most projects have been completed except some road resurfacing projects. Those projects have either been financed by another means or put on hold until a time when the sales tax revenue that supports BJP increases enough above the BJP debt service load requirements to finance the remaining projects.

FUTURE PROSPECTS: ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT AND MAYORAL PRIORITIES

ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT: JACKSONVILLE MSA

Jacksonville was founded in 1832 and consolidated with Duval County in 1968, and has an estimated city/county population of 905,574 living within an 840.1 square mile area. Within Duval County there are four separate municipalities (Jacksonville Beach, Neptune Beach, Atlantic Beach and Baldwin) representing a population of 44,352 within 15.9 square miles. The Jacksonville Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) consists of five counties: Duval, Clay, St. Johns, Nassau and Baker, which have a total estimated population of 1,423,970.

Selected Economic and Statistical Data

The combined City/County exhibits the following characteristics:

ECONOMIC SNAPSHOT

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	Florida <u>2015</u>
Population (in thousands)	876.0	890.0	905.6	19,815
Assessed Valuation (in billions)	43.7	43.1	45.3	1,933
Dollar Value of Building Permits (in millions)	1,095	1,312	1,351	N/A
Employment MSA (in thousands)	672.9	680.0	693.9	9,170
Unemployment Rate	6.4%	6.0%	5.2%	5.1%
*Median Household Income	48,323	47,582	47,582	47,212

 $^{^{}st}$ 2015 updated estimates were not available at the time of this report

Discussion: The consolidated city of Jacksonville is the most populated city in Florida based on the 2010 Census. It is anticipated that the city's population will grow significantly over the next few years reflecting the general economic recovery, in-migration of businesses and the growth of the port due to increased local economic activity.

Assessed valuation has increased. The value of building permits have improved indicating a recovery in housing and economic growth for the city. It is difficult to forecast the rate of economic improvement but we do anticipate an improvement in assessed values in the near to mid-term future.

Unemployment continues to decline and MSA employment continues to increase; both very positive trends.

INDUSTRY SEGMENTS

<u>Segment</u>	
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	20.92%
Professional and Business Services	15.46%
Education and Health Services	15.11%
Leisure and Hospitality	12.54%
Government	11.59%
Financial Activities	9.49%
Construction	5.41%
Manufacturing	4.54%
Other Services	3.51%
Information	1.38%
Mining and Logging	0.06%

^{*} Source: U.S. BLS, Current Employment Statistics

Discussion: Jacksonville is the economic driver for the seven-county, Northeast Florida region of approximately 1.5 million residents. Jacksonville has a broad base of non-agricultural employment and is home to a qualified and diverse labor force.

Jacksonville's central location with access to road, rail, sea and air transportation has made it the international hub of the Southeast. The city is located within 600 miles of 33 million consumers in the southeastern United States.

The Jacksonville Port Authority (JAXPORT) is one of the largest ports on the South Atlantic seaboard, ranking in the top 5 in the U.S. for auto volumes (imports and exports), and ranking 11th for container shipments. The port is expected to remain a major source of economic growth as the expanded Panama Canal opens.

Financial services, trade, transportation and utilities are also significant employers in Jacksonville. It is anticipated that these segments will also grow as the port grows.

Growth/Future Prospects

Jacksonville is the gateway to Florida and to world trade on the east coast. It is also an important location for the country's military and our nation's defense. Jacksonville is ideally positioned to benefit from economic recovery and expansion due to its diverse economic base, expressway system, rail service and the port.

10 LARGEST EMPLOYERS IN JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Name of Employer	Product or Service	Employees
Naval Air Station Jacksonville	U.S. Navy	25,240
Duval County Public Schools	Public Education	14,480
Naval Station Mayport	U.S. Navy	9,000
Baptist Health	Hospital	8,270
Bank of America Merrill Lynch	Banking and Investments	8,000
City of Jacksonville	Municipal Government	7,110
Florida Blue	Health Insurance	6,500
Mayo Clinic	Multi-Specialty Health Care	4,970
United Parcel Service	Logistics	4,100
Citi	Consumer Finance	4,000

Discussion: The above table indicates that more than 87% of those employed by the largest employers are from four segments: military (37%), medical (22%) public education (16%) and banking/financial services (13%). It is anticipated that all of these segments will continue to grow top line revenue and hire new employees.

MAYORAL PRIORITIES

Committed to building stronger and more vibrant communities throughout Jacksonville, Mayor Lenny Curry and his administration are leading with the following priorities:

- Public Safety
- Economic Development
- Support for Neighborhoods
- Youth Services
- Health & Wellness
- Accountability

Public Safety

Improving public safety is a top priority for Mayor Curry. He has consistently demonstrated this commitment by working closely with law enforcement officials and community leaders to support efforts they identify will improve the safety of citizens such as increased funding for law enforcement personnel and programs. Efforts also include the relaunch of the *Jax Journey* initiative which serves and supports the most vulnerable in Jacksonville.

Economic Development

Jacksonville has seen tremendous momentum in economic development with more jobs and opportunities for people and businesses. With support from partners like the State of Florida and the JAX Chamber, Mayor Curry remains committed to creating the conditions that attract businesses where citizens can secure employment opportunities to support their families.

Support for Neighborhoods

A successful city is characterized by neighborhoods where citizens feel safe, have access to quality infrastructure, are supported by a thriving economy, and take pride in their surroundings. The Curry administration is making efforts to strengthen and invest in Jacksonville neighborhoods – block by block – ensuring a good quality of life for every resident. In a demonstrated effort to improve services to citizens, the City of Jacksonville recently conducted a reorganization that includes the return of the Neighborhoods department, designed to improve citizen access to government services, programs and resources.

Youth Services

Mayor Curry is dedicated to providing services, programs and opportunities that support youth leadership and development. The *Mayor's Young Leaders Advisory Council*, composed of local high school students, offers youth the opportunity to learn more about city government, effective citizenship, share ideas with City officials and advise them on issues facing Jacksonville's youth. The Mayor's *Summer Jobs* program provides youth ages 16 to 21 with work experience and mentorship. Participants gain an increased understanding and knowledge of the work environment, employer expectations and personal responsibility. The *Jax Journey* initiative supports prevention and intervention efforts for troubled youth.

Health & Wellness

Research supports that the health and well-being of residents is a key indicator to the vitality and health of a community. Jacksonville is ranked 48 out of 67 counties throughout the state for quality health outcomes (*Robert Woods Johnson Foundation, 2016*). The launch of the City of Jacksonville's *Journey to One* health initiative establishes programs, opportunities, and partners who share the mission of supporting and equipping every citizen, in every ZIP code, with resources, offerings and conditions to live well in Jacksonville.

Accountability

For decades, pension debt has been the greatest threat to the city's future. It is also the greatest opportunity. Jacksonville owns more than 25 percent of the total unfunded pension liability of the more than 400 cities and counties in Florida. The City's contribution to its pension funds represents nearly 25 percent of the total operating budget. Solving this issue once and for all supports Mayor Curry's efforts to close the pension plans that caused this problem so it does not happen again, and permit the City to use a current source of revenue to meet its obligations.

A PROMISE FOR PROGRESS

Public Safety



JSO recruits and Sheriff Williams witness the mayor signing his first budget.

- Greatest budget priority
- Committed funding for 40 new police officers
- Funded restoration and hiring of 40 new Community Service officers
- Relaunched Jax Journey crime prevention program
- Allocated additional Jax Journey funds to support the JSO enforcement efforts
- Supported JEA agreement to initiate new lighting program with JSO priority areas
- Hosted Public Safety themed Community Conversations for citizens
- JFRD earned highest ISO quality rating for fire protection services

Economic Development



Mayor Curry honors a recipient of the Governor's Young Entrepreneurs Award.

- Supported expansion and growth of businesses including Anheuser Busch, MacQuarie Group, Porsche/JaxPort, Kaman Aircraft Corporation and City Refrigeration Holdings
- Achieved record economic impact from 2015 Florida-Georgia football game topping \$35 million (+\$2 million over 2014)
- Secured Florida-Georgia football series extension through 2021
- Received recognition from Governor for adding thousands of new jobs in Jacksonville in a one year period

Neighborhoods



Community residents welcome Mayor Curry during a community walk.

- Launched and funded citywide blight reduction awareness program
- Increased funding to support road maintenance improvements
- Increased funding for neglected/backlogged capital improvement projects
- Reorganized administration to add Neighborhoods department supporting citizen needs
- Conducted community walks/visits in high-needs communities with city leadership
- Advocated with local and national H.U.D. leaders to discuss efforts to support citizens in local federal housing

Youth Services



Kids celebrate announcement of a new community playground at Eureka Gardens with mayor.

- Restored Jax Journey intervention program
- · Commissioned audit of programs and partners
- Increased hours of libraries in underserved communities
- Continued Mayor's Young Leaders Advisory Council
- Increased funding for the Jacksonville Children's Commission
- Established chief philanthropy officer position to strengthen city relationships with nonprofits

Health & Wellness



Runners enjoy the amenities offered on the Northbank Riverwalk in Downtown Jacksonville.

- Created and hosted City's first Farm to Faith produce sale, an anti-food desert initiative, in Health Zone 1
- Launched citywide health initiative Journey to One to improve the health behavior of citizens, leading to greater outcomes in countywide health rankings
- Co-launched Mission One Million, an initiative of the Mayor's Council on Fitness and Well-being
- Collaborated with the GE Foundation to bring cardiovascular community outreach program to screen 10,000 Jacksonville residents

Accountability



The Liberty Street collapse symbolizes the need for strong accountability.

- Balanced budget including a significant capital improvement program
- Conducted a 90-day audit to assess financial health of city
- Re-established Budget Review Committee to oversee salary increases and job reclassifications
- Funded previously neglected projects (with no tax increases)
- · Agreed to nontaxpayer funded retirement
- Improved Standard and Poor's sales tax revenue bond rating to A+
- Secured \$1.86 million in funding from state for public safety and neighborhood investments
- · Reached new contribution agreement with JEA
- Earned approval for pension reform bill from Florida House of Representatives, Senate and governor

DEBT AND INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES

Debt Administration

The City's Debt Management Policy promotes effective and efficient management of the City's debt program. It provides a framework for the structuring and monitoring of debt issuances and emphasizes prudent long-term financial planning. The Policy establishes a Debt Oversight Committee and a Debt Affordability model which uses measures accepted within the credit community. The City's sound financial condition is evidenced by the continuation of its long-held high-grade bond ratings on indebtedness from the major credit rating services.

	Moody's	<u>S&P</u>	<u>Fitch</u>
Issuer Credit Rating	Aa2	AA	AA
Covenant Bonds	Aa3	AA-	AA-
Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds	Aa3	n/a	AA
Capital Project Revenue Bonds	Aa3	n/a	AA-
Excise Tax Revenue Bonds	Aa2	AA-	AA
Local Government Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	AA+	Aa2	AA
BJP Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	A1	A	A+
BJP Transportation Revenue Bonds	A1	AA-	AA-
JEA Water & Sewer Senior Bonds	Aa2	AA	AA
JAA	A2	A	A

Investment Performance – Both Active and Major Pension Programs

The City is of the opinion that the interest of its citizens can best be served by actively managing City funds through the assumption of a prudent level of risk. Investment objectives of the Operating Fund (in order of priority) are: safety of capital, liquidity and income realization in excess of stated benchmarks. The City's Investment Policy also establishes an Investment Committee to help manage the funds. The investment objectives of the General Employee Pension Fund and the Police and Fire Pension Fund are established by their Boards of Trustees and governed by their Investment Policy Statements for the purpose of providing long term benefits to the Fund's participants and their beneficiaries.

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO PERFORMANCE

September 30, 2015

(Reported in Percentage and Gross of Investment Management Fees)

	FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2013	FY 2012	FY 2011	3 - Year Average	
Operating Fund (All Fixed Income) *	1.32	2.38	0.62	4.82	2.23	1.44	2.26
Policy Benchmark (Weighted Avg Benchmark)**	1.66	1.85	-0.292	2.65	2.26	1.07	1.68
Core Plus	1.44	5.8	0.153	9.51	4.94	2.43	4.31
Intermediate	2.81	2.71	-0.506	6.33	NA	1.66	NA
Limited Duration	1.34	1.29	0.9364	3.15	1.37	1.19	1.62
Extended Cash	0.53	0.62	0.4586	1.47	0.41	0.54	0.70
General Employee Pension Fund (Diversified)	-1.67	12.06	17.63	18.88	1.20	9.03	9.3
Policy Benchmark (Weighted Avg Benchmark)**	-1.79	11.12	13.24	17.02	2.36	7.69	8.49
Domestic Equity Composite	1.9	15.29	25.165	29.00	-0.29	13.72	13.61
Total Int'l Equity	-10.18	5.93	23.18	16.06	-5.68	5.44	5.01
Total Fixed Income	-1.22	5.07	1.31	10.20	3.72	1.69	3.77
Total Real Estate	-0.31	20.63	15.721	19.08	12.27	11.65	12.71
MLP/Energy	-22.2	29.83	21.68	NA	NA	7.12	NA
Police and Fire Pension Fund (Diversified)	-3.35	11.55	14.87	19.27	0.53	15.20	10.94
Policy Benchmark (Weighted Avg Benchmark)**	-3.79	12.08	15.15	18.69	1.84	14.75	10.85
Domestic Equity Composite	-1.22	13.84	22.63	30.18	1.29	22.03	15.31
Total Int'l Equity	-11.33	6.18	18.66	14.60	-13.87	13.10	6.00
Total Fixed Income	2.67	3.13	-1.37	6.31	5.11	2.64	4.09
Total Real Estate	14.95	12.23	14.77	12.40	20.69	12.37	13.65
MLP/Energy	-33.11	36.54	23.92	30.68	NA	30.28	NA
Major Indicies							
Russell 3000 Composite	-0.5	17.86	21.59	30.20	0.55	12.53	13.28
MSCI EAFE Index	-8.27	4.7	24.292	14.33	-8.94	6.08	4.45
NCREIF Property Index	13.48	11.26	10.998	11.00	16.10	11.91	12.55
Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	2.94	3.96	-1.682	5.16	5.26	1.71	3.1
Barclays Capital U.S. Gov/Credit Intermediate	2.68	2.2	-0.496	4.40	NA	1.45	2.42
BofA ML U.S. Corp & Gov 1-3 Yrs	1.16	0.84	0.7067	1.52	1.26	0.9	1.1
BofA ML U.S. Treasury Bills 0-1 Year	0.18	0.13	0.2138	0.18	0.31	0.18	0.2
Citigroup Treasury Bill-3 Month	0.02	0.04	0.0664	0.05	0.11	0.04	0.06

 $NA = Specific\ consolidation\ /\ strategy\ did\ not\ exist\ at\ that\ time$

^{*}excludes depository accounts

(Continued)

**Benchmark Composition:

	Operating Fund	<u>GEPF</u>	Police and Fire
Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond	35%	0%	9%
Barclays Capital U.S. Govt/Credit Intermediate	5%	0%	2%
Barclays Capital U.S. Universal	0%	19%	0%
BofA ML 1-3 yr Corp/Govt Bond	40%	0%	0%
BofA ML 0-1 yr Treasury Bond	15%	0%	0%
Citigroup 3-month Treasury Bill	5%	0%	0%
Russell 1000 Stock	0%	0%	20%
Russell 2000 Stock	0%	0%	7%
Russell 2500 Stock	0%	0%	5%
Russell 3000 Stock	0%	35%	0%
MSCI AC World ex USA	0%	20%	0%
MSCI EAFE/ACWI Stock	0%	0%	15%
MSCI Emerging Markets	0%	0%	6%
NCREIF Property	0%	0%	10%
NCREIF ODCE Index[M]	0%	15%	0%
S&P 500	0%	0%	7%
S&P MLP Total Return	0%	0%	8%
S&P/LSTA Leverage Loan Index	0%	0%	3%
Thompson Policy Index	0%	0%	8%
NCREIF Timberland	0%	0%	0%
Real Asset Policy	0%	10%	0%
90 Day U.S. Treasury Bill	0%	1%	0%

Benchmarks for the General Employee and Police and Fire Pension funds are calculated by Summit Strategies while the Operating Portfolio Policy Benchmark is derived from BNY Mellon custody reporting data.

**The typical index composition for the Policy Weighted Average Benchmarks are: GEPP: Russell 3000 - 35%; MSCI EAFE - 20%; Barclays Capital Aggregate - 25%; NCREIF Property Index - 20%. PFPF: Russell 3000 - 40%; MSCI EAFE - 20%; Barclays Capital Aggregate - 25%; NCREIF Property Index - 15%. Operating Portfolio: Barclays Capital Aggregate - 40%; BofA ML 1-3 Corp/Govt - 40%; BofA ML 0-1 year Treasury Bond - 15%; Citigroup 3-month T-Bill 5%. Index compositions are subject to change over time as target allocations change within the portfolios.

The previous schedule provides the investment performance for the City's Active Portfolio (bond only), the City Retirement Systems (covering both General employees and Corrections Officers) and the Police and Firefighter Pension Plan.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL POSITION

Jacksonville will benefit from the recovering economy and the growth of the region. The administrations' commitment to efficient and effective government, conservative investment policies and careful debt management will provide for a prosperous city over the long run.

REPORTING ACHIEVEMENT

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Jacksonville for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for the preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such comprehensive annual financial reports must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year only. The City of Jacksonville has received this certificate for 35 consecutive years. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA for their review.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The extensive effort of preparation and distribution of this report fulfills the Department of Finance's goal of full disclosure of the City's finances. We are committed to issuing reports that are informative and meet the highest standards of governmental accounting and financial reporting. Reports that meet these standards provide the reader with an opportunity to make more informed judgments about the government's financial position and changes in financial position.

The 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report represents our commitment to this goal and could not have been prepared without the efficient and dedicated efforts of the entire staff of the Department of Finance (Accounting, Budget, Risk Management and Treasury Divisions), who devoted many hours to compiling and assembling the report. We also wish to express our appreciation to all other City personnel who have contributed to its preparation. In addition, we thank the City's independent certified public accountants, Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC and the Office of the Council Auditor, for their efforts and professional conduct throughout the audit engagement.

Special acknowledgment is due to Mayor Lenny Curry, Council President Greg Anderson, Councilman Bill Gulliford, Finance Committee Chair, and the remaining members of the City Council for their strong and effective leadership and continued support in the coordination and planning of the financial affairs of the City of Jacksonville.

Respectfully Submitted,

Michael Weinstein

Director of Finance/Chief Financial Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Jacksonville Florida

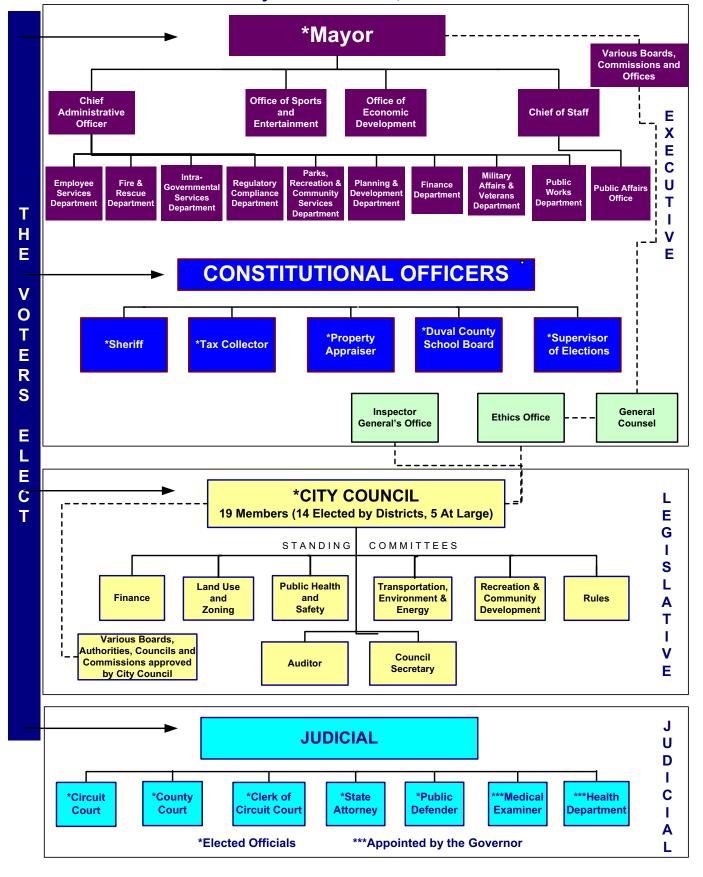
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

City of Jacksonville, Florida



City of Jacksonville, Florida

City Officers and Constitutional Officeholders

Lenny Curry, Mayor City Officers

	City Officers			
Sam Mousa				
Kerri Stewart				
Jason Gabriel, Esq				
William Killingsworth	Director, Planning and Development			
Daryl Joseph	Director, Parks, Recreation and Community Services			
Vacant	Director, Neighborhoods			
	Economic Development Officer			
	Director, Finance & Administration/CFO			
William Spann	Director, Military Affairs & Veterans			
Kelli O'Leary	Director, Employee Services			
Kurt Wilson				
	Budget Officer			
Dave Herrell	Sports and Entertainment Officer			
Patrick Greive	Treasurer			
Constitutional Officeholders				
Ronnie Fussell				
Jerry Holland	Property Appraiser			
	Sheriff			
Mike Hogan	Supervisor of Elections			
	Tax Collector			

City of Jacksonville, Florida

City Council Officials and Staff

City Council

President of Council	•			
District 1 — Joyce Morgan District 2 — Al Ferraro District 3 — Aaron L. Bowman District 4 — Scott Wilson District 5 — Lori N. Boyer District 6 — Matt Schellenberg District 7 — Reggie Gaffney	District 8 — Katrina Brown District 9 — Garrett L. Dennis District 10 — Reginald L. Brown District 11 — Danny Becton District 12 — Doyle Carter District 13 — Bill Gulliford District 14 — Jim Love			
Group 1 At-Large — Anna Lopez Brosche Group 2 At-Large — John R. Crescimbeni Group 3 At-Large — Tommy Hazouri Group 4 At-Large — Greg Anderson Group 5 At-Large — Samuel Newby				

Council Staff

Kirk Sherman, CPA	Council Auditor
Cheryl L. Brown	Director/ Council Secretary
Kristi Sikes	Chief of Administrative Services
Dana Farris	Chief of Legislative Services
Jeff Clements	

^{*}Last updated April 2016.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Jacksonville, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Jacksonville, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of JEA, which represents 87%, 76%, and 83%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. We also did not audit the financial statements of Jacksonville Transportation Authority which represents 5%, 11%, and 10%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. We also did not audit the financial statements of Jacksonville Port Authority, which represents 8%, 13%, and 7%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. We also did not audit the Police and Fire Rescue Pension Plan Trust Fund which represents 39%, 38%, and 20%, respectively, of the assets, fund balance/net position, and revenue/additions, respectively, of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions insofar as they relate to the amounts included for JEA, Jacksonville Transportation Authority, Jacksonville Port Authority and Police and Fire Rescue Pension Plan Trust Fund, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 18B to the financial statements, the City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB Statement 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual (budgetary basis) – general fund, and other postemployment benefits and pension schedules as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, other supplemental information and the statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules, and other supplemental information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and the other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of other auditors, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules, and other supplemental information are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

This introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Can, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 2, 2016, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain positions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. That report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Jacksonville, Florida June 2, 2016

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The City of Jacksonville's discussion and analysis is designed to provide an objective and easy to read overview of the City's financial activities focusing on significant financial issues, as well as identifying material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), and individual fund issues or concerns.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts. The information contained within this MD&A should be considered only as a part of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

Financial Highlights

- The City recorded its unfunded pension liability of \$2.2 billion in the city-wide governmental activities financial statements. There was no allocation of this liability to the business-type activities or fiduciary funds since there isn't an expectation those fund types will be part of the payment of the liability.
- The City's General Fund operations had total revenues of \$1 billion in fiscal year 2015.
- Property tax revenues experienced a \$23.9 million, 5% increase. There were also increases in utility & communications service taxes, intergovernmental revenues and licenses, permits & fees.
- Charges for services revenues experienced an \$11 million decrease in fiscal year 2015 due to increases in the medicaid/medicare adjustments and the allowance for doubtful collections for ambulance billings.
- General Fund total expenses increased by 25.9 million, 2.8% primarily due to increased spending in the Parks & Recreation department for recreation & community programs and social services and increases in the Office of the Sheriff for personnel costs.
- Total governmental activities revenues increased by \$17.4 million in fiscal year 2015 a 1% increase over fiscal year 2014.
- Total governmental activity expenses increased \$4.1 million.

Additional information that explains these financial highlights may be found on following pages of this report.

City Highlights

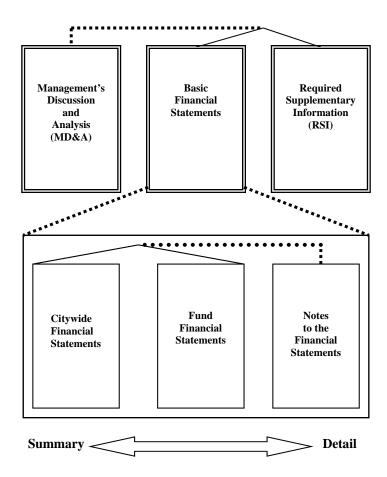
Fiscal year 2015 had a number of positive outcomes. Some of the impact and improvements were as follows:

- The total fund balance for the General Fund decreased by \$5.3 million for a total of \$177 million.
- Progress was made on pension reform. This process will continue into fiscal year 2016.
- The City completed the improvements in the City owned EverBank Field which significantly improved the experience for Jacksonville residents.
- The Navy continues to invest in Jacksonville bases. A new runway is being constructed at NAS Jax.
- There has been a decrease in the unemployment rate, an increase in sales tax revenues and an improved economy in Jacksonville.
- General Electric will locate its subsidiary company at Cecil Field which will improve the marketability of this office park.

OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Jacksonville's basic financial statements. As indicated in the following graphic (Figure A-1), the City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) citywide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary and statistical information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Figure A-1
COMPONENTS OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



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Citywide Basic Financial Statements

The citywide basic financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Jacksonville's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The focus of the Statement of Net Position is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the City and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and consolidates governmental funds' current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long term obligations. The Statement of Activities distinguishes functions of the City of Jacksonville that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities such as: police, fire, public works, recreation, and general administration) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities such as: solid waste, stormwater, sports complex, motor vehicle and public parking).

Component Units are other governmental units over which the City can exercise influence and/or may be obligated to provide financial subsidy. The City of Jacksonville's component units are as follows: Jacksonville Electric Authority (JEA), Jacksonville Transportation Authority (JTA), Jacksonville Port Authority (JPA), and Jacksonville Housing Finance Authority. Separate financial statements are published by JEA, JTA, and JPA. The focus of the statements is on the primary government and the presentation allows the user to address the relationship with the Component Units.

The two statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) demonstrate how the City's net position has changed. Increases or decreases in net position are good indicators of whether the City's financial health is improving or deteriorating over time. Other non-financial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base are important considerations to assess the City's overall financial condition.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar. The focus is on Major Funds, rather than fund types, which provides detailed information about the most significant funds. The City of Jacksonville, like other state and local governments, uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial requirements imposed by law, bond covenants and local administrative and legislative actions. All of the City's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the citywide basic financial statements. However, unlike the citywide basic financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Since the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the citywide basic financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the citywide basic financial statements. This allows readers to better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions.

Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Governmental fund information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Special Bonded Debt Obligations Fund and Better Jacksonville Plan Special Bonded

Debt Obligations Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Information from other non-major funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the business-type activities in the citywide basic financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the Fund Financial Statements section of this report.

The City of Jacksonville maintains two types of proprietary funds.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the citywide basic financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to report separate information on operations such as Solid Waste Disposal, EverBank Field, Veteran's Memorial Arena and Stormwater Services which are all major funds. The Baseball Stadium, Performing Arts, Convention Center, Sports Complex Capital, Equestrian Center, Motor Vehicle Inspection, Mayport Ferry, Ritz Theater and Public Parking are non-major enterprise funds.

The internal service funds are used to account for activities that provide goods and services to the City's other programs and activities. Since the internal service funds predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the citywide basic financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

The City of Jacksonville is the trustee, or fiduciary, for trusts such as the City employee's retirement plans. Because of a trust arrangement, these assets can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the City of Jacksonville's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the citywide basic financial statements because the assets cannot be used to support or finance the City's programs or operations. The Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Net Position can be found in the Fund Financial Statement section of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the citywide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found as a part of the Basic Financial Statements section of this report.

Other Information

This report additionally includes required supplementary information (RSI) containing budgetary comparisons with related notes and the progress of the City's employee pension obligations and other postemployment obligations.

The combined statements in connection with non-major governmental and enterprise funds, internal service funds, fiduciary funds and nonmajor component units are presented following the required supplemental information.

Additional statistical information is presented to give report users a better historical perspective and assist in assessing current financial status and trends of the governmental unit.

Economic data is presented to allow a broader understanding of the economic and social environment in which the City government operates.

CITYWIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the government's financial position.

As of September 30, 2015, the City of Jacksonville's negative balances in overall net position are due to the \$2.2 billion unfunded pension liability. (See Table A-1).

Table A-1 Summary Statement of Net Position (In Thousands) as of September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014

_	Governmental Activities			_	Business Type Activities			Total Primary Government		
		2015		2014		2015		2014	2015	2014
Cash and Investments	\$	939,817	\$	873,309	\$	76,385	\$	73,267	1,016,202	946,576
Current and Other Assets		238,835		228,422		66,241		62,559	305,076	290,981
Capital Assets		2,658,671		2,722,103		482,292		482,137	3,140,963	3,204,240
Total assets		3,837,323		3,823,834		624,918		617,963	4,462,241	\$ 4,441,797
Deferred Outflow of Resources		295,424		200,013		208		239	295,632	200,252
Current Liabilities		229,953		236,187		24,841		37,998	254,794	236,187
Non-current Liabilities		2,745,029		3,200,362		381,889		373,137	3,126,918	3,200,362
Net Pension Liability		2,197,862		2,188,883		-		-	2,197,862	2,188,883
Total liabilities		5,172,844		5,625,432		406,730		411,135	5,579,574	5,625,432
Deferred Inflow of Resources		73,335		3,010		54		72	73,389	3,082
Net position										
Net investment										
in capital assets		882,202		918,659		163,294		161,999	1,045,496	1,080,658
Restricted for:										
Housing & human serv grants		32,947		33,211		-		-	32,947	33,211
State and federal grants		13,838		14,048		-		-	13,838	14,048
Other participant's equity		273		3,248		-		-	273	3,248
Permanent Fund										
non-expendable		123		123		-		-	123	123
Unrestricted		(2,042,815)		(2,149,749)		55,048		44,996	(1,987,767)	(2,104,753)
Total net position	\$	(1,113,432)	\$	(1,180,460)	\$	218,342	\$	206,995	(895,090)	(\$ 973,465)

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its substantial capital assets, net of related debt. This displays the City's commitment to investing in assets that have useful lives in excess of the life of the debt issues used to finance the assets.

Along with the unfunded pension liability, the negative unrestricted net position in the governmental activities also includes non-asset related debt which is a liability of the City, issued for various capital projects that belong to other entities.

The City issued non-asset related debt:

- for the Jacksonville Transportation Authority for state highway projects within the City.
- for the Jacksonville Port Authority for their port terminal facilities.
- to finance improvements at Shands-Jacksonville a large regional hospital serving the City's citizens, including its indigent population.
- to provide economic development incentives to entice developers to invest in downtown and other targeted areas of the City using Tax Increment District funds to provide a dedicated revenue source for payment of the debt.
- for other projects within the City, such as pollution remediation, etc.

On the following page, Table A-2 provides a summary comparison of the City's operations for the 2014 and 2015 fiscal year ends.

Table A-2 Statement of Activities (In Thousands) as of September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014

		Governr			Business Ty	-	Total Primary		
		Activi			Activitie		Governm		
Revenues:		2015	2014		2015	2014	2015	2014	
Program Revenues:									
Fines & charges for services	\$	112,394	\$ 118,749	\$	121,297 \$	119,039	\$ 233,691 \$	237,788	
Operating grants/contributions		59,379	53,946		-	-	59,379	53,946	
Capital grants/contributions		70,271	72,978		-	-	70,271	72,978	
General revenues:									
Property taxes		527,754	502,624		-	-	527,754	502,624	
Utility service taxes		124,006	122,733		-	-	124,006	122,733	
Sales and tourist taxes		194,148	180,964		14,541	13,394	208,689	194,358	
Local business taxes		7,324	7,085		-	-	7,324	7,085	
Intergovernmental		148,440	138,969		-	-	148,440	138,969	
Franchise Fees		41,013	40,417		-	-	41,013	40,417	
JEA Contribution		111,688	109,188		-	-	111,688	109,188	
Earnings on Investments		9,365	21,690		1,251	2,008	10,616	23,698	
Miscellaneous		36,233	55,227		19,226	16,493	55,459	71,720	
Total Revenues		1,442,015	1,424,570		156,315	150,934	1,598,330	1,575,504	
Expenses			 -		,			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
General government		148,592	511,776		-	-	148,592	511,776	
Human services		108,830	108,596		-	-	108,830	108,596	
Public safety		629,100	2,249,952		-	-	629,100	2,249,952	
Cultural and recreational		79,883	80,844		-	-	79,883	80,844	
Transportation		150,470	141,928		-	-	150,470	141,928	
Economic & physical environment		159,994	166,919		-	-	159,994	166,919	
Interest on long term debt		82,828	87,011		_	_	82,828	87,011	
Parking system		-	-		3,496	3,513	3,496	3,513	
Motor vehicle inspections		_	_		430	464	430	464	
Solid Waste		_	_		70,316	58,429	70,316	58,429	
Stormwater services		_	-		23,022	19,796	23,022	19,796	
Mayport Ferry		_	_		2,069	2,405	2,069	2,405	
EverBank Field		_	-		28,494	25,530	28,494	25,530	
Veterans Memorial Arena		_	_		17,649	14,878	17,649	14,878	
Baseball Stadium		_	_		4,406	3,216	4,406	3,216	
Performing Arts Center		_	_		3,932	4,095	3,932	4,095	
Convention Center		_	_		3,889	3,778	3,889	3,778	
Equestrian Center		_	_		1,139	1,664	1,139	1,664	
Sports Complex Capital			_		1,137	1,004	1,137	1,00+	
Ritz Theater			_		1,416	954	1,416	954	
Total Expenses		1,359,697	3,347,026		160,258	138,722	1,519,955	3,485,748	
Increases (decreases) in		1,339,097	3,347,020		100,230	130,722	1,317,733	3,403,740	
net position before transfers and special item		82,318	(1 000 454)		(2.042)	12 212	70 275	(1,910,244)	
Transfers			(1,922,456)		(3,943)	12,212	78,375	(1,710,244)	
Transfers Change in net position		(15,290) 67,028	(11,324)		15,290 11,347	11,324 23,536	78,375	(1,910,244)	
Net position (deficit), beginning of year as restated	φ.	(1,180,460)	753,320	6	206,995	183,459	(973,465)	936,779	
Net position (deficit), end of year	•	(1,113,432)	\$ (1,180,460)	Þ	218,342 \$	206,995	\$ (895,090) \$	(973,465)	

Governmental activities:

The City's governmental activities revenues increased \$17.4 million from 2014 to 2015 (see Table A-2) and consists of:

- Property tax revenues reflected a \$25.1 million increase which is a clear indication of an improving economy in Jacksonville.
- Contributions from JEA increased \$2.5 million in fiscal year 2015.
- The \$9.5 million increase in intergovernmental revenues is primarily due to increases in the ½ cent sales tax and state shared revenues.
- The increase of \$13.2 million in sales and tourist taxes is a result of increases in tourist development and local option taxes.
- Operating grants/contributions increased \$5.4 million in fiscal year 2015.
- The decrease of \$6.4 million in fines & charges for services is due to increases in the medicaid/medicare retrospective adjustments and the allowance for doubtful collections for ambulance billing.
- The decrease of \$12.3 million in earnings on investments is a result of the market performing at 1% in fiscal year 2015 as compared to 2.2% in fiscal year 2014.
- The decrease of \$19 million in miscellaneous revenues is primarily due to a \$13.5 million Shipyard one time settlement that was received in fiscal year 2014.

Increases in governmental activities expenses were \$4.6 million in fiscal year 2015 due to the following:

- Public Safety expense increased by \$9.4 million primarily due to an increase of \$4.5 million in workers compensation insurance costs, \$4.2 million increase in Fire Rescue's computer costs and \$3.8 million increase in correctional officer's retirement contribution. Fire Rescue experienced a \$2.1 decrease in salaries overtime.
- Transportation expense increased \$8.5 million due primarily due to an increase in the JTA subsidy which is directly connected to the increase in the ½ cent sales tax revenues.
- Interest on long term debt decreased by \$4 million due to decreased interest rates resulting from bond refunding on outstanding debt made over the past two years.
- Additional increases in governmental and public safety from fiscal 2014 to 2015 is due to the recording of the unfunded pension liability. Further information can be found in Note 9 in the Notes to Financial statement section.

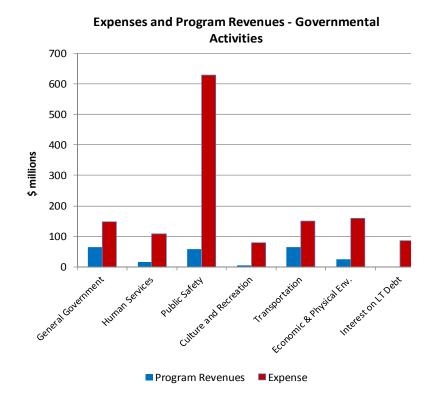
Business Type activities:

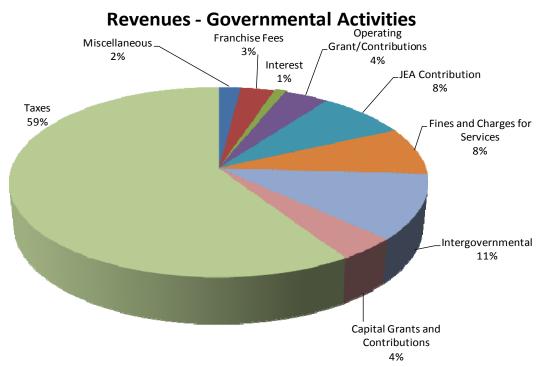
The City's business type revenues increased \$5.4 million in fiscal year 2015:

- The increase of \$1.1 million in sales and tourist taxes and \$2.3 million in fines & charges for services are indications of an improving economy.
- Miscellaneous revenues increased \$2.7 million due to increased concession sales at the sports venues and an increase in Solid Waste's timber product revenues.

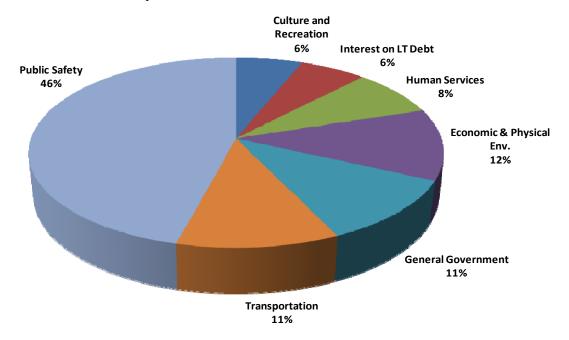
Business type activities total expenses increased \$21.5 million in fiscal year 2015:

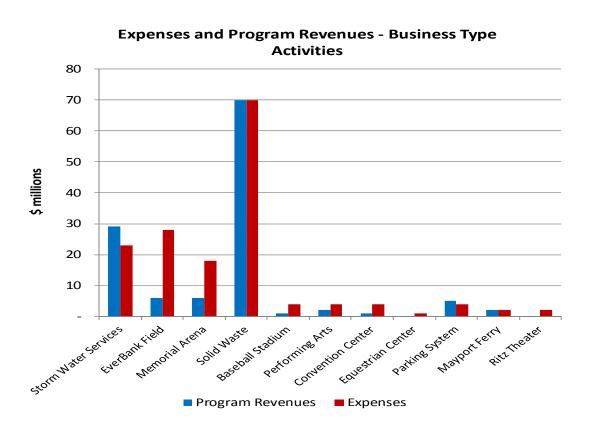
- Solid Waste's expenditures increased \$11.9 million due to landfill closure/post-closure liability increases in fiscal year 2015.
- Stormwater had a \$3.2 million increase in expenditures primarily due to an increase in utility management services. There were other smaller increases in EverBank Field, Veterans Memorial Arena and Baseball Stadium.





Expenses - Governmental Activities





FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City of Jacksonville uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of fiscal year 2015. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All non-major funds of each governmental fund type with legally adopted annual budgets are included in the Combining Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual, which can be found in the Combining Individual Fund Statements and Schedules. The General Fund and Major Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual is included as Required Supplementary Information following the Notes to the Financial Statements.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$98.7 million. The General Fund's total fund balance was \$177 million, with \$50.2 million committed by City Council as an emergency reserve. The City's Reserve Policy for the General Fund is covered by Section 106.107 of the City's municipal code. The policy requires that the emergency reserve shall not be used except as initiated by the Mayor through written communication to City Council, explaining the emergency, with subsequent approval by two-thirds votes of all City Council members. The Emergency Reserve can be used to address unanticipated non-reimbursed expenditures arising out of a hurricane, tornado, other major weather related events, and/or other massive infrastructure failures or disasters, whether man made or caused by nature. Under normal circumstances, the City would first elect to utilize the Operating Reserve before considering use of its Emergency Reserve.

Key factors affecting changes in major funds and fund balance in fiscal year 2015 operations are as follows:

General Fund:

• Property taxes account for approximately 50% of the General Fund revenue and increased by \$23.9 million, 5% increase over the previous fiscal year. Interest revenue decreased \$7 million due to a lower return in fiscal year 2015. General Fund revenues had an overall increase of \$3.8 million and an overall increase in expenditures of \$25.9 million as compared to fiscal year 2014.

Special Bonded Debt – Better Jacksonville Plan Obligations (BJP):

• Under the Interlocal Agreement, the City and JTA agreed to pledge a ½ cent sales tax and constitutional gas tax to the payment of the BJP bonds. Outstanding long term BJP debt principal payments increased \$3.0 million for fiscal year 2015 due to the refunding of debt in prior fiscal years that set up a more aggressive debt pay down schedule. The City redeemed a total of \$49.3 million in BJP bonds with a decrease in interest and other fiscal charges of \$2.1 million.

Special Bonded Debt - Obligations:

• Outstanding long term Special Obligation debt principal payments increased \$3.9 million for fiscal year 2015 due to the refunding of debt in prior fiscal years that set up a more aggressive debt pay down schedule. The City redeemed a total of \$44.7 million in Special Obligation bonds with a decrease of \$1.8 million in interest and other fiscal charges.

Proprietary Funds: The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide business-type activities financial statements, but in more detail. Solid Waste, Stormwater Services, EverBank Field and the Veteran's Memorial Arena are reported as major proprietary funds in fiscal year 2015.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

- Property taxes, intergovernmental, utility & community service taxes and licenses & permits were
 over budget \$13.5 million. Charges for services, interest and miscellaneous revenues were under
 budget a total of \$18.3 million. Total actual revenues for fiscal year 2015 were \$4.8 million under
 the final budget.
- Total general fund actual expenditures for fiscal year 2015 were \$86 million under final budget with \$50 million, more than half, related to the budgeted but unused emergency reserve.
- Additional savings were due to salary and benefit costs and departmental and non-departmental operating cost savings due to the Administration's strong efforts toward cost reductions.
- Basic public safety costs, fire & rescue and office of the sheriff, continue to increase and account for \$613 million of expenditure budget which is 61.2% of the General Fund's total budgeted revenues

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City of Jacksonville's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2015 amounts to \$3.1 billion net of accumulated depreciation. The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress (see Table A-3). The primary focus was on the sports complex improvements, the new county courthouse completion, road projects and drainage projects in fiscal year 2014. The primary focus in fiscal year 2015 was the completion of the State Attorney Courthouse, Southbank River Walk improvements and continuation of road and drainage projects. Additional information on the City of Jacksonville's capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements, Footnote 6 of this report.

Table A-3
Capital Assets
Net of Accumulated Depreciation
(In Thousands)
as of September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014

	Govern Activ		Business Activi		Total		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Land and easements	\$ 313,735 \$	312,740	\$ 47,517	\$ 47,152	\$ 361,252	\$ 359,892	
Buildings and improvements	1,153,032	1,096,976	602,224	598,535	1,755,256	1,695,511	
Furniture & Equipment	440,542	433,575	16,450	10,397	456,992	443,972	
Construction and work in progress	12,984	53,203	12,258	13,154	25,242	66,357	
Infrastructure	2,237,953	2,198,259	63,234	53,261	2,301,187	2,251,520	
Other Assets	42,585	42,464	-	-	42,585	42,464	
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,542,160)	(1,415,114)	(259,391)	(240,362)	(1,801,551)	(1,655,476)	
Total	\$ 2,658,671	\$ 2,722,103	\$ 482,292	\$ 482,137	\$ 3,140,963	\$ 3,204,240	

Debt Administration

Debt Service Funds account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of, interest and principal on most general governmental obligations. Individual debt service funds are described below.

The Special Bonded Debt Obligations Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on the City's special and limited bonded obligations payable solely from and secured by a lien upon and pledge of the revenues under the respective bond ordinances.

The Special Bonded Debt - Better Jacksonville Plan Obligations Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of, principal and interest on the City's special bonded obligations payable, which are related to the Better Jacksonville Plan.

The Other Non-Bonded Debt Obligations Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of, principal and interest on other non-bonded debt obligations including the U. S. Government Guaranteed Notes Payable (HUD 108 loans).

At year-end, the City had \$2.7 billion in bonds and notes outstanding as shown in Table A-4. Additional information on the City of Jacksonville's long term-debt can be found in Notes to the Financial Statements, Note 8 of this report.

Table A-4
Bonds and Notes Payable
Outstanding Debt at Year End September 30, 2015
(In Thousands)

		Governmental Activities		 Business Type Activities			Total				
		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		2014
Special Obligation Bonds	\$	677,328	\$	719,978	\$ -	\$	-	\$	677,328	\$	719,978
Special Obligation-BJP		1,202,745		1,249,005					1,202,745		1,249,005
Revenue Bonds Payable		264,671		245,975	281,400		272,123		546,071		518,098
Notes Payable		25,210		4,685	-		-		25,210		4,685
Notes Payable-BJP		41,676		47,055	-		-		41,676		47,055
Deferred Amounts											
Loss on Adv Ref		-		(985)	32,420		34,308		32,420		33,323
Issuance premiums		140,857		136,888	-		-		140,857		136,888
Issuance discounts		(2,377)		(2,538)	-		-		(2,377)		(2,538)
Advance Refunding		-		-	-		(167)		-		(167)
Total	_	\$ 2,350,110		\$ 2,400,063	 \$ 313,820		\$ 306,264		\$ 2,663,930		\$ 2,706,327

New indebtedness of the City of Jacksonville consists of:

Closing Date	Par Amount	Source	Primary Use
November 2014	\$100,160,000	Special Revenue Bonds	Refunding & Capital Project
November 2014	\$ 19,185,000	Commercial Paper	Stadium Improvements
September 2015	\$ 25,000,000	Commercial Paper	Capital Projects

New debt was issued during the fiscal year for various purposes. The November issuance of Special Revenue Bonds refunded \$63.2 million of Excise Tax Revenue Bonds that were issued in 2005 and 2006. The refunding, completed to take advantage of the historically-low interest rate environment, generated \$7.4 million in NPV savings. The Special Revenue Bonds issuance also funded \$37.0 million in capital projects. Also in November, the City issued \$19.2 million of commercial paper to fund the final tranche of interim financing for improvements to EverBank Field, which hosts the NFL's Jacksonville Jaguars. It is anticipated that the interim financing will be refunded with long-term debt during calendar year 2016. In September, the City issued an additional \$25 million of commercial paper to fund various capital projects

In September, the City issued an additional \$25 million of commercial paper to fund various capital projects that were completed over the course of the year.

During fiscal year 2015, the City redeemed a combined \$75.2 million in principal amount of bonds and notes, for a net reduction of \$45.8 million in long-term debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The State of Florida, by constitution, does not have a state personal income tax and therefore the State operates primarily using sales, gasoline and corporate income taxes. Local governments (cities, counties and school boards) primarily rely on property and a limited array of permitted other taxes (sales, gasoline, utilities services, etc.) and fees (franchise, occupational license, etc.) for their governmental activities. There are a limited number of state-shared revenues and recurring and non-recurring (one-time) grants from both the state and federal governments.

Other Economic Factors:

- The unemployment rate for the City of Jacksonville is 5.2%, at the end of fiscal year 2015, a .8% improvement over 2014. This compares favorably to the state's average unemployment rate (5.1%) and the national average unemployment rate of 5.1% as of September, 2015.
- Jacksonville has the largest Empowerment Zone in the nation.
- Jacksonville has a major port, is home to the National Football League's (NFL) Jacksonville Jaguars, is the insurance and financial center of Florida and is the site of key U.S. Navy bases.

Budget Highlights for fiscal 2015-2016:

- The City of Jacksonville has adopted the following priorities:
 - o Partnering with businesses to create jobs and grow the local economy;
 - o Revitalizing our Downtown as a vibrant destination for people to work, live and visit;
 - Supporting schools, teachers, families and the community to improve opportunities for children and young people;
 - Enhancing services for veterans and service members to make Jacksonville the most military and veteran-friendly city in America;
 - o Improving our quality of life to ensure that Jacksonville is an even more inviting place for people to make their home and raise a family; and
 - o Reforming city government to make it more efficient, effective and responsive.

Achieving these priorities will require fiscal discipline and innovative approaches.

• The millage rate for the City of Jacksonville remained the same from fiscal year 2015 to 2016 at 11.4419.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Department of Finance, Accounting Division, 117 West Duval Street, Suite 375, Jacksonville, Florida 32202, or call (904) 630-1250.

CITYWIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				
	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL 2015	COMPONENT UNITS	
ASSETS:					
Cash and investments	. \$ 770,180	\$ 60,428	\$ 830,608	\$ 1,764,732	
Cash in escrow and with fiscal agents	. 169,637	15,957	185,594	2,651	
Securities lending	. 70,892	-	70,892	-	
Receivables, net	. 62,653	58,194	120,847	292,598	
Due from independent agencies and other governments	97,528	305	97,833	51,698	
Inventories	. 5,002	11	5,013	134,774	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	. 2,760	3,593	6,353	34,791	
Prepaid expense - Landfill related costs		4,138	4,138	-	
Costs to be recovered from future revenues		-	-	459,359	
CAPITAL ASSETS:					
Land, easements, art in public places and construction in progress		59,775	386,494	803,393	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	2,331,952	422,517	2,754,469	5,997,629	
TOTAL ASSETS	3,837,323	624,918	4,462,241	9,541,625	
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES:					
Pension related	. 288,736	-	288,736	100,211	
Unamortized deferred loss on refunding	. 3,482	208	3,690	159,294	
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging instrument	3,206		3,206	153,605	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	295,424	208	295,632	413,110	
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	. 61,115	15,396	76,511	184,592	
Contracts payable		154	558	43,625	
Due to component units	43	-	43	· -	
Due to independent agencies and other governments	. 13,567	-	13,567	-	
Deposits	. 5,595	3,440	9,035	55,848	
Accrued interest payable	. 51,125	5,755	56,880	93,523	
Unearned revenue	. 26,962	96	27,058	6,254	
Securities lending	. 70,892	-	70,892	-	
Other current liabilities	250	-	250	87,211	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:					
Fair market value of debt management instrument		-	3,206	149,851	
Due within one year	158,972	12,224	171,196	199,915	
Due in more than one year	2,582,851	369,665	2,952,516	5,351,609	
Net pension liability	2,197,862		2,197,862	427,010	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,172,844	406,730	5,579,574	6,599,438	
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES:					
Pension related	. 73,335	-	73,335	35,259	
Revenue to be used for future costs		-	-	452,397	
Unamortized deferred gain on refunding	<u> </u>	54	54	-	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	73,335	54	73,389	487,656	
NET POSITION:					
Net investment in capital assets	. 882,202	163,294	1,045,496	1,805,241	
Restricted for:					
Debt service		-	-	204,482	
Housing and human services grants		-	32,947	-	
Other state and federal grants		-	13,838	-	
Capital projects		-	-	318,061	
Other participant's equity		-	273	-	
Permanent fund, non-expendable		-	123	-	
Other purposes Unrestricted (deficit)		55,048	(1,987,767)	41,431 498,426	
TOTAL NET POSITION		\$ 218,342	\$ (895,090)	\$ 2,867,641	

PATEMENT PATEMENT			I	PROGRAM REVENUI	ES	PRI	MARY GOVERNMI	ENT	
Concentional activities:	FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR	GRANTS AND	GRANTS AND		TYPE		COMPONENT UNITS
Second powerment	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
Second powerment									
Human services		\$ 148,592	\$ 53,029	\$ 9,281	\$ 1,794	\$ (84,488)		\$ (84,488)	
Public safery	Human services	108,830	2,145	14,411	_	(92,274)		(92,274)	
Culture and recreation	Public safety	629,100	50,684	5,697	750	(571,969)		(571,969)	
Transportusion									
Project environment	Transportation				65,411				
Physical environment					,				
Interest on long term debt. 82,828									
Parking system	•		ŕ	-	-				
Parking system	Total governmental activities	1,359,697	112,394	59,379	70,271	(1,117,653)		(1,117,653)	
Parking system									
Motor vehicle inspections. 430 502 - - 72 72 72 Solid Waste. 70,316 69,649 - - 6,667 (667) (667) Storm Water Services. 23,022 29,087 - - 6,065 6,065 Mayport Fery. 2,069 1,579 - - (490) (490) EverBank Field. 28,494 6,438 - - (22,056) (22,056) Veterans Memorial Arena. 17,649 6,261 - - (3,447) (3,447) Performing Arts. 3,392 1,890 - - (2,042) (2,042) Convention Center. 3,889 984 - - (2,055) (2,905) Equestrian Center. 1,139 - - - (1,139) (1,139) Ritz Theater 1,416 122,297 - - - (38,961) (38,961) Total primary government. \$ 1,519,955 \$ 233,691 </td <td>· -</td> <td>3.496</td> <td>3 826</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>330</td> <td>330</td> <td></td>	· -	3.496	3 826	_		_	330	330	
Solid Waste	• •			-	-	-			
Storm Water Services 23,022 29,087 -				-	-	-			
Mayport Ferry				-	-	-			
EverBank Field				-	-	-			
Veterans Memorial Arena	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-	-	-			
Baseball Stadium		,	· · ·	-	-	-			
Performing Arts				-	-	-			
Convention Center				-	-	-			
Equestrian Center	•			-	-	-			
Ritz Theater			964	-	-	-			
Total business-type activities			122	-	-	-			
COMPONENT UNITS: Governmental activities						_			
COMPONENT UNITS: Governmental activities	Total primary government	\$ 1,519,955	\$ 233,691	\$ 59,379	\$ 70,271	(1,117,653)	(38,961)	(1,156,614)	
Business-type activities. 1,892,517 1,828,662 15,775 166,488 118,4									
Total component units	Governmental activities								
Property taxes	Business-type activities	1,892,517	1,828,662	15,775	166,488				118,408
Property taxes. 527,754 - 527,754 Utility and Communications service taxes. 124,006 - 124,006 Sales and tourist taxes. 194,148 14,541 208,689 79,4 Local business taxes. 7,324 - 7,324 Intergovernmental - unrestricted. 148,440 - 148,440 69,2 JEA Contribution. 111,688 - 111,688 Unrestricted earnings on investments. 9,365 1,251 10,616 15,4 Franchise Fees. 41,013 - 41,013	Total component units	\$ 1,976,307	\$ 1,828,662	\$ 16,849	\$ 169,258				\$ 38,462
Utility and Communications service taxes. 124,006 - 124,006 Sales and tourist taxes. 194,148 14,541 208,689 79,4 Local business taxes. 7,324 - 7,324 - 7,324 Intergovernmental - unrestricted. 148,440 - 148,440 69,2 JEA Contribution. 111,688 - 111,688 Unrestricted earnings on investments. 9,365 1,251 10,616 15,4 Franchise Fees. 41,013 - 41,013	Gener	al revenues:							
Sales and tourist taxes. 194,148 14,541 208,689 79,4 Local business taxes. 7,324 - 7,324 Intergovernmental - unrestricted. 148,440 - 148,440 69,2 JEA Contribution. 111,688 - 111,688 Unrestricted earnings on investments. 9,365 1,251 10,616 15,4 Franchise Fees. 41,013 - 41,013							-		-
Local business taxes. 7,324 - 7,324 Intergovernmental - unrestricted. 148,440 - 148,440 69,2 JEA Contribution. 111,688 - 111,688 Unrestricted earnings on investments. 9,365 1,251 10,616 15,4 Franchise Fees. 41,013 - 41,013		•					-		- -
Intergovernmental - unrestricted 148,440 - 148,440 69,2 JEA Contribution 111,688 - 111,688 Unrestricted earnings on investments 9,365 1,251 10,616 15,4 Franchise Fees 41,013 - 41,013							14,541		79,499
JEA Contribution									69,257
Unrestricted earnings on investments		-					_		-
							1,251		15,456
Miscellaneous 36.233 19.226 55.459 26.7		Franchise Fees	-			41,013	-	41,013	-
		Miscellaneous				36,233	19,226	55,459	26,713
Transfers	Trans	fers				(15,290)	15,290	-	-
Special Items:	Specia								151 400
JEA pricing policy change		JEA pricing policy	change			. <u> </u>			151,490
Total general revenues and transfers. 1,184,681 50,308 1,234,989 342,4	Total general revenues and transfers					1,184,681	50,308	1,234,989	342,415
Change in net position	Chang	ge in net position				67,028	11,347	78,375	380,877
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	Net po	osition, beginning of	f year, as restated			. (1,180,460)	206,995	(973,465)	2,486,764
Net position, end of year	Net po	osition, end of year.				(\$ 1,113,432)	\$ 218,342	(\$ 895,090)	\$ 2,867,641



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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:

GENERAL FUND

The **General Fund** is the principal fund of the City and is used to account for all activities not included in other funds. The General Fund accounts for the normal recurring activities of the City (i.e, police, fire, public works, courts, general government, etc.). These activities are funded principally by property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and licenses and fees.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

The Special Bonded Debt Obligations Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on the City's special and limited bonded obligations, which are payable solely from and secured by a lien upon and pledge of the revenues under the respective bond ordinances.

The Special Bonded Debt - Better Jacksonville Plan Obligations Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on the City's special bonded obligations payable, which are related to the Better Jacksonville Plan.

_	GENERAL FUND	SPECIAL BONDED DEBT- BETTER JACKSONVILLE PLAN OBLIGATIONS	SPECIAL BONDED DEBT- OBLIGATIONS
ASSETS:	© 127.656	© 105 045	¢ 11 120
Equity in pooled cash and investments Cash in escrow and with fiscal agents	\$ 137,656 178	\$ 105,945 75,484	\$ 11,139 63,587
Securities lending collateral	70,892	, -	· -
Receivables (net, where applicable, of			
allowances for uncollectibles): Accounts and interest	8,455	_	_
Mortgages	-	-	-
Other	17,094	-	-
Due from other funds	16,773	-	215
Due from independent agencies and other governments Inventories	46,003 4,120	-	-
Prepaid items		_	_
TOTAL ASSETS	301,171	181,429	74,941
=			
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 27,127	\$ -	\$ -
Contracts payable	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-
Due to component units	-	-	-
Due to individuals	-	-	-
Bonds payable	-	49,300	44,688
Interest payable	2.004	26,184	18,898
Deposits	2,804	=	-
Unearned revenue Securities lending obligations	23,169 70,892	_	-
Advances from other funds	70,892	_	-
-			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	123,992	75,484	63,586
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES: Unavailable Revenue	180	_	_
FUND BALANCES:			
Non Spendable: Non Spendable	4,120	-	-
Spendable:			
Restricted	-	105,945	11,355
Committed	58,646	-	-
AssignedUnassigned	15,574 98,659	-	-
- Unassigned	96,039		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	176,999	105,945	11,355
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 301,171	\$ 181,429	\$ 74,941
See accompanying notes.	φ 301,1/1	φ 101,429	φ 74,741

NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL 2015
\$ 320,701	\$ 575,441
4,882	144,131
-	70,892
821	9,276
2,723	2,723
20	17,114
-	16,988
48,515	94,518
-	4,120
<u> </u>	
377,662	935,203
\$ 14,569	\$ 41,696
404	404
16,988	16,988
43	43
250	250
_	93,988
<u>-</u>	45,082
2,791	5,595
1,878	25,047
1,070	70,892
3,849	3,849
40,772	303,834
-	180
123	4,243
73,469	190,769
275,258	333,904
(11.060)	15,574
(11,960)	86,699
336,890	631,189
\$ 377,662	\$ 935,203



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City of Jacksonville, Florida Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2015 (in thousands)

Total fund balances- governmental funds		\$ 631,189
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds		2,658,671
Long term liabilities - liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds:		
Bonds and notes payable	(2,211,630)	
Unamortized bond discounts	2,377	
Unamortized bond premium	(140,857)	
Unamortized loss on advance refunding of debt	3,482	
Total bonds and notes payable		(2,346,628)
Net pension liability	(2,197,862)	
Pension related deferred inflow of resources	(73,335)	
Pension related deferred outflow of resources	288,736	
Templom related deterred same of resources	200,730	(1,982,461)
* Certain assets, liabilities, deferred inflow of resources, and deferred outflow of resources reported in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Matured notes and bonds payable accrual at the fund level	93,988	
Compensated absences	(58,191)	
Estimated liability for self insured losses-current	(27,853)	
Estimated liability for self insured losses-long-term	(83,807)	
Other post employment benefits (OPEB) liability	(61,003)	
Accrued liability for pollution remediation	(160,859)	
Amounts due to independent agencies or other governments	(13,567)	
Amounts earned but not available	180	
Total		(311,112)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as fleet maintenance and insurance, to individual funds. The Capital Assets and Long term liabilities are consolidated with the governmental funds on an entity-wide basis. This amount represents the net of Current Assets and Current Liabilities of the Internal Service Funds.		236,909
Net position of governmental activities		\$ (1,113,432)

^{*} Exception - The City deposits amounts in debt service funds to pay unmatured payables early in the following year.

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 (in thousands)

	GENERAL FUND	SPECIAL BONDED DEBT- BETTER JACKSONVILLE PLAN OBLIGATIONS	SPECIAL BONDED DEBT- OBLIGATIONS
REVENUES:	¢ 512.250	Φ.	C
Property taxes Utility and Communications service taxes	\$ 512,359 124,006	\$ -	\$ -
Sales and tourist taxes	1,058	-	-
Local business taxes	7,324	-	-
Licenses, permits, and fees	43,708		
Intergovernmental	148,440	44,784	_
Charges for services.	51,703	-	_
Fines and forfeitures	2,098	<u>-</u>	=
JEA contribution.	111,688	<u>-</u>	=
Investment earnings	,	1,958	685
Other	14,344	<u>-</u>	
Total Revenues	1,016,728	46,742	685
EXPENDITURES: Current:			
General government	113,434	-	-
Human services	65,950	-	-
Public safety	604,159	-	-
Culture and recreation	61,168	-	-
Transportation	23,954	-	-
Economic environment	12,978	-	-
Physical environment	23,124	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-
Debt service:		40.000	44.400
Principal	10.214	49,300	44,688
Interest	10,214	52,978	32,593
Other	-	674	841
Total Expenditures.	914,981	102,952	78,122
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	101,747	(56,210)	(77,437)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Long term debt issued	-	-	-
Refunding bond issued	-	-	61,401
Premium on special obligation bonds payable Payment to escrow agent - refunded bonds	-	-	11,001
Transfers in	7,037	65,842	(71,915) 77,860
Transfers out	(114,083)	03,642	77,800
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(107,046)	65,842	78,347
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(5,299)	9,632	910
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	182,298	96,313	10,445
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 176,999	\$ 105,945	\$ 11,355

NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL 2015
\$ 15,395	\$ 527,754
Ψ 13,373	124,006
193,090	194,148
193,090	7,324
13,746	57,454
63,112	256,336
37,648	89,351
4,504	6,602
4,504	111,688
3,959	6,602
18,461	32,805
10,401	32,803
349,915	1,414,070
20.002	
30,082	143,516
41,085	107,035
26,381	630,540
6,925	68,093
116,662	140,616
30,578	43,556
5,476 54,128	28,600 54,128
575	94,563
35	95,820
-	1,515
311,927	1,407,982
37,988	6,088
60,720	60,720
· -	61,401
-	11,001
-	(71,915)
62,375	213,114
(116,031)	(230,114)
7,064	44,207
45,052	50,295
291,838	580,894
\$ 336,890	\$ 631,189

City of Jacksonville, Florida

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,

and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For The Year Ended September 30, 2015

(in thousands)

Net change in fund balances- total governmental funds:			\$ 50,295
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Certain assets and liabilities reported in governmental activities are not current financial resources or do not require the use of current financial resources.			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Also, certain capital assets are contributed to the City upon completion, requiring recognition of capital contributions not reported in the funds. Capital assets acquired by use of financial resources Capital assets contributed by developers and other		47,225 21,754	
Current year depreciation Loss on disposition of assets		(133,811) (2,958)	
Loss on disposition of assets	_	(2,730)	(67,790)
Governmental funds report certain bond transactions as sources or uses. However, in the statement of activities these transactions are reported over the life of the debt as expenses. Amortization of bond discounts Recording and amortization of bond premium Amortization - loss on refunding	(161) (195) (583)	(939)	(,,
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment results in a reduction of long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Issuing debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Long-term debt issued	(61,401)	(557)	
Principal repayment	166,478	407.055	
Some revenues and expenses reported in the statement of activities did not require the use of		105,077	
or provide current financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds:			
Decrease in compensated absences payable		1,266	
Net effect in reversal of interest accrual		3,562	
Increase in other post employment benefits Decrease of accrual for pollution remediation		(10,414) 3,060	
Net effect of internal Banking fund		(43,937)	
Increase in net pension liability		(204,706)	
Change in deferred outflow and inflow of resources related to pension		214,125	
	_		67,094
Internal service funds are used to charge the cost of certain activities to individual funds. The			
net revenue (expense) and transfers are reported with governmental activities.		10.972	
Operating gain (loss) Investment revenue (loss)		10,872 2,763	
Interest expense		(632)	
Other non-operating revenue		2.724	
Transfers in, net		1,702	
	_		17,429
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		:	\$ 67,028

MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS:

Enterprise Funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises and where the costs of providing goods or services to the general public are recovered primarily through user charges; or where the City has decided that determination of net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. Individual major enterprise funds are described below.

The Solid Waste Disposal Fund accounts for collection, recycling and disposal of commercial and residential garbage services throughout the city, including the operation of three municipally owned landfill sites, two of which are closed.

The EverBank Field Fund accounts for events held at the stadium including National Football League and college football games, concerts and other activities.

The Veterans Memorial Arena Fund accounts for events held at the arena including concerts, college basketball games, and other entertainment events such as the circus, ice skating, gymnastics, professional wrestling and motor sports.

The Storm Water Services Fund accounts for the storm water utility financed by service charges, to be used to pay the expenses of constructing and maintaining the storm water management system.

TO N	TEDDD	TOTAL	DOMESTIC
ED	TERPR	ISE	UNDS

	SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL	EVERBANK FIELD	VETERANS MEMORIAL ARENA	STORM- WATER SERVICES	NON MAJOR ENTERPRISE	TOTAL 2015	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
ASSETS:							
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 10,658	\$ 5,100	\$ 91	\$ 11,294	\$ 12,855	\$ 39,998	\$ 194,739
Cash with fiscal agents	5,269	7,637	2,265	-	786	15,957	25,506
Receivables (net, where applicable, of							
allowances for uncollectibles):							
Accounts	30,625	1,810	1,453	23,141	1,163	58,192	29
Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,510
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	713
Due from other funds	-	1,687	-	-	4,570	6,257	-
and other governments		167	-	-	17	305	3,010
Interest and dividend receivables		-	-	-	-	2	-
Inventories		-	-	-	11	11	882
Prepaid expenses and other assets		46	3,476		71	3,593	2,760
Total Current Assets	46,675	16,447	7,285	34,435	19,473	124,315	248,149
NONCURRENT ASSETS:							
Advances to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,849
Sinking fund cash and investments	20,430	-	-	-	-	20,430	-
Loans receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	259,306
Prepaid expense - Landfill related costs	4,138	-	-	-	-	4,138	-
Other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,297
CAPITAL ASSETS:							
Land, easements and work in progress	16,616	31,363	1,602	1,525	8,669	59,775	617
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	11,552	185,390	96,937	52,645	75,993	422,517	58,687
Total Noncurrent Assets	52,736	216,753	98,539	54,170	84,662	506,860	333,756
TOTAL ASSETS	99,411	233,200	105,824	88,605	104,135	631,175	581,905
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES: Unamortized deferred loss on refunding	120				88	208	

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS						
	SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL	EVERBANK FIELD	VETERANS MEMORIAL ARENA	STORM- WATER SERVICES	NON MAJOR ENTERPRISE	TOTAL 2015	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
TALDY VIVE							
LIABILITIES:	¢ 4.650	e 2.204	e 2.120	e 1 411	e 2011	¢ 15.206	¢ 10.410
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 4,652	\$ 3,394	\$ 3,128	\$ 1,411	\$ 2,811	\$ 15,396	\$ 19,419
Contracts payable	32	4,570	-	122	1,687	154 6,257	-
Due to other funds		329	2.506	25	400		-
Deposits			2,506	25		3,440	- 0.12
Accrued interest payable	224	2,597	2,265	-	669	5,755	6,043
Estimated liability for self-insured losses, current portion			-	-	-	10.202	27,853
Current portion of bonds payable		5,040	-	-	117	10,202	19,463
Unearned revenue		-	96	-	-	96	1,915
Accrued compensated absences, current portion	197	-	-	44	72	313	847
Current portion of loans payable				1,709		1,709	3,816
Total Current Liabilities	10,330	15,930	7,995	3,311	5,756	43,322	79,356
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:							
Estimated liability for self-insured losses							92 907
3	42 452	-	-	-	-	42.452	83,807
Liability for landfill closure and post-closure care	43,452	-	-	100	120	43,452	1.072
Accrued compensated absences	461	- 42 410	-	102	139	702	1,972
Notes payable	-	43,410	-	-	-	43,410	25,000
Loans payable		1,250		14,173		19,792	8,591
Bonds payable	5,304	124,932	100,198	-	29,774	260,208	269,381
Other liabilities	868			895	338	2,101	2,939
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	54,454	169,592	100,198	15,170	30,251	369,665	391,690
TOTAL LIABILITIES	64,784	185,522	108,193	18,481	36,007	412,987	471,046
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES:							
Unamortized deferred gain on refunding		-	-		54	54	
NET POSITION:							
Net investment in capital assets	28,168	42,121		38,288	54,717	163,294	46,897
Restricted for:		42,121	-	30,268	34,/1/	103,294	ŕ
Restricted - other participant's equity		-	-	-	-	-	273
Unrestricted (deficit)	6,579	5,557	(2,369)	31,836	13,445	55,048	63,689
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ 34,747	\$ 47,678	\$ (2,369)	\$ 70,124	\$ 68,162	\$ 218,342	\$ 110,859



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CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 (in thousands)

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL	EVERBANK FIELD	VETERANS MEMORIAL ARENA	STORM- WATER SERVICES	NON MAJOR ENTERPRISE	TOTAL 2015	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
OPERATING REVENUE:		-					-
Sales and tourist taxes	\$ -	\$ 8,538	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,003	\$ 14,541	\$ -
Charges for services	69,649	6,438	6,261	29,087	9,862	121,297	271,151
Charges for services for independent authorities	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,535
Other	11	5,949	4,793	20	2,279	13,052	1,124
Total Operating Revenue	69,660	20,925	11,054	29,107	18,144	148,890	281,810
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Personal services	7,232	1,653	1,693	7,439	4,976	22,993	31,886
Supplies and materials	68	100	83	243	116	610	20,947
Central services	4,257	276	101	2,162	787	7,583	12,471
Interdepartmental charges	80	1,055	534	45	911	2,625	_
Other services and charges	55,546	12,205	8,169	9,459	9.084	94,463	62.138
Depreciation and amortization.	2,685	7,839	2,528	2,951	3,563	19,566	14,033
Court reporter services	-	-	-	-	-	-	24
Claims and losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,135
Insurance premiums and participant dividends				-		-	100,304
Total Operating Expenses	69,868	23,128	13,108	22,299	19,437	147,840	270,938
OPERATING (LOSS) INCOME	(208)	(2,203)	(2,054)	6,808	(1,293)	1,050	10,872
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES):							
Investment earnings	697	151	-	325	78	1,251	2,763
Interest expense	(448)	(5,366)	(4,541)	(723)	(1,340)	(12,418)	(632)
Other	3,399	619	1,268	153	735	6,174	2,724
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	3,648	(4,596)	(3,273)	(245)	(527)	(4,993)	4,855
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	3,440	(6,799)	(5,327)	6,563	(1,820)	(3,943)	15,727
TRANSFERS:	4	6,634	4.904	1,561	5,897	19,000	5.075
Transfers out	(287)	(384)	(109)	(2,821)	(109)	(3,710)	(3,373)
Net Transfers	(283)	6,250	4.795	(1,260)	5,788	15,290	1,702
Net Haisiels	(283)	0,230	4,793	(1,200)	3,766	13,290	1,702
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	3,157	(549)	(532)	5,303	3,968	11,347	17,429
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	31,590	48,227	(1,837)	64,821	64,194	\$ 206,995	93,430
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ 34,747	\$ 47,678	(\$ 2,369)	\$ 70,124	\$ 68,162	\$ 218,342	\$ 110,859

-	SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL	EVERBANK FIELD	VETERANS MEMORIAL ARENA
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from customers	\$ 70,670 (63,075) (7,026) 162 (38)	\$ 16,955 (14,443) (1,653)	\$ 8,479 (11,638) (1,693)
Other cash receipts Other operating cash payments	(2,004)	6,578 (1,718)	4,815 (5,101)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(\$ 1,275)	\$ 5,719	(\$ 5,138)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds Cash received from other funds Cash paid to other funds	4 (287) - -	6,634 (384) 1,999 (16,685)	4,903 (109) - -
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(283)	(8,436)	4,794
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(5,698) 3,520 (444) 1,925 380 (5,166) 4,369 - (551)	(3,008) 19,679 (72) - - - 145 (25,482) 1,250 - 19,185 (5,439)	- - - - - 1 - - - - (4,530)
CASHFLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest and dividends on investments	697	151	(11)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	697	151	(11)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS	(2,526)	3,692	(4,884)
Equity in pooled cash and investments at October 1, 2014	13,184	1,408	4,975
Equity in pooled cash and investments at September 30, 2015	\$ 10,658	\$ 5,100	\$ 91

STORM- WATER SERVICES	R NON MAJOR TOTAL		INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
\$ 29,471 (15,366) (7,322)	\$ 17,407 (21,569) (4,921) 166	\$ 142,982 (126,091) (22,615) 328	\$ 281,682 (170,905) (31,198)
29 (45)	2,069 (1,425)	(38) 13,527 (10,293)	(12,457) 8,287 (84,027)
\$ 6,767	(\$ 8,273)	(\$ 2,200)	(\$ 8,618)
1,561 (2,821) - -	5,897 (109) 17,669 (2,983)	18,999 (3,710) 19,668 (19,668)	5,073 (3,373) 862
(1,260)	20,474	15,289	2,562
(11,610) 150 1,628 (723)	(20,509) 1 (2,281) - 19,185 200 - 3,445 (122) (1,317) (1,398)	(40,825) 23,200 (2,797) 1,925 19,185 200 150 3,971 (30,770) 7,247 - 19,185 (12,560)	(18,430) 704 (1,758) - - 24,976 (287) - (4,599) 21,100 (632)
325	52	1,214	2,765
325	52_	1,214	2,765
(4,723)	10,855	2,414	17,783
16,017	2,000	37,584	176,956
\$ 11,294	\$ 12,855	\$ 39,998	\$ 194,739

	SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL	EVERBANK FIELD	VETERANS MEMORIAL ARENA
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	(\$ 208)	(\$ 2,203)	(\$ 2,054)
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation and amortization	2,685	7,839	2,528
(Increase) decrease in assets: Receivables and other current assets, net	(98)	(1,401)	(26)
Due from independent agencies and other governments	124 -	- -	-
Other receivables	- -	- -	- -
Prepaid expenses and other assets	-	(8)	(3,122)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Contracts payable Deposits	603 12 13	1,526 - 153	2,082 - (4,528)
Accrued interest payable	- -	(187)	(4,328) 22 (40)
Other liabilitiesLiability for landfill closure and postclosure care	167 (4,556)	-	(40)
Liability for self-insured losses	(4,530) - (17)	- - -	- -
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	(1,067)	7,922	(3,084)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(\$ 1,275)	\$ 5,719	(\$ 5,138)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Change in the fair value of investments	(14)	(16)	-
proprietary funds of the city	- -	- -	-

STORM- WATER SERVICES	NON MAJOR ENTERPRISE		
\$ 6,808	(\$ 1,293)	\$ 1,050	\$ 10,872
2,951 -	3,563 23	19,566 23	14,033
(1,019) - - - - -	(214) 166 2 - - (13)	(2,758) 290 2 - - (3,143)	171 (1,361) 192 1,061 (44,958) 364
(2,046) (42) 9 - - 68 - - 38	(10,096) - (462) 5 - 59 - (13)	(7,931) (30) (4,815) (160) (40) 294 (4,556) - 8	1,944 - (397) 551 - 8,776 134
\$ 6,767	(\$ 8,273)	(\$ 2,200)	\$ (8,618)
(31)	(30)	(91)	(337)



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FIDUCIARY FUND LEVEL STATEMENTS

PENSION TRUST FUNDS are funds administered by independent boards for which the City performs a fiduciary role under a defined benefit, defined contribution and disability programs. The participant's retirement annuity is based on a statutory formula using such factors as age, average salary, length of service and others.

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND is used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported in pension trust funds, under which principal and income benefit individuals. The City reports its James Brady Disabled Scholarship, Michael Jackson Music Scholarship, J.B. Smith Memorial Scholarship, and Lex Hester Memorial Scholarship funds as private purpose trusts.

AGENCY FUNDS are funds which hold monies in an agency capacity for various government units, individuals or funds.

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 (in thousands)

	PENSION TRUST FUNDS	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND	AGENCY FUNDS
	2015	2015	2015
<u>ASSETS</u>			
CURRENT ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 30,421	\$ 271	\$ 46,607
Receivables (net, where applicable, of allowances for uncollectibles):			
Interest and dividends	5,099	-	-
AccountsOther	155 2,059	-	2,517
Due from independent agencies and other governments	4,746	-	-
Prepaid assets	114	-	-
Investments, at fair value:			
Bonds	689,021	-	-
Short-term investments	59,472	-	-
Domestic stocks International stocks	1,247,211	=	=
Real estate	664,826 459,172	-	-
Alternative investments	199,560	-	-
Equity in pooled investments	15,096	-	-
Total investments	3,334,358	-	-
Total Current Assets	3,376,952	271	49,124
CAPITAL ASSETS			
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	26		
Total Capital Assets, Net	26		
Securities lending collateral	217,934	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	3,594,912	271	49,124
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES:			
Net differences between expected and			
actual investments earnings	273		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Obligations under securities lending agreement	218,638	-	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6,852	-	65
Due to independent agencies and other governments Due to individuals		_	18,013 6,585
Deposits held in escrow	-	-	23,803
Miscellaneous liabilities			658
Total Current Liabilities	225,490		49,124
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Other post employment benefits	93	-	-
Accrued compensated absences	191	-	-
Terminal leave - group care	102		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	386		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	225,876		\$ 49,124
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION		<u></u>	<u></u>
BENEFITS AND OTHER PURPOSES	\$ 3,369,309	\$ 271	

See accompanying notes.

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 (in thousands)

	PENSION TRUST FUNDS	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST
ADDITIONS	2015	2015
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$ 255,938	\$ -
Plan members	38,672	
Total contributions	294,610	
Other additions:		
State insurance contributions	10,579	-
Court fines & penalties	1,263	-
Miscellaneous	249	-
Plan transfers in/(out)	2,647	8
Total other additions	14,738	8
T		
Investment income:	(4.54.02.4)	
Net change in fair value of investments	(151,934)	-
Interest and other miscellaneous	28,717	18
DividendsRebate of commissions	33,041 79	-
Rental income	636	-
Total investment income	(89,461)	18
Less investment expense	(18,177)	18
Less rental expense	(251)	_
Net investment income	(107,889)	18
1,00 , 3,0	(107,005)	
From Securities Lending Activities:		
Securities lending	1,299	-
Securities lending expenses		
Agent fees	(325)	
Total securities lending activities	974	
TOTAL ADDITIONS, NET	202,433	26
PPPYGTYONG		
<u>DEDUCTIONS</u>		
Benefit payments	313,961	
DROP benefits	313,901	-
Refund of contributions	21,031	_
Miscellaneous-Grant LED changeout expense	-	_
Administrative expenses	2,511	_
Operating expenses	-	4
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	337,503	4
CHANCE IN NET POSITION	(107.050)	_
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(135,070)	22
NET DOCUMENT DECEMBER OF VELD	A = 0 + += +	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,504,379	249
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 3,369,309	\$ 271

See accompanying notes.



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COMPONENT UNITS

Component Units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's governing body with certain exceptions, and either (a) the ability to impose will by the primary government; or (b) the potential for the organization to provide financial benefits to, or impose financial burdens on the primary government. Financial accountability may also be determined if the component unit is fiscally dependent on the City and a potential financial benefit / burden relationship exists.

MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS:

The JEA manages and operates an electric utility system and a water and sewer utility system in the Consolidated City of Jacksonville/Duval County area.

The Jacksonville Transportation Authority is responsible for construction, improvement, and maintenance of the Jacksonville Expressway System and operation of the City's mass transit systems, including bus and automated skyway express throughout Duval County.

The Jacksonville Port Authority manages and operates the City's marine port facilities.

COMPONENT UNITS THAT DO NOT ISSUE A SEPARATE REPORT:

The Jacksonville Housing Finance Authority provides money for loans and technical assistance for construction and rehabilitation of housing to alleviate a shortage of housing and capital for investment in housing in Jacksonville.

		JACKSONVILLE TRANSPORTATION	JACKSONVILLE PORT
	JEA	AUTHORITY	AUTHORITY
A CODERG		_	
ASSETS	\$ 636,074	¢ 27.112	¢ 50,000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 030,074	\$ 37,113	\$ 58,696
Investments	851,365	174,329	_
Due from other governmental agencies	-	51,698	-
Accounts and interest receivable	247,575	790	5,122
Mortgages receivable	-	-	-
Other receivables	-	-	26,787
Inventories	129,575	3,530	1,669
Costs to be recovered from future revenues Other assets	459,359 25,457	9,334	-
Custodial Assets - Construction projects	23,437),33 4	_
Capital assets:			
Land, easements, and construction in progress	436,739	77,642	289,012
Buildings and improvements	-	154,115	596,560
Vehicles	-	101,025	-
Equipment	-	91,316	112,180
Utility plant in service	10,601,856	(220 7.67)	(251, 412)
Less: accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, net of depreciation	(5,079,243)	(228,767) 195,331	(351,413)
TOTAL ASSETS	5,959,352	472,125	738,613
TOTAL ASSETS	8,308,757	472,123	/30,013
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES:			
Pension related	83,970	12,291	3,950
Unamortized deferred loss on refunding.	154,449	-	4,845
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging instrument	152,503	-	1,102
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	390,922	12,291	9,897
_			
LIABILITIES	171 670	10.535	2 402
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	171,652	10,527	2,402
Contracts payable Deposits	36,645 55,798	-	6,980
Unearned revenue	33,198	-	6,254
Interest payable	89,394	791	3,338
Other current liabilities	84,472	-	2,739
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year: Estimated liability for injury and			
damage claims	_	430	_
Bonds, notes payable, capital leases	187,500	-	11,701
Compensated absences	-	284	,
Due in more than one year:			
Estimated liability for injury and			
damage claims	-	3,987	-
Bonds, capital leases and			
commercial paper	4,819,350	116,528	194,928
Fair market value of debt management instrument Compensated absences	148,749	783	1,102
Custodial projects - due to other governments		20,554	-
OPEB liability	_	403	_
Unearned revenue noncurrent	_	-	113,827
Net pension liability	408,629	10,029	8,352
Other noncurrent liabilities	48,389		32,860
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,050,578	164,316	384,483
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES:			
Revenue to be used for future costs	452,397	2.671	2.702
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	29,795 482,192	2,671 2,671	2,793 2,793
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	462,192	2,071	2,193
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	1,305,339	195,331	304,571
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	318,061	-	-
Debt service	185,552	-	18,930
Other purposes.	26,398	100.000	2,709
Unrestricted	\$ 2.166.000	122,098	\$ 35,024
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,166,909	\$ 317,429	\$ 361,234

See accompanying notes.

JACKSONVILLE HOUSING FINANCE

AUTHORITY	TOTAL
\$ 7,155	\$ 739,038
2,651	2,651
-	1,025,694
-	51,698
-	253,487
12,324	12,324
-	26,787
-	134,774
-	459,359 34,791
_	54,771
-	803,393
-	750,675
-	101,025
-	203,496
-	10,601,856
	(5,659,423)
22.120	6,801,022
22,130	9,541,625
-	100,211
-	159,294
-	153,605
-	413,110
11	184,592
-	43,625
50	55,848
-	6,254
-	93,523
-	87,211
-	430
-	199,201
-	284
-	3,987
	5,130,806
	149,851
_	783
- - - -	20,554
-	403
-	113,827
-	427,010
	81,249
61	6,599,438
-	452,397
	35,259
	487,656
-	1,805,241
-	318,061
- 12.22	204,482
12,324	41,431
9,745	\$ 2,967,641
\$ 22,069	\$ 2,867,641

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES -COMPONENT UNITS (in thousands) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		PROGRAM REVENUES C			GOVERNMENTAL	ACTIVITIES
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	FINES AND CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	JACKSONVILLE TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY	JACKSONVILLE HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY
Governmental activities: Jacksonville Transportation Authority Jacksonville Housing Finance Authority	\$ 83,518 272	\$ -	\$ 1,074 -	\$ 2,770	\$ (79,674) -	\$ - (272)
Total governmental activities	83,790		1,074	2,770	(79,674)	(272)
Business-type activities: JEA	1,662,492 118,108 111,917	1,749,380 24,051 55,231	10,422 5,353	52,709 26,610 87,169	- - -	- - -
Total business-type activities	1,892,517	1,828,662	15,775	166,488	<u> </u>	
Total component units	\$ 1,976,307	\$ 1,828,662	\$ 16,849	\$ 169,258	(79,674)	(272)
	Intergovernmenta	l - unrestricted			-	-
		C	s		648 207	266 349
						-
S	pecial Item - JEA	pricing policy cha	nge			-
Total general revenues, transfers, and special items					79,120	615
	Change in net position				(554)	343
N	Vet position, begins	ning of year, as res	stated		115,299	21,726
Ŋ	Vet position, end of	f year			\$ 114,745	\$ 22,069

See accompanying notes.

BUS	TOTAL			
JEA	JACKSONVILLE TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY	JACKSONVILLE PORT AUTHORITY	GOVERNMENTAL AND BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (79,674) (272)	
			(79,946)	
139,597 - -	(57,025)	35,836	139,597 (57,025) 35,836	
139,597	(57,025)	35,836	118,408	
139,597	(57,025)	35,836	38,462	
-	-	-	79,499	
-	69,257	-	69,257	
14,365	53	124	15,456	
17,556	1 224	8,601	26,713	
151,490	1,234	<u>-</u>	151,490	
183,411	70,544	8,725	342,415	
323,008	13,519	44,561	380,877	
1,843,901	189,165	316,673	2,486,764	
\$ 2,166,909	\$ 202,684	\$ 361,234	\$ 2,867,641	



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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Jacksonville, Florida (the City) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies. Notes 1C through 19 are note disclosures of the primary government with significant disclosures for major component units incorporated within. Additional significant component unit disclosures are presented in Note 16.

A. Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with GAAP as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles for units of local government.

B. Financial Reporting Entity:

The City is a consolidated city/county political entity created by Chapter 67-1320 of the Laws of Florida. When consolidation occurred on October 1, 1968, all existing municipalities, authorities and public agencies within Duval County, except for the Duval County School Board, were merged into a single new corporate and political entity also known as the City of Jacksonville. At the same time, however, the cities of Jacksonville Beach, Atlantic Beach, Neptune Beach and the Town of Baldwin elected to retain local autonomy for certain municipal purposes and were reconstituted as separate and distinct urban service districts. The consolidated city government, which is comprised of an elected City Council (19 members) and mayor, provides, under the administration of the appointed chief administrative officer, services to 905,574 residents living in an 840.1 square-mile area.

To conform to the traditional county organization of government in the State of Florida, the City retained the offices of the Sheriff, Property Appraiser, Tax Collector, Supervisor of Elections, and Clerk of the Circuit Court, which are also elected by the citizenry. These officers are considered to be not only county officers, but also officers of the consolidated government, and therefore are considered as part of the primary government. The three beach cities and the Town of Baldwin continue to function as separate municipal governments.

This report includes all funds, departments, agencies, boards and commissions, and other organizational units that are administered by the mayor and/or controlled by or dependent upon the City Council as set forth in the City Charter. The City, a primary government, has also considered for inclusion all potential component units for which it may be financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. In GASB codification section 2100 <u>Defining the Financial Reporting Entity</u>, the GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Financial Reporting Entity: (continued)

These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization; or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. Additionally, an entity may also meet the criteria for inclusion if the organization is fiscally dependent on the City and the potential financial benefits/burden relationship mentioned above exists.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City of Jacksonville (the primary government) and its component units. The City has identified and included within the financial reporting entity, as its component units, legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable or for which a significant relationship with the City exists such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The Jacksonville Public Library Board and the Downtown Investment Authority (DIA) are classified as dependent special districts. Per GASB codification section 2100, the Library Board and DIA are not considered component units as they are not legally separate organizations. Therefore, these activities are included as part of the primary government.

Blended Component Unit. There is one component unit, which is legally separate from the City, but is so intertwined with the City that it is, in substance, the same as the City. It is reported as part of the City and blended into the appropriate funds.

The Jacksonville Police and Fire Pension Board of Trustees, created under Article 22 of the City Charter, provide retirement services and benefits to eligible employees of the Office of the Sheriff and the Department of Fire and Rescue. The City appoints two members of the five-member board; one member is a police officer; one member is a firefighter; and the remaining member is appointed by the other four members. As sponsor, the City has the ability to modify the plan and to approve the defined benefit contribution to the Police and Fire Pension Board of Trustees in the City's annual budget. The Police and Fire Pension Board of Trustees issues separate financial statements on the fund, which may be obtained from its administrative office at One West Adams Street, Suite 100, Jacksonville, Florida 32202-3616. These transactions are blended in the Fiduciary Funds.

Discrete Component Units. These component units are entities that are legally separate from the City, but are financially accountable to the City, or whose relationships with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The component units are reported separately to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and are governed by separate boards. The footnotes include financial data for these entities. Each component unit listed below has a September 30 fiscal year end.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Financial Reporting Entity: (continued)

Major Component Units

JEA (formerly known as the Jacksonville Electric Authority) was created by Chapter 67-1569 of the Laws of Florida to own, manage, and operate an electric utility system and a water and sewer utility system in Jacksonville and any or all counties adjacent thereto. The governing body of the JEA consists of seven members appointed by the mayor and confirmed by the City Council. The City has the ability to impose its will on JEA, manifested principally through formal budgetary approval. The JEA engages only in business-type activities and issues separate financial statements, which may be obtained from its administrative office in the JEA Plaza at 21 West Church Street, Jacksonville, Florida 32202.

The **Jacksonville Port Authority** (JPA) was created by Chapter 2001-319 of the Laws of Florida to operate, manage, and control the publicly owned seaport and ancillary facilities located within Duval County and outside such boundary lines. The governing body of the JPA consists of seven members, four of whom are appointed by the mayor and confirmed by the City Council, and three of whom are appointed by the governor. The City can impose its will on the JPA through modification and approval of its budgets, which ensures strong accountability to the local constituent citizenry. The JPA engages only in business-type activities and issues separate financial statements. Requests for information may be addressed to the chief financial officer, Jacksonville Port Authority, P.O. Box 3005, Jacksonville, FL 32206-0005.

The **Jacksonville Transportation Authority** (JTA) is a public body politic and corporate agency of the State of Florida under Chapter 349 of the Florida Statutes. The governing body of the JTA consists of seven members, three of whom are appointed by the governor of Florida, three of whom are appointed by the mayor and confirmed by the City Council, and the seventh member is the district engineer of the Florida Department of Transportation.

The JTA is empowered to construct, improve, operate and lease the Jacksonville Expressway System. The JTA is, however, fiscally dependent upon the City under Section 14 of the City Charter through approval of its budgets, which ensures strong accountability to the local constituent citizenry. Additionally, a financial burden relationship exists through the provisions of an interlocal agreement.

The JTA engages in both governmental and business-type activities and issues separate financial statements, which may be obtained from its administrative office at 121 West Forsyth Street, Suite 200, Jacksonville, Florida 32202.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Financial Reporting Entity: (continued)

Component Units that do not issue a separate report

The **Jacksonville Housing Finance Authority** (JHFA), formerly known as the Duval County Housing Finance Authority (DCHFA), was created by City Ordinance 2003-1058, to alleviate a shortage of housing and capital investment for the people of Duval County, pursuant to Florida Statutes, Section 159.604. The City appoints all seven of the board members. The City has the ability to impose its will on the JHFA. The JHFA operates in conjunction with the Jacksonville Housing Commission, also created by Ordinance 2003-1058, and has the rights and duties necessary under Florida Statutes, Chapter 159, Part IV, to preserve outstanding debt, issue new debt and to shield the City from financial liability. The bonds issued and outstanding are included in Note 8K. Conduit Debt. The JHFA engages only in governmental activities. There are no separately issued financial statements for the JHFA, whose financial activity is accounted for by the City. The JHFA financial statements are presented in the financial section of the City report.

Non-major Component Units

The **Jacksonville Health Facilities Authority**, created under Chapter 490 of the City Ordinance Code pursuant to Chapter 154 Part III, Laws of Florida, provides appropriate additional means to assist in the development, improvement and maintenance of the public health. The Health Facilities Authority provides a method for the financing and refinancing, on a tax-exempt basis, projects on behalf of private corporations and organized not-for-profits that are authorized by law to provide hospital or nursing home services, thus providing facilities at favorable interest costs with a resultant decrease in health care costs for the users of health facilities within the City. All five members are appointed by the City Council, and the City is able to impose its will on the Health Facilities Authority.

The bonds issued by the Health Facilities Authority are special limited obligations of the Health Facilities Authority and the principal and interest are payable from rental payments. The principal and interest on the bonds shall never constitute an indebtedness of the City of Jacksonville, Duval County, the State of Florida or any municipality or political subdivision thereof. Accordingly, the bonds issued and outstanding are included in Note 8K Conduit Debt. During the fiscal year presented, the Health Facilities Authority had no financial transactions or assets and liabilities to report. Therefore, there are no separately issued financial statements.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Financial Reporting Entity: (continued)

Related Organizations

The **Jacksonville Housing Authority** (JHA) is governed by a seven member board, whose members are appointed by the mayor and confirmed by City Council. However, the City does not have the ability to impose its will on JHA. The City cannot remove appointed members from the JHA Board at will. JHA managers are appointed by the JHA Board of Directors. The Board approves the operating budget and amendments to the budget. The City does not exercise influence in JHA management or operations. It does not approve JHA budgets, and does not provide or collect major revenues of the JHA. Accordingly, the financial activities of the JHA are not included in the City's financial statements.

The **Duval County Research and Development Authority** (Authority) is governed by a five member board whose members are appointed by the City Council. However, the City does not have the ability to impose its will on the Authority. The City does not exercise influence over the management or operations of the Authority and is not financially accountable for the actions of the Authority. Accordingly, the financial activities of the Authority are not included in the City's financial statements.

Jointly Governed Organization

The North Florida Transportation Planning Organization (TPO) is an independent regional transportation planning agency for Duval, Clay, Nassau and St. Johns counties. The mayor, three Jacksonville City council members and various other leaders of the other affiliated communities and transportation agencies, make up the 15 member board, with five members being non-voting.

The City does not have an ongoing financial interest or responsibility to the TPO. However, since the board includes members from each of the governments that created it, the TPO is considered a jointly governed organization of the City.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basic Financial Statements:

The basic financial statements include both citywide and fund level statements. The City, as the primary government, is reported separately from its component units. The citywide statements report on all of the activities of the City and its component units except those that are fiduciary in nature.

Statements for fiduciary activities, such as employee pension plans, are presented in a separate section of this report. Both the citywide and fund level statements classify primary activities of the City as either governmental activities, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, or business type activities, which are primarily supported by user fees and charges.

The citywide statement of net position reports all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflow of resources of the City, including both long-term assets and long-term debt and other obligations. The statement of activities reports the degree to which direct expenses of City functions are offset by program revenues, which include program specific grants and charges for services provided by a specific function. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or program. The net cost of these programs is funded from general revenues such as taxes, intergovernmental revenue and interest earnings.

The fund level statements report on governmental, proprietary and fiduciary fund activities. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund level financial statements.

Since the fund level statements for governmental activities are presented using a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the citywide statements governmental column (as discussed under Basis of Accounting in this summary of significant accounting policies), a reconciliation is presented on the page following each governmental fund financial statement that briefly explains the adjustments necessary to convert the fund level statements into the citywide governmental column presentations.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the citywide financial statements.

D. Fund Structure:

The City's accounts are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting to ensure compliance with limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources available to it. Under fund accounting, individual funds are established for the purpose of carrying on activities or attaining objectives in accordance with specific regulations, restrictions or limitations. Each individual fund is a self-balancing set of accounts recording assets, liabilities and residual equities or balances and revenues, expenditures / expenses and changes therein. For financial statement presentation, funds with similar characteristics, including those component units referenced above, are grouped into generic classifications as required by GAAP. A brief description of these classifications follows:

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Fund Structure: (continued)

Governmental Funds. These funds report transactions related to resources received and used for those services traditionally provided by city/county government. The following are major governmental funds used by the City:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Funds:

The Special Bonded Debt – Better Jacksonville Plan Obligations Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on the City's special bonded obligations payable, which are related to the Better Jacksonville Plan.

The Special Bonded Debt Obligations Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on the City's special and limited bonded obligations, which are payable solely from and secured by a lien upon and pledge of the revenues under the respective bond ordinances.

Other Non-major Governmental Funds:

This is the aggregate of all of the non-major governmental funds.

Proprietary Funds. These funds report transactions related to activities similar to those found in the private sector. Major proprietary funds include:

The Solid Waste Disposal Fund accounts for the collection, recycling, and disposal of commercial and residential garbage services throughout the City, including the operation of three municipally owned landfill sites, two of which are closed.

The EverBank Field Fund accounts for events held at the stadium including National Football League and college football games, concerts and other activities.

The Storm Water Services Fund accounts for the storm water utility financed by service charges, to be used for paying for costs of constructing and maintaining the storm water management system.

The Veterans Memorial Arena Fund accounts for events held at the arena including concerts, college basketball games, and other entertainment events such as the circus, ice skating, gymnastics, professional wrestling and motor sports.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Fund Structure: (continued)

Other Non-major Enterprise - This is the aggregate of all of the non-major enterprise funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the funds' principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues for the City's proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include direct expenses of providing the goods or services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

In addition, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds - These funds account for services provided primarily to various departments of the City and to other governmental agencies. Since these funds principally service City departments, internal service fund statements are consolidated into the governmental activities column in the citywide presentation. These activities are fleet management, copy center, data processing, legal, various risk management activities, public works, and internal banking fund. Services provided to other governmental agencies are not considered to be material.

Private-purpose Trust Funds - These funds account for resources legally held in trust for the benefit of individuals pursuing higher education in music and urban studies. Earnings on invested resources may be used to support these activities but no expenditure may be made from the principal of these funds.

Pension Trust Funds - These funds account for the activities of the Jacksonville Retirement System and the Police and Fire Pension funds, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments for qualified employees.

Permanent Fund - This fund is used to account for activities of the City relative to cemetery maintenance at specified locations. Fund resources are restricted. Only earnings on invested resources may be used to support these activities.

Agency Funds - These custodial funds account for monies held as an agent for other governmental units or individuals. The City utilizes several agency funds including the Treasurer Fund to clear cash received and disbursed, the Tax Collector Fund accounts for the collection of all taxes, revenues and other cash, the Clerk of the Circuit Court Fund accounts for revenues collected by the court system, the Plat Deposits Fund accounts for collateral to insure the completion of public improvements, the Duval County School Readiness Coalition Fund accounts for similar collections, the Florida Retirement System Fund accounts for a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan for certain City employees who elected to remain with the State of Florida Retirement System, and the Sheriffs Fund accounts for deposits held in accordance with statutes for civil action, safeguarding of monetary evidence, and inmate funds.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Basis of Accounting:

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The citywide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary pension trust fund financial statements. Agency funds are accounted for using the full accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds are custodial in nature (i.e., assets equal liabilities) and do not measure the results of operations. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year in which they are levied for. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus only current assets, current liabilities, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Major revenues that are determined to be susceptible to accrual include property taxes, taxpayer-assessed tax revenues including sales and utilities services taxes, state shared revenue, intergovernmental revenue, charges for services and investment income. Generally, the City considers a 60-day availability period for revenue recognition. Federal and state grants collected on a reimbursement basis are recognized as revenue when reimbursable expenditures are made, and the City considers amounts received within one year as available. Ambulance billings also have a one year availability period.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for items that are not planned to be liquidated with expendable available resources. The City records an accrual for debt service liabilities and expenditures by providing financial resources to a debt service fund for payment of liabilities that will mature early in the following year. Exceptions to the general modified accrual expenditure recognition criteria include capital lease obligations that are recognized when paid, and payments for compensated absences, pension, OPEB (other post-employment benefits), pollution remediation obligations, and claims and judgments that are recognized when due.

The City's policy is to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, when both are available for use to fund an activity.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments:

Cash, cash equivalents and investments and related accrued investment earnings are reported in the financial statements as "Equity in cash and investments" under the City's "pooling" concept (See Note 3). All monies, which are not legally restricted to separate administration, are pooled together for investment purposes while each individual fund and/or account is maintained on a daily transaction basis by the City Treasurer. Cash in escrow with fiscal agents is not included in the Statement of Cash Flows ending balances as the funds have been sent to trustee entities to be held for payment of bond principal and interest. Investment earnings are distributed in accordance with the participating funds' relative percentage of investments. All fund types deposit monies into the equity in cash and investment pool of the City. The Proprietary Fund types use this pool as a demand deposit account, and accordingly all amounts in the pool are considered cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows. Operating and Pension Trust investments are stated at fair value, generally based on quoted market prices except as disclosed herein. Securities, traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. The fair value of real estate investments are based on independent appraisals or estimates of fair value as provided by third party fund managers. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value as provided by third party fund managers. Increases and decreases in the fair value of investments are reported as investment income. The City of Jacksonville's swap policy allows for the use of interest rate swaps and other financial instruments to manage the City's financial exposure. This policy went into effect on October 1, 2003 and was revised on August 9, 2011. While the City is authorized to utilize interest rate swaps to manage the interest rate risk associated with various assets, no investment interest rate swaps were used during the reporting period.

G. Receivables:

Receivables are stated net of estimated allowances for uncollectible amounts, which are determined based on past collection experience and current economic conditions, to the net realizable values. Types of receivables include amounts that are principally due from the State of Florida for state-shared revenues, mortgage, loan, and other receivables that have arisen in the ordinary course of business.

Certain receivables and some mortgage receivables are related to loans made for economic development purposes. Repayment of these loans is contingent upon a number of economic factors that are outside of the control of the City. Due to the uncertainty over the ultimate collectability of these amounts, an allowance has been recorded in the amount equal to the balance of the receivable.

H. Inventories:

Inventories of materials and supplies are determined by both physical counts and through perpetual inventory systems stated at cost, which approximates market, using the average weighted costing method. Reported inventories in governmental funds are included within nonspendable fund balance because it is not in spendable form. In proprietary fund types, inventories are expended when consumed.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

I. Capital Assets:

All purchased capital assets are recorded at cost when historical records are available and at estimated cost when no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Generally, capital assets costing \$1,000 or more and having a useful life of more than one year are capitalized. Infrastructure is capitalized based on the accumulated amounts charged to specific capital projects on an annual basis. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type column in the citywide financial statements, and in the Proprietary Fund Level Statements.

Depreciation on all capital assets is calculated using the straight line method over the following useful lives:

Infrastructure - Other12 - 50 yearsInfrastructure - Bridges100 yearsBuildings and improvements12 - 45 yearsFurniture, equipment and library books3 - 10 yearsSoftware Development10 years

The City capitalizes collections, such as artwork. The City has a collection of artwork in various sites throughout the interior and exterior of its public facilities. The value of the art is expected to either remain the same or increase over time, so it is not depreciated. Software development is capitalized if over a threshold of \$30,000.

J. Contributions:

Contributions in the form of cash and capital assets to the governmental activities of the City are recognized on the Statement of Activities as revenues in the period they are received. Contributions of capital assets, primarily completed infrastructure from developers, are recognized at the fair value at the date of donation. All contributions are reported on the Statement of Activities as program revenues, with operating contributions reported separately from capital contributions.

K. Interfund Activity:

Interfund activity within and among the City's three fund categories (governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary) are classified as reciprocal interfund activity and nonreciprocal interfund activity.

Reciprocal interfund resources flow between funds with an expectation of repayment and are reported as interfund receivable and payables.

Nonreciprocal interfund activities are flows of assets between funds without an equivalent flow of assets in return or without a requirement for repayment and are reported as transfers in governmental funds in the other financing sources section as well as after the non-operating revenues and expenses section in proprietary funds.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

L. Restricted Assets:

Assets are reported as restricted in the citywide Statement of Net Position and the enterprise fund level statements when constraints are placed on net position use. The constraints are either: (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) imposed by law or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

M. Compensated Absences:

City employees may accumulate earned personal leave benefits (compensated absences) at various rates within limits specified in collective bargaining agreements. This liability reflects amounts attributable to employee services already rendered, cumulative, probable for payment, and reasonably estimated in conformity with GASB Statement No. 16, <u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>.

Compensated absences liabilities are accrued when incurred in the citywide financial statements, and the proprietary and fiduciary fund level financial statements. No expenditure is reported in the governmental funds for these amounts until the payment is made. No liability is recorded for nonvesting, accumulated sick pay benefits. Compensated absences liability is determined based on current rates of pay.

N. Risk Financing:

Pursuant to Florida Statute 768.28 "Sovereign Immunity" the City is self-insured for general and automobile liability for state tort claims in excess of \$200,000 per person, and \$300,000 per occurrence. The City has an excess liability policy which provides coverage for general liability at limits of \$5 million per occurrence with a policy aggregate limit of \$5 million and \$1 million per occurrence for Automobile Liability. These limits are subject to a \$1.5 million self-insured retention for the City and all other participating entities. The excess policy has a self-insured retention of \$1.250 million per occurrence and includes unlimited statutory coverage for worker's compensation benefits except a \$50 million aggregate limit for communicable disease and \$1 million limit for employer's liability. The City continues to purchase a miscellaneous policy for Out-of State Automobile Liability for JSO with \$1 million in coverage and without a self-insured retention. The liability for self-insured losses is based on individual case estimates for reported claims, historical loss data and valuations performed by independent actuaries at September 30, 2015, for incurred but not yet reported claims, claims development, and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. The liability for selfinsured losses is accounted for in the Self-Insurance Fund (internal service fund) that pays for claims made against the City.

Effective January 1, 2015 the City elected to move from a fully insured plan to a self-funded arrangement for its group health coverage. The City obtained stop-loss insurance with a \$550,000 specific deductible. Once a claim exceeds this threshold, the City is reimbursed for any excess expenses. The plan is funded by contributions from the City and employees. These funds reside in an internal service fund which is used exclusively for Employee Benefits. Florida statues require a safe harbor threshold be maintained in plan reserves. See Note 12 for additional risk financing disclosure.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

O. Pension Costs:

Substantially all permanent, full-time employees of the City are covered under two city sponsored defined benefit pension plans and a city sponsored defined contribution plan. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense and fiduciary net position; the City and the Pension plans use the same basis for reporting as outlined in the notes to the Financial Statements. Employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and before the fiscal year end are recorded as deferred outflow of resources. Investments are reported at fair value.

P. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs:

The City recognizes municipal solid waste landfill closure and postclosure care costs under the State of Florida's Solid Waste Management Act of 1988, regulations of the Federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), and GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance contained in pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA pronouncements. For those landfills that stopped accepting solid waste prior to final implementation of the 1988 Act and EPA regulations, the total cost of municipal solid waste landfill (MSWLF) closure is recognized as a prepaid expense in the Solid Waste Disposal Enterprise Fund. The City issued bonds to pay for closure costs on closed landfills. Post-closure care costs on closed landfills are recorded as a liability based on engineer's estimates. The City Council establishes rates that are designed to recover costs and believes it is reasonable to assume that such rates, which will recover the costs, can be charged to and collected from customers. The City intends to recover these MSWLF costs through future operating revenues of the Solid Waste Disposal Enterprise Fund. Accordingly, MSWLF costs are recognized as expenses each year to match the flow of revenue and bonds principal payments, thereby reducing the deferred charge. Expenses for closure and postclosure care costs are recorded each year and the liability is adjusted to the engineer's estimate. MSWLF closure and postclosure care costs incurred for landfills accepting solid waste after final implementation of the 1988 Act and EPA regulations are recognized as an expense. A liability is recorded based upon the landfill capacity used during that year applied to the engineer's estimate of closure and postclosure care costs. (See Note 13C.)

Q. Long-Term Obligations:

In the city-wide financial statements, and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary funds statement of net position.

Special obligation bonds, which are supported by certain pledged revenues (other than ad valorem taxes), do not constitute a debt of the City and the City is not obligated to pay the bonds except from revenues pledged for such debt payments.

Each governmental fund that has long-term liabilities, such as, compensated absences and pension liabilities are responsible for liquidating the same.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Q. Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Non Asset Bonds are created when the City issues debt and either (a) constructs an asset which will become the asset of another entity (e.g. State of Florida), (b) contributes proceeds to another entity (e.g. Shands Jacksonville Hospital) to participate in a construction project, or (c) provides an economic incentive to a development or redevelopment project. Part of the Better Jacksonville Plan (BJP) referendum was to make improvements to state roads and/or interchanges with/between state roads.

While these projects enhance traffic movements in and around Jacksonville, the constructed assets and the future maintenance responsibility are transferred to the Florida Department of Transportation. Additionally, under the BJP program, the City provided for non-capital expenditures, such as septic tank remediation and ash clean up, from debt proceeds, which will not result in a capital asset of the City. The City has also provided grants to Shands Jacksonville Hospital, a provider of health care for indigents, from debt proceeds. The City and/or its Community Redevelopment Authority (CRA) districts, to encourage target development, will enter into incentive agreements (including grants and loans) which are in some instances designed to be repaid by either the CRA's tax increment revenues and/or the developer.

R. Categories and Classification of Fund Balance:

Fund balance is classified using a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under GASB 54, fund balance categories include Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds, but also provide clarity to the level of constraint placed upon fund balance. Fund balance can have different levels of restraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. In all other funds, unassigned is limited to negative residual fund balance. For further details of the various fund balance classifications refer to Note 19.

S. Bond Discounts, Premiums and Issuance Costs:

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond discounts, premiums and issuance costs in the current period. The face amount of debt issued and bond premiums are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance is reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the city-wide financial statements and for proprietary funds, material bond discounts and/or premiums are deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Issuance costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

T. Deferred Loss on Debt Refundings:

Losses resulting from advance refundings of debt in the city-wide and proprietary fund statements are deferred and amortized, using a straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method, over the shorter of the life of the new debt or the remaining life of the old debt. The amount deferred is reported as a component of Deferred Outflows in the accompanying financial statements and is expensed and reported as a component of interest expense.

U. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements, in accordance with GAAP, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

V. Reclassifications:

Certain 2014 amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2015 presentation. Additionally, amounts in the separately issued financial statements of component units have been reclassified to conform to the presentation of the primary government.

W. Summarized Comparative Information:

During 2015 the City implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, however it was not retroactively applied back to the beginning net position for 2014 as the necessary actuarial information was not available. As a result, comparative 2014 summarized information is not included in the basic financial statements due to lack of comparability.

X. Prepaids:

Prepaid items consist of certain costs that have been paid prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items that are applicable to future accounting periods. These amounts do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are a component of current assets. Prepaids are processed using the consumption method.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Y. Accounting Pronouncements:

In fiscal year 2015, the City adopted new statements of financial accounting standards issued by the GASB:

 GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions made Subsequent to the Measurement Date.

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, was issued June 2012. The Statement is intended to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. The adoption of this statement requires the City to record a liability at the government-wide level for the unfunded portion of its pension plans which are discussed in Note 9 and for the City's portion of any unfunded obligation of the Florida Retirement System. GASB 71, Pension Transition for Contributions made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, clarifies an issue regarding the transition provision of GASB 68. The adoption of GASB 68 resulted in a restatement in beginning net position. (See Note 18B).

2. BUDGETARY DATA

The City presents a Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund as Required Supplementary Information. For this reporting period, no special revenue funds met the major fund criteria. The City's budgetary comparison reporting and Notes to Required Supplementary Information containing descriptions of the City's budgetary policies and processes are included in the Required Supplementary Information section of this report.

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3. CASH, INVESTMENTS AND SECURITIES LENDING

A. Cash on Deposit

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except for monies legally restricted to separate administration (i.e. pension plan custodians and deferred compensation plan administrators). The "Equity in cash and investments" on the City Wide Financial Statements, consists of cash and investments owned by each fund and defined as resources that can be liquidated without delay or penalty. Cash and investments held separately where contractual arrangements and bond covenants require such arrangements, are classified as "restricted assets." Investment earnings are allocated to the individual funds monthly based on the funds' weighted average daily cash and investment balance.

CASH and INVESTMENTS

September 30, 2015	(in thousands)	
Primary Government:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$81,385	
Cash in escrow and with fiscal agents	185,594	
Investments - Primary Government	749,223	
Primary Government Total:	1,016,202	
Pension and Agency Funds:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Pension Trust Funds	30,421	
Private Purpose Trust Funds	271	
Agency Funds	46,607	
Investments - Pensions	3,339,457	
Pension and Agency Total:	3,416,756	
Component Units:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	739,038	
Cash in escrow and with fiscal agents	2,651	
Investments - Component Units	1,025,694	
Component Unit Total:	1,767,383	
Total Cash and Investments:	\$6,200,341	
Investments Schedules:		
Operating Portfolio	\$1,774,917	
(includes interest and dividends receiveble)		
Pension Portfolio	3,339,457	
(includes interest and dividends receiveble)		
Sub-total:	1,767,383	
Other Cash/Investments:		
Cash	286,567	
Cash with Fiscal Agent	188,245	
Restricted Funds	611,155	
Sub-total:	1,085,967	
Total Cash and Investments:	\$6,200,341	

3. CASH, INVESTMENTS AND SECURITIES LENDING (continued)

A. Cash on Deposit (continued)

At September 30, 2015, primary government deposits in financial institutions totaled \$69.3 million. Monies on deposit with financial institutions in the form of demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit are defined as public deposits. All of the City's public deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to State of Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", and covered by federal depository insurance. For amounts in excess of such federal depository insurance the Act provides that all qualified public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral having a market value equal to or greater than the average daily or monthly balance of all public deposits, times the depository's collateral pledging level. The pledging level may range from 50% to 125% depending upon the depository's financial condition and establishment period. The Public Deposit Security Trust Fund has a procedure to allocate and recover losses in the event of a default or insolvency. When public deposits are made in accordance with Chapter 280, no public depositor is liable for any loss thereof. Any losses to public depositors are covered by applicable deposit insurance, sales of securities pledged as collateral and, if necessary, assessments against other qualified public depositories of the same type as the depository in default.

B. Investments and Investment Practices

1. General Operating Investments

The City's operating fund investment guidelines are defined by City Ordinance Code Section 110, Part 2 and a written Investment Policy (the "Policy") as approved by City Council. The Policy establishes a diversified investment strategy, both by type of investment and by manager, a minimum credit quality, and duration limitations. An internal Investment Committee has oversight, within Policy limits, of the implementation and direction of investment strategies. The Policy is reviewed annually for any adjustments due to changes or developments within the investment markets that may provide enhanced investment and/or risk management opportunities. The City's Pension Funds and Component units maintain their own investment policies.

Other than operating cash invested overnight through the City's zero balance sweep accounts, all invested cash is managed by third-party money managers. Performance benchmarks for the Portfolio are established in the Investment Policy and performance benchmarks for each of the specific third party managers are established by the Investment Committee. The Policy defines the Average Duration and Compliance Categories for investments. Compliance Category limits are stated as a percentage of the 2014-15 Normal Portfolio Balance of \$879 million, which is defined by Ordinance as the average total portfolio balance for the proceeding twelve months.

3. CASH, INVESTMENTS AND SECURITIES LENDING (continued)

B. Investments and Investment Practices (continued)

1. General Operating Investments (continued)

Performance and compliance reports are submitted to the Investment Committee monthly, and to the Finance Committee quarterly. The City employs an independent investment custodian who takes direction from the money managers and independently settles all trades. The custodian provides performance and compliance reporting at both the portfolio level and by individual manager.

The following schedule reports portfolio compliance at year end, as well as the maximum exposure for each compliance category during the year. Certain compliance categories include assets also measured in another compliance category, i.e. "US Government" issued treasury bonds are also appropriately included in the "US Government plus agencies" category. As a result, the amounts reported as year-end compliance exposures exceed the portfolio balance at year end in aggregate.

Operating Fund
Compliance Guideline Characteristics
as of September 30, 2015

		Sector Guideline Exposures % of Normal Portfolio Balance					
			70 OI 140II	Maximum			
	1	Exposure to	Year end	During			
Compliance Guideline	Specific Guideline		Exposure %	Year	By Policy		
Duration ¹		2.43	NA	2.59	5.00		
Liquidity	\$	291,234,510	33.1%	57.0%	100.0%		
Requirements							
USG + A gencies	\$	222,485,402	25.3%	30.0%	100.0%		
US Govt (USG)		162,105,017	18.4%	22.0%	100.0%		
Constraints							
Agencies	\$	60,380,385	6.9%	10.0%	45.0%		
MBS		59,930,341	6.8%	8.0%	35.0%		
Agency MBS		28,560,858	3.2%	5.0%	35.0%		
Non-Agency MBS		31,369,483	3.6%	4.0%	15.0%		
Asset Backed Securities		28,782,060	3.3%	4.0%	7.5%		
Corporates		300,552,268	34.2%	36.0%	60.0%		
Corporates > 1 Year		157,827,235	18.0%	19.0%	40.0%		
Municipal Bonds		10,705,471	1.2%	1.0%	10.0%		
Bond Funds		170,942,436	19.4%	38.0%	85.0%		
Money Market Funds		38,851,157	4.4%	8.0%	40.0%		
Certificates of Deposit	\$		0.0%	0.0%	20.0%		
Repurchase agreements	\$	2	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%		
Rule 144a Securities		31,037,815	3.5%	4.0%	10.0%		
Specialty Risk							
High Yield	\$	34,752,299	4.0%	4.0%	7.5%		
International		2,963,518	0.3%	1.0%	7.5%		
International (non-hedged)		-	0.0%	0.0%	5.0%		
Emerging M arket		1,482,926	0.2%	0.0%	7.5%		
Duration > 8.5		26,662,346	3.0%	4.0%	7.5%		

¹Commingled Funds and Cash are excluded

3. CASH, INVESTMENTS AND SECURITIES LENDING (continued)

B. Investments and Investment Practices (continued)

2. Pension Plan Investments

The City's two separate defined benefit pension plans are the Jacksonville Retirement System and the Police and Fire Pension Plan. Investments in the City's two plans are governed by state statute and locally adopted investment policies. These policies establish investment objectives and guidelines for the portfolio as a whole, for each individual manager, as well as by instrument and issuer. The following schedules are presented for only the Jacksonville Retirement System and Police and Fire Pension Fund investments:

Jacksonville Retirement System Distribution by Asset Type 9/30/2015

	Equities	Bonds	Other	Cash	T otal	Percentage
Equity (Domestic)	\$ 702,327,804	\$ 141	\$ 12	\$ 18,882,715	\$ 721,210,520	38%
Large Cap Value	169,373,962	-	12	6,129,435	175,503,396	9%
Large Cap Growth	165,613,249	-	-	6,045,459	171,658,707	9%
Large Cap Core	208,597,124			1,108,465	209,705,589	11%
Small Cap Value	49,133,144	1 -	-	1,853,907	50,987,051	3%
Small Cap Growth	74,338,370	-	-	2,681,333	77,019,703	4%
Small Cap Core	35,271,955	-	-	1,064,116	36,336,071	2%
Transition Account		-	-	52,898	52,898	0%
Equity (International)	\$ 382,890,906	\$	\$ -	\$ 127	\$ 382,890,906	21%
Value	190,424,537	-	-	-	190,424,537	11%
Growth	102,305,366	-	-	-	102,305,366	5%
Emerging	90,161,003	-	-	1.0	90,161,003	5%
Bonds	\$	\$ 377,681,567	\$	\$ 8,099,016	\$ 385,780,582	19%
Intermediate	-	210,508,544	-	8,052,648	218,561,192	11%
A ggregate	-	127,827,921	-	102	127,828,023	7%
Inflation Protected		39,345,102		46,266	39,391,367	2%
Cash Account	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	3,136,275	\$ 3,136,275	0%
Other	\$ 85,539,281	\$ -	\$ 313,026,072	\$ 2,464,107	\$ 401,029,459	21%
Real Assets	85,539,281	-	313,026,072	2,464,107	401,029,459	21%
Total investments	\$ 1,170,757,991	\$ 377,681,567	\$ 313,026,072	\$ 32,635,010	\$ 1,894,100,639	100%

Less: Amount reported as receivables

(2,866,233)

T otal Investments less receivables

\$ 1,891,234,406

3. CASH, INVESTMENTS AND SECURITIES LENDING

- **B.** Investments and Investment Practices (continued)
 - 2. Pension Plan Investments (continued)

Police and Fire Pension Fund Distribution by Asset Type 9/30/2015

	Equities	Bonds	Other	Cash		Total	Percentage
Equity (Domestic)	\$545,527,551	\$ -	\$ -	\$17,498,794	\$	563,026,345	40%
Large Cap Value	233,043,137	-	-	5,386,335	\$	238,429,472	17%
Large Cap Growth	148,896,990			6,399,737	\$	155,296,727	11%
Large Cap Core		-	-	•	\$	-	0%
Small Cap Value	92,091,946	-	-	1,628,390	\$	93,720,336	7%
SMID Cap Growth	71,495,478	-		4,084,332	\$	75,579,810	5%
Equity (International)	\$ 282,145,426	s -	s -	\$ 572,744	S	282,718,170	20%
Value	121,528,606			130	\$	121,528,736	9%
Growth	84,296,862	-		572,607	\$	84,869,469	6%
Emerging Markets	76,319,958	-	-	7	\$	76,319,965	5%
Bonds	s -	\$274,182,59	6 \$ 38,970,076	\$ 3,494,594	\$	316,647,266	22%
Intermediate		135,792,97	6 38,970,076	3,493,992	\$	178,257,044	12%
Aggregate		138,389,62		602	\$	138,390,222	10%
Cash A ccount	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,069,540	\$	2,069,540	0%
Other	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 260,364,211	\$ 3,201,864	\$	263,566,075	18%
Real Estate	-	-	174,872,827	-	\$	174,872,827	12%
MLPs	-	-	85,491,384	\$ 3,201,864	\$	88,693,248	6%
Total investments	\$827,672,977	\$274,182,59	6 \$299,334,287	\$26,837,536	\$	1,428,027,396	100%

3. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is controlled primarily through duration, which is a measure that approximates the change in value of a bond, or bond portfolio, for a given change in interest rates. In general, shorter duration measures are less sensitive to interest rate shifts, while longer durations are more sensitive. To limit the portfolio volatility associated with changes in interest rates, the City's Investment Policy Statement restricts the average duration of the overall portfolio to a range of 0.75 - 5.00 years, of which, no more than 7.5% of the individual securities in the portfolio can have a duration greater than 8.5 years. This guideline applies to all investment types underlying the portfolio including, but not limited to, government, agency, corporate, international, and mortgage backed securities, as referenced in Section 3. B. 1.

3. CASH, INVESTMENTS AND SECURITIES LENDING

B. Investments and Investment Practices (continued)

4. Credit Quality

The Operating and Pension portfolios measure credit quality of the fixed income holdings contained therein using Moody's rating schedule. Within the Operating Portfolio, the City's Investment Policy Statement is designed to control credit risk by requiring both, minimum amounts that must be invested in the highest quality U.S. Government securities, as well as a maximum limit of 9.0% of the normal portfolio balance in non-investment grade securities. This is reported and monitored monthly by the Investment Committee and staff. Credit Quality for the Pension Plan is reported on a quarterly basis and is monitored by the Pension Board of Trustees, staff to the board, and by the plan's consultant. Credit Quality reports are provided on the overall portfolios to illustrate the credit risk at fiscal-year end.

Credit Quality September 30, 2015

Operating Po	ortfolio	General Employee Pension Plan	Police and Fire Pension Fund
Quality Breakdown	Portfolio (%)	Portfolio (%)	Portfolio (%)
Aaa	36%	44%	53%
Aa1-Aa3	4%	4%	2%
A1-A3	14%	18%	11%
Baa1-Baa3	24%	13%	17%
Ba1-Ba3	5%	3%	9%
Other	0%	0%	7%
Commingled	17%	18%	1%
	100%	100%	100%

Ratings definitions:

Treasury – United States Treasury Securities – (Included in Aaa)

Agency – Government Agency Securities– (Included in Aaa)

Aaa (AAA) – Highest Investment Grade Quality Rating

Aa1-Aa3 (AA+ to AA-) - Medium Investment Grade Quality Rating

A1-A3 (A+ to A-) – Medium Low Investment Grade Quality Rating

 $Baa1\text{-}Baa3\;(BBB\text{+ to }BBB\text{-})-Lowest\;Investment\;Grade\;Quality\;Rating$

Ba1-Ba3 (BB+ to BB-) - Highest Non-investment Grade Quality Rating

Commingled – Securities that are not applicable to Quality Ratings - they represent predominantly mutual funds that are listed and valued as a whole, not individual holdings, as well as minor exposure to non-investment grade securities.

5. Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial relationship for General Investments and Pension plans are governed by written agreements that are executed by all parties and specifies that, all securities owned and cash held by the City or its Pension plans shall be held in the City's, or its nominee's, name in an account separate from all other accounts maintained by the custodian and shall at all times, while in the custody of the Custodian, be designated as an asset of the City or its Pension Trust.

3. CASH, INVESTMENTS AND SECURITIES LENDING

B. Investments and Investment Practices (continued)

6. Foreign Currency

The City has nominal exposure to foreign currencies due to investments in non-U.S. markets implemented through our money managers' portfolios. Foreign currencies will fluctuate relative to the U.S. dollar, but it is believed that the diversification benefits outweigh potential risks. Given the limited exposure, foreign currency risk is considered minor.

Foreign Currency Exposure September 30, 2015

	Operating Portfolio		Jacks on ville Retirement System			Police and Fire Pension Fund		
	Exposure	Percentage	Exposure	Percentage	10	Exposure	Percentage	
U.S. DOLLAR	\$ 765,880,967	99.74%	\$ 1,893,843,437	99.99%	S	1,428,027,396	100.00%	
MEXICAN NEW PESO	1,029,463	0.13%	.=	0.00%		-	0.00%	
SINGAPORE DOLLAR	-	0.00%	-	0.00%		-	0.00%	
BRAZIL REAL	268,937	0.04%	-	0.00%		-	0.00%	
CANADIANDOLLAR	253,632	0.03%	-	0.00%		-	0.00%	
INDIAN RUPEE	247,193	0.03%	-	0.00%		-	0.00%	
SWISSFRANC	-	0.00%	235,457	0.01%		-	0.00%	
AUSTRIALIAN DOLLAR	155,112	0.02%	(2)	0.00%			0.00%	
JAPANESE YEN	-	0.00%	9,879	0.00%			0.00%	
EURO CURRENCY UNIT	557	0.00%	7,716	0.00%		-	0.00%	
SWEDISH KRONA	-	0.00%	4,150	0.00%		-	0.00%	
BRITISH POUND		0.00%	-	0.00%			0.00%	
Total	\$ 767,835,861	100.00%	\$ 1,894,100,639	100.00%	S	1,428,027,396	100.00%	

C. Securities Lending

The City participates in securities lending with both its Operating and Pension portfolios. The City has a contract with its custodian, The Bank of New York Mellon (the City's Operating Portfolio and the Jacksonville Retirement System) that allows the custodian, acting as agent, to lend securities held in the portfolios with the intent of generating additional interest income. The transactions are designed to be invisible to our third party money managers and are reviewed by staff on an ongoing basis. The market for securities lending was developed to provide temporary access to a large portfolio of securities for broker/dealers who might have a need to borrow specific instruments. Securities are loaned against collateral that may include cash, U.S government securities and irrevocable letters of credit. Securities are loaned against collateral valued at a minimum of 102% of the market value of the securities plus any accrued interest. If the broker/dealer fails to return the security upon request, the custodian, acting as agent, will utilize the collateral to replace the security borrowed.

3. CASH, INVESTMENTS AND SECURITIES LENDING

C. Securities Lending (continued)

The securities loaned are on a rolling daily basis and the cash collateral can be deposited and/or withdrawn from the investment on a daily basis. The weighted average duration of the collateralized loans at September 30, 2015 was 92 days for the City's Operating Portfolio and 92 days for the Jacksonville Retirement System.

As a result of market disruptions, caused by the financial crisis of 2008-2009, those managing the collateral pool of assets have shifted their strategy to maintain a target allocation that closely represents a portfolio managed to money market guidelines as contained in 2a-7 of the SEC Investment Company Act of 1940. Rule 2a-7 of the act restricts the quality, maturity, and diversity of investments by money market funds. While the Securities Lending portfolio is not subject to this rule, the managers see these guidelines as a conservative approach that will serve to reduce the overall risk profile of invested collateral funds.

The transaction establishes a rebate interest rate (assuming cash collateral), which is due back to the broker/dealer upon return of the security. The cash is then invested short-term and the City and the custodian share in the incremental return available above the rebated interest rate. The short-term fixed income instruments can be invested in high quality, dollar denominated fixed income instruments, with a policy dollar-weighted, average maturity limit of less than thirty days. The City, as a program participant, assumes the risk that (a) the overnight investment will not equal or exceed the rebate interest rate, (b) the overnight investment will experience a loss in fair value (i.e., principal) and (c) the collateral will not be sufficient if the borrower fails to return the security back to the lending bank. As noted above, cash collateral is invested in short-term income instruments. When non-cash collateral is provided the collateral must be obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or its agencies and instrumentalities. The City cannot pledge or sell these obligations in the absence of a default by the borrower. The net asset value of the collateral may fluctuate and potentially subject the City to credit risk if the above-mentioned 102% daily adjusted collateral were to fall below 100%. September 30, 2015, the City of Jacksonville maintained a sufficient 102.3% collateral on loaned securities. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015; Securities Lending net income was \$402 thousand (\$75 thousand Operating, \$327 thousand Jacksonville Retirement System).

The City periodically reviews the custodian's practices to insure fair distribution of lending opportunities as well as risk evaluation of prospective broker/dealer borrowers. For accounting purposes, the Statements of Net Position and Changes in Net Position reflect the increase in assets, liabilities, interest income and expense associated with securities lending activity.

4. ACCOUNTS, MORTGAGES, AND OTHER RECEIVABLE

The accounts, mortgages, and other receivable balances in the funds listed below, in thousands, are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. No other funds had an allowance for doubtful accounts at September 30, 2015.

Fund	ounts and Other ceivables	Г	owance for Doubtful ecounts	Net Amount shown on the Balance Sheet	
Major Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$ 119,538	\$	(93,989)	\$	25,549
Non-Major Governmental Funds	909		(68)		841
Major Enterprise Funds:					
Solid Waste Disposal	36,335		(5,710)		30,625
EverBank Field	1,875		(65)		1,810
Veterans Memorial Arena	1,502		(49)		1,453
Stormwater	38,036		(14,895)		23,141
Non-Major Enterprise Funds	1,189		(26)		1,163
Fiduciary Funds:					
Pension Trust Funds	2,240		(26)		2,214
Agency Funds	2,517		-		2,517
Fund	ortgage ceivables	E	owance for Doubtful ccounts	sho	t Amount wn on the ance Sheet
Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$ 10,031	\$	(7,308)	\$	2,723

5. PROPERTY TAXES

A. Ad Valorem Property Taxes:

Property tax collections are governed by Chapter 197, Florida Statutes. The Duval County Tax Collector bills and collects all property taxes levied within the consolidated city/county. Discounts of 4, 3, 2, and 1% are allowed for early payment in November, December, January, and February, respectively. The total millage rate levied by the City was 11.44190 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

The Florida Constitution, as amended under Article VII, Section 4, limits the increase in homestead property valuations for ad valorem tax purposes to a maximum of the lesser of (i) three percent (3%) of the assessment for the prior year, or (ii) the percent change in the Consumer Price Index for the preceding calendar year. The first tax year in which the limitations of these constitutional provisions applied was January 1, 1995. Calendar year 1995 is the base year upon which assessed just value of the homestead property is determined. For non-homesteaded property, increases are capped at 10% of the previous year's assessed value, regardless of market value changes. This process is referred to as "recapture" and was enacted into law in 2009. It does not apply to any millage levied by the School Board. (Section 193.1555 FS)

B. Property Tax Calendar:

The Tax Collector remits collected taxes at least monthly to the City. The City recognizes property tax revenue as it is received from the Tax Collector since virtually all taxes levied will be collected through the tax collection process within the fiscal year levied for. The calendar of events is as follows:

January 1 Property taxes are based on assessed value at this date as determined

by the Duval County Property Appraiser.

July 1 Assessment roll approved by the state.

September 30 Millage resolution approved by the City Council.

October 1 Beginning of fiscal year for which taxes have been levied.

November 30 Last day for 4% maximum discount.

April 1 Unpaid property taxes become delinquent.

May 31 Tax certificates are sold by the Duval County Tax Collector. This is

the first lien date on the properties.

6. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2015, was as follows (in thousands):

Primary Government

	Beginning Balance October 1, 2014 Additions			Dispositions/ Reclassifications		Ending Balance September 30, 2015	
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	307,603	\$ 29	\$	-	\$	307,632
Easements		5,137	966		-		6,103
Art In Public Places		764	20		(20.954)		784
Construction in progress Furniture and equipment in work in process		48,574 3,865	3,066 191		(39,854) (3,642)		11,786 414
Total capital assets not being depreciated		365,943	 4,272		(43,496)		326,719
Capital assets being depreciated:				-	(43,470)	-	·
Buildings		808,810	29,586		-		838,396
Improvements Infrastructure		288,166 2,198,259	26,441 39,694		-		314,607 2,237,953
Furniture, equipment and library books		433,575	31,047		(24,080)		440,542
Internal Software		26,863	121		(24,000)		26,984
Purchased Software		15,601	-		-		15,601
Total assets being depreciated		3,771,274	 126,889		(24,080)		3,874,083
Less accumulated depreciation for:					<u> </u>		
Buildings		219,212	15,439		-		234,651
Improvements		83,889	11,116		(28)		94,977
Infrastructure		773,506	88,458		-		861,964
Furniture, equipment and library books		313,355	29,455		(20,799)		322,011
Internal Software Purchased Software		16,724 8,428	623 2,753		-		17,347
Total accumulated depreciation		1,415,114	 147,844		(20,827)		11,181
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		2,356,160	 (20,955)		(3,253)		2,331,952
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	2,722,103	\$ (16,683)	\$	(46,749)	\$	2,658,671
Business-type activities:		ning Balance ober 1, 2014	Additions	_	oositions/		ing Balance nber 30, 2015
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	46,606	\$ 365	\$	-	\$	46,971
Easements		546	-		-		546
Construction in progress		13,154	2,917		(3,813)		12,258
Total capital assets not being depreciated		60,306	 3,282		(3,813)		59,775
Capital assets being depreciated:		00,500	3,202		(5,615)		53,775
Buildings and improvements		598,535	3,689		-		602,224
Infrastructure		53,261	10,034		(61)		63,234
Furniture and equipment		10,397	6,601		(548)		16,450
Total assets being depreciated		662,193	20,324		(609)		681,908
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements		225,995	15,364		-		241,359
Infrastructure		7,539	2,954		-		10,493
Furniture and equipment		6,828	1,248		(537)		7,539
Total accumulated depreciation		240,362	19,566		(537)		259,391
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	421,831	758		(72)		422,517
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	482,137	\$ 4,040	\$	(3,885)	\$	482,292

6. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the primary government as follows (in thousands):

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 28,953
Human services	1,904
Public Safety	9,954
Culture and recreation	14,117
Transportation	10,599
Economic environment	60
Physical environment	 82,257
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 147,844

Depreciation expense was charged to the business-type activities as follows (in thousands):

Business-type activities:

	Parking system	\$ 380
	Solid Waste	2,685
	Mayport Ferry	340
	Stormwater Services	2,951
	EverBank Field	7,839
	Veterans Memorial Arena	2,528
	Baseball Stadium	745
	Performing Arts	753
	Convention Center	637
	Equestrian Center	 708
Total depreciati	on expense - business-type activities	\$ 19,566

7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, ADVANCES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Transfers		TRANSFERS OUT							
		MAJOR F	UNDS						
TRANSFERS IN	General Fund	Solid Waste	Storm Water	EverBank Field	Veterans Memorial Arena				
TRANSFERS III									
MAJOR FUNDS									
General Fund	-	-	-	-	-				
Solid Waste	1	-	-	-	-				
Storm Water	1,561	-	-	-	-				
EverBank Field	6,416	-	-	-	109				
Veterans Memorial Arena	-	-	-	-	-				
Special Bonded Debt	62,614	-	2,821	-	-				
Special Bonded Debt-BJP	-	-	-	-	-				
NON-MAJOR FUNDS									
Baseball Stadium	751	-	-	_	-				
Performing Arts	773	-	-	-	-				
Convention Center	1,095	-	-	-	-				
Equestrian Center	119	287	-	-	-				
Ritz Theatre	876	-	-	-	-				
Special Revenue	34,553	-	-	-	-				
Capital Projects	190	-	-	384	-				
Grant Capital Projects	63	-	-	-	-				
Non Major Debt	-	-	-	-	-				
Internal Service	5,071	-	-	-	-				
Private Purpose Trust	-	-	-	-	-				
	114,083	287	2,821	384	109				

Transfers between funds are made in the normal course of operations and are for the operational support of the fund receiving the transfer. In fiscal year 2015 transfers in support of Debt Service funds were 60% of total transfers. A large portion of the transfers out of the General Fund was in support of Non-Major Governmental funds, the largest being the Jacksonville Children's Commission. Transfers from the General Fund include support of Major Enterprise funds, Storm Water and EverBank Field. Other support from the General Fund includes transfers to Tax Increment in support of debt service. Non-Major Enterprise funds which include the Baseball Stadium, the Performing Arts Center, the Convention Center, the Equestrian Center and the Ritz Theatre received support from the General Fund.

TRANSFERS OUT

I RANSFERS OU I									
NON-MAJOR									
Sports			Grant Capital						
Complex	Special	Capital	Internal						
Capital	Revenue	Projects	Projects	Service	Total				
	2.070	506	40.4	2.050	7.027				
-	3,078	506	494	2,959	7,037				
-	-	3	-	-	1.561				
100	-	-	-	-	1,561				
109	4.004	-	-	-	6,634				
-	4,904	-	-	_	4,904				
-	12,425	-	-	-	77,860				
-	65,842	-	-	-	65,842				
_	1,296	700	_	_	2,747				
_	-,	-	_	_	773				
_	_	_	_	_	1,095				
_	_	_	_	_	406				
_	_	_	_	_	876				
_	1,541	1,079	_	_	37,173				
_	23,774	-,	_	414	24,762				
_		_	_	-	63				
_	377	_	_	_	377				
_	-	4	_	_	5,075				
_	8		_	_	8				
	3				0				
109	113,245	2,292	494	3,373	237,197				

7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, ADVANCES, AND TRANSFERS (continued)

DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS			AJOR ERPRISE DUE		MAJOR I HER FUN	RPRISE
		Total	 erBank Field	•	estrian enter	forming Arts
MAJOR FUNDS	'		 			
General Fund	\$	16,773	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Special bonded Debt		215	-		-	-
EverBank Field		1,687	-		524	1,163
NON-MAJOR FUNDS:						
Sports Complex Capital		4,570	4,570		-	-
TOTAL	\$	23,245	\$ 4,570	\$	524	\$ 1,163

The purpose of Due To $\!\!\!/$ From transactions is to provide temporary interfund loans for regular operations.

ADVANCES TO OTHER FUNDS	AM	OUNT	ADVANCES FROM OTHER FUNDS
NON-MAJOR FUNDS:			
Internal Service Funds			
Self Insurance		3,849	General Projects-Loan for Redevelopment Agreement
TOTAL	\$	3,849	

7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, ADVANCES, AND TRANSFERS (continued)

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

]	Better	Community	American		
Jack	ksonville	Development	Recovery &	Non-Major	
	Plan	Block Grant	Reinvestment Debt		 TOTAL
\$	13,900	\$ 2,820	\$ 53	\$ - 215 -	\$ 16,773 215 1,687
	-	-	-	-	4,570
\$	13,900	\$ 2,820	\$ 53	\$ 215	\$ 23,245

7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, ADVANCES, AND TRANSFERS (continued)

During fiscal year 1999, the self-insurance fund advanced \$14,000,000 to the capital projects fund for the purpose of fulfilling City obligations under a redevelopment agreement for a new 900-room hotel with substantial convention and business spaces. The total capital investment for the project was \$126.0 million. The City Council passed an ordinance to treat the funding from the self-insurance fund as a loan which will be repaid from general fund revenues commencing on May 1, 2000 in equal annual installments over 20 years, plus simple interest of 4.4%. The balance of this advance was \$3,848,923 at September 30, 2015.

In fiscal year 2003, the City passed an ordinance to enter into a redevelopment agreement with Vestcor Companies and its subsidiaries for the redevelopment of the Lynch Building as a City historic landmark. In fiscal year 2003, the City used internal self-insurance funds, in an amount of \$17,816,000, to provide permanent financing for the Lynch Building project. The self-insurance fund will be repaid on an annual basis with funds from the Northbank Downtown Tax Increment District. The terms of the repayment are a 30-year amortization, with a 20-year term at a fixed interest rate of 6% per year. Annual payments are \$1,294,313 which includes both principal and interest with a balloon payment of \$8,290,400 at the end of the 20-year period. The balance of the loan at September 30, 2015 was \$11,296,524 which is recorded in the Self Insurance Fund as other receivables noncurrent.

Vestcor will repay the City an amount of \$17,816,000 to the Downtown Economic Development fund as created by ordinance 2000-1079-E. The terms of the repayment is a 40-year amortization, with a 20-year term at a fixed interest rate of 1.525% per year. Annual principal and interest payments were initially scheduled for \$595,248, but were reduced to interest-only payments for the three year period beginning March 1, 2010. The deferred principal payments were added to the balloon payment. A second modification agreement (Ordinance 2014-280) allowing suspension of half of the principal payments for a period of three years from October 2013 to September 2016 was approved by Council. Deferred principal payments have been added to the balloon payment which is now \$12,159,285 due on July 1, 2023. The balance of the loan at September 30, 2015 was \$15,001,017 which is recorded in the Office of Economic Development within the General Fund.

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. Bonds and loans outstanding:

The bonds and loans outstanding as of September 30, 2015 are as follows (in thousands):

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding	Remaining Coupon Rates	True Interest Cost (1)
Revenue Bonds Supported by General Fund:				
Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds:				
Series 1993	\$ 43,605	\$ 1,263	6.300%	6.292%
Series 2006A	36,540	1,575	4.000%	4.559%
Series 2006B (AMT)	9,255	2,065	4.000%	4.169%
Series 2006C	23,555	14,360	5.070-5.220%	5.228%
Series 2007	42,245	34,545	4.000-5.000%	4.534%
Series 2009A	39,585	34,320	3.000-5.000%	4.399%
* Series 2009B	18,535	10,250	5.000%	3.035%
* Series 2009C (ATM)	2,275	435	4.000%	3.281%
Local Government Sales Tax Revenue Bonds:				
Series 2001	103,725	27,810	5.500%	4.571%
Capital Project Revenue Bonds:				
* Series 2008A	67,037	57,673	Variable ⁽²⁾	N/A
* Series 2008B	67,037	57,673	2.890%	N/A
Special Revenue Bonds				
Series 2009C-1	30,170	6,835	5.000-5.250%	2.509%
Series 2009C-2 (Taxable BABS)	10,995	10,995	4.240-4.990% (taxable)	3.111%
Series 2010A	48,000	28,484	3.250-5.000%	2.737%
Series 2011A	76,500	76,000	5.000-5.250%	4.674%
Series 2012B	2,850	2,846	1.120%	1.119%
* Series 2012C	183,058	177,668	5.000%	2.537%
Series 2012D	11,840	9,615	4.000-5.000%	1.573%
Series 2012E	34,340	34,340	1.164-2.372% (taxable)	1.875%
Series 2013A	27,175	27,175	4.250-5.250%	4.885%
Series 2014	61,401	61,401	5.000%	3.284%
Total Revenue Bonds Supported by General Fund	\$ 939,723	\$ 677,328		
Notes Payable Supported by General Fund:				
U.S. Government Guaranteed:				
Series 2010 (La Villa)	1,700	130	2.660% (taxable)	N/A
Series 2010 (Armor Holdings)	775	80	2.660% (taxable)	N/A
Total Notes Payable Supported by General Fund	\$ 2,475	\$ 210		
Total Bonds and Notes Supported by General Fund	\$ 942,198	\$ 677,538		

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

A. Bonds and loans outstanding (continued)

	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding	Remaining Coupon Rates	True Interest Cost (1)				
Special Revenue (Covenant) Bonds Payable from Int	ternal Service Ope	rations:						
Special Revenue Bonds (\$107,494 authorized but uni	ssued):							
Series 2008	\$ 54,215	\$ 39,770	4.000-5.625%	4.966%				
Series 2009C-1	40,160	8,110	5.000-5.250%	2.509%				
Series 2009C-2 (taxable BABs)	26,315	26,315	4.240-4.990% (taxable)	3.111%				
Series 2010A	46,945	39,396	3.250-5.000%	2.737%				
Series 2010C-1	27,205	21,365	5.000%	2.763%				
Series 2011A	32,380	28,505	5.000-5.250%	4.674%				
Series 2012A	4,040	2,040	1.120%	1.119%				
Series 2012B	3,470	3,465	1.120%	1.119%				
Series 2013A	26,860	26,145	3.000-5.250%	4.885%				
Series 2013B	35,145	32,585	0.958-4.643% (taxable)	3.469%				
Series 2014	36,975	36,975	5.000%	3.284%				
Total Special Revenue Bonds Payable								
from Internal Service Operations	\$ 333,710	\$ 264,671						
Notes Payable from Internal Service Operations:								
Commercial Paper Notes	\$ 162,125	\$ 25,000	Variable ⁽³⁾	N/A				
Total bonds and notes payable								
from Internal Service Funds	\$ 495,835	\$ 289,671						
Revenue Bonds Supported by BJP Revenues:								
Transportation Sales Tax Revenue Bonds:								
Series 2007	\$ 100,675	\$ 77,700	4.750-5.000%	4.745%				
Series 2008A	154,535	139,235	Variable ⁽⁴⁾	N/A				
Series 2008B	121,740	87,410	Variable ⁽⁵⁾	N/A				
Series 2012A	151,660	151,660	4.000-5.000%	4.324%				
Series 2012B	57,730	45,850	4.000-5.000%	3.076%				
Infrastructure Sales Tax Revenue Bonds:								
Series 2008	105,470	86,640	4.750-5.000%	4.626%				
Series 2011	79,220	63,095	2.375-5.000%	3.615%				
* Series 2012	238,570	221,865	4.000-5.000%	3.910%				
* Series 2012A	41,095	41,095	5.000%	3.773%				
Total Revenue Bonds Supported by BJP Revenues	\$ 1,050,695	\$ 914,550						
Special Revenue (Covenant) Bonds Supported by BJP Revenues:								
Special Obligation Bonds:								
Series 2009B-1A	\$ 52,090	\$ 45,765	3.000-5.000%	4.006%				
Series 2009B-1B (taxable BABs)	55,925	55,925	6.259% (taxable)	6.341%				
Series 2010B	100,205	77,090	5.000%	2.282%				
Series 2011B	86,600	77,850	5.000%	2.953%				
Series 2013C	31,565	31,565	5.250%	2.953%				
Total Special Revenue Bonds Supported								
by BJP Revenues	\$ 326,385	\$ 288,195						

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued) A. Bonds and loans outstanding (continued) Amount Amount Remaining True Interest Cost (1) Issued Outstanding Coupon Rates **Notes Payable Supported by BJP Revenues:** State of Florida Infrastructure Bank: Series 2005 \$ 40,000 \$ 19,397 2.000% 1.901% Series 2007 48,698 22,279 2.500% 2.456% Total Notes Payable Supported by BJP Revenues \$ 88,698 \$ 41,676 Total Bonds and Notes Supported by BJP Revenues \$ 1,465,778 \$ 1,244,421 Total Governmental Activities \$ 2,903,811 \$ 2,211,630 **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:** Revenue Bonds Supported by Business-Type Activities: Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds: Series 2009B 10,475 3,365 5.000% 3.035% * Series 2009C (AMT) 21,455 6,985 4.000% 3.281% Capital Project Revenue Bonds: Variable⁽²⁾ * Series 2008A 202 248 N/A * Series 2008B 248 202 2.890% N/A Infrastructure Sales Tax Revenue Bonds: * Series 2012 41,480 41,480 4.000-5.000% 3.910% * Series 2012A 73.795 73,795 5.000% 3.773% Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds: Series 2012 118,005 109,255 3.000-5.000% 2.642% Special Obligation Bonds: Series 2012C 922 922 5.000% 4.821% * Series 2014 1,784 1,784 5.000% 3.284% **Notes Payable Supported by Business-Type Activities:** Variable⁽³⁾ Commercial Paper Notes N/A 43,410 43,410 Total bonds and notes payable from Business-Type Activities \$ 311,822 \$ 281,400 **COMPONENT UNITS (Note 8N):** Bond and notes payable: **JEA** \$ 4,836,220 JPA 221,391 JTA 97,485 Total Component Unit bonds and notes payable \$ 5,155,096

^{*} Indicates individual bond series that were issued in support of both Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities.

⁽¹⁾ True Interest Cost (TIC) is the actual cost of financing debt and refers to the overall rate of interest to be paid over the life of the bonds, factoring in coupon interest, any premium or discounts, and the time value of money.

⁽²⁾ Variable rate debt - interest rates were 0.02% at September 30, 2015.

⁽³⁾ Commercial Paper - interest rates were 0.10% at September 30, 2015.

⁽⁴⁾ Variable rate debt - interest rates were 0.03% at September 30, 2015.

⁽⁵⁾ Variable rate debt - interest rates were 0.75% at September 30, 2015.

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

B. Debt Service Requirements to Maturity:

The Debt service requirements to maturity on long-term obligations at September 30, 2015 are as follows (in thousands). The amounts reported in the table below include designated maturities established by management (see discussion below), but does not reflect any accelerated amortizations that may result under the term out provisions as discussed in Note 8G.

					Bonds Pay				
	Bonds and	Notes Payable fro	m Governmental A	ctivities	Business-typ	e Activities	Principal		
Fiscal Year	Supported by Ge	eneral Revenues	Suppor	ted by		<u> </u>	and Interest-		
Ending	and Internal S	Service Funds	BJP Re	venues	Enterpris	e Funds	Primary	Compone	nt Units
September 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Government	Principal	Interest
2016	\$ 83,861	\$ 44,963	\$ 54,800	\$ 55,741	\$ 10,202	\$ 13,498	\$ 263,065	\$ 199,201	\$ 95,452
2017	65,001	37,871	60,201	53,258	12,584	13,040	241,955	193,766	178,339
2018	68,843	34,058	48,270	51,084	7,557	12,581	222,393	221,524	170,764
2019	68,514	32,273	55,372	48,748	7,916	12,223	225,046	205,676	162,260
2020	54,804	29,687	58,591	46,162	7,951	11,885	209,080	215,205	153,238
2021-2025	218,233	117,682	336,811	185,982	50,407	52,970	962,085	952,506	640,503
2026-2030	187,442	73,419	423,105	95,051	121,223	32,597	932,837	987,174	463,610
2031-2035	171,506	29,418	185,910	14,024	57,270	3,233	461,361	980,439	299,251
2036-2040	35,910	7,824	21,360	1,637	2,485	1,273	70,489	894,635	127,073
2041-2045	13,095	583	-	-	3,100	577	17,355	207,485	17,160
2046-2050					705	18	723		
Totals	\$ 967,209	\$ 407,778	\$ 1,244,420	\$ 551,687	\$ 281,400	\$ 153,895	\$ 3,606,389	\$ 5,057,611	\$ 2,307,650

The City's Covenant Bond program allows for the issuance of debt which has both a stated maturity date and a designated maturity date. The stated maturity date is the initial maturity as the bond was sold, whereas the designated maturity date reflects the City's intended maturity after a series of rolls/refundings. At each stated maturity the City can retire the maturing amount in whole or in part, or refund the maturing bonds as a part of its annual capital borrowing into another stated maturity, variable rate debt, or fixed rate debt amortized to maturity as determined by then market conditions. There can be no assurance that the stated debt maturities can be revised in accordance with management's intended plan.

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

B. Debt Service Requirements to Maturity: (continued)

A comparison of the stated maturity debt and designated maturity debt outstanding at fiscal year-end are shown in the tables below (in thousands).

	by Stated Maturity									
Fiscal Year Ending		11 ,	Seneral Revenue Service Funds		Supported by BJP Revenues			Total		
September 30	Series 2009C	Series 2010A	Series 2012B	Total	Series 2010B	Series 2011B	Total	All Programs		
2016	\$ 7,345	\$ 4,950	-	\$ 12,295	\$ 7,705	\$ 7,000	\$ 14,705	\$ 27,000		
2017	-	6,200	\$ 6,295	12,495	7,705	10,175	17,880	30,375		
2018	-	6,200	-	6,200	7,715	10,175	17,890	24,090		
2019	-	6,160	-	6,160	7,715	10,175	17,890	24,050		
2020	-	-	-	-	7,715	10,175	17,890	17,890		
2021					7,715	10,175	17,890	17,890		
Total by Series	\$ 7,345	\$ 23,510	\$ 6,295	\$ 37,150	\$ 46,270	\$ 57,875	\$ 104,145	\$ 141,295		

	by Designated Maturity								
Fiscal Year Ending		11 "	Seneral Revenue Service Funds		Supp	orted by BJP Rev	enues	Total	
September 30	Series 2009C	Series 2010A	Series 2012B	Total	Series 2010B	Series 2011B	Total	All Programs	
2022	-	-	\$ 2,065	\$ 2,065	\$ 7,705	\$ 6,130	\$ 13,835	\$ 15,900	
2023	-	-	2,165	2,165	7,710	6,375	14,085	16,250	
2024	\$ 205	-	2,065	2,270	7,710	6,630	14,340	16,610	
2025	2,385	-	-	2,385	7,710	6,895	14,605	16,990	
2026	2,510	\$ 3,125	-	5,635	7,710	7,170	14,880	20,515	
2027	2,245	3,280	-	5,525	7,710	7,460	15,170	20,695	
2028	-	3,440	-	3,440	15	7,755	7,770	11,210	
2029	-	3,615	-	3,615	-	8,070	8,070	11,685	
2030	-	3,800	-	3,800	-	1,390	1,390	5,190	
2031	-	1,820	-	1,820	-	-	-	1,820	
2032	-	1,910	-	1,910	-	-	-	1,910	
2033	-	2,005	-	2,005	-	-	-	2,005	
2034		515		515				515	
Total by Series	\$ 7,345	\$ 23,510	\$ 6,295	\$ 37,150	\$ 46,270	\$ 57,875	\$ 104,145	\$ 141,295	

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

C. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities:

Changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 are as follows (in thousands):

	Balance ptember 30, 2014	A	dditions	R	eductions	Balance ptember 30, 2015	ue within ne year
Governmental Activities:							
Debt activity supported by general revenues:							
Revenue bonds	\$ 719,978	\$	61,401	\$	104,051	\$ 677,328	\$ 39,188
Notes payable	 785				575	 210	 210
Debt activity- general revenues	\$ 720,763	\$	61,401	\$	104,626	\$ 677,538	\$ 39,398
Bonds/notes payable - Banking Fund							
Special revenue (covenant) bonds	\$ 245,975	\$	36,975	\$	18,279	\$ 264,671	\$ 19,463
Notes payable	 3,900		25,000		3,900	 25,000	
Debt activity - internal service funds	 249,875		61,975		22,179	 289,671	 19,463
Debt activity - general revenues and internal service	\$ 970,638	\$	123,376	\$	126,805	\$ 967,209	\$ 58,861
Debt activity supported by BJP revenue:							
Revenue bonds - BJP	\$ 957,760	\$	-	\$	43,210	\$ 914,550	\$ 45,050
Special revenue (covenant) bonds - BJP	291,245		-		3,050	288,195	4,250
Notes payable - BJP	47,055				5,379	 41,676	 5,500
Debt activity - BJP	1,296,060		_		51,639	 1,244,421	 54,800
Total governmental activities	\$ 2,266,698	\$	123,376	\$	178,444	\$ 2,211,630	\$ 113,661
Other related debt amounts:							
Issuance premiums	\$ 136,888	\$	17,283	\$	13,314	\$ 140,857	\$ -
Issuance discounts	 (2,538)				(161)	(2,377)	 _
Total other related debt amounts	\$ 134,350	\$	17,283	\$	13,153	\$ 138,480	\$
Accrued Compensated Absences	59,323		34,300		35,432	58,191	17,458
Estimated Liability for Self-Insured Losses	102,883		41,145		32,368	111,660	27,853
Pollution Remediation	163,919		-		3,060	160,859	-
Other Post - Employment Benefits	 50,039		10,964			61,003	
Governmental activity long-term obligations	\$ 2,777,212	\$	227,068	\$	262,457	\$ 2,741,823	\$ 158,972

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

C. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities: (continued)

	Balance otember 30,		r rec	D	1 2	Balance tember 30,		e within
B 1	 2014	Ac	lditions	Red	ductions	 2015	or	e year
Business-Type Activities:								
Revenue Bonds	\$ 272,123	\$	20,970	\$	11,693	\$ 281,400	\$	10,202
Less: Unamortized Discount/Premium	 34,308		328		2,216	 32,420		
Total Revenue Bonds, less Unamortized								
Discount/Premium	\$ 306,431	\$	21,298	\$	13,909	\$ 313,820	\$	10,202
Accrued Compensated Absences	1,010		654		649	1,015		313
Liability for Landfill Closure and Post Closure Care	47,736		685		5,172	43,249		-
Picketville Waste Site	271		-		68	203		-
Other Post - Employment Benefits	1,806		295		-	2,101		-
Loans payable - Banking Fund	 15,883		7,245		1,627	 21,501		1,709
Business-type activity long-term obligations	\$ 373,137	\$	30,177	\$	21,425	\$ 381,889	\$	12,224
Component Unit Activities:								
Bonds and notes payable:								
JEA	\$ 5,269,365	\$	198,805	\$	631,950	\$ 4,836,220	\$	187,500
JPA	227,832		6,327		12,768	221,391		11,701
JTA	-		97,485		-	97,485		-
Other long-term obligations	19,658		286		480	19,464		263
Component unit activity long-term obligations	\$ 5,516,855	\$	302,903	\$	645,198	\$ 5,174,560	\$	199,464

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

D. Reconciliation of debt issued to financial reporting classifications:

Certain of the City's bonds issued in a single transaction are for assets acquired or constructed for both governmental and business-type activities. As a result, the financial statements report debt outstanding and the related debt service for that combined transaction in both governmental and business-type activities in the relative proportion of the cost of the underlying assets acquired or constructed. When individual business-type revenues are not sufficient to pay for operations inclusive of allocated debt service, interfund transfers are made in amounts to address the shortfall. The following table shows the original combined issue amount and where the debt is reported (in thousands).

	Original Original	Outstanding d	Total	
Bond Series	Amount Issued	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Amount Outstanding
Excise Tax Revenue Bonds:				
Series 2009B	29,010	10,250	3,365	13,615
Series 2009C	23,730	435	6,985	7,420
Capital Projects Revenue Bonds:				
Series 2008A	67,285	57,673	202	57,875
Series 2008B	67,285	57,673	202	57,875
BJP Infrastructure Sales Tax Revenue	Bonds:			
Series 2012	280,050	221,865	41,480	263,345
Series 2012A	114,890	41,095	73,795	114,890
Special Revenue Bonds:				
Series 2012C	183,980	177,668	922	178,590
Series 2014	100,160	98,376	1,784	100,160
Commercial Paper	205,535	25,000	43,410	68,410

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

E. Pledged Revenues:

The City has formally committed to secure certain debt issued by the City with specific future revenues. A summary of those debt issues and the related pledged revenues follows. The detailed listing of individual series by pledge source is included in Note 8A.

	Range of remaining term	Approximate future principal and interest	Current year revenue received	Current year principal and interest	Principal and interest as % of revenue
Excise Taxes:	2016 - 2034	\$152,285,379	\$125,896,826	\$25,631,001	20.36%
Local Government 1/2 Cent S ales Tax:	2018	\$30,971,126	\$87,046,438	\$7,758,413	8.91%
JEA Charter Revenues (Capital Project Bonds):	2034	\$157,849,369	\$111,687,538	\$7,179,340	6.43%
Better Jacksonville Transportation Sales Tax:	2022 - 2037	\$743,176,621	\$88,840,130	\$45,085,909	50.75%
Better Jacksonville Infrastructure Sales Tax: with SIB Loans:	2021 - 2030 2021 - 2030	\$774,547,363 \$820,175,262	\$77,596,052 \$77,596,052	\$46,737,243 \$53,181,643	60.23% 68.54%
S ports Facilities Capital Improvement Revenues:	2030	\$156,552,175	\$21,387,360	\$10,157,450	47.49%

Excise Taxes - Bonds have been issued to fund citywide capital projects, and are supported by a pledge against the proceeds of the Utilities Services Taxes and the Occupational License Taxes.

Local Government 1/2 Cent Sales Tax - Bonds have been issued to fund the River City Renaissance program and various citywide capital improvements, and are supported by a pledge against the proceeds of the local government half-cent sales tax.

JEA Charter Revenues (Capital Project Bonds) - Bonds have been issued to fund drainage and general capital programs, and are supported by a pledge against the JEA Contribution, which is annually appropriated to the City from available Electric and Water & Sewer revenues.

(Better Jacksonville) Transportation Sales Tax - Bonds have been issued to fund acquisition and construction of road, bridge, drainage and other transportation projects, and are supported by a pledge against the discretionary half-cent Transportation Sales Tax and Gas Tax.

Better Jacksonville (Infrastructure) Sales Tax - Bonds have been issued to fund the acquisition and construction of capital projects constituting part of the Better Jacksonville Plan, and are supported by a pledge against the discretionary half-cent Infrastructure Sales Tax.

Sports Facilities Capital Improvement Revenues - Bonds have been issued to fund renovations to the Municipal Stadium, and are supported by a pledge against the proceeds of Franchise Fees, 15% of the Communications Services Taxes, Sports Facility Sales Tax Rebates, Convention Development Taxes and the Sports Facilities Tourist Development Taxes.

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

F. New Indebtedness Issued:

On November 19, 2014, the City closed on the sale of \$100,160,000 Special Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2014. The 2014 bonds have a true interest cost of 3.28% and an average coupon rate of 5.00% with a mandatory sinking schedule beginning October 1, 2015, and a maturity date of October 1, 2034. The proceeds of the 2014 bonds were used to finance a portion of the costs of various capital improvements comprising the Banking Fund Project (\$36,975,000), refund a portion of Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A (\$37,000,000), and refund a portion of Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A (\$26,185,000). The issuance provided net proceeds of \$99,370,368, which is inclusive of underwriter's discount and cost of issuance totaling \$789,632. As a result of the refunding, aggregate debt service payments over the remaining life of the 2005A bonds and 2006A bonds, together, were reduced by \$8,331,490, which provided a net economic gain (calculated as the difference between the net present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$7,414,700, or 10.49%.

On November 19, 2014, the City closed on the sale of \$19,185,000 Commercial Paper Notes, Series A, with a coupon at fiscal year end of 0.08%.

On September 29, 2015, the City closed on the sale of \$25,000,000 Commercial Paper Notes, Series A, with a coupon at fiscal year end of 0.05%.

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

G. Demand Bonds Issued by the City:

Each series of demand bonds listed below meets the criteria for inclusion as long term debt of the City.

\$154,535,000 Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A:

Bond Terms - The Series 2008A Transportation Bonds (the Bonds) are uninsured variable rate demand bonds which mature and are remarketed every seven days at a reset interest rate.

Liquidity Agreement Terms - Liquidity for the Bonds is provided by a Standby Bond Purchase Agreement (the Agreement) with JPMorgan Chase Bank (the Bank) dated April 1, 2008 and expiring July 18, 2016.

Terms of Take Out - The Agreement contains a mandatory purchase provision requiring the Bank to purchase the Bonds if the Agreement is not replaced or renewed by the expiration date. If the Bonds were to be purchased by the Bank, then the City would be required to amortize the balance of the Bonds (\$127,360,000 as of the current termination date) over 12 equal quarterly installments beginning 180 days after the date of purchase.

As of September 30, 2015, there were no advances outstanding or bank bonds held under this Agreement.

\$67,285,000 Capital Projects Bonds, Series 2008A:

Bond Terms - The Series 2008A Capital Projects Bonds (the Bonds) are uninsured variable rate demand bonds which mature and are remarketed every seven days at a reset interest rate.

Liquidity Agreement Terms - Liquidity for the Bonds is provided by a Letter of Credit and Reimbursement Agreement (the Agreement) with the Bank of America (the Bank) dated July 1, 2008 and expiring July 15, 2016.

Terms of Take Out - The Agreement contains a mandatory purchase provision requiring the Bank to purchase the Bonds if the Agreement is not replaced or renewed by the expiration date. If either i) the Bonds were to be purchased by the Bank or ii) the Bank extends an advance to the City under the Letter of Credit, then the City would be required to amortize the balance of the Bonds (\$56,095,000 as of the current termination date) over 10 equal semi-annual installments beginning 6 months after the date of purchase or advance.

As of September 30, 2015, there were no advances outstanding or bank bonds held under this Agreement.

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

H. Non-Asset Debt:

The City has issued debt for the benefit of its component units or other public use entities where the asset acquired or constructed will not be owned by the primary government. An expense is recorded by the City instead of a capital asset on the citywide statements, while the debt remains as a liability of the City. The following is a listing of the outstanding debt in the Governmental Activities that was issued for non-asset backed debt (in thousands):

Excise Taxes Bonds	Entity or Purpose		Amount
Series 1993	Jacksonville Port Authority	\$	1,264
Series SR 2012C bonds	Shands Jacksonville Medical Center		39,725
Series SR 2013E bonds	Jacksonville Port Authority		34,340
Better Jacksonville Plan (BJP) Transportation	Bonds_		
Series 2007	Jacksonville Transportation Authority (JTA) road projects		48,196
Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B-1	Jacksonville Transportation Authority (JTA)		,
	road projects		2,166
Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B	Jacksonville Transportation Authority (JTA)		10.069
Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2011B	road projects Jacksonville Transportation Authority (JTA)		10,968
Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2011B	road projects		16,899
Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B	Jacksonville Transportation Authority (JTA)		10,0))
Ç	road projects		45,850
BJP State Infrastructure Bank Loan			
Loan #1	JTA road projects - BJP		19,397
Loan #2	JTA road projects - BJP		22,278
	Other Bond Issues		
Various	Misc. projects - BJP		52,315
Various	Misc. projects – other		34,993
	Banking Fund Financed Projects		
Various	Misc. projects – other	_	65,884
TOTAL		\$	394,275

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8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

I. Defeased Debt:

The City has defeased certain serial bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements.

As of September 30, 2015, the City had legally defeased the following bond maturities (in thousands):

Issue	Refunded by	Principal Balance at September 30, 2015	Investment Balance with Escrow Agent at September 30, 2015 (a)
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series Series 1996 (RCR)	Cash Refunded on October 10, 2002	\$14,535	\$15,079
Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2009C	Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A	6,995	\$7,170
Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A	Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A	5,300	\$5,433
Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B	Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013C	7,705	\$7,898
Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2011B	Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013C	7,000	\$7,175
Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A	Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014	41,485	\$42,478
Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A	Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014	29,190	\$29,889

⁽a) Source: Escrow Agent's Records (unaudited)

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8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

J. Derivative Instrument Payments and Hedged Debt:

The City has entered into two interest rate swaps structured as integrated hedges with the same amortization as the bonds resulting in synthetic fixed rate debt in the Better Jacksonville Plan financing. For purposes of credit, the swaps are secured by a pledge on the City's transportation sales tax and constitutional gas tax with a lien on parity to the bonds. The counterparty does not have the right to terminate these transactions unless a termination event occurs. The City retains the right to terminate the swap agreements at any time.

The City computed the actual synthetic rate for both swaps for the year ended September 30, 2015, by adding the net swap payments to the variable rate interest paid and dividing by the notional amount. It was determined that the actual synthetic rate for the swap agreement dated January 23, 2003 (the "2003 Swap"), fell within 90 to 111 percent of the corresponding swap fixed rate. Using the synthetic instrument method as detailed in GASB 53, the 2003 Swap is deemed an effective hedging instrument and hedge accounting is applied. It was determined that the actual synthetic rate for the swap agreement dated August 23, 2004 (the "2004 Swap") did not meet the GASB 53 requirement to be deemed an effective hedging instrument and, therefore, no hedge accounting was applied.

The swap agreements require the City to post cash collateral when the negative market value of the swap exceeds \$25 million equal to the residual exposure. A lower credit rating will also increase the amount of collateral required. The table below summarizes the key elements of the swaps as of September 30, 2015. The fair values were obtained by the counter-parties' mark-to-market reports submitted to the City.

	2003 Swap (SIFMA Index)	2004 Swap (67% LIBOR)
	Transportation Revenue Refunding	Transportation Revenue Refunding
Bond Series	Bonds, Series 2008B (1)	Bonds, Series 2008B (1)
Counterparty (Rating)	Wells Fargo (Aa2)	Wells Fargo (Aa2)
Effective Date	July 1, 2003	September 30, 2004
Maturity Date	October 1, 2020	October 1, 2027
Notional Amount Outstanding	\$28,565,000	\$57,600,000
Variable Rate Received (2)	0.040%	0.117%
Fixed Rate Paid	4.010%	3.455%
Change in Fair Value - Current Year	\$384,221	(\$755,268)
Underlying Fair Value at Fiscal Year End	(\$3,205,496)	(\$9,180,690)
Net Swap Interest	(\$1,133,897)	(\$1,922,797)

⁽¹⁾ On May 14, 2008, the Series 2008B bonds refunded the Series 2003 Transportation Revenue Bonds and Series 2004A Transportation Revenue Bonds. The 2008B bonds were issued as uninsured variable rate demand bonds, which were remarketed every 7 days. On October 23, 2012, the 2008B bonds were converted to a new Index Rate mode bearing interest at the rate of 67% of LIBOR plus an applicable spread. The 2008B bonds will not maintain liquidity support during the Index Rate mode period (initially three years).

⁽²⁾ Weighted average of rates throughout the fiscal year.

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

J. Derivative Instrument Payments and Hedged Debt (continued)

Credit Risk - As of September 30, 2015, the City was not exposed to credit risk (the risk of economic loss due to a counterparty default on the swap agreements) because each swap had a negative fair value. However, should interest rates change and the fair values of the swaps become positive, the City would then be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the swap's fair value.

Basis Risk - Basis risk is the exposure of the issuer to the difference between the floating rate paid on a variable rate bond and the floating rate received from the swap counterparty. This may occur when the floating rate on the bonds is based on a different index than that is used under the swap agreement. This basis mismatch may result in a revenue shortfall when the variable rate payment received from the swap counterparty is less than the variable rate payment due on the bonds.

As of September 30, 2015, the City has two floating-to-fixed rate swaps outstanding. The 2003 Swap agreement provides that the City receive a variable rate payment based on the SIFMA index. The 2004 Swap agreement provides that the City receive a variable rate payment of 67% of the one month LIBOR rate. On October 1, 2012, the City's outstanding bonds related to the two swaps were converted to a variable Index Rate mode based on 67% of the one month LIBOR rate plus a spread. Therefore, the City is exposed to basis risk on the 2003 Swap. The City is currently not exposed to basis risk on the 2004 Swap.

Market Risk - As of September 30, 2015, the swaps expose the City to market risk (the risk of loss due to the pricing of the swap under the current economic environment) because each swap currently has a negative fair value. If the swaps were to be terminated under the current economic conditions, the City would be liable to the counterparty for a make-whole payment in the amount equal to the negative fair value.

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8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

J. Derivative Instrument Payments and Hedged Debt (continued)

Using rates as of September 30, 2015 and assuming the rates are unchanged for the remaining term of the bonds, the following table shows the debt service requirements and net swap payments for the City's hedged variable rate bonds.

Fiscal Year	V	ariable-Rate Bonds		Swap Interest Payments						Total Bonds			
Ending 9/30	Pri	ncipal	In	terest	Total	Fix	ked Pay	Var. I	Received	N	et Pay	and	d Swaps
2016	\$	5,955	\$	657	\$ 6,612	\$	2,914	\$	78	\$	2,836	\$	9,448
2017		8,915		613	9,528		2,587		72		2,515		12,043
2018		8,990		545	9,535		2,248		66		2,182		11,717
2019		9,285		478	9,763		1,896		59		1,837		11,600
2020		9,310		408	9,718		1,549		53		1,496		11,214
2021-2025		28,600		1,191	29,791		4,372		169		4,203		33,994
2026-2030		16,355		250	16,605		563		22		541		17,146
2031-2035		-			 		-						
		\$87,410		\$4,142	 \$91,552		\$16,129		\$519		\$15,610		\$107,162

The above chart is based upon actual rates as of September 30, 2015. The bond and swap rates as of fical year end were as follows:

City of Jacksonville \$47,775,000 Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 (refunded by the Series 2008B bonds):

The 35-day Index Rate reset was 0.752%

The BMA rate for swap receipts was 0.020%

 $City\ of\ Jackson ville\ \$80,\!275,\!000\ Transportation\ Revenue\ Refunding\ Bonds,\ Series\ 2004A\ (refunded\ by\ the\ Series\ 2008B\ bonds):$

The 35-day Index Rate reset was 0.752% The 67% of LIBOR rate for swap receipts was 0.132%

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

K. Conduit Debt:

The City issued certain conduit debt in the form of industrial development revenue bonds (IDB's) and private activity bonds (PAB's) to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. Conduit debt refers to certain limited-obligation revenue bonds or similar debt instruments issued by the City for the express purpose of providing capital financing for a specific nongovernmental third party. Although conduit debt bears the name of the City as issuer, it is collateralized by the resources provided by the loan with the third party on whose behalf they are issued. The City acts solely as a conduit issuer with respect to the debt.

Conduit debt is collateralized by the property financed and is payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the IDB's and PAB's, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity on whose behalf the bonds were issued. None of the assets or revenues of the City are pledged to the payment of IDB's or PAB's and under the constitution and laws of Florida, the City may not legally pledge any of its revenues or assets to the payment thereof. Neither the City, the state, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of September 30, 2015, the City had \$201,466,905 IDB's and PAB's total principal outstanding. From time to time, certain issues of such conduit debt may be in default or under investigation as to tax-exempt status of interest on such debt, however, this has no effect on the City's financial position.

As of September 30, 2015, the City had a total of \$70,145,000 in conduit debt consisting of Jacksonville Housing Finance Authority, formerly Duval County Housing Finance Authority Single Family and Multi-Family Bonds outstanding. The amount of Single Family Housing Revenue Bonds outstanding was \$5,440,000. The amount of Multi-Family Housing Bonds outstanding was \$64,705,000. Refunding of previous issues make up \$1,380,000 of the total amount outstanding.

As of September 30, 2015, additional conduit debt includes \$1,034,445,396 Jacksonville Health Facilities Authority Bonds outstanding.

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

L. Interest Expense:

Total interest expense for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 was \$83 million for governmental activities and \$12.4 million for business-type activities.

M. Component Unit Long-Term Debt:

The long-term debt presentations for the major component units in Note 8A through Note 8C contains highly summarized data. Detailed debt presentations are available in each major component unit's separately issued financial report, which may be obtained from the finance offices below.

JEA 21 West Church Street Jacksonville, Florida 32202

JPA P.O. Box 3005 Jacksonville, Florida 32206-0005

JTA 121 West Forsyth Street, Suite 200 Jacksonville, Florida 32202

9. A. PENSION PLANS

The City's pension plans adopted GASB Statement No. 67, Financial reporting for Pension Plans – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25, Financial reporting for Pension Plans required for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2013 in fiscal year 2014. This Statement modifies financial reporting by state and local government pension plans that present pension trust funds. The City adopted GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68 required for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2014, in fiscal year 2015. This Statement modifies accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. Accordingly, disclosures required for the City's pension plans are presented in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, and disclosures required for employers regarding pension plans are presented in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 as modified by GASB Statement No. 71.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- a) Basis of Accounting The City's pension trust financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions, benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. The Florida Constitution and the Division of Retirement requires plan contributions be made annually in amounts determined by an actuarial valuation stated as a percent of covered payroll or in dollars. The Florida Division of Retirement reviews and approves the City's actuarial report to ensure compliance with actuarial standards.
- b) **Method Used to Value Investments** Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. The fair value of real estate investments is based on independent appraisals or estimates of fair value as provided by third party fund managers. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value as provided by third party fund managers. Investments are managed by third party money managers while cash and securities are generally held by the City's independent custodian. The City receives a monthly reconciliation of any material differences in pricing by the custodian and manager.

2. Plan Description

a) Plan Administration - The City sponsors two public employee retirement systems (PERS) administered by separate pension boards of trustees that provide retirement, death and disability benefits: the City of Jacksonville Retirement System (JRS) and the Police and Fire Pension Plan. The JRS arises out of Chapter 16 of the City Charter, Chapter 120 of Ordinance Code of the City of Jacksonville, and Chapter 112, Part VII, Florida Statutes. The City Council is responsible for establishing or amending the pension plan provisions. The Police and Fire Plan is administered independently by a five-member board. Substantially all employees of the City participate in one of these two plans with less than 1% of City employees participating in the State of Florida Retirement System.

The JRS is a multiple employer cost sharing, contributory defined benefit pension plan with a defined contribution alternative. JRS includes both the General Employees Retirement Plan (GERP) and the Corrections Officers Retirement Plan (CORP). Effective October 1, 2009, the City added an employee choice defined contribution alternative to the defined benefit plan for all members of the GERP. The City hired a third party administrator to assist employees with the management of their individual accounts within a number of investment options including model portfolios.

9. A. PENSION PLANS (continued)

- 2. Plan Description (continued)
 - a) Plan Administration (continued)

All full-time employees of the City, JEA (Jacksonville Electric Authority), JHA (Jacksonville Housing Authority) and NFTPO (North Florida Transportation Planning Authority) are eligible to participate in GERP upon employment.

All certified corrections officers employed by the City are eligible to participate in the CORP upon employment. There are no separately issued financial statements for the City of Jacksonville Retirement System.

- b) The Jacksonville Retirement System is administered by a nine (9) member Board of Trustees. The Board is comprised of the following officers:
 - i. The Chief Administrative Officer of the City or designee;
 - ii. The Chief Financial Officer or designee;
 - iii. The Chief Human Resources Officer:
 - iv. The Chairperson of the General Employees' Pension Advisory Committee;
 - v. The Chairperson of the Corrections Officers' Advisory Committee;
 - vi. A GERP retiree chosen by the Retired Employees' Association;
 - vii. A retired corrections officer chosen from the Corrections Officers' Advisory Committee.
 - viii. Two citizens appointed by the City Council with professional experience in finance, investments, economics, pension management, pension administration and/or accounting.

The General Employees' Advisory Committee consists of seven (7) members. Six (6) members are elected from among the active contributing participants of the GERP and one (1) member is a retiree elected by the Retired Employees Association. Committee members are elected in even years for a two (2) year term. The Advisory Committee performs all fact finding duties for retirement benefit applications, recommends approval or denial of benefits and reviews all applications to participate in the GERP to the Board of Trustees.

The Corrections Officers Advisory Committee consists of five (5) members who must be active contributing members of the CORP. Committee members are elected in even years for a two (2) year term. The Advisory Committee performs all fact finding duties for retirement benefit applications, recommends approval or denial of benefits and all applications to participate in the CORP to the Board of Trustees.

3. The Police and Fire Pension Plan is a single-employer contributory defined benefit pension plan covering all full-time certified police officers and firefighters employed by the City of Jacksonville Sheriff's Office and Fire and Rescue Department, respectively. The separately issued financial statements for the Police and Fire Pension Plan are available from the Police and Fire Pension Fund, located at One West Adams Street, Suite 100, Jacksonville, FL 32202.

9. A. PENSION PLANS (continued)

4. Plan Membership

Pension plan membership consisted of the following:

PENSION MEMBERSHIP

	Jacksonville Ret			
	General	Corrections	Police and Fire Pension Plan As of 10/1/2014	
	Employee	Officers		
	Pension Plan	Pension Plan		
Membership:	As of 10/1/2014	As of 10/1/2014		
Retirees and beficiaries currently receiving benefits	4,907	186	2,228	
Deferred retirement Option (DROP) participants	-	120	511	
Terminated employes vested, not yet receiving benefits	76	1	62	
Active employment plan members	5,026	616	2,237	
Total plan membership	10,009	923	5,038	

5. Plan Benefits Provided:

- a) General Employee Retirement Plan is open to employees of the City of Jacksonville-other than police officers and firefighters, JEA (Jacksonville Electric Authority), JHA (Jacksonville Housing Authority) and NFTPO (North Florida Transportation Planning Authority). Appointed officials and permanent employees not in the civil service system may opt to become members of the Retirement System. Elected officials are members of the Florida Retirement System Elected Officer Class. Participation in the Retirement System is mandatory for all full time employees of the City who otherwise meet the requirements for participation. Members of the GERP are eligible to retire with a normal pension benefit upon achieving one of the following:
 - i. Completing thirty (30) years of credited service, regardless of age;
 - ii. Attaining age fifty-five (55) with twenty (20) years of credited service; or
 - iii. Attaining age sixty-five (65) with five (5) years of credited service.
 - iv. There is no mandatory retirement age.

Upon reaching one of the three conditions for retirement described above, a member is entitled to a retirement benefit of two and one-half (2.5) percent of final average compensation, multiplied by the number of years of credited service, up to a maximum benefit of eighty (80) percent of final monthly compensation. A time service retirement benefit is payable bi-weekly to commence upon the first payday coincident with or next payday following the member's actual retirement and will continue until death.

Each member and survivor is entitled to a cost of living adjustment ("COLA"). The COLA consists of a three (3) percent increase of the retiree's or survivor's pension benefits, which compounds annually. The COLA commences in the first full pay period of April occurring at least 4.5 years (and no more than 5.5 years) after retirement. In addition, there is a supplemental benefit. The supplemental benefit is equal to five dollars (\$5) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. This benefit may not exceed one-hundred and fifty dollars (\$150) per month.

9. A. PENSION PLANS (continued)

5. Plan Benefits Provided (continued)

- b) **The Corrections Officers' Retirement Plan** is open solely to corrections officer employees of the City. Participation in the Retirement System is mandatory for all full time corrections officers of the City who otherwise meet the requirements for participation. Members of the Corrections Officers' Retirement Plan are eligible to retire with a full pension benefit upon achieving one of the following:
 - i. completing twenty (20) years of service, regardless of age; or
 - ii. attaining age sixty-five (65) with five (5) years of service.
 - iii. There is no mandatory retirement age.

Upon reaching one of the above described conditions required for a time service retirement. A member's time service retirement benefit is calculated as follows:

- i. The first twenty (20) years of credited service are multiplied by three (3) percent of final monthly compensation, up to a maximum of sixty (60) percent of final monthly compensation.
- ii. For service time beyond twenty (20) years of credited service, the number of years and months in excess of twenty (20) years is multiplied by two (2) percent of final monthly compensation, up to a maximum of twenty (20) percent of final monthly compensation.

A member's time service retirement benefit may not exceed eighty (80) percent of final monthly compensation. A time service retirement is payable on a bi-weekly basis and will continue until death.

Each member and survivor is entitled to a cost of living adjustment ("COLA"). The COLA consists of a three (3) percent annual increase of the retiree's or survivor's pension benefits, which compounds annually. In addition, there is a supplemental benefit equal to five dollars (\$5) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. This benefit may not exceed one-hundred and fifty dollars (\$150) per month.

The Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") is a program in which a member defers receipt of normal retirement benefits while continuing employment with the City. Upon electing to participate in the DROP, a member must submit forms prescribed by the Board including (1) a written election to participate in the DROP; and (2) a selection of DROP participation and retirement dates. If a member elects to participate in the DROP, they must terminate their employment with the City of Jacksonville and retire from service no later than the end of the DROP participation period previously designated. Upon the effective date of participating in the DROP, a member's years of service and final monthly compensation become frozen for purposes of determining pension benefits. Additional service beyond the date of DROP participation no longer accrues any additional benefits under the Retirement System.

The deferred monthly retirement benefits accrue in the Corrections Officers' Pension Plan on behalf of the member, plus interest compounded monthly, for the time of DROP participation. The interest paid on the DROP balance accrues at the same rate as the investment portfolio held by the Retirement System. In addition, the Corrections Officers Pension Plan will deduct two (2) percent from base pay and any service raise of DROP participants as their member contributions instead of the normal eight (8) percent deduction.

9. A. PENSION PLANS (continued)

5. Plan Benefits Provided (continued)

b) The Corrections Officers' Retirement Plan (continued) -

Upon termination of employment, the member will receive the total DROP benefits and begin to receive the previously determined normal retirement benefits. The money that accumulates during DROP participation may be distributed in four different manners: (1) the DROP account may be distributed by lump sum, in which all accrued DROP benefits are paid directly to the participant; (2) the DROP benefits may be distributed by direct rollover, in which all DROP benefits are paid to the custodian of an eligible retirement plan as defined in Section 402(c)(8)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code; (3) the DROP benefits may be distributed in a partial lump sum, in which only a portion of the accrued DROP benefits are distributed, with the remaining amount rolled over to a qualified plan; or (4) by monthly distribution paid in bi-weekly amounts, but not to exceed 90 days following actual retirement. The balance of the DROP benefits held in trust for DROP Participants totaled \$16.6 million as of September 30, 2015.

c) The Police and Fire Pension plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are calculated as 3 percent of the employee's final 2-year average salary times the employee's years of service up to 20 years and 2 percent thereafter (80 percent maximum benefit). Employees with 5 or more years of continuous service are eligible to retire at 20 years from the date of employment. Benefits are increased 3 percent annually after retirement.

Employees are eligible for non-duty related death and disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related death and disability benefits upon hire. Terminated vested employees have the option to withdraw their contributions, while non-vested terminated employees must withdraw their contributions.

Benefits were modified in 2015, impacting both existing employees and new hires. Changes included phased in employee contribution rate increases to 10% of payroll from 7% for all employees, an accrual rate reduction from 3% to 2.5%, lengthened service time requirement to 30 years from 20, COLA guarantee removed and linked to CPI, the guaranteed 8.4% interest rate on DROP accounts for existing employees removed and linked to actual plan return, and for new employees the DROP eligibility is removed. For a full breakdown of the new benefit package please see City Ordinance Code Section 121, Part 2.

For a full description of benefits provided by PFPF, refer to the separately issued financial statements for the Police and Fire Pension Plan that are available from the Police and Fire Pension Fund, located at One West Adams Street, Suite 100, Jacksonville, FL 32202.

d) Florida Retirement System

Plan Description - The City also participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a multiple-employer cost-sharing retirement system which covers less than 1% of the City's full-time employees. FRS is a defined-benefit contributory retirement plan, administered by the State of Florida, Division of Retirement. The System provides vesting of benefits after six years of creditable service. Members are eligible for normal retirement after they have met one of the following; (1) after 30 years of service regardless of age; (2) six years of service and age 62; or (3) 25 years special risk service (age 55 if not continuous).

9. A. PENSION PLANS (continued)

5. Plan Benefits Provided (continued)

d) Florida Retirement System (continued)

Early retirement may be taken any time after completing six years of service; however, there is a 5% benefit reduction for each year prior to normal retirement. Benefits are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation and service credit. Average final compensation is the average of the five highest years of earnings. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by state statutes. The funding methods and the determination of benefits payable are provided in various Acts of the State Legislature. These Acts require that employers make actuarially determined contributions at the rates in effect at September 30, 2015, of 5.56% for regular members, 20.34% for special risk members, 40.57% for elected county officials, 19.73% for senior management, and 11.22% for DROP Plan members.

For a full description of benefits and historical trend information showing the System's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the System's June 30, 2015 annual financial report. The report may be obtained from the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, -11

6. Contributions - The Florida Constitution requires plan contributions be made annually in amounts determined by an actuarial valuation in either dollars or as a percentage of payroll. The Florida Division of Retirement reviews and approves the City's actuarial report to ensure compliance with actuarial standards and appropriateness for funding purposes.

PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS (in thousands)

Jacksonville Retirement System General Corrections Police Officers Employee and Fire Pension Plan Pension Plan Pension Plan 8% Required Employee Contribution Rate 8% 7% \$21,795 Employee Contributions for Fiscal Year Ended 2015 \$2,466 \$11,963 31.90% 116.83% Required Employer Contribution Rate 62.81% Employer Contributions for Fiscal Year Ended 2015 \$82,618 \$17,832 \$153,015 Pension base covered payroll for Fiscal Year 2014 \$262,369 \$27,374 \$134,521

7. Pension Investments

a) **Investment Policy -** The purpose of the City of Jacksonville Retirement System Board and the Police and Fire Pension Board is to provide long-term benefits to the Plans' participants and their beneficiaries. It is the Board's intention that the investment policies be sufficiently specific to be meaningful but adequately flexible to be practical. The investment objective is to preserve the purchasing power of assets and earn a reasonable real rate of return (after inflation) over the long term while minimizing, to the extent reasonable, the short-term volatility of returns.

9. A. PENSION PLANS (continued)

- 7. Pension Investments (continued)
 - a) Investment Policy (continued) -

After a thorough review of the expected risk and return of various asset mixes, the Boards of Trustees have established the following target asset allocations for all assets of the City of Jacksonville Retirement System and Police and Fire Pension Fund as indicated in the table below:

	Jacksonville Retirement System	Police & Fire Pension Fund		
Asset Class	Target	Target		
Domestic equity	35%	35%		
International equity	20%	20%		
Fixed Income	19%	22%		
Real estate/Real assets	25%	15%		
MLPs/Energy		8%		
Cash	1%	0%		
Total	100%	100%		

There were no changes in the investment policy in the current year. There are no individual investments in JRS or PFPF Systems that exceed 5% of plan assets at September 30, 2015.

b) **Rate of Return** – The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. For the year ended September 30, 2015 the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was -2.12% for the Jacksonville Retirement System and -3.95% for the Police and Fire Pension Fund.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of investments expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocations as of October 1, 2014 are summarized below:

	Jacksonville Retirement System	Police & Fire Pension Fund		
Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Domestic equity	6.57%	5.40%		
International equity	7.27%	5.50%		
Fixed Income	1.47%	1.30%		
Real estate/Real assets	4.37%	4.50%		
MLPs/Energy	-	5.50%		
Cash	0.87%	1.40%		

9. A. PENSION PLANS (continued)

8. Pension Plans: Net Pension Liability

a) The components of the net pension liability as of September 30, 2015 were as follows:

Net Pension Liability

(in millions)

	Jacksonv	ille Retiremei	nt System			
	Gen	eral	Cor	rections	F	Police
	Emp	loyee	O	fficers	aı	nd Fire
	Pensio	on Plan	Pens	sion Plan	Pension Plan	
Net Pension Liability (in millions): 10/01/2014						
Total pension liability	\$	2,676	\$	322	\$	3,013
Plan fiduciary net position	\$	1,848	\$	164	\$	1,390
Net pension liability	\$	828	\$	158	\$	1,623
Net position as a % of total pension liability		69.06%		50.81%		46.13%
Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:						
Date of last actuarial valuation	Octo	ber 1, 2014	Oct	ober 1, 2014	Oc	tober 1, 2014
Experience period	Oct 2007	- Sep 2014	Oct 200	7 - Sep 2014	Oct 200	6 - Sep 2011
Inflation		2.75%		2.75%		2.5%
Salary increases (Long-Term Payroll Inflation)		2.75%		2.75%		4.0%
Investment Rate of Return		7.50%		7.50%		7.00%
Discount Rate		7.50%		7.50%		7.00%
Mortality Tables in use		RP-2014		RP-2014		RP-2000

- b) **Discount Rate:** The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions are made at their applicable contribution rates and that the employer's contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on these assumptions the Plans' fiduciary net positions are projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the Plans' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. Cash flow projections were run for a 120-year period.
- c) Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net pension liabilities of the Plans, calculated using the discount rate and what the Plans' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

Net Pension Liability (in millions)

	Discount Rate	General Employee pension plan	Discount Rate	Corrections Officers pension plan	Discount Rate	Police and Fire pension Plan
1% Decrease	6.50%	1,143	6.50%	205	6.00%	2,090
Current Rate	7.50%	828	7.50%	158	7.00%	1,623
1% Increase	8.50%	565	8.50%	121	8.00%	1,241

9. B. PENSION LIABILITY, EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

1. Pension Liability

At the year ending September 30, 2015 the City of Jacksonville recorded a total Pension Liability of \$2,198 million. The pension plans providing the information and liability balances are reported below:

Changes in Net pension Liabilty

(in thousands)

	Ge	neral Employees Pension Plan	Co	prrections Officers' Pension Plan	Po	olice & Frefighters Pension Plan	Florida Retirement System
Changes in Net Pension Liability							
Beginning Pension Liability Balance FY 2014	\$	1,255,483	\$	291,177	\$	2,876,606	\$ 50,137
Service Cost	\$	18,371		6,680		47,915	687
Interest	\$	94,003		21,997		203,577	3,736
Change of benefit term	\$	-				-	-
Differences in actuarial experience	\$	(2,663)		5,963		22,671	512
Change of assumption	\$	50,479		10,765		F-1	56
Benefit payments and refund of contributions	\$	(85,084)		(14,677)		(138,179)	(3,259)
Net Change in total pension liability	\$	75,106		30,728		135,984	1,732
Ending Pension Liability Balance FY 2015	\$	1,330,589	\$	321,905	\$	3,012,590	\$ 51,869
Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Beginning Plan fiduciary net position FY 2014	\$	861,806	\$	147,070	\$	1,209,581	\$ 47,350
Contributions - employer		35,301		13,522		148,277	805
Contributions - employee		10,421		2,253		10,068	220
Net investment income		96,886		15,468		147,333	1,743
Chapter funds and other income		-		-		14,892	-
Benefit payments and refund of contributions		(85,084)		(14,677)		(138,179)	(3,259)
Administrative expense		(412)		(65)		(2,224)	(6)
Net Change in Plan fiduciary net position		57,112		16,501		180,167	(497)
Ending Plan fiduciary net position FY 2015	\$	918,919	\$	163,571	\$	1,389,748	\$ 46,853
Net Pension Liability	\$	411,670	\$	158,334	\$	1,622,842	\$ 5,016

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes: There have been no changes in benefit provisions since GASB 67 implementation. *Change of Assumptions:* In 2014, the assumed investment return was lowered from 7.75% to 7.50% and the mortality assumptions were changed to reflect recent experience and to include generational projection of mortality improvements.

9. B. PENSION LIABILITY, EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

2. Pension Expense

For the year ended September 30, 2015 the City recognized pension expense is \$203.2 million. The City reported pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Pension Expense

(in thousands)

			D	eferred Outflow		eclass of Current		
	Ac	tuarial Pension		Contribution	Ye	ar Contributions	re	ported for Fiscal
		Expense		Amortization	to I	Deferred Outflow		Year 2015
General Employee Pension Plan	\$	40,351	\$	69	\$	(39,859)	\$	40,420
Corrections Officers Pension Plan		16,635		112	\$	(17,832)		16,748
Police & Firefighters Pension Plan		145,329		(0)	\$	(154,152)		145,329
Florida State Retirement System		222		346	\$	(196)		743
Total Pension Expense	\$	202,537	\$	527	\$	(212,039)	\$	203,240

3. Contributions -

Contributions of \$212.0 million were reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City of Jacksonville contributions subsequent to the September 30, 2014 measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

CURRENT YEAR EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

(in thousands)

	General Employees	Corrections Officers'	Police & Firefighters	Florida State
_	Pension Plan	Pension Plan	Pension plan	Retirement System
Fiscal Year ended 9/30/2015	39,859	17,832	154,152	196

4. Deferred Outflow/Inflow Amortization

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are illustrated below.

Deferred Outflows and (Inflows) of resources

(in thousands)

	General Employees	es Corrections Officers'	Police & Firefighters	Florida State
	Pension Plan	Pension Plan	Pension plan	Retirement System
Differences in expected and actual		·	·	
experience	\$ (2,131	1) \$ 5,112	\$ 17,459	\$ 334
Changes in assumptions	40,383	3 9,227	-	344
Difference in projected and actual				
investment earnings	(25,310	0) (3,224)	(40,143)	(973)
Total	1 \$ 12,942	2 \$ 11,115	\$ (22,684)	\$ (295)

9. B. PENSION LIABILITY, EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS (continued)

4. Deferred Outflow/Inflow Amortization (continued)

Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) Amortization for future years

(in thousands)

	G	eneral Employees	Co	orrections Officers'	Po	lice & Firefighters		Florida State
		Pension Plan		Pension Plan		Pension plan	Re	etirement System
September 30, 2016	\$	3,236	\$	1,584	\$	4,824	\$	177
September 30, 2017		3,236		1,584		4,824	\$	177
September 30, 2018		3,236		1,584		4,824	\$	177
September 30, 2019		3,234		1,584		8,212	\$	177
Thereafter		-		4,779		-		569
Total	\$	12,942	\$	11,115	\$	22,684	\$	1,277

C. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The City has, by ordinance a Defined Contribution (DC) plan within the Jacksonville Retirement System for General Employee participants of the City of Jacksonville, Jacksonville Electric Authority and the Jacksonville Housing Authority, as an alternative to the Defined Benefit (DB) plan. Both employer and employee contributions to the DC plan stated as a percentage of pay were 7.7% and totaled \$2.4 and \$2.4 million for the 2014-15 fiscal year. Employer contributions totaling \$1.5 million were transferred in to the DC plan for participants that converted from DB to DC. Employees vest in the employer contributions to the plan at 25% after two years, and 25% per year thereafter until fully vested after five years of service. Employees can electively change from the DC plan to the DB plan, or vice versa, up to three times within their first five years of participation.

D. UNFUNDED PENSION LIABILITY

The City recorded its unfunded pension liability in the City-wide Governmental Activities financial statements. There was not an allocation of this liability to the proprietary funds/Business-type Activities or fiduciary funds as there is not an expectation that those type funds/activities will be paying or raising rates to pay for the unfunded liability.

Police and Fire Pension and Corrections Pension are all governmental fund activities so their entries are recorded in the City-wide Governmental Activities financial statements as well.

Mayor Curry and his Administration worked with the state to allow the City to extend a sales tax to pay down the unfunded liability, which passed both House and Senate and Governor Scott signed. The City will be putting that on an upcoming referendum in the Fall, which would be voted on by the citizens of the City. This influx of funding would be recorded in the general fund and flow up to the City-wide Governmental Activities financial statements.

10. POST EMPLOYEMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (OPEB)

Plan Description: The City provides retirees with the option to purchase health insurance from the City's single employer, experience rated health insurance contract plan (Plan) that provides medical benefits to active and eligible retirees at the City's group rate as mandated by Florida Statute 112.0801 and therefore has an implicit rate subsidy benefit for the retirees' participation. As of the valuation date, the Plan had approximately 7,063 active participants and 1,110 retirees receiving benefits. The Plan does not issue a separate publicly available financial report.

Funding Policy: To date, the City has followed a pay-as-you-go funding policy, contributing only those amounts necessary to provide for its portion of current year benefit costs and expenses plus any addition to the reserve for accrued costs incurred but not yet reported, as determined as part of the insurance contract. The contribution requirements of Plan members are established by the City. The City pays any remaining required amounts after contributions of plan members are taken into account. Currently, retired members pay the full premium associated with the coverage elected; no direct City subsidy is currently applicable; however, there is an implicit cost discussed below. Spouses and other dependents are also eligible for coverage, and the member is responsible for payment of the applicable premiums. Plan members contributed \$3.8 million in premiums for fiscal year 2015, representing 25.0% of the total fiscal year 2015 OPEB cost.

State of Florida law prohibits the City from separately rating retirees and active employees. The City therefore assigns to both groups equal, blended-rate premiums. Although both groups are assigned the same blended rate premiums, GAAP requires the actuarial liabilities to be calculated using age-adjusted premiums approximating claim costs for retirees separate from active members. The use of age-adjusted premiums results in the full expected retiree obligation recognized in this disclosure.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB obligation: The City's annual other postemployment benefit cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC).

The City has elected to calculate the ARC and related information using the Entry Age Normal Salary Based Cost Method. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years on an open basis. It is calculated assuming a level percentage of projected payroll. Annual requirements include a 3% general inflation rate assumption, a 4.0% discount rate, compounded annually, based on assumptions that the plan will be unfunded. The annual health care cost trend rate was assumed at 8% at September 30, 2015 grading down by 0.5% each year until an ultimate health care cost trend rate is reached in 2022 of 4.5%. The projected salary increase assumption is 3.5% per year.

10. POST EMPLOYEMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (OPEB) (continued)

The actuarial accrued liability (AAL) was determined as of September 30, 2015, based on the above assumptions and cost method, and applied to member data current at September 30, 2015. Liabilities were developed based on age adjusted costs for retirees currently receiving Plan benefits as of September 30, 2015, with an AAL calculated to be \$152.8 million, which is unfunded (or 0% funded). The annual covered payroll is \$347 million, resulting in an unfunded AAL of 38.5%. The actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective using methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in AAL and actuarial value of assets. The Plan provisions affecting the valuation were those in effect on September 30, 2015. The calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

OPEB Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45 results are not based on the assumption that all members terminate service as of the valuation date, but rather on the assumption that the various forces of decrement-future disablement, future mortality, future termination of employment, and future retirement-continue to be operative.

Plan Obligation: (in thousands)	2015
Annual Required City Contribution (ARC)	\$ 14,818
Interest on Plan Obligation	2,081
Adjustment to ARC	 (1,858)
Annual Plan Retiree Cost	\$ 15,041
Contributions Made	 (3,767)
Change in Plan Obligation	 11,274
Plan Obligation Beginning of Year	 52,016
Plan Obligation End of Year	\$ 63,290

At fiscal year-end 2015, the City accrued \$61 million in the Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position, \$2.1 million in the Business-Type Activities Statement of Net Position.

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2015 and the preceding years are as follows: (in thousands)

	Percentage							
Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB	of Annual OPEB	Net OPEB					
Ended	Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation					
9/30/2013	13,238	30.8%	43,429					
9/30/2014	13,278	35.3%	52,016					
9/30/2015	14,818	25.0%	63,290					

10. POST EMPLOYEMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (OPEB) (continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

11. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PROGRAM

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation program created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 and Chapter 112.215, Florida Statutes. During the year ended September 30, 1999, the City complied with the requirements of subsection (g) of IRC Section 457 and, accordingly, all assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. Pursuant to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, the financial statements do not display deferred compensation balances in an Agency Fund.

12. RISK FINANCING

A. Public Liability and Workers Compensation:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omission; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Risk Management Division ("Division") administers the public liability (general liability and automobile liability) and workers' compensation self-insurance program ("Program") covering the activities of the City general government, JEA, Jacksonville Housing Authority, Jacksonville Port Authority, and the Jacksonville Aviation Authority.

The Program's self-insurance fund provides coverage for the workers' compensation and tort liability of the City, including its members, officers, employees, or agents. It is established pursuant to Jacksonville City Ordinance, Chapter 128. The Program is a combination of self-insurance, coupled with a layer of excess coverage to mitigate aberrant and substantial unexpected losses.

The City does transfer some its risk through the purchase of insurance for its other exposures. The City purchases coverage for Watercraft (P&I)/Hull, Wharfinger Liability, Fine Arts, Out of State Automobile Liability, and General Liability (Rails to Trails, Power Lines Easement, Riverwalk, and Voting Precincts) to transfer risk. The policies are subject to sublimits, policy aggregates (where applicable) terms, conditions and exclusions as noted in the policies. Coverages are applicable to specific entities named as a named insured. The attached schedule indicates the major categories of coverage transferred to insurers.

12. RISK FINANCING (continued)

A. Public Liability and Workers Compensation: (continued)

	Liı	mits Occurrence	
Coverage's		and Aggregate	Retentions/Deductibles
General Liability (City, JEA, JPA, JHA and JAA) - Casualty Package	\$	5,000,000	\$ 1,500,000
Automobile Liability	\$	1,000,000	\$ 1,500,000
Workers' Compensation Benefits		Statutory	\$ 1,250,000
Worker's Compensation Employers' Liability	\$	1,000,000	\$ 1,250,000
Worker's Compensation Communicable Disease (Coverage a & b)	\$	50,000,000	\$ 1,250,000
Workers' Compensation Aircraft - \$1,000,000 Anyone Life (Coverage a & b)	\$	5,000,000	\$ 1,250,000
Property (Real & Personal Property) -	\$	400,000,000	\$ 100,000
Property Terrorism (includes a Bodily Injury \$10,000,000 Sublimit)	\$	100,000,000	\$ 100,000
Boiler and Machinery	\$	100,000,000	\$ 50,000
Employee Fidelity	\$	5,000,000	\$ 75,000
Aircraft Liability	\$	20,000,000	\$
Aircraft Physical Damage (Schedule Value)	\$	6,733,734	Various/Per Schedule
Watercraft (P&I)	\$	10,000,000	\$ 2,000
Watercraft Physical Damage	\$	8,908,870	Various/Per Schedule
Wharfingers Liability	\$	5,000,000	\$ 1,000
Fine Arts - Scheduled Value	\$	2,708,950	\$1,000/2% Named Windstorm
Out of State Automobile Liability	\$	1,000,000	\$ -
Rails to Trail General Liability	\$	3,000,000	\$ 1,000
Power Lines Easement General Liability	\$	2,000,000	\$ 500
Riverwalk General Liability	\$	5,000,000	\$ 5,000
Voting Precincts General Liability	\$	1,000,000	\$ 500

- (1) The Casualty Package provided by Lloyds of London Brit Program includes but is not limited to General Liability, Law Enforcement Liability Public Officials/Employment Liability, Automobile and a Workers' Compensation Buffer Layer of \$500,000 for all employees except First Responders. Buffer Layer for First Responders is \$250,000 with \$250,000 self-insured by the City. N.Y. Marine and General Liability is providing Excess Worker's Compensation Coverage which includes a retention of \$1.75 million with a \$500,000 Otherwise Recoverable/Corridor Deductible excess of \$1,250,000 per occurrence.
- (2) The property policy deductible for named windstorm losses is equal to 5% of the total insured values and applied separately to Building(s) and their associated Contents subject to a minimum deductible of \$250,000 and maximum of \$25million per occurrence. The policy also has \$25,000 deductibles that apply to Jacksonville Port Authority Equipment Floater, Fine Arts (Excess over other collected insurance) and Property in Transit and Electronic Data Program Equipment and Media. The policy includes Service Interruption coverage with a 24 hours waiting period.
- (3) Crime coverage affords a \$5 million Employee Theft/ Faithful Performance except \$3 million each for Forgery or Alteration, Inside the Premises (Theft of Money and Securities), Inside Premises (Robbery or Safe Burglary of Other Property), Outside the Premises, Computer Fraud, Funds Transfer Fraud and Money Orders and Counterfeit Money. Employee Theft Deductibles (as applicable) is \$75,000 except all other with a \$25,000 deductible applicable a per loss or occurrence basis.
- (4) Aircraft physical damage deductibles are for aircrafts not in motion or in motion: (1) \$1,000 is for rotor wings not in motion and \$250 fixed wings; 5% of hull not to exceed \$25,000 value for rotor wings in motion and \$1,000 fixed wings (varies per schedule). Watercraft physical damage deductibles are in the range of \$100 to \$55,000. These deductibles are based upon the vessel value.

12. RISK FINANCING (continued)

A. Public Liability and Workers Compensation: (continued)

Annually, as of September 30, the Program has a third party actuary review the claim history for all open claim years. The actuary projects the ultimate claim payment obligation (including the incurred but not reported claims and claim development) for each year's claim experience and the probable loss fund cost for the new fiscal year. The City uses in-house defense for General and Automobile Liability and outside defense counsel for Workers' Compensation. The City's Self-Insurance Program liability starting with the current fiscal year is established at the expected confidence level on a 4% discounted basis in the amount of \$98,952,000 for General and Automobile Liability, and Workers' Compensation. Actuarial ULAE projections of \$8,509,000 on a 4% discounted basis at the expected confidence level are not included. The City had in prior fiscal years established a liability for General and Automobile Liability, and Workers' Compensation at an undiscounted expected confidence level.

The probable loss fund estimate is used to budget the self-insurance fund for general liability, automobile liability, and workers' compensation. As an internal service fund, charges are billed to the various funds and component units of the City. If an adjustment is necessary to increase the reported fund liability to reflect the actuary's estimated ultimate claim payment, then the self-insurance fund will either draw upon its accumulated net assets and/or initiate a year-end billing to the City itself and component units of the City.

The City's practice of cash funding the projected ultimate claims payment is intended to temporarily accumulate net assets, which can be used to meet changes in estimates over time. Projected ultimate claims payment experience is as of the end of each fiscal year, even though some payments may not be made until a later date.

The City maintains separate fiscal year accounting, which allows any excess revenues available to be returned to the City itself, and component units and the accumulation of an operating reserve authorized by the City of Jacksonville Ordinance Code Section 106.106. As of September 30, 2015, the City has a deficit in the Self-Insurance fund of \$31 (in thousands) and an operating reserve in the amount of \$298 (in thousands) for a combined net position of \$267 (in thousands). In the Supplemental Section of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, is a trend information schedule for general/auto liability and workers' compensation, entitled "Schedule of Self-Insurance Ten Year Claims Development Information," which reflects the claims paid and liability projection development of each of the most recent ten years as of September 30, 2015.

12. RISK FINANCING (continued)

A. Public Liability and Workers Compensation: (continued)

The following schedule presents the changes in aggregate claims liabilities for the past two years of the self-insurance fund's general liability, automobile liability, and workers' compensation.

SELF-INSURANCE FUND CHANGES IN AGGREGATE CLAIMS LIABILITIES HISTORY (Including ULAE) FOR THE YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30 (in thousands)

General/Auto Liability Workers' Compensation **Totals** 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 Unpaid claims and claims adjustment expenses at beginning of fiscal year \$12,630 \$12,430 \$90,253 \$85,005 \$102,883 \$97,435 Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses: Provisions for insured events of the current fiscal year 3,754 9,373 9,945 13,127 15,072 5,127 Increases (decreases) in provision for 9,355 23,818 16,520 insured events of prior fiscal years 1,118 14,463 15,402 6,245 36,945 Total incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses 13,109 23,836 25,347 31,592 Payments: Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of current fiscal year 1,744 1,776 4,236 4,256 5,980 6,032 Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of prior fiscal year 5,877 4,269 20,510 15,843 26,387 20,112 Total Payments 7,621 6,045 24,746 20,099 32,367 26,144 Total unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at end of fiscal year \$18,118 \$12,630 \$89,343 \$90,253 \$107,461 \$102,883

The following schedule presents the current and noncurrent claims liabilities for the past two years of the self-insurance fund's general liability and automobile liability, and workers' compensation.

SELF-INSURANCE FUND CURRENT AND NONCURENT CLAIMS LIABILITIES (Including ULAE) FOR THE YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30 (in thousands)

	General/Auto Liability		Workers' Compensation			Totals					
	2	2015	2014		2015	:	2014		2015		2014
Current Liability:											
Estimated Liability for self-insured losses	\$	7,135	\$ 6,775	\$	16,574	\$	17,063	\$	23,709	\$	23,838
Noncurrent liability:											
Estimated Liability for self-insured losses		10,983	5,855		72,769		73,190		83,752		79,045
Total Liability	\$	18,118	\$ 12,630	\$	89,343	\$	90,253	\$	107,461	\$	102,883

12. RISK FINANCING (continued)

B. Self-Insured Health Plan:

Effective January 1, 2015 the City elected to move from a fully insured plan to a self-funded arrangement for its group health coverage. The primary driver of this decision was the prohibitive cost of commercial health insurance. The City utilizes Florida Blue as the third party administrator which provides claims adjudication services, provider network contracting and maintenance, and other valuable services. Florida Blue pays claims as they are incurred and bills the City monthly. In order to better manage the risk, the City has contracted for stop-loss insurance with a \$550,000 specific deductible. Once a claim exceeds this threshold, the City is reimbursed for any excess expenses.

The plan is funded by contributions from the City and employees. These funds reside in an internal service fund which is used exclusively for Employee Benefits. The beginning balance of this fund as of January 1, 2015 was \$6,479,716. The City received a pro-share settlement from Florida Blue of \$1,547,615. This was the result of superior claims performance that the City experienced in CY2013 and CY2014 as a fully insured health plan.

Incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims are estimated at \$4,198,505 and are recorded as a liability on the Statement of Net Position. Changes in the reported liability since January 1, 2015 resulted from the following:

Fiscal year	Beginning	Claims and Changes	Claim & Expense	Ending
Ended:	Balance	in Estimates	Payments	Balance
2015	\$ -	\$57.548.858	\$53,350,353	\$4.198.505

As of September 30, 2015 the operating gain was \$10,683,450. The Florida state statues require a safe harbor threshold be maintained in plan reserves. This threshold for FY2015 is \$12,038,994 and the City has plan reserves of \$17,163,166.

13. OTHER REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND AND COMPLIANCE DISCLOSURES

A. Compliance with Finance Related Legal and Contractual Provisions:

In the opinion of management, the City has no violations of finance related legal and contractual provisions.

B. Fund Deficits:

The following individual funds had a fund deficit at September 30, 2015, (in thousands):

Governmental Funds	Net Position
Better Jacksonville Plan	(\$11,692)
Other Non-Bonded Debt Obligations	(\$215)
American Recovery & Reinvestment Act	(\$53)

The Better Jacksonville Plan has experienced a shortfall of dedicated Sales Tax Revenue collections due to the economic downturn and subsequent slow recovery. Expenditures exceeded anticipated revenues in the short term. The deficit is expected to be eliminated through improving Sales Tax collections in the near future. The Other Non-Bonded Debt service fund net position deficit is due to the final payment on development loans in August for which escrowed funds were being held by the Housing and Urban Development Department that will be released upon approval by HUD. The deficit is expected to be eliminated through the receipt of these funds to reimburse the City for the debt payments. The American Recovery & Reinvestment Act incurred expenditures in excess of revenues during the life of the contract. The deficit is expected to be eliminated in the current year.

Enterprise Funds	<u>Net Position</u>
Veterans Memorial Arena	(\$2,369)
Ritz Theatre	(\$172)

The Veterans Memorial Arena and Ritz Theatre fund incurred expenditures in excess of revenues during the fiscal year that will be funded by future operations and additional debt service transfers for Arena asset financing.

13. OTHER REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND AND COMPLIANCE DISCLOSURES

C. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs:

The State of Florida's Solid Waste Management Act of 1988 and regulations of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) require the City to be responsible for constructing and maintaining the final landfill cover, monitoring ground water and methane gas, and continuing leachate management 30 years after its municipally owned landfills stop accepting solid waste and are closed. The estimated total costs of municipal solid waste landfill (MSWLF) closure and post closure (long-term) care costs reported by the City are based upon professional consulting engineers' studies prepared annually pursuant to rules promulgated by EPA and FDEP. However, existing EPA and FDEP closure and long-term regulations may change which might require the City to revise its MSWLF cost estimates used in the future.

MSWLF costs, for open landfills, are recognized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 18, Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post Closure Care Costs. A liability of the Solid Waste Disposal Enterprise Fund is recorded based upon landfill capacity used at fiscal year-end and a current operating expense of the Fund in the fiscal year in which the MSWLF costs are recovered through earned, operating revenue. Expenses for closure and long-term care costs are funded from future operating revenues of the Solid Waste Disposal fund and bond proceeds. As noted in Note 1. P, the application of SFAS No. 71 resulted in certain costs being capitalized and amortized to later periods. The City obtained bond proceeds to support closure and long-term care cost for North and East landfills and Picketville Waste Site. At September 30, 2015 the prepaid balance of the capitalized cost is \$4.1 million, which during the year the City amortized \$1.9 million.

Active Landfill - Trail Ridge

The closure and long-term liability for Trail Ridge as of September 30, 2015 is \$40.1 million which represents a decrease of \$3.4 million compared to the preceding year. This decrease resulted from adjustments for inflation and current annual closure and long-term care cost estimates. The percentage of landfill capacity used is estimated to be 87%, with an estimated remaining life of 30 years.

Inactive Landfills - North and East

North and East landfills closed October 1999 and April 1992, respectively. The long-term liability for North and East as of September 30, 2015 is \$3.3 million for 3 years and \$322 thousand for the last year, respectively. When compared to the preceding year, the liability balances decreased \$650 thousand in aggregate, due to adjustments for current annual closure cost estimates and costs paid for performing and monitoring closure work.

13. OTHER REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND AND COMPLIANCE DISCLOSURES

C. Landfill Closure and Long-term Care Costs: (continued)

Annually, the City is required by Chapter 62-701.630 of the Florida Administrative Code, to accumulate resources for payment of closure and long-term care cost. The City is in compliance with these requirements. As of September 30, 2015 \$20,872,603, which includes \$361,087 for accelerated payments, have been accumulated for payment of closure and long-term care cost (see summary below). Accelerated payments are payments in excess of the required financial assurance balances that are held in reserves for contingencies and are used to offset future operational cost.

	Trail Ridge		North		East	Total		
Current cost of closure	\$	19,530,482	\$	-	\$ -	\$	19,530,482	
Annual cost of long-term care		-		659,330	321,704		981,034	
Accelerate funds above state minimum		361,087					361,087	
Total balance in escrow account		19,891,569	\$	659,330	 321,704		20,872,603	

14. LESSOR OPERATING LEASE

A. Jacksonville Jaguars, LLC. - The City entered into a lease dated September 7, 1993, pursuant to which the City leases EverBank Field, a City owned stadium, and adjacent practice facilities to the Jacksonville Jaguars, Inc. (Jaguars) for a period of 30 years from the first National Football League (NFL) regular season play in 1995; Amendment 5, executed September 6, 2002, extends the lease an additional five years. The City uses the Everbank Field enterprise fund to record the stadium, practice facilities, other related capital assets, and all the related revenues and expenses from use of the stadium and practice facilities under this lease agreement.

The lease entitles the Jaguars to use the stadium on game days, for practices and summer training camp, and for the period necessary before game days. During other periods of time, the City has the right to use the stadium, except for certain administrative spaces, training facilities, suites, and other areas that are for the exclusive use of the Jaguars.

For the first five years, rent is deferred in the amount of \$250,000 per year; in years 6-10 rent is \$500,000 per year; in years 11-20 \$1,000,000; and in the final 15 years \$1.25 million, including the lease extension. Amendment 8, executed January 2006, reduced the total Jaguars rent obligations by \$8,600,000, which was provided through rental reductions in the amount of \$1,433,333 for six payments beginning with the November 2005 payment through the June 2008 payment.

14. LESSOR OPERATING LEASE (continued)

A. Jacksonville Jaguars, LLC. (continued)

Amendment 8 also reduces supplemental lease obligations, with the City's acceptance of payment from the Jaguars in the amount of \$10,197,891 for the full satisfaction of amounts due for Super Bowl net revenues. Rents from years 11 through the end of the lease are subject to escalation based on one-half of any increase in the Consumer Price Index, but not to exceed 2.5% per year.

In addition, the Jaguars are obligated to pay supplemental rent in an amount equal to the annual debt service incurred by the City for certain costs of renovation of \$53.1 million requested by the Jaguars over a 30 year period with interest computed on a tax-exempt basis; inclusive of Amendment 7 executed May 27, 2004.

The lease generally permits the City to retain revenues from City events at the stadium, with some exceptions. Amendments 8 and 12 outline provisions for advertising revenue generated from electronic signage for different stadium functions. The City is required to provide electricity, water and sewer services for the stadium at its expense. The City must maintain the stadium and all leasehold improvements. Per Amendment 8, the City agreed to provide \$1,000,000 for additional electronic signs. The City is required to pay for game day personnel, excluding concessions, on the days of Jaguar games. Amendment 8 gives the Jaguars the responsibility to provide concessions to all events within the concessions area. The Jaguars retain all net revenues from concessions and similar sales on NFL game days. The lease obligates the Jaguars to maintain its franchise at the stadium in Jacksonville and to not relocate unless it pays the City certain guaranteed amounts.

Amendment 9 outlines a revenue sharing agreement for the stadium naming rights and provides the parameters for the marketing of the stadium name. Also, Amendment 9 details additional advertising rights and allows for certain fixed signage at the stadium. However, the subsequent naming rights agreement with EverBank eliminated the City participation in revenue generated from the stadium naming rights.

Amendment 10 outlines the accepted procedures for the use of the City established Sports Complex Capital Maintenance Fund. The agreement allows the Jaguars to advance fund certain capital, repair and maintenance projects at the stadium and receive reimbursement from the City. Amendment 10 also establishes the procedures for the creation of the related capital improvement plan.

Amendment 12 outlines provisions of various improvements to the stadium, including new video boards, renovations and improvements to the North End Zone (NEZ), and stadium Wi-Fi improvements. Total project improvements cost over \$60 million, with the City financing approximately \$44 million. Amendment 13 clarifies or modifies miscellaneous provisions of the lease, and outlines certain rights of the City and Jaguars with regards to the electric signage included in the improvements of Amendment 12.

14. LESSOR OPERATING LEASE (continued) A. Jacksonville Jaguars, LLC. (continued)

A summary of scheduled lease payments is as follows:

Year	Payment
2016	4,768,677
2017	4,749,626
2018	4,734,719
2019	4,718,763
2020	4,701,756
2021 - 2025	19,902,830
2026 - 2030	29,812,663

The Jaguars Operating Lease is subject to the rental provisions of GASB #13 – Accounting for Operating Leases with Scheduled Rent Increases.

The Base Rental associated with the startup of operations and the initial capital costs for transforming the stadium to an NFL stadium has deferred rents for the first five years and then scheduled rent increases throughout the term of the lease, Amendment #8 in FY2005 providing rental credits of \$2,866,666 in FY2006, FY2007, and FY2008, which reduced the rental payment in each of those years. Paragraph 6 of GASB #13 states that "Sometimes an operating lease with scheduled rent increases contains payment requirements in a particular year or years that are artificially low when viewed in the context of earlier or later payment requirements." This occurred with the base rental of the Jaguars contract. Paragraph 6 guidance states that the operating lease transactions should be measured utilizing one of two measures, with Paragraph 6a being "The operating lease transactions may be measured on a straight-line basis over the lease term." The City has recorded a deferred rent receivable of \$10,386,290 due to the application of GASB #13 based on the difference in the actual rent paid and the calculated straight line rent.

In analyzing the lease, there are two conditions that could affect the collection of the deferred rent receivables. The lease has been modified multiple times since the original agreement, providing for rent reduction as noted in amendment #8. Based on this history of amending the lease, there is uncertainty and a potential for other rental reductions or deferments which could put the collection of the deferred rent receivables at risk. Additionally, the lease has several paragraphs concerning early termination of the contract and provides the City of Jacksonville reasonable liquidated damages in the circumstance of the Jaguars leaving the City. This termination provision, in effect, makes the rental collection subject to a year by year basis. The City has an offsetting allowance for the entire \$10,386,290 deferred rent receivables. As payments are made, the deferred receivables and allowance are adjusted accordingly.

14. LESSOR OPERATING LEASE (continued)

B. Shands Jacksonville

Under an agreement with a not-for-profit corporation, Shands Jacksonville, also known as University of Florida Health (UFHealth), the City leases to Shands certain capital assets, principally land and buildings, over a term to September 30, 2027 with an option to renew for an additional forty years to 2067 at \$1 per year. In addition, Shands is to be a full service hospital in support of the indigent care programs of the City of Jacksonville and Duval County under the agreement. Shands is to maintain, in good condition, and make improvements and betterments to the Hospital as necessary over the life of the lease. At termination of the lease, all leased property shall revert to the City as a general government asset.

15. LITIGATION, CONTINGENCIES, AND COMMITMENTS

A. Litigation:

The City is named as party in legal proceedings which occur in the normal course of government operations. Such litigation includes, but is not limited to, claims asserted against the City arising from alleged torts, including claims under the public liability in the Self Insurance Fund, alleged breaches of contract, condemnation proceedings and other alleged violations of state or federal laws.

The City self-insures itself through general liability and workers compensation programs for most claims asserted against the City. For all amounts that are probable of loss the City records an estimated liability in the Self Insurance internal service fund. For amounts where it is not possible at the present time to estimate the ultimate outcome or liability, if any, to the City for the proceedings no accrual is recorded. It is the City's opinion that the ultimate liability in these litigation matters, if any, that have not been accrued, is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position.

B. Grants and Contracts:

The City participates in various federal and state assisted grant programs that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlement to these resources is generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal and state regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a federal or state audit may become a liability of the City. All City agencies and departments are required to comply with various federal regulations issued by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget if such agency or department is a recipient of a federal grant, contract or their sponsored agreement. Certain agencies and departments may not be in total compliance with these regulations. Failure to comply may result in questions concerning eligibility of related direct and indirect charges pursuant to such agreements. It is believed that the ultimate disallowance pertaining to these regulations, if any, will be immaterial to the overall financial condition of the City.

15. LITIGATION, CONTINGENCIES, AND COMMITMENTS (continued)

C. Self-Insurance:

Through the City's Risk Management Division, the City maintains an insurance and self-insurance program (See Note 12). The Division administers the public liability (general liability and automobile liability) and workers' compensation self-insurance program covering the activities of the city general government, JEA, Jacksonville Housing Authority, Jacksonville Port Authority, and Jacksonville Aviation Authority under the City's Ordinance Code Chapter 128. The City purchases commercial insurance for workers' compensation claims in excess of \$1.250 million. Under the laws of the State of Florida, the City has sovereign immunity for state tort claims in excess of \$200,000 per person, and \$300,000 per occurrence. The City retains coverage on all other types of insurance including real and tangible property. The self-insured programs of the City, which are included in the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund, are funded on a dollar-for-dollar basis determined actuarially for the estimated losses for claim development and incurred but not reported claims, and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. Claims are reserved on ultimate probable cost basis.

D. Pollution Remediation:

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 49 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations (GASB 49) provides accounting and financial reporting for pollution remediation obligations. While GASB 49 does not require the City to search for pollution, it does require the City to reasonably estimate and report a remediation liability when any of the following obligating events has occurred:

- The City is compelled to take remediation action because pollution creates an imminent endangerment to public health,
- The City is in violation of pollution prevention,
- The City is named, or has evidence that it will be named as responsible party by a regulator,
- The City is named, or has evidence that it will be named in a lawsuit to enforce cleanup, or
- The City commences or legally obligates itself to conduct pollution remediation activities.

The City recorded a pollution remediation liability as of September 30, 2015 of approximately \$161 million (See Note 8. C for schedule) using the expected cash flow technique. Under this technique, the City estimated a reasonable range of potential outlays and multiplied those outlays by their probability of occurring. However, this liability could change over time due to changes in cost of goods and services, changes in remediation technology, or changes in laws and regulations governing the remediation efforts. The following paragraphs provide further details on the more significant sites.

15. LITIGATION, CONTINGENCIES, AND COMMITMENTS (continued)

D. Pollution Remediation: (continued)

Whitehouse Waste Oil Pits Superfund Site

The US Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) identified the City as a potential responsible party (PRP) at the *Whitehouse Waste Oil Pits Superfund* Site in western Duval County. The City and other (PRPs) participated in the USEPA's Pilot Allocation Project which resulted in the USEPA assuming as much as 65% of the liability at the site, with the City being allocated less than 10% of the liability.

The USEPA estimates \$20 million site costs, with the City paying approximately \$2 million over the life of the project (which includes a 30 year operations and maintenance period). Site work was substantially complete in October 2006 when operations and maintenance work began. The PRPs have more than \$1.9 million on deposit to fund operations and maintenance; however until USEPA officially declares the remedial action complete, the prospect for additional work remains. In January 2008, the City met with adjacent property owners to negotiate the purchase of additional private property to account for the location of the remedial berm. Negotiations are ongoing, with the estimated additional purchase within the limits of the remaining funds contributed by PRPs. The City and other PRPs settled with the USEPA which had sought reimbursement of its cost of a removal action in 1995, regarding the Bill Johns Waste Oil Site.

The City's liability is based on contracting with the waste oil service to empty used oil collection points operated under a recycling grant from the State. Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) has submitted a demand to the PRPs to assess the site further to determine the extent of contamination that may remain after the removal action. The liability to FDEP is being assessed, but the site may be eligible for the state-funded cleanup program, relieving the City of any financial exposure. Because of the uncertainty of this event, no accrual has been recorded.

Ash Sites

The City has identified four sites that were used for incinerator ash waste. The common practice during the 1950s and 1960s was to incinerate garbage and then mix the residual ash waste with other soil and use it as fill dirt. The City and the USEPA signed an agreement in 1999 to develop a plan to remediate the four sites. In order to make the sites and surrounding areas safe from a variety of residual pollutants, the City has proposed to the EPA a plan to clean up the areas by removing the top two feet of soil, placing a barrier, and then replacing the topsoil with untainted dirt. The project is estimated to take several years to complete once started and a cost estimate of \$43.8 million has been accrued based on the City's estimate used in its five year capital project plan. As of September 30, 2015, the Ash Sites accumulated approximately \$160.9 million of expenditures.

15. LITIGATION, CONTINGENCIES, AND COMMITMENTS (continued)

D. Pollution Remediation: (continued)

Other Sites

FDEP had identified five sites of potential liability the City is responsible for. These sites are: Burke St. Lime Pitts, Doe Boy Dump Site, Gold Merit/Pope Plan, Confederate Park, and Southside Incinerator Site.

These projects, which are estimated to take several years to complete once started, have an estimated cost of \$54.9 million, which has been accrued by the City and included in the City's five year capital projects plan. Various other remediation sites exist within the City and \$62 million has been accrued for their estimated liability based on their inclusion in the City's five year capital projects plan.

The liability for *Picketville Waste Dump* Site at September 30, 2015, of \$ 203 million is based on the most recent estimate by the Federal Government of the City's allocated share of the clean-up and long term care cost of the site under a Participation Agreement and Consent Decree with the USEPA. The City was identified as a responsible party, sharing 65% of the total clean-up costs.

E. Garage Development Agreement:

The City entered into agreements for a private developer to construct and operate three parking garages. Two of the garages are to support the sports complex and the other is to support a new courthouse site. The current agreement provides an operating subsidy to support debt service, operating deficits, required reserves, and percentage return of equity, totaling approximately \$4 million per year. Associated therewith, the City has options to buyout the current business arrangement, refinance the related non-city debt and assume operational control thereof.

15. LITIGATION, CONTINGENCIES, AND COMMITMENTS (continued)

F. Construction and other significant Commitments: At September 30, 2015, the City had significant commitments for the following projects (in thousands):

General Government	
Fleet Mobile Equipment	6,492
ERP-Financial/Resource Management	1,813
Montgomery Correctional-Detention Facility-Police Memorial	
Building	1,661
ADA Compliance	698
Public Safety	
Fire Rescue Equipment	5,272
Range Office/Training Building	843
Physical Environment	
Ash Site Remediation	8,437
Trail Ridge Landfill Expansion	7,633
Environmental Cleanup	1,044
Drainage Systems	2,742
Compressed Natural Gas Conv	1,583
Transportation	
Cleveland Road	973
Avenue B/Zinnia Ave Box Culvert	1,500
Hogan Creek Greenway	504
Kernan Bld/Widen-4 Lns DVD-JTB/Mccormick	760
Roadway Resurfacing	503
Alta/Yellow Bluff Rd	438
Crystal Springs/Chaffee	1,473
Roadway Sign Stripe and Signal	593
Sidewalks and Curbs	536
Economic Environment	
Pinnacle Project	772
Bay/Hogan Garage	3,500
	\$ 49,770

15. LITIGATION, CONTINGENCIES, AND COMMITMENTS (continued)

G. Encumbrance Commitments:

At September 30, 2015, the City had encumbrance commitments in the Governmental Funds as follows: (in thousands)

General Fund	\$ 15,630
Total Major Funds	15,630
NON-MAJOR FUNDS	
Concurrency Management	1,164
Air Pollution Control and Monitoring	1
Tourism Development	981
Clerk of the Court	38
Transportation Fund	803
Budgeted General Government	2,004
Emergency 9-1-1	636
Jacksonville Children's Commission	4,823
American Recovery & Reinvestment Act	170
Community Development Block Grant	1,771
Maintenance, Parks and Recreation	2,226
Other Federal, State and Local Grants	9,380
Housing and Neighborhoods	3,488
State Housing Initiative Partnership	595
Non Budgeted General Government	1,231
General Projects	17,927
Better Jacksonville Plan Construction Project	774
Bond Projects	1,542
Grant Projects	2,840
River City Renaissance Project	 22
Total Non-Major Funds	 52,416
TOTAL ENCUMBRANCES	\$ 68,046

^{*}The Better Jacksonville Plan Construction Project Fund accounts for funds associated with the \$2.25 billion improvement plan. Council appropriated funds for the plan in its entirety at the inception, while funding sources including dedicated sales tax and debt issues are secured as needed. Multi-year contracts are encumbered and funding sources are obtained as construction occurs.

The encumbrances are recorded within fund balance based on the source of funds as restricted, committed, or assigned as appropriate.

16. MAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS - ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE

During fiscal year 2015, the City had financial transactions with its discretely presented component units classified as follows for financial reporting purposes:

A. JEA:

Contribution - On October 1, 1968, the City turned its electrical department over to the newly created JEA. Additionally, on June 1, 1997, the JEA assumed the operation and all related assets and liabilities of the water and sewer system from the City. The JEA is required by the City Charter to contribute annually to the General Fund of the City an amount not to exceed 5.513 mills per kilowatt per hour sold and at a rate of 2.149 mills per cubic feet of water sold. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 these contributions total \$111,687,538. Such contributions to the City's General Fund are for the use of the public right-of-way in connection with its electric distribution system and its water sewer distribution and collection system and are based on calculations contained within section 21.07 of the City Charter.

Franchise Fees - Effective April 1, 2008, the City enacted a 3% franchise fee from designated revenues of the Electric and Water and Sewer Utility systems. The ordinance authorizes JEA to pass through these fees to its electric and water and sewer funds. For the year ended September 30, 2015, the City received from JEA \$29,463,637 and \$10,135,429 of its electric and water and sewer funds.

B. Jacksonville Transportation Authority (JTA):

Local Option One-Half Cent Sales Tax - On August 11, 1989, Jacksonville citizens voted for the removal of all tolls from county/city bridges and certain roads and replaced the revenue with a local option one-half cent sales tax that provides a permanent funding source for the construction and maintenance of the City's roads and bridges; the operation and maintenance of the bus system and the refinancing of existing bonds issued for the construction of such bridges and roads. All collections from the one-half cent sales tax are statutorily required to be remitted to the JTA. Accordingly, the City remitted all collections from the one-half cent sales tax to the JTA in the amount of \$80 million in fiscal year 2015. Such collection and payment by the City of this local option one-half cent sales tax is recorded in the Transportation Special Revenue fund as revenue and a transportation expenditure in the equal amount. The JTA reports the transfer from the City as sales tax revenue.

In fiscal year 2000, the City and the JTA entered into an interlocal agreement for the purpose of jointly exercising the separate powers of each to the maximum extent allowable by the law in the development, scheduling, financing, planning, permitting, design, construction, and implementation of a \$750 million Road, Bridge and Drainage Capital Improvement Work Program. The term of the agreement commenced on October 1, 2000 and continues in effect until all of the bonds have been duly paid in full or defeased in accordance with their terms. The City and JTA agreed to pledge the Sales Tax and the Constitutional Gas Tax for the payment of bonds issued to implement the program.

16. MAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS - ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE (continued)

B. Jacksonville Transportation Authority (JTA): (continued)

Monies available above debt service would be collected in a pay-as-you-go fund to assist with the payment of program expenditures. The City is making available the Local Option Gas Tax for the operation of the JTA's Mass Transit Division. In relation to the Road, Bridge and Drainage Capital Improvement Work Program, projects completed by JTA were to be funded by Sales Tax revenues, JTA has recorded an inter-governmental receivable and the City has recorded a long-term inter-governmental payable to JTA in the amount of \$13.5 million to be paid out of Sales Tax collections prior to the end of the program agreement.

C. Jacksonville Port Authority (JPA):

Interlocal Agreement - In connection with a major port and marine facilities capital improvement project (the "Project"), the City and the JPA entered into an Interlocal Agreement upon the issuance of \$43,605,140 Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Series 1993 (the "1993 Bonds"). Subsequent to this transaction, the parties entered into an Amended and Restated Interlocal Agreement in conjunction with the issuance of \$57,150,000 Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Series 1996B (the "1996B Bonds"). The 1996B Bonds were refunded by the Excise Taxes Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2001A (the "2001A Bonds"). The 1993 Bonds were partially refunded by the Excise Taxes Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2003C (the "2003C Bonds). The 2003C Bonds were partially refunded by the Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012E (the "2012E" Bonds, and together with the 1993 Bonds, 2001A Bonds and 2003C Bonds, the "Bonds").

Under the Amended and Restated Interlocal Agreement, the City agreed to issue the Bonds to finance the Project, and the JPA, in consideration therefore, agreed to reimburse the City for debt service payments on the Bonds from certain revenues allocated to the JPA. Any insufficiency in the extent of such revenues allocated to the JPA under the Amended and Restated Interlocal Agreement or any amendments to the Amended and Restated Interlocal Agreement does not affect in any manner any obligation of the City pursuant to the terms of the Bonds.

The amended and restated Interlocal Agreement is not for the benefit of the holders of the Bonds and the JPA has no obligation under that Amended and Restated Interlocal Agreement to any third party bondholder. The revenues allocated to the JPA are not pledged as security for the Bonds.

The Amended and Restated Interlocal Agreement provides for the allocation of three sources of revenue (collectively referred to as the "Pledged Revenues") by the City to the JPA. The first source of revenue relates to the allocation of half of the increased revenues in the Telecommunications Tax, which is 85% of the Communication Services Tax (the "Authority Allocation No. 1"). The second source of revenue relates to the amount calculated by multiplying one quarter (.25) mills by the gross kilowatt hours (as defined in Article 21 of the City Charter) sold by JEA during the twelve month period ending May 31 of the prior fiscal year (the "Authority Allocation No. 2").

16. MAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS - ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE (continued)

C. Jacksonville Port Authority (JPA): (continued)

The third source of revenues relates to the \$800,000 annual contribution remitted by the City to the JPA as described in Section 5(a) of the JPA act. Such Pledged Revenues are to be applied by the City to the payment of debt service on the Bonds for such fiscal year prior to being paid to the JPA.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, the amount of Pledged Revenues in excess of the debt service requirements of the Bonds was \$5.4 million with a total of \$5.42 million being distributed to JPA.

In previous years, the City expended \$43.1 million on the Project from proceeds of the 1993 Bonds for the benefit of the JPA under the Amended and Restated Interlocal Agreement, which completed the 1993 Bond Program. In previous years, the City expended \$64 million on the Project from proceeds (inclusive of investment earnings) of the 1996B Bonds for the benefit of the JPA under the Interlocal Agreement. The City accounted for these expenditures in the Capital Projects Funds. The City does not capitalize these capital outlay expenditures. The capital assets related to these projects are owned by JPA and these amounts are noted earlier as Non-Asset Debt of the City in Note 8H.

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On December 30, 2015, the City closed on the sale of \$197,295,000 Transportation Sales Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2015. The 2015 bonds have a true interest cost of 3.24% and an average coupon rate of 3.89% with a mandatory sinking schedule beginning October 1, 2016, and a maturity date of October 1, 2037. The proceeds of the 2015 bonds were used to refund all of Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 (\$73,730,000), and refund all of Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A (\$127,360,000). The issuance provided net proceeds of \$194,734,900, which is inclusive of underwriter's discount and cost of issuance totaling \$2,560,100. As a result of the refunding, aggregate debt service payments over the remaining life of the 2007 bonds and 2008A bonds, together, were reduced by \$28,508,426, which provided a net economic gain (calculated as the difference between the net present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$28,107,855, or 13.98%.

On March 24, 2016, the City closed on the sale of \$67,070,000 Better Jacksonville Sales Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2016. The 2016 bonds have a true interest cost of 2.49% and an average coupon rate of 4.10% with a mandatory sinking schedule beginning October 1, 2016, and a maturity date of October 1, 2030. The proceeds of the 2016 bonds were used to advance refund a portion of Better Jacksonville Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2008 (\$70,840,000). The issuance provided net proceeds of \$76,911,752, which is inclusive of underwriter's discount and cost of issuance totaling \$657,450. As a result of the refunding, aggregate debt service payments over the remaining life of the refunded 2008 bonds were reduced by \$10,958,548, which provided a net economic gain (calculated as the difference between the net present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$7,631,546, or 10.77%.

17. **SUBSEQUENT EVENTS** (continued)

On February 19, 2016, Standard & Poor's Ratings Services raised its rating on the City of Jacksonville's sales tax revenue bonds to 'A+' from 'A'.

On March 3, 2016, Standard & Poor's Ratings Services raised its rating on the City of Jacksonville's excise tax revenue bonds to 'AA' from 'AA-'.

18. NET POSITION:

The government-wide and business-type fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net Investment in Capital Assets - is intended to reflect the portion of net position that is associated with capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt. The net related debt is the debt less the outstanding liquid assets and any associated unamortized cost.

Restricted Net Position – are assets that have third-party (statutory, bond covenant or granting agency) limitations on their use externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation. The City would typically use restricted assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively defer the use thereof to a future project or replacement equipment acquisition.

Unrestricted Net Position – have no third party limitation on their use, and consists of all net position that do not meet the definition of the other two components, and any net deficits that exist.

While the Unrestricted Net Position balance is a single number in accordance with GASB Statement 34, the impact of non-asset debt will reduce the year-end discretionary balance available to the government.

18. NET POSITION: (continued)

A. Additional Disclosure:

However, in the City's case, given that a portion of these non-asset bonds/loans reported in the Governmental Activities column have a dedicated revenue source (to amortize the debt over time) the year-end available portion of the Net Position to the City is greater than is apparent. The following schedule illustrates these differences (000s):

Governmental Unrestricted Net Position (per statement – page 22)	\$ (2,042,815)
Impact of Better Jacksonville Plan's (BJP) bond financed capital expenditures incurred by component units and other entities.	218,069
Economic Incentives to be repaid by TIF revenue and/or Developer	23,073
Governmental - Unrestricted NetPosition (adjusted for dedicated revenue funded portions)	\$ (1,801,673)

Because the BJP program has dedicated sales tax revenue sources which will be used to repay the related debt service and either the CRA's tax increment financing (TIF) revenue or the Developer repayments are anticipated to address the related debt service principal and all or a portion of the interest, the Government Unrestricted Net Position (adjusted for dedicated revenue funded portions of non-assets debt) more truly reflect the General Government's available (although partially tentatively targeted) portion of net position.

18. NET POSITION: (continued)

B. Restatement due to a change in accounting principle:

With the fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, the unfunded portion of the pension plans are recorded as a liability in the government-wide statements and resulted in a restatement of beginning net position due to a change in accounting principle for Governmental Activities and major component units.

Net Position (in thousands)	Total
	Governmental
	Activities
Beginning as previously reported	811,420
Restatement	(1,991,880)
Beginning as restated	\$ (1,180,460)

Net Position (in thousands)

Major Component Units

Major Component Units	JEA	 JPA	JTA
Beginning as previously reported	 2,196,006	324,061	 310,938
Restatement	(352,105)	(7,388)	(6,475)
Beginning as restated	\$ 1,843,901	\$ 316,673	\$ 304,463

19. FUND BALANCE DISCLOSURE:

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the City classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable - includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual requirements.

Spendable Fund Balance

- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes
 that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level
 of decision making authority, City Council, through the issuance of an ordinance.
 Commitments may only be changed through the same type of formal action that created
 the commitment.
- Assigned includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned through the following: 1) The Director of Finance is authorized by City Council to assign amounts for a specific purpose. (2) The City Council has authorized the Director of Finance, in coordination with the Council Auditor, to recapture excess fund balance that isn't restricted or committed and transfer the excess to the General Fund General Service District. Excess fund balance that is not recaptured is classified as assigned by the Director of Finance to be used for the purpose of the subfund.
- Unassigned includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund that has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted or committed for those specific purposes.

The City uses restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made, with the exception of the emergency reserve established by the City Council. Under normal circumstances, the City would first elect to utilize the Operating Reserve (Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund) before considering use of its Emergency Reserve.

19. FUND BALANCE DISCLOSURE: (continued)

The City Council established an emergency reserve policy and fund beginning with the fiscal year 2006 budget and amended with Ordinance 2010-852-E, which added "The Emergency Reserve can be used to address unanticipated non-reimbursed expenditures arising out of a hurricane, tornado, other major weather related events, and/or other massive infrastructure failures or other disasters, whether man made or caused by nature." The emergency reserve is contained as a separate subfund within the General Fund and is included in each annual budget. The emergency reserve shall not be used except as initiated by the mayor through written communication to the City Council, explaining the emergency, and requires approval by two-thirds vote of all City Council members. The emergency reserve will be classified as committed fund balance.

The City does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy. However, the City's Ordinance Code addresses various targeted reserve positions and the Administration calculates targets and actuals to report the results annually to City Council.

A schedule of City fund balances is provided in the following pages.

19. FUND BALANCE DISCLOSURE

A. FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION (in thousands)

	MAJOR FUNDS					
	GENERAL FUND	SPECIAL BONDED DEBT- BETTER JACKSONVILLE PLAN OBLIGATIONS	SPECIAL BONDED DEBT- OBLIGATIONS			
FUND BALANCES:						
Non Spendable:						
Inventories	4,120	-	-			
Other	-	-	-			
Spendable:						
Restricted for:						
Debt Service Reserved by Debt Covenants	-	105,945	11,355			
Park Projects	-	-	-			
Physical Environment	-	-	_			
Conservation and Resource Management	-	-	_			
Transportation Projects	-	-	_			
Human Services	-	-	_			
Drainage System Projects	-	-	_			
Housing and Urban Development	-	-	-			
Building	-	-	-			
Public Safety	-	-	-			
Industry Development	-	-	-			
Other Infrastructure and Development	-	-	-			
Other	-	-	-			
Committed to:						
City Council Emergency Use	49,919	_	_			
Drainage Projects	-	_	_			
Park Projects	474	_	_			
Planning Projects	1,113	-	_			
Physical Environment	-	-	_			
Conservation and Resource Management	-	-	_			
Transportation Projects	-	-	-			
Emergency and Disaster Relief	-	-	_			
Court Projects and Operations	-	-	-			
Public Safety	5,790	-	-			
Industry Development	492	-	-			
Other	858	-	-			
Assigned to:						
Parks Projects	847	-	_			
Planning Projects	1,987	-	_			
Public Safety	10,333	-	-			
Industry Development	877	-	-			
Other	1,530	-	-			
Unassigned	98,659	-	-			
Total Fund Balances	\$ 176,999	\$ 105,945	\$ 11,355			

(Continued)

NON MAJOR GOVERNMENT		TOTAL ALL FUNDS	
FUNDS		2015	2014
	-	4,120	4,186
	123	123	125
	-	117,300	106,758
7,0	018	7,018	11,596
(652	652	640
7,6	665	7,665	7,501
10,0	017	10,017	2,535
15,4	430	15,430	15,899
1,2	208	1,208	14,711
17,5	517	17,517	17,312
11,2	240	11,240	4,636
	-	-	181
1,0	634	1,634	4,786
	-	-	1,681
1,0	088	1,088	451
	-	49,919	49,219
3,0	024	3,024	2,710
21,9	969	22,443	14,598
	188	3,301	4,912
36,3	302	36,302	15,456
22,0		22,644	21,701
98,7		98,759	112,955
	675	7,675	7,614
	870	2,870	2,687
23,5		29,301	22,651
32,7		33,224	15,029
23,5		24,442	17,946
	-	847	3,426
	_	1,987	4,643
		10,333	10,361
	-	877	3,147
	-	1,530	2,401
(11,9	960)	86,699	76,440
\$ 336,8	890	\$ 631,189	\$ 580,894



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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

			GE	ENERAL FUND		
	BUDGETED AMOUNTS				BUDGETARY	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	ENCUMBRANCES	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUE:						
Property taxes	\$ 510,041	\$ 510,041	\$ 512,359	\$ -	\$ 512,359	\$ 2,318
Utility service taxes	86,023	86,023	87,789	-	87,789	1,766
Community service taxes	35,341	35,341	36,217	-	36,217	876
Sales and tourist taxes	1,034	1,034	1,058	-	1,058	24
Local business tax	7,162	7,162	7,324	-	7,324	162
Licenses, permits and fees	41,098	41,098	43,708	-	43,708	2,610
Intergovernmental	142,635	142,635	148,440	=	148,440	5,805
Charges for services	59,405	59,474	51,703	-	51,703	(7,771)
Fines and forfeitures	2,349	2,349	2,098	-	2,098	(251)
JEA contribution	111,688	111,688	111,688	-	111,688	-
Interest	4,228	6,556	0	-	-	(6,556)
Other	17,150	18,201	14,344		14,344	(3,857)
Total Revenue	1,018,154	1,021,602	1,016,728		1,016,728	(4,874)
EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES:						
City Council	9,053	9,258	9,095	88	9,183	75
Clerk of the Courts	4,103	4,103	3,953	4	3,957	146
Courts	4,137	4,187	4,181	5	4,186	1
Downtown Investment Authority	1,166	1,981	1,070	160	1,230	751
Employee Services	5,371	5,310	4,751	265	5,016	294
Finance	6,262	7,278	7,067	210	7,277	1
Fire/Rescue	210,674	210,430	204,651	5,410	210,061	369
General Counsel	224	224	157	-	157	67
Health Administrator	1,449	1,449	1,444	-	1,444	5
Inspector General	206	206	139	-	139	67
Intra-Governmental Services	6,281	6,050	5,257	293	5,550	500
Jacksonville Children's Commission	1,149	1,024	643	337	980	44
Jacksonville Human Rights Commission	584	589	586	3	589	-
Mayor	3,601	4,078	4,005	8	4,013	65
Mayor's Boards and Commissions	408	428	422	5	427	1
Medical Examiner	3,505	3,539	3,481	9	3,490	49
Military Affairs, Vet & Disabled Svcs	1,135	1,120	1,033	2	1,035	85
Office of Economic Development	16,306	12,726	2,839	140	2,979	9,747
Office of Ethics	243	250	233	2	235	15
Parks & Recreation	42,088	39,335	38,710	609	39,319	16
Property Appraiser	9,874	9,874	9,207	227	9,434	440
Public Defender	1,836	1,858	1,858	-	1,858	-
Planning and Development	6,840	7,651	6,414	883	7,297	354
Public Libraries	30,668	30,647	30,051	177	30,228	419
Public Works	38,309	38,728	37,833	367	38,200	528
Regulatory Compliance	15,777	16,584	14,900	908	15,808	776
Special Services	554	81	-	80	80	1
Sports & Entertainment	3,389	3,583	3,345	54	3,399	184
State Attorney	2,101	2,110	2,107	3	2,110	-
Supervisor of Elections	8,638	9,082	7,678	144	7,822	1,260
Office of the Sheriff	403,224	402,216	393,951	4,861	398,812	3,404
Tax Collector	16,584	16,577	15,654	253	15,907	670
Federal Program Reserve	266	87	-	-	-	87
Contribution to Shands-Jacksonville	26,276	26,276	26,276	-	26,276	-
Cash Carryover Reserves	49,925	49,925	-	-	-	49,925
Jacksonville Misc. Citywide Activities	70,088	72,114	71,990	123	72,113	1
Total Expenditures	1,002,294	1,000,958	914,981	15,630	930,611	70,347
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES	15,860	20,644	101,747	(15,630)	86,117	65,473
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Long Term Debt Issued	7,000	7,004	_			(7,004)
Transfers in	1,781	6,527	7,037	-	7,037	510
Transfers out	(107,976)	(116,335)	(114,083)	-	(114,083)	2,252
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(99,195)	(102,804)	(107,046)		(107,046)	(4,242
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	(22,122)	(202,001)	(107,010)		(107,010)	(5272
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(83,335)	(82,160)	(5,299)	(15,630)	(20,929)	61,231
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	182,299	182,299	182,298		182,298	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	98,964	100,139	176,999	(15,630)	161,369	-
		,		(,)	,	

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

1. BUDGETARY DATA

The City uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- **A.** The City adopts its budget in accordance with Chapters 129 and 200, Florida Statutes, the City Charter and Municipal Ordinance Code.
 - (1) The Mayor's Proposed Budget is presented to the City Council on the second Tuesday in July; the budget ordinance, millage levy ordinance and related resolutions are introduced.
 - (2) During the first Council meeting in September, public hearings are held on both the budget and the millage rate. Following the public hearings, the Council adopts a tentative budget and tentative millage rate. A final budget and millage is adopted by full Council, and is effective on October 1.

The City presents a Budgetary Comparison Schedule as Required Supplementary Information for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund with a legally adopted budget. For the Fiscal Year 2015, no special revenue funds met the criteria to be reported as a major fund. The City has opted to make this presentation in the format and classifications of the budget document. These schedules report actual expenditures using generally accepted accounting principles as well as expenditures on the budgetary basis, which include amounts encumbered for future spending.

B. The City adopts annual budgets for the General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds, and Proprietary Funds. The City reports Budgetary Comparisons for its General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds in the Required Supplementary Information section of the report. None of these funds had an excess of expenditures over appropriations for the year ended September 30, 2015. Proprietary Fund budgets are adopted for management control purposes. The City is not required to include Budgetary Comparisons for Proprietary Funds in this report. Project or program budgets, which may not coincide with the City's fiscal year, or which may exceed a single annual period, are adopted by separate ordinance for most Special Revenue Funds and Capital Project Funds. Budgets are not formally adopted for Debt Service Funds as internal spending controls are set by compliance with bond covenants. The Special Revenue Funds which are not annually budgeted include the following: Public Safety, Community Development Block Grant, Job Training Partnership Act Grant, Maintenance Parks and Recreation, Metropolitan Planning Organization, Other Federal, State and Local Grants, Better Jacksonville Trust Fund, Housing and Neighborhoods, State Housing Initiative Partnership, Non-Budgeted General Government, Clerk of Court, and American Recovery & Reinvestment Act.

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

1. **BUDGETARY DATA** (continued)

- **C.** Level of Budgetary Control Expenditures may not exceed appropriations and are controlled in the following manner:
 - (1) The budget is adopted by ordinance which sets the legal level of control at the fund level by department.
 - (2) The City adopted more stringent administrative policies that control expenditures at the major category (Personal Services, Operating Expense, Capital Outlay, Debt Service) level within divisions within individual funds.
 - (3) The City, additionally, adopted a Municipal Ordinance Code Policy that provides transfer authority to the mayor, without City Council approval, within an individual fund if the total transferred funds for a specific purpose, project or issue is under \$500,000 during the fiscal year. These transfers are reported to the Finance Committee on a quarterly basis.
- **D.** Supplemental Appropriations The City Council may, through passage of an ordinance, amend the budget in any manner permissible under state and local law, with one exception. Bond covenants, trust and agency agreements, and certain clauses of ordinances in effect may restrict certain budgetary items in terms of amount or use.
 - In certain instances the City may supplement the appropriations in a fund due to unexpected high levels of receipts or under estimates of carry forward balances. Supplemental appropriations to the Fiscal Year 2015 Annual Budget Ordinance were made throughout the year, the effects of which were not material.
- **E.** All appropriations in annually budgeted funds, except for amounts corresponding to outstanding encumbrances, lapse at year-end or at the close of the authorizing project/program, unless specifically carried forward by ordinance.
- **F.** Formal budgetary integration is used as a management control device for all funds of the City, except certain Debt Service Funds as explained in Note to RSI 1.C.
- **G.** The City's Annual Financial Plan, or published budget document, may be obtained from the City's Budget Office located at 117 West Duval Street, Suite 325, Jacksonville, Florida 32202.
- **H.** The Clerk of Court special revenue fund budget is not approved by the City. The Court subfund is submitted and approved by the State and is based on the State's July 1st to June 30th fiscal year. The Court's Public Modernization Trust subfund and Child Support Enforcement Trust subfund are not budgeted. This special revenue fund does not meet the annually budgeted criteria.

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS CITY OF JACKSONVILLE RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(in thousands)					
Plan Year Ending September 30	Actuarially Determined Contributions	City Cash Contributions	Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)**	Covered Employee Payroll*	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
General Employees Ret	tirement Plan				
2006	28,670	28,670	-	237,108	12.09%
2007	29,297	29,581	(284)	248,887	11.89%
2008	29,371	29,488	(117)	262,345	11.24%
2009	29,374	29,530	(156)	276,257	10.69%
2010	38,612	40,551	(1,939)	322,531	12.57%
2011	39,124	39,378	(254)	314,054	12.54%
2012	57,498	49,899	7,599	283,021	17.63%
2013	66,660	55,386	11,274	265,405	20.87%
2014	81,531	71,000	10,531	262,369	27.06%
2015	86,069	81,751	4,318	254,035	32.18%
Corrections Officers R	Retirement Plan				
2006	1,917	1,917	-	27,702	6.92%
2007	1,830	2,482	(652)	27,083	9.16%
2008	4,329	4,350	(21)	26,334	16.52%
2009	5,268	5,247	21	27,661	18.97%
2010	9,097	9,491	(394)	32,329	29.36%
2011	8,885	9,711	(826)	31,832	30.51%
2012	11,861	9,066	2,795	28,944	31.32%
2013	12,885	10,742	2,143	27,871	38.54%
2014	14,884	13,522	1,362	27,374	49.40%
2015	17,618	17,832	(214)	28,091	63.48%

^{*}Pensionable payroll as of the valuation measurement date 10/1.

^{**}The City contributed the percentage of payroll represented by the actuarially determined contributions in the corresponding actuarial valuation. Actual dollar contributions may be more or less than the actuarially determined contributions due to actual payroll being different than projected payroll.

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY – LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS CITY OF JACKSONVILLE RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(in thousands)						
	20)14	20	013	2012	
	General Employees' Retirement	Corrections Officers' Retirement	General Employees' Retirement	Corrections Officers' Retirement	General Corrections Employees' Officers' Retirement Retirement	
	Plan	Plan	Plan	Plan	Plan Plan	
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$ 36,950	\$ 6,680	\$ 39,627	\$ 6,904		
Interest	189.064	21,997	183,151	20,476	Note: Prior Year Information	
Changes of benefit terms	102,004	21,997	105,151	20,470	Unavailable	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(5,356)	5,963	22,318	5,777	Chavanasic	
Changes of assumptions	101,525	10.765	-	-		
Benefit payents, including refunds of contributions	(171,127)	(14,676)	(166,460)	(12,369)		
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 151,056	\$ 30,729	\$ 78,636	\$ 20,788		
·						
Total pension liability - beginning balance	2,525,107	291,177	2,446,471	270,389		
Total pension liability - ending balance (a)	\$2,676,163	\$ 321,906	\$2,525,107	\$ 291,177		
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$ 71,000	\$ 13,522	\$ 55,386	\$ 10,742		
Contributions - employee	20,961	2,253	21,878	2,525		
Net investment income	194,864	15,468	264,541	18,466		
Benefit payments including refunds of contributions	(171,127)	(14,677)	(166,460)	(12,369)		
Administrative expense	(828)	(65)	(671)	(50)		
Other	(020)	-	(0/1)	392		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 114,870	\$ 16,501	\$ 174,674	\$ 19,706		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning balance	1,733,319	147,070	1,558,645	127,364		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending balance (b)	\$1,848,189	\$ 163,571	\$1,733,319	\$ 147,070		
Net pension liability - ending balance (a) - (b)	\$ 827,974	\$ 158,335	\$ 791,788	\$ 144,107		
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	69.06%	50.81%	68.64%	50.51%		
Covered employee payroll (in thousands)	\$ 262,369	\$ 27,374	\$ 265,405	\$ 27,871		
Net pension liability as % of covered employee payroll	315.58%	578.42%	298.33%	517.05%		
1 to possible in the or control employee pays on	313.3070	370.1270	270.3370	317.0570		

Benefit Changes: There have been no benefit provision changes since implementation of GASB 67

Changes of Assumptions: In 2014, the assumed investment return was lowered from 7.75% to 7.50% and the mortality assumptions were changed to reflect recent experience and to include generational projection of mortality improvements.

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF MONEY-WEIGHTED RATE OF RETURN – LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS CITY OF JACKSONVILLE RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(Net of Investment Expense)

Fiscal Year	
Ended	City of Jacksonville
September 30	Retirement System
2015	-2.15%
2014	11.52%
2013	17.06%

^{*}Prior Years data unavailable

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF JACKSONVILLE RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN

As of September 30, 2015

Valuation date October 1, 2014

Methods and used assumptions to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization method Level percent of payroll, using 2.42% annual increases*

Remaining amortization period All new bases are amortized over 30 years.

Effective period of 24 years remaining as of October 1, 2014

Asset valuation methodMarket value of assets less unrecognized returns in each of the last five

years. Unrecognized return is equal to the difference between the actual market return and the expected return on the market value, and is recognized over a five-year period, further adjusted, if necessary, to be within 20% of

the market value.

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.50%, including inflation, net of pension plan investment expense

Inflation rate 2.75%*

Projected salary increases 3.00% - 6.00%, of which 2.75% is the Plan's long-term payroll inflation

assumption

Cost-of-living adjustments The Plan provisions contain a 3.00% COLA.

Mortality:

Pre-retirement RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, set forward four years for males and

three years for females, projected generationally with Scale MP-2014

Healthy annuitants RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, set forward four years for

males and three years for females, projected generationally with Scale MP-

2014

Disabled annuitants RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, set forward four years, projected

generationally with Scale MP-2014

^{*}IThe Fund's payroll inflation assumption is 2.75%. However, based on Part VII, Chapter 112.64(5)(a) of Florida Statutes, an assumption of 2.24% was used for amortization purposes in the October 1, 2014 valuation.

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF JACKSONVILLE RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CORRECTIONS OFFICERS RETIREMENT PLAN

As of September 30, 2015

Valuation date October 1, 2014

Methods and used assumptions to determine

contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization method Level percent of payroll, using 0.39% annual increases*

Remaining amortization period All new bases are amortized over 30 years.

Effective period of 25 years remaining as of October 1, 2014

Asset valuation methodMarket value of assets less unrecognized returns in each of the last

five years. Unrecognized return is equal to the difference between the actual market return and the expected return on the market value, and is recognized over a five-year period, further adjusted, if necessary, to

be within 20% of the market value.

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.50%, including inflation, net of pension plan investment expense

Inflation rate 2.75%

Projected salary increases 3.00% - 6.00%, of which 2.75% is the Plan's long-term payroll

inflation assumption

Cost-of-living adjustments The Plan provisions contain a 3.00% COLA.

Mortality:

Pre-Retirement RP-2014 Blue Collar Employee Mortality Table, set forward four

years for males and three years for females, projected generationally

with Scale MP-2014

Healthy annuitants RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, set forward

four years for males and three years for females, projected

generationally with Scale MP-2014

Disabled annuitants RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, set forward four years,

projected generationally with Scale MP-2014

^{*} The Fund's payroll inflation assumption is 2.75%. However, based on Part VII, Chapter 112.64(5)(a) of Florida Statutes, an assumption of 0.39% was used for amortization purposes in the October 1, 2014 valuation.

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PORPORTIONATE SHARE NET PENSION LIABILITY - LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(in thousands)

	2014	2013	2012	2011
City's porportional share percentage	49.72%			
City's porportion of Net pension liability	411,669		Prior year information	
City's covered employee payroll	128,869		is unavailable	
Citys Net pension liability as percentage of				
covered employee payroll	319.45%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of total				
pension liability	69.06%			

FLORIDA STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(in thousands)

	2015	2014	2013	2012
City's porportional share percentage	0.029%			
City's porportion of Net pension liability	5,015		Prior year information	
City's covered employee payroll	2,175		is unavailable	
Citys Net pension liability as percentage of				
covered employee payroll	230.60%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of total				
pension liability	92.00%			

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS – FOR LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS POLICE AND FIRE RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(in thousands)

FYE	Contribution in relation to the Actuarially actuarially required City determined contribution		Contribution ency (excess) *	Contribution as a percentage of covered employee payroll		
2015	\$	153,604	\$ 153,936	\$ (332)	\$ 132,735	115.97%
2014		142,433	149,159	(6,726)	134,521	110.88%
2013		99,997	122,580	(22,583)	130,972	93.59%
2012		73,729	70,599	3,130	133,611	52.84%
2011		77,065	75,903	1,162	148,968	50.95%
2010		77,182	82,197	(5,015)	158,047	52.01%
2009		50,564	50,235	329	155,558	32.29%
2008		48,807	48,364	443	148,277	32.62%
2007		39,850	44,208	(4,358)	143,006	30.91%
2006		38,230	36,124	2,106	134,694	26.82%

^{*} Contribution deficiency (excess) is assigned to the City Budget Stabilization Account

Valuation date: October 1, 2014 valuation was based on the results of an acutarial experience study for the period October 1, 2006 - September 30, 2011

Methods used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method: Individual entry age

Amortization method: Constant percentage of payroll increasing 3.25% annually; Closed 21 years

Remaining amortization period: 21 Years
Asset valuation method: Market Value
Inflation: 2.5%

Salary increases: 4.0%, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 7.0%, including inflation Cost of living adjustments:

Mortality Table in use: Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality

Table for Males or Females as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality

improvements based on Scale AA

Age differences for spouses: Females are assumed to be 3 years younger than males

Percent married: Assume 75% of active employees are married, use tax reported status for

inactives

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM EMPLOYER – FOR LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND – SENIOR STAFF VOLUNTARY RETIREMENT PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(in thousands)

Plan Year	Annual		Contribution	Covered	Contribution
Ending	Required City	Employer	Deficiency/	employee	as a % of
Sept., 30	Contribution	Contributions	(excess)*	payroll	covered payroll
2015	-	-	-	307	0.00%
2014	28	7	21	298	2.41%
2013	28	248	(220)	290	85.59%
2012	523	117	406	355	33.09%
2011	142	101	41	484	20.87%
2010	135	247	(112)	506	48.90%
2009	219	183	36	508	36.10%

(prior years information is unavailable)

NO TES:

Valuation date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, each year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method: Individual entry age
Amortization method: Aggregate method
Asset valuation method: Market Value

Inflation: 2.5%

Investment rate of return: 7.0%, including inflation Cost of living adjustments: 3.00%

Mortality Table in use: Postretirement: RP-2014 Blue Collar Annuitant

Postretirement: RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant

All tables are set forward 2 years for males and 1 year for females, use MP-2014 Improvement Scale, 2D generational, separate by sex.

Age differences for spouses: Females are assumed to be 3 years younger than males

Percent married: 100%

^{*} No contribution amount was required because the Plan was 100% funded last fiscal year

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY – LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS POLICE AND FIRE RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(in thousands)					
Total pension liability	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Service Cost (BOY)	\$46,663	\$47,915	\$46,109	\$47,570	
Interest on total pension liability	210,943	203,577	195,520	190,344	
Changes in Benefit Terms	(28,685)	-	-	-	Prior years
Experience deviations including buybacks	24,831	22,671	(4,676)	(12,513)	information is
Changes of assumptions	24,514	-	5,333	227,333	unavailable
Benefit payments, including refunds of member					
contributions	(148,628)	(138,179)	(128,656)	(116,955)	
Net change in total pension liability	129,638	135,984	113,630	335,779	
Total pension liability beginning	3,012,591	2,876,606	2,762,977	2,427,198	
Total pension liability ending(a)	\$3,142,229	\$3,012,591	\$2,876,606	\$2,762,977	
Fiduciary net position Contributionsemployer					
Contributionsemployer	153,015	148,277	121,822	69,829	
Contributionsmember	10,470	10,068	9,683	11,204	
Buybacks and transfersemployer	1,650	2,243	-	2,814	Prior years
Buybacks and transfersmember	1,592	1,516	1.071	407	information is
Net investment income	(63,531)	146,951	169,202	181,653	unavailable
Securities Lending	647	382		-	
Benefit payments, including refunds of member					
contributions	(148,628)	(138,179)	(128,656)	(116,955)	
Administrative expense	(2,228)	(2,224)	(2,506)	(2,352)	
Chapter 175/185	10,578	10,110	9,667	9,276	
Court Fines	921	881	758	770	
Other	327	142	1,187	55	
Net change in fiduciary net position	(35,187)	180,167	182,229	156,702	
Fiduciary net position beginning	1,473,097	1,292,930	1,110,737	954,036	
Fiduciary net position ending	1,437,910	1,473,097	1,292,966	1,110,737	-
less Reserve Accounts and Sr. Staff Assets	(96,813)	(83,349)	(64,835)	(31,831)	
Total fiduciary net position ending(b)	1,341,097	1,389,748	1,228,131	1,078,907	
City's fiduciary net pension liabilityending(a)-(b)	1,801,132	1,622,843	1,648,475	1,684,070	
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	42.68%	46.13%	42.69%	39.05%	
Covered-employee payroll	\$132,735.24	\$134,521.22	\$130,972	\$133,611	
City's fiduciary net pension liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	1356.94%	1206.38%	1258.65%	1260.42%	

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY – LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND - SENIOR STAFF VOLUNTARY RETIREMENT PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(in thousands)

Total pension liability	2015	2014	2013
Service Cost (BOY)	\$ (57)		
Interest on total pension liability	282		
Changes in Benefit Terms	-	Prior year	information
Experience deviations including buybacks	-	is una	vailable
Changes of assumptions	154		
Benefit payments, including refunds of member			
contributions	(109)		
Net change in total pension liability	270		
Total pension liability beginning	-		
Total pension liability ending(a)	\$270		
• • •			
Fiduciary net position Contributionsemployer			
Contributionsemployer	_		
Contributionsmember	22		
Net investment income	(167)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of member	(107)		
contributions	(109)		
Other	(10)		
Net change in fiduciary net position	(254)		
Fiduciary net position beginning	4,257		
Fiduciary net position beginning Fiduciary net position ending	4,003		
Total fiduciary net position ending(b)			
Total inductary net position ending(b)	(3,733)		
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension			
liability	90.83%		
паотту	90.63%		
Covered-employee payroll	\$0.00		
covered employee payron	ψ0.00		
City's fiduciary net pension liability as a percentage of			
covered- employee payroll	N/A		
covered employee payton	14/11		

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF MONEY-WEIGHTED RATE OF RETURN – LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS POLICE AND FIRE RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(Net of Investment Expense)

FYE	%
2015	-3.95%
2014	10.73%
2013	14.29%
2012	18.25%
2011	0.64%
2010	8.45%
2009	1.70%
2008	-13.07%
2007	15.05%
2006	8.18%
2005	10.77%

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS CITY OF JACKSONVILLE POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (OPEB) SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Valuation <u>Date</u>	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Actuarial Value of Assets	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Percentage Funded	Annual Covered <u>Payroll</u>	UAAL as Percentage of Payroll
10/1/2012	\$129,127	\$ -	\$129,127	0.00%	\$340,431	37.9%
10/1/2013	\$129,127	\$ -	\$131,003	0.00%	\$339,933	38.5%
10/1/2014	\$152,769	\$ -	\$152,769	0.00%	\$347,160	44.0%

Actuarial Assumptions provided in the notes to financial statements. The City is not funding the AAL.

The actuarial liability for FY 2015 increased 3.2% from the expected amount of \$148 million (projected from FY 2013) to \$152 million, mostly due to an increased discount rate of 4% and an updated mortality table.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts and major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes as described below.

The Concurrency Management Fund provides funding for maintenance and update of the Concurrency Management System which is the basis for ensuring compliance with the 2010 Comprehensive Plan.

The Air Pollution Control and Monitoring Fund receives revenue from licenses and fees, and contributions from the federal government to monitor and control environmental problems related to the air quality in Jacksonville.

Tourism Development Fund collects revenues from tourist and convention development taxes to fund tourism programs sponsored by the Tourist Development Council through the City.

The Clerk of the Circuit Court Fund receives revenue collected on behalf of the state and City by the courts system for various judgments, fines, bonds, fees and licenses, and other miscellaneous amounts. The Fund includes Public Records Modernization activity which receives revenues from a service charge authorized by Florida Statute 28.24(15)(d) to be held in trust and used exclusively for equipment, personnel training, and technical assistance in modernizing the official public records system of the Clerk's office.

The Transportation Fund accounts for revenue from the City's six cent local option gas tax, the state-shared 5th and 6th cent gas tax, and the one-half cent local option sales tax used to fund major road and related capital infrastructure construction and maintenance and the City's mass transit and automated skyway express system operations.

The Budgeted General Government Fund accounts for numerous smaller accounts whose revenues are dedicated to a variety of specific purposes.

The Public Safety Fund funds specific public safety programs through user fees and intergovernmental revenue for emergency management planning and disaster medical services provided by the Office of the Sheriff and the City Department of Fire and Rescue.

The Emergency 9-1-1 Fund receives revenues from a fee added to the telephone bill of telephone customers that may be used for system operations and improvements.

The Tax Increment Districts Fund receives a distribution of ad valorem tax revenue levied and collected in the City's four tax increment districts used to promote future commercial business development that expands property tax base values in the City's core downtown areas and the northwest region.

The Jacksonville Children's Commission Fund receives City funds, and various grants, to serve as the community coalition for children. The autonomous board has the ongoing responsibility of improving the lives of Jacksonville's children by serving as the central focus for the evaluation, planning and distribution of funds for children's services that are consistent with City programs and goals.

The American Recovery & Reinvestment Act Fund accounts for resources received from the American Recovery Act (ARRA) of 2009. The funding supports the City's efforts to address crime and public safety, energy efficiency and environmental quality, infrastructure and transportation improvements, and job creation and workforce development.

The Community Development Block Grant Fund receives monies from the federal government in the form of community development block grants made available to specific targeted areas of Jacksonville to assist in rehabilitation and revitalization in support of the area's future economic growth and stability.

The Job Training Partnership Act Grant Fund accounts for direct federal assistance to the Private Industry Council of Jacksonville in providing employment and training services to the economically disadvantaged and displaced citizens of Jacksonville through cooperative efforts with local private sector businesses.

The Maintenance, Parks and Recreation Fund receives revenues from user fees and charges from parks and recreation facilities that are dedicated to parks maintenance and improvements, and acquisition of new recreational facilities.

The Other Federal, State and Local Grants Fund records all other miscellaneous grants administered by the City from federal, state and local sources not specifically accounted for by other funds covering diverse programs such as: day care, adult homemaker, beach erosion, base conversion and redevelopment, economic capital development, aids treatment care, senior services and nutrition, crime prevention and drug abuse, teenage pregnancy and childhood development, foster grandparents, and waste tire disposal.

The Better Jacksonville Plan Trust Fund receives revenue from the half-cent infrastructure sales tax. All monies placed into this trust are appropriated for Debt Service requirements and contributions to the Better Jacksonville Capital Projects Fund.

Housing and Neighborhoods was designated as the housing agency for Affordable Housing, State Housing Initiative Partnership funds, and all other matters related to housing, with the exception of those matters which fall within the responsibility of the Jacksonville Housing Authority.

The State Housing Initiative Partnership Fund accounts for revenue collected by the Clerk of the Circuit Court on certain property transactions in Duval county passed from the State earmarked for housing assistance and financial incentive programs to increase the availability of affordable housing in Jacksonville including down payment assistance, home owner repair and rehabilitation and acquisition of existing single family dwellings for home ownership.

The Non-Budgeted General Government Fund accounts for numerous smaller funds whose revenues are dedicated to a variety of specific purposes.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, interest and principal on most general governmental obligations. Individual debt service funds are described below.

The Other Non-Bonded Debt Obligations Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on other non-bonded debt obligations.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Fund account for financial resources segregated for the construction or acquisition of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and fiduciary funds). Descriptions of individual funds in this fund type follow.

The General Projects Fund receives monies appropriated from the General Fund and other sources including proceeds from non-bonded debt for general capital improvements.

The Better Jacksonville Plan Construction Projects Fund receives revenues from the two local option sales tax programs and proceeds from the sale of bonded debt issued by the City to fund projects under the Better Jacksonville Plan.

The Bond Projects Fund receives proceeds from the sale of bonded debt issued by the City to fund major capital improvement projects.

The Grant Projects Fund accounts for monies received by the City under various federal, state and local grants restricted to expenditure of specific capital improvements funded under the grant program.

The River City Renaissance Project Fund accounts for proceeds of a comprehensive capital improvement initiative (the "River City Renaissance") for projects concerning the environment, children, health and social services, economic development, neighborhoods and downtown, parks and recreation, and the arts.

PERMANENT FUND

The Permanent Fund is used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the government or its citizenry. The City accounts for its Cemetery Maintenance Funds as a Permanent Fund.

	CONCURRENCY MANAGEMENT	AIR POLLUTION CONTROL AND MONITORING	TOURISM DEVELOPMENT	CLERK OF THE COURT
ASSETS:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 58,567	\$ 1,465	\$ 5,324	\$ 1,840
Cash in escrow and with fiscal agents	-	-	80	4,300
Receivables (net, where applicable, of				
allowances for uncollectibles):				
Accounts	-	-	-	-
Mortgages	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-
Due from independent agencies and other governments	-	182	-	-
Prepaid Items				-
TOTAL ASSETS	58,567	1,647	5,404	6,140
TAA DAY AMARIA				
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 17	\$ 61	\$ 21	\$ 482
Contracts payable	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-
Due to component units	-	-	-	-
Due to individuals Deposits	362	-	-	2,000
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	2,000
Unearned revenue				
TOTAL LIABILITIES	379	61	21	2,482
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):				
Non Spendable:				
Non Spendable	-	-	-	-
Spendable:				
Restricted	-	1,586	-	-
Committed	58,188	-	5,383	3,658
Unassigned	-	-	-	-
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	58,188	1,586	5,383	3,658
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 58,567	\$ 1,647	\$ 5,404	\$ 6,140

TRANSPORTATION FUND	BUDGETED GENERAL GOVERNMENT	PUBLIC SAFETY	EMERGENCY 9-1-1	TAX INCREMENT DISTRICTS	JACKSONVILLE CHILDREN'S COMMISSION	AMERICAN RECOVERY & REINVESTMENT ACT
\$ 15,940 -	\$ 32,632	\$ 108	\$ 7,936 -	\$ 10,994 -	\$ 7,993 -	\$ - -
-	2	-	-	-	-	-
- - 17.524	- - 520	- - 53	-	- - -	- - 527	-
33,464	33,154	161	7,936	10,994	8,520	
\$ 1,132	\$ 544	\$ -	\$ 144	\$ 605	\$ 2,562	\$ -
- -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	53
- - -	- 357 - -	- - -	-	- - -	-	-
1,132	901	-	144	605	2,562	53
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
_	_	-	-	-	5,958	-
32,332	32,253	161	7,792	10,389	- -	(53)
32,332	32,253	161	7,792	10,389	5,958	(53)
\$ 33,464	\$ 33,154	\$ 161	\$ 7,936	\$ 10,994	\$ 8,520	\$ -

(continued)

	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT	JOB TRAINING PARTNERSHIP ACT GRANT	MAINTENANCE, PARKS AND RECREATION	OTHER FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS
ASSETS:	GRINI		MEREITION	EGGIE GREETE
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 146	\$ 751	\$ 13,325	\$ 12,518
Cash in escrow and with fiscal agents	-	-	-	40
Receivables (net, where applicable, of				
allowances for uncollectibles):				
Accounts	-	-	138	138
Mortgages	533	-	-	-
Others Due from other funds	-	-	-	-
Due from independent agencies and other governments	3,858	-	5	4.644
Prepaid Items	3,636	-	3	4,044
TOTAL ASSETS	4,537	751	13,468	17,340
10 1.22 .1002 10	1,001		13,100	17,510
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 622	\$ -	\$ 527	\$ 2,402
Contracts payable	13	-	· ·	-
Due to other funds	2,820	-	-	-
Due to component units	-	-	-	-
Due to individuals	-	-	-	-
Deposits	6	-	25	-
Advances from other funds	525	-	-	138
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,986		552	2,540
TOTAL EIGHEITES	3,760		332	2,540
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):				
Non Spendable:				
Non Spendable		-	-	-
Spendable:				
Restricted	551	751	-	14,800
Committed		-	12,916	-
Unassigned		-	-	-
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	551	751	12,916	14,800
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	. \$ 4,537	\$ 751	\$ 13,468	\$ 17,340

BETTER JACKSONVILLE PLAN TRUST	HOUSING AND NEIGHBORHOODS	STATE HOUSING INITIATIVE PARTNERSHIP	NON-BUDGETED GENERAL GOVERNMENT	TOTAL 2015
\$ 23	\$ 8,628	\$ 5,567	\$ 22,165	\$ 205,922
\$ 23	381	\$ 5,507	\$ 22,103	4,882
	301		01	4,002
-	-	-	543	821
-	1,543	647	-	2,723
-	-	-	15	15
-	1.405	-	-	- 42.422
14,147	1,495	-	468	43,423
14,170	12,047	6,214	23,272	257,786
				<u> </u>
\$ -	\$ 408	\$ 191	\$ 753	\$ 10,471
-	ψ 400 -	Ψ 1,1	· 755	13
-	_	-	-	2,873
-	-	-	-	· -
-	-	-	250	250
-	25	-	16	2,791
-	15	656	539	1,873
	448	847	1,558	18,271
				20,212
_	-	_	_	_
	11 500	5 267		40.610
14,170	11,599	5,367	- 21,714	40,612 198,956
-	-	-	21,/14	(53)
	-			
14,170	11,599	5,367	21,714	239,515
\$ 14,170	\$ 12,047	\$ 6,214	\$ 23,272	\$ 257,786

(continued)

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

	OTHER NON-BONDED DEBT OBLIGATIONS	TOTAL 2015
ASSETS:		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ -	\$ -
Cash in escrow and with fiscal agents	-	-
Receivables (net, where applicable, of		
allowances for uncollectibles):		
Accounts	-	-
Mortgages	-	-
Others	-	-
Due from other funds	-	-
Due from independent agencies and other governments	-	-
Prepaid Items	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	-	
-		
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ -	\$ -
Contracts payable	-	-
Due to other funds	215	215
Due to component units	-	-
Due to individuals	-	-
Deposits	-	-
Unearned revenue	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	215	215
TOTAL LIABILITIES	213	213
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):		
Non Spendable:		
Non Spendable	-	-
Spendable:		
Restricted	-	-
Committed	-	-
Unassigned	(215)	(215)
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	(215)	(215)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ -	\$ -

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

BETTER JACKSONVILLE PLAN RIVER CITY **GENERAL** CONSTRUCTION BOND TOTAL GRANT RENAISSANCE PROJECTS PROJECT PROJECTS PROJECTS PROJECT 2015 \$ 14 \$ 26,925 \$ 114,533 \$ 82,471 \$ 4,863 \$ 260 5 3,515 1,577 5,092 82,476 3.529 26,925 6,440 119,630 260 \$ 2,338 \$ 1,123 \$ 453 \$ 171 \$ 13 \$ 4,098 18 17 105 155 96 391 13,900 13,900 43 43 3,849 3,849 15,221 471 267 30 \$ 22,286 6,297 26,454 6,173 230 32,857 76,179 76,179 (11,692) (11,692) 97,344 76,179 (11,692) 26,454 6,173 230 \$ 82,476 \$ 3,529 \$ 26,925 \$ 6,440 \$ 260 \$ 119,630

(continued)

MAJOR ENTAL S
L
\$ 320,70
4,882
821
2,723
20
48,515
377,662
\$ 14,569 404 16,988 43 250 2,791 3,849 1,878 40,772
123
73,469
275,258
(11,960
336,890
\$



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	CONCURRENCY MANAGEMENT	AIR POLLUTION CONTROL AND MONITORING	TOURISM DEVELOPMENT	CLERK OF THE COURT
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Sales and tourist taxes		-	6,538	-
Licenses, permits, and fees	55	-	-	-
Intergovernmental		1,525	-	705
Charges for services	3,173	-	-	18,760
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	807	21	66	-
Other	··· <u>-</u>	<u> </u>	1,121	174
Total Revenues	4,035	1,546	\$ 7,725	\$ 19,639
EXPENDITURES:				
General government	2,002	-	-	19,785
Human services		-	-	-
Public safety		-	-	-
Culture and recreation		-	1,127	-
Transportation	515	-	-	-
Economic environment		-	5,892	-
Physical environment		2,043	-	-
Capital outlay		-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal		-	-	-
Interest	·		<u> </u>	
Total Expenditures	2,517	2,043	7,019	19,785
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	1,518	(497)	\$ 706	\$ (146)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Long term debt issued		-	-	-
Transfers in		424	-	-
Transfers out	(89)			<u>-</u> _
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,111	424	<u> </u>	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,629	(73)	\$ 706	\$ (146)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	55,559	1,659	4,677	3,804
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ 58,188	\$ 1,586	\$ 5,383	\$ 3,658
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TRANSPORTATION FUND	BUDGETED GENERAL GOVERNMENT	PUBLIC SAFETY	EMERGENCY 9-1-1	TAX INCREMENT DISTRICTS	JACKSONVILLE CHILDREN'S COMMISSION	AMERICAN RECOVERY & REINVESTMENT ACT
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,395	\$ -	\$ -
108,956			φ -	\$ 13,393		φ - -
100,730	12,880	_	_	_	_	_
6,994	1,300	182	_	_	6,750	_
-	7,035	_	3,920	-	-	_
_	531	_	-	-	-	_
148	416	5	108	-	129	-
	1,421	<u>-</u> _		339	461	
116,098	23,583	187	4,028	15,734	\$ 7,340	
-	3,074	-	-	-	-	53
-	437	-	-	-	28,807	-
-	11,398	285	3,868	-	-	-
-	270	-	-	-	-	-
116,147	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	2.440	-	-	5,462	-	-
-	2,449	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	17	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
116,147	17,645	285	3,868	5,462	28,807	53
(40)	5.020	(00)	160	10.272	ф. (Q1.46T)	(52)
(49)	5,938	(98)	160	10,272	\$ (21,467)	(53)
	_		_	_	_	
_	243	_	_	6,352	20,473	_
_	(2,313)	_	_	(9,577)	(584)	-
<u>-</u>	(2,070)	<u> </u>		(3,225)	19,889	
(49)	3,868	(98)	160	7,047	\$ (1,578)	(53)
32,381	28,385	259	7,632	3,342	7,536	
\$ 32,332	\$ 32,253	\$ 161	\$ 7,792	\$ 10,389	\$ 5,958	\$ (53)
\$ 32,332	\$ 32,233	\$ 101	\$ 1,192	\$ 10,389	\$ 3,938	\$ (53)

(continued)

	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT	JOB TRAINING PARTNERSHIP ACT GRANT	MAINTENANCE, PARKS AND RECREATION	OTHER FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Sales and tourist taxes	-	-	-	-
Licenses, permits, and fees	_	_	_	_
Intergovernmental	8,987	_	5	18,952
Charges for services	-	_	2,401	-
Fines and forfeitures	_	_	, · · <u>-</u>	_
Investment earnings.	_	11	209	161
Other	215		6,355	145
Total Revenues	\$ 9,202	11	8,970	19,258
EXPENDITURES:				
General government	_	_	_	3,099
Human services.	-	-	-	10,875
Public safety	_	_	_	5,470
Culture and recreation	_	_	3,844	1,067
Transportation	_	_	-	-
Economic environment	9,043	-	807	494
Physical environment	1	-	-	881
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest				
Total Expenditures	9,044		4,651	21,886
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	158	11	4,319	(2,628)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Long term debt issued	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	75	-	4,463	3,804
Transfers out	(119)		(167)	(22)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(44)		4,296	3,782
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 114	11	8,615	1,154
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	437	740	4,301	13,646
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ 551	\$ 751	\$ 12,916	\$ 14,800

BETTER JACKSONVILLE PLAN TRUST	HOUSING AND NEIGHBORHOODS	STATE HOUSING INITIATIVE PARTNERSHIP	NON-BUDGETED GENERAL GOVERNMENT	TOTAL 2015
\$ -	ď	d.	¢	¢ 15 205
\$ - 77,596	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,395 193,090
-	-	-	811	13,746
4,629	4,996	3,539	815	59,379
-1,027	204	-	2,049	37,542
_		_	3,973	4,504
286	86	62	152	2,667
	1	246	6,393	16,871
				-,
82,511	5,287	3,847	14,193	343,194
			2,069	30,082
-	-	-	966	41,085
	_	_	5,360	26,381
_		_	617	6,925
_	_	_	-	116,662
_	7,249	1,619	12	30,578
-	, -	-	90	5,464
-	-	-	-	-
_	_	_	_	_
				17
	7,249	1,619	9,114	257,194
82,511	(1,962)	2,228	5,079	86,000
	_		_	
-	-	-	139	37,173
(94,558)	(175)	-	(5,641)	(113,245)
(74,330)	(173)		(3,041)	(113,243)
(94,558)	(175)		(5,502)	(76,072)
(12,047)	(2,137)	2,228	(423)	9,928
26,217	13,736	3,139	22,137	229,587
\$ 14,170	\$ 11,599	\$ 5,367	\$ 21,714	\$ 239,515
φ 1+,170	φ 11,377	φ 5,307	Ψ 21,/14	Ψ 237,313

(continued)

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

	OTHER NON-BONDED DEBT OBLIGATIONS	TOTAL 2015
REVENUES:		
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -
Sales and tourist taxes	-	_
Licenses, permits, and fees	-	_
Intergovernmental	-	-
Charges for services	-	_
Fines and forfeitures	-	_
Investment earnings	1	1
Other		
Total Revenues	1	1_
EXPENDITURES:		
General government	_	_
Human services	-	_
Public safety	-	_
Culture and recreation	-	_
Transportation	-	-
Economic environment	-	-
Physical environment	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-
Debt service:		
Principal	575	575
Interest	18	18
Total Expenditures	593	593
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)		
EXPENDITURES	(592)	(592)
OTHER FINANCING GOURGES (1959)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		
Long term debt issued Transfers in	377	377
Transfers out.	3//	3//
Transfers out	<u> </u>	<u>=_</u> _
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	377	377
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(215)	(215)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ (215)	\$ (215)

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

BETTER JACKSONVILLE

GENERAL PROJECTS	JACKSONVILLE PLAN CONSTRUCTION PROJECT	BOND PROJECTS	GRANT PROJECTS	RIVER CITY RENAISSANCE PROJECT	TOTAL 2015
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	3,733	-	3,733
106	-	-	· -	-	106
-	-	-	-	-	-
801 1,590	-	417	63	4	1,285 1,590
1,570					1,550
2,497		417	3,796	4	6,714
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
28,719	13,244	8,182	3,758	225	54,128
_	_	_	_	_	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
28,719	13,244	8,182	3,758	225	54,128
(26,222)	(13,244)	(7,765)	38	(221)	(47,414)
60,520	-	-	200	-	60,720
9,162 (2,292)	15,600	-	63 (494)	-	24,825 (2,786)
(2,272)			(+7+)		(2,780)
67,390	15,600	<u> </u>	(231)	- -	82,759
41,168	2,356	(7,765)	(193)	(221)	35,345
35,011	(14,048)	34,219	6,366	451	61,999
\$ 76,179	(\$ 11,692)	\$ 26,454	\$ 6,173	\$ 230	\$ 97,344

(continued)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 (in thousands)

	PERMANENT FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
_	CEMETERY MAINTENANCE FUNDS	TOTAL	
<u>-</u>	2015	TOTAL 2015	
REVENUES:			
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 15,395	
Sales and tourist taxes	-	193,090	
Licenses, permits, and fees	-	13,746	
Intergovernmental	-	63,112	
Charges for services	-	37,648	
Fines and forfeitures	-	4,504	
Investment earnings	6	3,959	
Other		18,461	
Total Revenues	6	349,915	
EXPENDITURES:			
General government	_	30,082	
Human services	-	41,085	
Public safety	_	26,381	
Culture and recreation	_	6,925	
Transportation	-	116,662	
Economic environment	-	30,578	
Physical environment	12	5,476	
Capital outlay	-	54,128	
Debt service:			
Principal	-	575	
Interest	-	35	
-			
Total Expenditures	12	311,927	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)			
EXPENDITURES	(6)	37,988	
OTHER EINANCING SOURCES (USES).			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		60.720	
Long term debt issued Transfers in	-	60,720	
Transfers out	-	62,375	
Transfers out	<u>-</u> _	(116,031)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	7,064	
_			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(6)	45,052	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	252	291,838	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ 246	\$ 336,890	



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FUND 110 - CONCURRENCY MANAGEMENT

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS					VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET -
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	ENCUMBRANCES	BUDGETARY ACTUAL	POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUE:						
Permits, Fees & Special Assessments	\$ -	\$ 55	\$ 55	\$ -	\$ 55	\$ -
Charges for Services	824	1,230	3,173	-	3,173	1,943
Interest	36	73	807		807	734
Total Revenue	860	1,358	4,035		4,035	2,677
EXPENDITURES:						
Planning and Development	5,732	9,058	2,002	-	2,002	7,056
Public Works	28,914	27,231	515	1,164	1,679	25,552
Total Expenditures	34,646	36,289	2,517	1,164	3,681	32,608
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENU	J E					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(33,786)	(34,931)	1,518	(1,164)	354	35,285
OTHER FINANCING (USES):						
Operating transfers in	_	1,200	1,200	_	1,200	-
Operating transfers out	-	(89)	(89)		(89)	
Total Other Financing (Uses)		1,111	1,111		1,111	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(33,786)	(33,820)	2,629	(1,164)	1,465	35,285
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	55,559	55,559	55,559		55,559	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 21,773	\$ 21,739	\$ 58,188	\$ (1,164)	\$ 57,024	\$ 35,285

FUND BALANCE, ENDING

FUND 120 - AIR POLLUTION CONTROL AND MONITORING VARIANCE WITH BUDGETED AMOUNTS FINAL BUDGET -BUDGETARY **POSITIVE ORIGINAL FINAL** ACTUAL ENCUMBRANCES **ACTUAL** (NEGATIVE) **REVENUE:** Intergovernmental \$ 1,315 \$ 1,533 \$ 1,525 \$ 1,525 \$ (8) Interest (63) 84 84 21 21 1,399 Total Revenue 1,617 1,546 1,546 (71) **EXPENDITURES:** Jacksonville Citywide Activities 40 40 40 Regulatory Compliance 2,180 2,475 2,043 2,044 431 **Total Expenditures** 2,220 2,515 2,043 1 2,044 471 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE **OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES** (898)(497)(498)400 (821)(1) OTHER FINANCING (USES): Operating transfers in 424 424 424 424 Total Other Financing (Uses) 424 424 424 424 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (397)(474)(73) (1) (74)400 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING 1,659 1,659 1,659 1,659

\$ 1,185

\$ 1,586

\$(1)

\$ 1,585

\$ 400

\$ 1,262

FUND 130 - SPORTS, CONVENTION AND TOURISM DEVELOPMENT

	BUDGETED .	AMOUNTS			BUDGETARY	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	ENCUMBRANCES	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUE:						
Sales and Use Tax	\$ 5,650	\$ 5,650	\$ 6,538	\$ -	\$ 6,538	\$ 888
Interest	43	76	66	-	66	(10)
Other	41	1,122	1,121		1,121	(1)
Total Revenue	\$ 5,734	\$ 6,848	\$ 7,725		\$ 7,725	\$ 877
EXPENDITURES:						
Finance	3	23	20	-	20	3
City Council	7,732	7,604	5,892	947	6,839	765
Neighborhoods	27	30	-	-	-	30
Parks & Recreation	1,989	3,001	961	33	994	2,007
Special Services	129	208	146	1_	147	61
Total Expenditures	9,880	10,866	7,019	981	8,000	2,866
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENU	E					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(4,146)	(4,018)	706	(981)	(275)	3,743
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(4,146)	(4,018)	706	(981)	(275)	3,743
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	4,677	4,677	4,677	<u>-</u>	4,677	- _
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 531	\$ 659	\$ 5,383	\$ (981)	\$ 4,402	\$ 3,743

FUND BALANCE, ENDING

FUND 140 - TRANSPORTATION VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET -BUDGETED AMOUNTS BUDGETARY **POSITIVE ORIGINAL FINAL** ACTUAL ENCUMBRANCES **ACTUAL** (NEGATIVE) REVENUE: Sales and Use Taxes \$ 135,745 \$ 135,745 \$ 108,956 \$ \$ 108,956 \$ (26,789) Intergovernmental 6,763 6,396 6,994 6,994 598 Charges for Services 2 (2) Interest 259 1,105 148 148 (957) Other 56 (56)Total Revenue \$ 143,304 \$ 116,098 \$ 116,098 \$ 142,767 \$ (27,206) **EXPENDITURES:** Public Works 803 39,349 44,711 32,044 32,847 11,864 Jacksonville Misc. Citywide Activities 84,103 128,852 91,282 84,103 7,179 135,993 803 116,950 19,043 Total Expenditures 168,201 116,147 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE **OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES** (25,434)7,311 (49)(803)(852)(8,163)OTHER FINANCING (USES): Operating transfers out (508)508 Total Other Financing (Uses) (508)508 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (49)(803)(852)(25,434)6,803 (7,655)FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING 32,381 32,381 32,381 32,381

6,947

39,184

\$ 32,332

\$ (803)

\$ 31,529

\$ (7,655)

FUND 150 - BUDGETED GENERAL GOVERNMENT

	BUDGETED A ORIGINAL	MOUNTS	ACTUAL	ENCUMBRANCES	BUDGETARY ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUE:						
Permits, Fees & Special Assessments	\$ 11,887	\$ 11,887	\$ 12,880	-	\$ 12,880	\$ 993
Intergovernmental	907	2,801	1,300		1,300	(1,501)
Charges for services	6,587	6,587	7,035	-	7,035	448
Fines and forfeitures	228	737	531	-	531	(206)
Interest	495	529	416	-	416	(113)
Other	492	517	1,421		1,421	904
Total Revenue	20,596	23,058	23,583	<u> </u>	23,583	525
EXPENDITURES:						
Courts	2,377	2,495	2,130	6	2,136	359
Fire/Rescue	697	697	861	-	861	(164)
Intra-Governmental Services	315	315	202	45	247	68
Jacksonville Citywide Activities	1,584	1,585	193	-	193	1,392
Mayor Board	7	22	12	-	12	10
Public Defender	455	455	389	16	405	50
Planning and Development	10,489	10,489	10,415	2	10,417	72
Public Library	377	377	270	16	286	91
Public Works	9,802	9,835	862	1,884	2,746	7,089
Recreation & Parks	140	140	76	-	76	64
Regulatory Compliance	2,352	4,622	1,745	11	1,756	2,866
Special Services	110	115	63	11	74	41
State Attorney	431	431	427	13	440	(9)
Total Expenditures	29,136	31,578	17,645	2,004	19,649	11,929
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(8,540)	(8,520)	5,938	(2,004)	3,934	12,454
OTHER FINANCING (USES):						
Operating transfers in	125	243	243	-	243	-
Operating transfers out	(2,313)	(2,313)	(2,313)		(2,313)	
Total Other Financing (Uses)	(2,188)	(2,070)	(2,070)		(2,070)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(10,728)	(10,590)	3,868	(2,004)	1,864	12,454
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	28,385	28,385	28,385		28,385	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 17,657	\$ 17,795	\$ 32,253	\$ (2,004)	\$ 30,249	\$ 12,454

	FUND 170 - EMERGENCY 911					
	BUDGETED ORIGINAL	AMOUNTS FINAL	ACTUAL	ENCUMBRANCES	BUDGETARY ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUE:						
Charges for services	\$ 3,958	\$ 3,958	\$ 3,920	\$ -	\$ 3,920	\$ (38)
Interest	360	360	108		108	(252)
Total Revenue	4,318	4,318	4,028		4,028	(290)
EXPENDITURES:						
Jacksonville Citywide Activities	303	303	-	-	_	303
Office of the Sheriff	5,204	5,195	3,868	636	4,504	691
Total Expenditures	5,507	5,498	3,868	636	4,504	994
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENU OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	E (1,189)	(1,180)	160	(636)	(476)	704
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,189)	(1,180)	160	(636)	(476)	704
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	7,632	7,632	7,632		7,632	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 6,443	\$ 6,452	\$ 7,792	\$ (636)	\$ 7,156	\$ 704

FUND BALANCE, ENDING

FUND 180 - TAX INCREMENT DISTRICTS VARIANCE WITH BUDGETED AMOUNTS FINAL BUDGET -**BUDGETARY POSITIVE** ORIGINAL **FINAL** ACTUAL ENCUMBRANCES **ACTUAL** (NEGATIVE) REVENUE: Property taxes \$ 15,398 \$ 15,398 \$ 15,395 \$ \$ 15,395 \$ (3) Other 339 339 284 55 55 Total Revenue 281 15,453 15,453 15,734 15,734 EXPENDITURES: Jacksonville Citywide Activities 9,953 12,427 5,087 5,087 7,340 Office of Economic Development 375 375 375 375 10,328 12,802 Total Expenditures 5,462 5,462 7,340 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE **OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES** 5,125 2,651 10,272 10,272 7,621 OTHER FINANCING (USES): Operating transfers in 2,678 6,352 6,352 6,352 Operating transfers out (9,131)(10,394)(9,577)(9,577)817 Total Other Financing (Uses) (6,453)(4,042)(3,225)(3,225)817 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (1,328)(1,391)7,047 7,047 8,438 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING 3,342 3,342 3,342 3,342

\$ 2,014

\$ 1,951

\$ 10,389

10,389

\$ 8,438

FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING

FUND BALANCE, ENDING

FUND 190 - JACKSONVILLE CHILDREN'S COMMISSION VARIANCE WITH BUDGETED AMOUNTS FINAL BUDGET -BUDGETARY POSITIVE ACTUAL ENCUMBRANCES **ACTUAL** (NEGATIVE) **ORIGINAL FINAL REVENUE:** \$ 14,246 \$ 4,849 \$ 6,750 \$ \$6,750 Intergovernmental \$ (7,496) 129 129 49 Interest 80 80 344 147 Other 314 461 461 Total Revenue 7,340 7,340 5,273 14,640 (7,300)**EXPENDITURES:** Jacksonville Children's Commission 30,390 36,293 28,807 4,823 33,630 2,663 **Total Expenditures** 30,390 36,293 28,807 4,823 33,630 2,663 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (25,117)(21,653)(4,823)(26,290)(4,637)(21,467)OTHER FINANCING (USES): Operating transfers in 21,512 21,612 20,473 20,473 (1,139)Operating transfers out (600)(584)(584)(600)16 Total Other Financing (Uses) 20,912 21,012 19,889 19,889 (1,123)NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (4,205)(641) (1,578)(4,823)(6,401) (5,760)

7,536

\$ 6,895

7,536

\$ 5,958

7,536

\$ 3,331

7,536

\$ (5,760)

\$ 1,135

\$ (4,823)



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NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS:

Enterprise Funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises and where the costs of providing goods or services to the general public are recovered primarily through user charges; or where the City has decided that determination of net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. Individual non-major enterprise funds are described below.

The Public Parking System Fund accounts for the City's on-street, off-street, and parking garage facility operations, including revenue collection and enforcement.

The Motor Vehicle Inspection Fund accounts for the operations of the City's motor vehicle inspection stations.

The Mayport Ferry Fund - account for the operations associated with the St. Johns River (Mayport) Ferry service.

The Baseball Stadium Fund accounts for events held at the stadium including professional minor league and college baseball games.

Times Union Center for the Performing Arts (Performing Arts) Fund - accounts for events held at the center such as the symphony, FCCJ performing arts series, dance recitals and concerts.

The Prime Osborn Convention Center (Convention Center) Fund accounts for events held at the center such as gate and trade shows, banquets, meetings and other.

The Equestrian Center Fund accounts for events held at the center including horse shows and competitions, rodeos and concerts.

The Sports Complex Capital Fund accounts for maintenance and upkeep for municipal stadium, baseball stadium, and arena.

The Ritz Theater Fund accounts for the operations of the Ritz Theater and Museum public entertainment facilities.

	PUBLIC PARKING SYSTEM	MOTOR VEHICLE INSPECTION	MAYPORT FERRY	BASEBALL STADIUM
<u>ASSETS</u>				
CURRENT ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 1,408	\$ 185	\$ 557	\$ 465 598
Accounts	-	57	-	88
Due from other governments		- 11	17 -	- - 4
Prepaid expenses and other assets Total Current Assets	1,408	253	574	1,155
NONCURRENT ASSETS:	1,400			1,133
CAPITAL ASSETS:				
Land, easements and work in progress Other capital assets, net of depreciation	1,768 5,774	32	610 3,024	26,978
Total Noncurrent Assets	7,542	32	3,634	26,978
TOTAL ASSETS	8,950	285	4,208	28,133
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES: Unamortized deferred loss on refunding		<u>-</u> _		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Accrued compensated absences, current portion Deposits Accrued interest payable Current portion of bonds payable	135 60 61	11 - 12 - -	- - - - -	280 - - 598
Total Current Liabilities	256	23		878
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES: Accrued compensated absences. Bonds payable	110 - 281	29 - 57	- - -	26,476
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	391	86		26,476
TOTAL LIABILITIES	647	109		27,354
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES: Unamortized deferred gain on refunding				
NET POSITION: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit)	7,542 761	32 144	3,634 574	502 277
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ 8,303	\$ 176	\$ 4,208	\$ 779

PERFORMING ARTS	CONVENTION CENTER	EQUESTRIAN CENTER	SPORTS COMPLEX CAPITAL	RITZ THEATER	TOTAL 2015
\$ 113 127	\$ 709 -	\$ - 61	\$ 9,004 -	\$ 414 -	\$ 12,855 786
195 - - - 2	446 - - - 2	- - - - 58	4,570	377 - - - 5	1,163 4,570 17 11 71
437	1,157	119	13,574	796	19,473
1,000 19,750 20,750 21,187	5,259 10,287 15,546 16,703	10,180 10,180 10,299	13,574	- - - 796	8,669 75,993 84,662 104,135
		88			88
140 1,163 - 161 23 104	989 - 166 - - - 1,155	16 524 - - 48 13	284 - - - - - - 284	956 - - 12 - - - 968	2,811 1,687 72 400 669 117
818		2,480	- - -		139 29,774 338
2,409	1,155	2,480 3,081	284		30,251 36,007
54					54
19,774 (1,050) \$ 18,724	15,546 2 \$ 15,548	7,687 (381) \$ 7,306	13,290 \$ 13,290	(172) \$ (172)	54,717 13,445 \$ 68,162
Ψ 10,724	Ψ 13,340	Ψ 7,500	Ψ 13,270	Ψ (172)	Ψ 00,102

	PUBLIC PARKING SYSTEM	MOTOR VEHICLE INSPECTION	MAYPORT FERRY	BASEBALL STADIUM
OPERATING REVENUE:	•			
Sales and tourist taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services	3,826	502	1,579	959
Other	12	-	284	256
Total Operating Revenue	3,838	502	\$ 1,863	1,215
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Personal services	1,909	367	-	380
Supplies and materials	34	3	-	12
Central services	556	27	120	2
Interdepartmental charges	138	3	37	212
Other services and charges	479	30	1,572	1,858
Depreciation and amortization	380	-	340	745
Total Operating Expenses	3,496	430	2,069	3,209
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	342	72	(206)	(1,994)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES):				
Investment earnings	9	2	1	14
Interest expense	-	-	-	(1,197)
Other	23	-	200	501
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	32	2	201	(682)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	374	74	(5)	(2,676)
TRANSFERS:				
Transfers in	-	-	-	2,747
Transfers out	-	-	-	· -
Net Transfers	-	-		2,747
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	374	74	(5)	71
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	7,929	102	4,213	708
TOTAL NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 8,303	\$ 176	\$ 4,208	\$ 779

PERFORMING ARTS	CONVENTION CENTER	EQUESTRIAN CENTER	SPORTS COMPLEX CAPITAL	RITZ THEATER	TOTAL 2015
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,003	\$ -	\$ 6,003
1,890	984	· -	-	122	9,862
567	918	-	=	242	2,279
2,457	1,902		6,003	364	18,144
683	1,174	-	-	463	4,976
27	27	-	-	13	116
35	20	-	-	27	787
297	202	-	-	22	911
2,090	1,829	335	-	891	9,084
753	637	708		 	3,563
3,885	3,889	1,043		1,416	19,437
(1,428)	(1,987)	(1,043)	6,003	(1,052)	(1,293)
-	7	-	41	4	78
(47)	-	(96)	-	-	(1,340)
	1	10	-	- -	735
(47)	8	(86)	41	4	(527)
(1,475)	(1,979)	(1,129)	6,044	(1,048)	(1,820)
773	1,095	406	-	876	5,897
-	-	-	(109)	=	(109)
773	1,095	406	(109)	876	5,788
(702)	(884)	(723)	5,935	(172)	3,968
19,426	16,432	8,029	7,355	<u> </u>	64,194
\$ 18,724	\$ 15,548	\$ 7,306	\$ 13,290	\$ (172)	\$ 68,162

	PUBLIC PARKING SYSTEM	MOTOR VEHICLE INSPECTION	MAYPORT FERRY	BASEBALL STADIUM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Receipts from customers	\$ 3,860	\$ 509	\$ 1,862	\$ 1,052
Payments to suppliers	(1,108)	(61)	(1,696)	(2,066)
Payments to employees	(1,864)	(357)	-	(380)
Internal activity-receipts from other funds	-	-	166	-
Other cash receipts	42	-	- (25)	274
Other operating cash payments	(145)	(3)	(37)	(212)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	785	88	295	(1,332)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Transfers from other funds	_	_	_	2,747
Transfers to other funds	_	_	_	2,7 . 7
Cash received from other funds	_	_	_	_
Cash paid to other funds				
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u>-</u> ,	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	2,747
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(2)	_	(57)	(4)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	_	-	-
Cash paid to fiscal agent	_	_	_	_
Contributions from JPA and JTA	-	-	200	-
Proceeds from long-term obligations	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from bonds payable	-	-	-	-
Payments on bonds payable	-	-	-	-
Interest paid on debt		<u> </u>		(1,197)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) CAPITAL AND				
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(2)		143	(1,201)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest and dividends on investments	9	2	1	14
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	9	2	1	14
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS	792	90	439	228
Equity in pooled cash and investments at October 1, 2014	616	95	118	237
Equity in pooled cash and investments at September 30, 2015	\$ 1,408	\$ 185	\$ 557	\$ 465

TOTAL 2015	RITZ THEATER	SPORTS COMPLEX CAPITAL	EQUESTRIAN CENTER	CONVENTION CENTER	PERFORMING ARTS
\$ 17,407	\$ 652	\$ 6,003	\$ 99	\$ 1,471	\$ 1,899
(21,569) (4,921)	(1,097) (463)	(10,633)	(422)	(2,110) (1,174)	(2,376) (683)
166 2,069	260	-	-	- 926	- 567
(1,425)	(37)	- -	(43)	(222)	(726)
(\$ 8,273)	(685)	(4,630)	(366)	(1,109)	(1,319)
5,897	876	_	406	1,095	773
(109)	-	(109)	-	- -	-
17,669 (2,983)	-	16,685 (2,983)	123	-	861
20.454	07.6	10.500	520	1.005	1.524
20,474	876	13,593	529	1,095	1,634
(20,509)	_	(20,435)	(1)	_	(10)
1	-	-	-	1	-
(2,281)	-	-	(2,154)	-	(127)
200 19,185	-	19,185	-	-	-
3,445	-	1,250	2,091	-	104
(122)	-	-	-	-	(122)
(1,317)		-	(92)		(28)
(1,398)			(156)	1	(183)
52	4	41	(7)	7	(19)
52	4	41	(7)	7	(19)
10,855	195	9,004	-	(6)	113
2,000	219			715	
	\$ 414	\$ 9,004	\$ -	\$ 709	\$ 113

	PUBLIC PARKING SYSTEM	MOTOR VEHICLE INSPECTION	MAYPORT FERRY	BASEBALL STADIUM
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 342	\$ 72	(\$ 206)	(\$ 1,994)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)			(1 2 3)	
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	380	-	340	745
Other non-operating revenue/(expenses)	23	-	=	-
(Increase) decrease in assets:				
Receivables and other current assets, net	5	8	=	73
Due from independent agencies and other governments	-	-	166	-
Inventories	-	2	-	-
Prepaid expenses and other assets	-	-	-	8
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(9)	(2)	(5)	(182)
Deposits	6	-	-	· -
Accrued interest payable	-	-	-	18
Other liabilities	49	10	-	-
Accrued compensated absences	(11)	(2)	-	-
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	443	16	501	662
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 785	\$ 88	\$ 295	(\$ 1,332)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Change in the fair value of investments	(2)	-	(1)	(1)
proprietary funds of the city	-	-	-	-
Accrued Interest	_	-	-	_

PERFORMING ARTS	CONVENTION CENTER	EQUESTRIAN CENTER	SPORTS COMPLEX CAPITAL	RITZ THEATER	TOTAL 2015
(\$ 1,428)	(\$ 1,987)	(\$ 1,043)	\$ 6,003	(\$ 1,052)	(\$ 1,293)
753	637	708	- -	- -	3,563 23
(42) - - 9	(182) - - 8	86 - - (56)	- - -	(162) - - 18	(214) 166 2 (13)
(180) (427) (4)	424 (20) 11	(18) (7) (36)	(10,633) - - -	509 (14) 16	(10,096) (462) 5 59 (13)
109	878	677	(10,633)	367	(6,980)
(\$ 1,319)	(\$ 1,109)	(\$ 366)	(\$ 4,630)	(\$ 685)	(\$ 8,273)
-	(2)	- -	(23)	(1)	(30)
- -	- -	- -	- -	-	-



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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods and services provided by one City department or agency to other City departments or agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis. Descriptions of individual funds in this category are presented below.

The Fleet Management Fund accounts for the operation of the City's fleet of police cars, fire and rescue vehicles, public works and public utilities trucks, and many other types of on- and off-road automotive equipment.

The Copy Center Fund accounts for the operation of the centralized copy center, mail and messenger service functions for City agencies.

The Public Works Fund accounts for costs of the operation, maintenance, utilities, and security of public buildings.

The Information Technologies Fund accounts for centralized information management and computer services that include data processing, central telephone and network communications, and other voice/data electronic media services.

The Legal Fund accounts for centralized legal services to all City departments and agencies through the Office of General Counsel.

The Self-Insurance Fund accounts for centralized risk management and safety and loss prevention services to all City departments that are self-insured for workers' compensation, public, and general and vehicle liability.

The Group Health Fund accounts for employee health and life insurance premiums and manages third party health care contracts to all City employees.

The Insured Programs Fund accounts for providing all forms of property and casualty, commercial liability and other types of coverage to City departments.

The Banking Fund accounts for commercial paper issued for short intermediate life assets such as personal computers, vehicles, application software, equipment, etc.

	FLEET MANAGEMENT	COPY CENTER	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGIES	PUBLIC WORKS
<u>ASSETS</u>				
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 21,868	\$ 592	\$ 3,871	\$ 6,360
Cash with fiscal agents	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	29
Loans receivable Other receivables	-	-	- -	-
Due from independent agencies and other governments	703	-	176	-
Inventories Prepaid expenses and other assets	457	-	425 263	-
• •	<u> </u>			
Total Current Assets	23,028	592	4,735	6,389
NONCURRENT ASSETS:				
Advances to other funds Loans receivable - noncurrent	-	-	-	-
Other receivables - noncurrent	_	_	_	_
Total Noncurrent Assets		<u>-</u>	 -	<u>-</u> _
CAPITAL ASSETS AND INFRASTRUCTURE	101		126	
Land and work in progress Other capital assets, net of depreciation	181 36,137	8	436 21,873	168
Total Capital Assets, Net	36,318	8	22,309	168
TOTAL ASSETS	59,346	600	27,044	6,557
<u>LIABILITIES</u> CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Estimated liability for self-insured losses, current portion	6,941	150	1,482	2,483
Unearned revenue	-	-	- -	-
Accrued compensated absences, current portion	138	8	333	105
Current interest payable Current portion of bonds payable	-	-	-	-
Current portion of notes payable	-	-	-	-
Current portion of loans payable	118	- 150	3,698	- 2.500
Total Current Liabilities	7,197	158	5,513	2,588
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Notes payable	-	-	-	-
Estimated liability for self-insured losses	323	18	776	244
Loans payable	-	-	8,591	-
Bonds payable Other liabilities	890	49	1,129	137
Total Long-Term Liabilities	1,213	67	10,496	381
TOTAL LIABILITIES	8,410	225	16,009	2,969
NET POSITION: Net investment in capital assets	36,200	8	10,020	168
Restricted - other participant's equity	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	14,736	367	1,015	3,420
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 50,936	\$ 375	\$ 11,035	\$ 3,588

LEGAL	SELF- INSURANCE	GROUP HEALTH	INSURED PROGRAMS	BANKING FUND	TOTAL 2015
\$ 3,545	\$ 89,488	\$ 29,065	\$ 7,119	\$ 32,831	\$ 194,739
Ψ 3,545	-	Ψ 2 <i>5</i> ,005	Ψ 7,117	25,506	25,506
-	-	-	-	20,510	29 20,510
-	713	-	-	-	713
459	1,672	-	-	-	3,010 882
	582		1,915		2,760
4,004	92,455	29,065	9,034	78,847	248,149
-	3,849	-	-	-	3,849
-	- 11,297	-	-	259,306	259,306 11,297
	15,146			259,306	274,452
-	-	_	-	-	617
3 3	445 445	9	<u>44</u> 44	<u> </u>	58,687 59,304
4,007	108,046	29,074	9,078	338,153	581,905
581	104 23,709	7,571 4,144	107	-	19,419 27,853
-	-	-	1,915	-	1,915
207	18	17 -	21	6,043	847 6,043
-	-	-	-	19,463	19,463
- 700	- 22.021	- 11.722	- 2.042		3,816
788	23,831	11,732	2,043	25,506	79,356
-	-	-	-	25,000	25,000
482	83,752 41	55 40	48	-	83,807
-	-	-	-	-	1,972 8,591
- 467	155	80	32	269,381	269,381 2,939
949	83,948	175	80	294,381	391,690
1,737	107,779	11,907	2,123	319,887	471,046
3	445	9	44	_	46,897
2,267	273 (451)	17,158	6,911	18,266	273 63,689
\$ 2,270	\$ 267	\$ 17,167	\$ 6,955	\$ 18,266	\$ 110,859

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 (in thousands)

Charges for services		FLEET MANAGEMENT	COPY CENTER	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGIES	PUBLIC WORKS
Charges for services for independent authorities. 5,623 - 1,819 - Other	OPERATING REVENUE:				
Other 771 - 7 329 Total Operating Revenue 41,094 2,498 29,644 42,254 OPERATING EXPENSES: Personal services 6,155 241 12,013 3,838 Supplies and materials 18,604 455 822 989 Central services 1,365 199 1,458 8,079 Other services and charges 5,226 1,351 9,930 24,111 Depreciation 6,945 2 7,058 2 Court reporter services - - - - - Claims and losses - <td>Charges for services</td> <td>\$ 34,700</td> <td>\$ 2,498</td> <td>\$ 27,818</td> <td>\$ 41,925</td>	Charges for services	\$ 34,700	\$ 2,498	\$ 27,818	\$ 41,925
Total Operating Revenue. 41,094 2,498 29,644 42,254 OPERATING EXPENSES: Personal services. 6,155 241 12,013 3,838 Supplies and materials. 18,604 455 822 989 Central services. 1,365 199 1,458 8,079 Other services and charges. 5,226 1,351 9,930 24,111 Depreciation. 6,945 2 7,058 2 Cour reporter services. - - - - Claims and losses. - - - - Insurance premiums and participant dividends 65 1 71 1,708 Total Operating Expenses. 38,360 2,249 31,352 38,727 OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) 2,734 249 (1,708) 3,527 NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES): 1 - 6618 - Investment earnings. 262 5 31 73 Interest expense (14)	Charges for services for independent authorities	5,623	-	1,819	-
OPERATING EXPENSES: Personal services. 6.155 241 12,013 3,838 Supplies and materials. 18,604 455 822 989 Central services. 1,365 199 1,458 8,079 Other services and charges. 5,226 1,351 9,930 24,111 Depreciation. 6,945 2 7,058 2 Court reporter services. - - - - - Claims and losses. - - - - - - Insurance premiums and participant dividends. 65 1 71 1,708 Total Operating Expenses. 38,360 2,249 31,352 38,727 OPERATING INCOME (LOSS). 2,734 249 (1,708) 3,527 NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES): 618 - Investment earnings. 262 5 31 73 Interest expense (14) - (618) - Oth	Other	771			329
Personal services. 6,155 241 12,013 3,838 Supplies and materials. 18,604 455 822 989 Central services. 1,365 199 1,458 8,079 Other services and charges. 5,226 1,351 9,930 24,111 Depreciation. 6,945 2 7,058 2 Court reporter services. - - - - - Claims and losses. -	Total Operating Revenue	41,094	2,498	29,644	42,254
Supplies and materials	OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Central services. 1,365 199 1,458 8,079 Other services and charges. 5,226 1,351 9,930 24,111 Depreciation. 6,945 2 7,058 2 Court reporter services. - - - - Claims and losses. - - - - Insurance premiums and participant dividends. 65 1 71 1,708 Total Operating Expenses. 38,360 2,249 31,352 38,727 OPERATING INCOME (LOSS). 2,734 249 (1,708) 3,527 NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES): 1 - (618) - Investment earnings. 262 5 31 73 Interest expense. (14) - (618) - Other. 693 - (41) 9 Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 941 5 (628) 82 INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS. 3,675 254 (2,336) 3,609	Personal services	6,155	241	12,013	3,838
Other services and charges 5,226 1,351 9,930 24,111 Depreciation 6,945 2 7,058 2 Court reporter services - - - - Claims and losses - - - - Insurance premiums and participant dividends 65 1 71 1,708 Total Operating Expenses 38,360 2,249 31,352 38,727 OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) 2,734 249 (1,708) 3,527 NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES): S 31 73 Investment earnings 262 5 31 73 Interest expense (14) - (618) - Other 693 - (41) 9 Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 941 5 (628) 82 INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS. 3,675 254 (2,336) 3,609 TRANSFERS: - (90) - - -	Supplies and materials	18,604	455	822	989
Depreciation	Central services	1,365	199	1,458	8,079
Court reporter services -	Other services and charges	5,226	1,351	9,930	24,111
Claims and losses	Depreciation	6,945	2	7,058	2
Insurance premiums and participant dividends 65 1 71 1,708 Total Operating Expenses 38,360 2,249 31,352 38,727 OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) 2,734 249 (1,708) 3,527 NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES): Investment earnings 262 5 31 73 Interest expense (14) - (618) - Other 693 - (41) 9 Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 941 5 (628) 82 INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS. 3,675 254 (2,336) 3,609 TRANSFERS: - (90) - - - Transfers out - (90) - (2,655) Net Transfers 4,000 (90) - (2,655) CHANGE IN NET POSITION 7,675 164 (2,336) 954 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 43,261 211 13,371 2,634	Court reporter services	-	-	-	-
Total Operating Expenses 38,360 2,249 31,352 38,727 OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) 2,734 249 (1,708) 3,527 NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES): Investment earnings 262 5 31 73 Interest expense (14) - (618) - Other 693 - (41) 9 Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 941 5 (628) 82 INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS 3,675 254 (2,336) 3,609 TRANSFERS: Transfers out - - - - Transfers out - 900 - (2,655) Net Transfers 4,000 (90) - (2,655) CHANGE IN NET POSITION 7,675 164 (2,336) 954 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 43,261 211 13,371 2,634	Claims and losses	-	-	-	-
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	Insurance premiums and participant dividends	65	1	71	1,708
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES): Investment earnings	Total Operating Expenses	38,360	2,249	31,352	38,727
Investment earnings	OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	2,734	249	(1,708)	3,527
Interest expense	NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES):				
Interest expense	Investment earnings	262	5	31	73
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 941 5 (628) 82 INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS. 3,675 254 (2,336) 3,609 TRANSFERS: -		(14)	-	(618)	-
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS 3,675 254 (2,336) 3,609 TRANSFERS: Transfers in	Other	693	-	(41)	9
TRANSFERS: 4,000 - - - - - - - - (2,655) Net Transfers out 4,000 (90) - (2,655) Net Transfers 4,000 (90) - (2,655) 164 (2,336) 954 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 43,261 211 13,371 2,634	Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	941	5	(628)	82
Transfers in	INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS	3,675	254	(2,336)	3,609
Transfers out	TRANSFERS:				
Net Transfers	Transfers in	4,000	-	-	-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	Transfers out	-	(90)	-	(2,655)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 43,261 211 13,371 2,634	Net Transfers	4,000	(90)	-	(2,655)
<u> </u>	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	7,675	164	(2,336)	954
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$50,936 \$375 \$11,035 \$3,588	NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	43,261	211	13,371	2,634
	NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 50,936	\$ 375	\$ 11,035	\$ 3,588

LEGAL	SELF- INSURANCE	GROUP HEALTH	INSURED PROGRAMS	BANKING FUND	TOTAL 2015
\$ 7,004	\$ 39,889	\$ 96,162	\$ 9,761	\$ 11,394	\$ 271,151
2,093	-	-	-	-	9,535
17	<u> </u>				1,124
9,114	39,889	96,162	9,761	11,394	281,810
6,927	1,543	677	492	_	31,886
20	50	2	5	_	20,947
480	791	99	-	_	12,471
1,146	8,224	400	<u>-</u>	11,750	62,138
-	18	2	6	-	14,033
24	-	-	-	_	24
-	29,135	_	_	_	29,135
40	5,871	84,889	7,659		100,304
8,637	45,632	86,069	8,162	11,750	270,938
477	(5,743)	10,093	1,599	(356)	10,872
37	1,407	258	119	571	2,763
-	-	-	-	-	(632)
2	1	_	_	2,060	2,724
39	1,408	258	119	2,631	4,855
516	(4,335)	10,351	1,718	2,275	15,727
-	1,075	-	<u>-</u>	-	5,075
(214)	- 1.055		(414)		(3,373)
(214)	1,075	-	(414)	-	1,702
302	(3,260)	10,351	1,304	2,275	17,429
1,968	3,527	6,816	5,651	15,991	93,430
\$ 2,270	\$ 267	\$ 17,167	\$ 6,955	\$ 18,266	\$ 110,859

	FLEET <u>MANAGEMENT</u>	COPY CENTER	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGIES	PUBLIC WORKS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Receipts from customers	\$ 40.866	\$ 2.498	\$ 29.708	\$ 42.242
Payments to suppliers	(23,164)	(1,952)	(11,851)	(27,309)
Payments to employees	(5,998)	(234)	(11,890)	(3,640)
Internal activity-payments to other funds	(1,365)	(30)	(1,458)	(8,079)
Other receipts	2,970	-	-	-
Other operating cash payments	(515)	(38)	(219)	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 12,794	\$ 244	\$ 4,290	\$ 3,214
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers from other funds	4,000	-	-	-
Transfers to other funds	-	(90)	-	(2,655)
Cash received from other funds			-	-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	4,000	(90)	<u>-</u>	(2,655)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIE	ES			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(15,849)	(3)	(2,273)	(151)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	693	-	-	9
Cash paid to fiscal agent	-	-		-
Payments on loans payable	(816)	-	(3,783)	-
Proceeds from notes payable				
Payments on notes payable	=	-	-	-
Proceeds from bonds payable	=	-	-	-
Payments on bonds payable	-	-	-	-
Interest and payments	(14)		(618)	
NET CASH (USED IN) CAPITAL AND				
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(15,986)	(3)	(6,674)	(142)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest and Dividends	264	5	31	73
NET CASH PROVIDED BY				
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	264	5	31	73
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND				
CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,072	156	(2,353)	490
Equity in pooled cash and investments at October 1, 2014	20,796	436	6,224	5,870
Equity in pooled cash and investments at September 30, 2015	\$ 21,868	\$ 592	\$ 3,871	\$ 6,360

<u>LEGAL</u>	SELF- <u>INSURANCE</u>	GROUP <u>HEALTH</u>	INSURED <u>PROGRAMS</u>	BANKING FUND	TOTAL 2015
\$ 9,263 (815) (6,773) (478)	\$ 39,638 (12,692) (1,531) (791)	\$ 96,312 (85,235) (656) (99)	\$ 9,761 (7,887) (476) (157)	\$ 11,394 - - -	\$ 281,682 (170,905) (31,198) (12,457)
(180)	(26,067)	4,198 (58)	545 (137)	574 (56,813)	8,287 (84,027)
\$ 1,017	(\$ 1,443)	\$ 14,462	\$ 1,649	\$ (44,845)	(\$ 8,618)
(214)	1,073 - 862	- - -	(414) -	- - -	5,073 (3,373) 862
(214)	1,935	<u> </u>	(414)	<u> </u>	2,562
(2) 2 - - - - -	(152) - - - - - -	- - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - -	(1,758) - 21,100 - 24,976 (287)	(18,430) 704 (1,758) (4,599) 21,100 - 24,976 (287) (632)
	(152)			44,031	21,074
<u>37</u> <u>37</u>	1,407	<u>258</u> <u>258</u>	119 119	<u>571</u> <u>571</u>	2,765 2,765
840	1,747	14,720	1,354	(243)	17,783
2,705	87,741	14,345	5,765	33,074	176,956
\$ 3,545	\$ 89,488	\$ 29,065	\$ 7,119	\$ 32,831	\$ 194,739

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 (in thousands; continued)

	FLEET <u>MANAGEMENT</u>	COPY CENTER	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGIES	PUBLIC WORKS
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TC NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss)	\$ 2,734	\$ 249	(\$ 1,708)	\$ 3,527
to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization(Increase) decrease in assets:	6,945	2	7,058	2
Receivables and other current assets, net	-	-	-	(12)
Due from independent agencies and other governments	(229)	-	64	-
Other receivables	-	-	-	-
Loans receivables	-	-	-	-
Inventories	218	-	(26)	-
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in liabilities: Accounts payable and				
accrued liabilities	2,970	(14)	(1,221)	(501)
Accrued compensated absences	8	(1)	(47)	111
Deposits	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities	148	8	170	87
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-
Liability for self-insured losses				
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	10,060	(5)	5,998	(313)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 12,794	\$ 244	\$ 4,290	\$ 3,214
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Change in the fair value of investments	(\$ 36)	\$ (1)	(\$ 22)	(\$ 12)
	<u> </u>			
TOTAL NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(\$ 36)	\$ (1)	(\$ 22)	(\$ 12)

<u>LEGAL</u>	SELF- <u>INSURANCE</u>	GROUP INSUREI HEALTH PROGRAM		BANKING FUND	TOTAL 2015
\$ 477	(\$ 5,743)	\$ 10,093	\$ 1,599	(\$ 356)	\$ 10,872
-	18	2	6	-	14,033
-	33	150	-	-	171
149	(1,345)	-	-	-	(1,361)
-	1,061	=	=	-	1,061
-	· -	-	-	(44,958)	(44,958)
-	-	-	-	-	192
-	(33)	-	397	-	364
239	(25)	(1)	28	469	1,944
69	(19)	4	9	-	134
-	-	=	=	-	-
83	32	16	7	-	551
-	-	-	(397)	-	(397)
-	4,578	4,198			8,776
540	4,300	4,369	50	(44,489)	(19,490)
\$ 1,017	(\$ 1,443)	\$ 14,462	\$ 1,649	(\$ 44,845)	(\$ 8,618)
(\$ 6)	(\$ 104)	(\$ 49)	(\$ 12)	(\$ 95)	(\$ 337)
(\$ 6)	(\$ 104)	(\$ 49)	(\$ 12)	(\$ 95)	(\$ 337)



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FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. Below are descriptions of the generic fund types within this category and specific funds within each fund type.

PENSION TRUST FUNDS are funds administered by independent boards for which the City performs a fiduciary role under a defined benefit, defined contribution and disability programs. The participant's retirement annuity is based on a statutory formula utilizing such factors as age, average salary, length of service and others. The City has two pension trust funds as described below.

The Jacksonville Retirement System Fund includes resources accumulated to pay present and future retirement annuities to eligible employees of the City except for sworn officers of the Office of the Sheriff and the firefighters in the Department of Fire and Rescue.

The Police and Fire Pension Trust Fund accounts for a single employer, contributory defined benefit plan for City police officers and firefighters.

AGENCY FUNDS are funds which hold monies in an agency capacity for various government units, individuals or funds. Individual fund descriptions follow.

The Treasurer Fund is the clearing fund used to account for all cash received and disbursed on behalf of the City's payroll.

The Tax Collector Fund accounts for assets and liabilities from the collection of all taxes, revenues and other cash amounts on behalf of the City and various of its agencies, authorities, organizations, individuals, and funds.

Clerk of the Circuit Court accounts for assets and liabilities from revenues collected on behalf of the state and the city by the court system for various judgments, fines, bonds, fees and licenses and other miscellaneous amounts.

Plat Deposits Fund accounts for the deposits placed with the City as collateral to insure the completion of improvements in the event of default by a developer or failure by the developer to complete improvements within the time specified by the ordinance approving the Final Plat.

The Duval County School Readiness Coalition Fund accounts for the assets and liabilities from revenues collected on behalf of the Duval County School Readiness Coalition from the State, pursuant to Florida Statute 411.01, to provide comprehensive programs of readiness services to children.

The Florida Retirement System Fund accounts for a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan for certain City employees who elected to remain with the State of Florida Retirement System.

The Office of the Sheriff accounts for deposits held in accordance with statutes for civil action, safeguarding of monetary evidence, and inmate funds.

			PENSION	TRUST FUNDS		
		JACK				
		RETIREM	RETIREMENT SYSTEM			
	GENERAL	CORRECTIONS	DISABILITY	DEFINED	POLICE	
	EMPLOYEES	OFFICERS	PENSION	CONTRIBUTION	AND FIRE	TOTAL
	PLAN	PLAN	PLAN	PLAN	PENSION PLAN	2015
<u>ASSETS</u>					·	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 9,017	\$ 4,836	\$ 9,587	\$ 21	\$ 6,960	\$ 30,421
Receivables (net, where applicable, of						
allowances for uncollectibles):						
Interest and dividends	2,866	=	-	-	2,233	5,099
Accounts	-	=	-	=	155	155
Other	1,343	636	15	65	-	2,059
Due from independent agencies and other governments	-	-	-	-	4,746	4,746
Prepaid assets	-	-	-	-	114	114
Investments, at fair value:						
Bonds	375,868	-	-	-	313,153	689,021
Short-term investments	32,635	_	-	_	26,837	59,472
Domestic stocks	701,683	_	-	_	545,528	1,247,211
International stocks	382,681	_	_	_	282,145	664,826
Real estate	284,299	_	_	_	174,873	459,172
Alternative investments.	114,069	_	_	_	85,491	199,560
Equity in pooled investments	(161,576)	161,576		15,096	05,471	15,096
Total investments		161,576	-	15,096	1,428,027	3,334,358
Capital assets:						
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	8	_	_	_	18	26
Net capital assets	- 8				18	26
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-					
Securities lending collateral	70,279	6,550	-		141,105	217,934
TOTAL ASSETS	1,813,172	173,598	9,602	15,182	1,583,358	3,594,912
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES:						
Net differences between expected and						
actual investments earnings					273	273
LIABILITIES						
Obligations under securities landing agreement	70,923	6,610			141,105	218,638
Obligations under securities lending agreement			- 8	-		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,301	122	8	-	4,421	6,852
Other post employment benefits	42	=	-	-	51	93
Accrued compensated absences	15	-	-	-	176	191
Terminal leave - group care Due to participants		<u> </u>			102	102
TOTAL LIABILITIES	73,281	6,732	8		145,855	225,876
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS	\$ 1,739,891	\$ 166,866	\$ 9,594	\$ 15,182	\$ 1,437,776	\$ 3,369,309
FOR FENSION DENEFITS	\$ 1,/39,891	a 100,800	\$ 9,394	\$ 15,182	\$ 1,45/,//0	9 کارد,۶۵۶,۵

	PENSION TRUST FUNDS								
		JACKS	ONVILLE						
		RETIREME	NT SYSTEM						
	GENERAL EMPLOYEES PLAN	CORRECTIONS OFFICERS PLAN	DISABILITY PENSION PLAN	DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN	POLICE AND FIRE PENSION PLAN	TOTAL 2015			
ADDITIONS									
Contributions:									
Employer	\$ 81,751	\$ 17,832	\$ 867	\$ 2,473	\$ 153,015	\$ 255,938			
Plan member	20,893	2,466	902	2,448	11,963	38,672			
Total contributions	102,644	\$ 20,298	1,769	4,921	\$ 164,978	\$ 294,610			
Other additions:									
State insurance contributions	_	_	-	_	10,579	10,579			
Court fines & penalties	-	342	-	_	921	1,263			
Miscellaneous	1	-	-	-	248	249			
Plan transfers in/(out)	(125)	(480)	-	1,504	1,748	2,647			
Total other additions	(124)	(138)	-	1,504	13,496	14,738			
Investment income:									
Net change in fair value of investments	(58,718)	(5,552)	(16)	(769)	(86,879)	(151,934)			
Interest and other miscellaneous	14,499	1,411	138	343	12,326	28,717			
Dividends	13,510	1,217	-	-	18,314	33,041			
Rebate of commissions	· -	-	-	_	79	79			
Rental Income	-	-	-	-	636	636			
Total investment income (loss)	(30,709)	(2,924)	122	(426)	(55,524)	(89,461)			
Less investment expense	(8,972)	(815)	-	(33)	(8,357)	(18,177)			
Less rental expense					(251)	(251)			
Net investment income (loss)	(39,681)	(3,739)	122	(459)	(64,132)	(107,889)			
From Securities Lending Activities:									
Securities lending	399	38	-	-	862	1,299			
Securities lending expenses									
Agent fees	(100)	(10)	-	-	(215)	(325)			
Total securities lending activities	299	28			647	974			
TOTAL ADDITIONS	63,138	16,449	1,891	5,966	114,989	202,433			
TOTAL ADDITIONS	03,136	10,449	1,891	3,900	114,565	202,433			
DEDUCTIONS									
Benefit payments	157,104	8,349	278	-	148,230	313,961			
DROP benefits	- 10.5=0	-	-	-	-	-			
Refund of contributions Miscellaneous-Grant LED changeout expense	13,570	4,732	-	2,325	404	21,031			
Administrative expenses	762	73	-	-	1,676	2,511			
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	171,436	13,154	278	2,325	150,310	337,503			
		·		- <u></u> -					
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(108,298)	3,295	1,613	3,641	(35,321)	(135,070)			
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,848,189	163,571	7,981	11,541	1,473,097	\$ 3,504,379			
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,739,891	\$ 166,866	\$ 9,594	\$ 15,182	\$ 1,437,776	\$ 3,369,309			

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 (in thousands)

	TREASURER	TAX COLLECTOR	CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURTS	PLAT DEPOSITS
ASSETS:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 43	\$ 14,998	\$ 29,292	\$ 150
Accounts	22	9	2,486	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 65	\$ 15,007	\$ 31,778	\$ 150
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 65	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due to independent agencies and other governments		10,330	7,611	-
Due to individuals		2,325	4,260	-
Deposits held in escrow		2,352	19,907	150
Miscellaneous liabilities	<u>-</u>			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 65	\$ 15,007	\$ 31,778	\$ 150

DUVAL CO SCHOOL READINESS COALITION	FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM	SHERIFF'S AGENCY FUND	TOTAL 2015
\$ 22	\$ 72	\$ 2,030	\$ 46,607
<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	2,517
\$ 22	\$ 72	\$ 2,030	\$ 49,124
\$ - - - - 22	\$ - 72 - -	\$ - - - 1,394 636	\$ 65 18,013 6,585 23,803 658
\$ 22	\$ 72	\$ 2,030	\$ 49,124

	OCT	LANCE OBER 1, 2014	AD	DITIONS	DEI	DUCTIONS	SEPTI	LANCE EMBER 30, 2015
TREASURER								
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	201 22	\$	1,037,253 31	\$	1,037,411 31	\$	43 22
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	223	\$	1,037,284	\$	1,037,442	\$	65
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	223	\$	218,788	\$	218,946	\$	65
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	223	\$	218,788	\$	218,946	\$	65
TAX COLLECTOR								
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	14,485	\$	1,042	\$	529	\$	14,998 9
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	14,485	\$	1,051	\$	529	\$	15,007
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Due to independent agencies and other governments Due to individuals Deposits held in escrow	\$	9,569 2,688 2,228		921 - 421	\$	160 363 297	\$	10,330 2,325 2,352
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	14,485	\$	1,342	\$	820	\$	15,007
CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT								
ASSETS								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	33,683 2,448	\$	38	\$	4,391	\$	29,292 2,486
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	36,131	\$	38	\$	4,391	\$	31,778
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Due to independent agencies and other governments Due to individuals Deposits held in escrow	\$	9,595 4,171 22,365	\$	- 89	\$	1,984 - 2,458	\$	7,611 4,260 19,907
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	36,131	\$	89	\$	4,442	\$	31,778

	BALANCE OCTOBER 1, 2014		ADDITIONS		DEDUCTIONS		BALANCE SEPTEMBER 30, 2015	
PLAT DEPOSITS								
ASSETS								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	122	\$	49	\$	21	\$	150
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	122	\$	49	\$	21	\$	150
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deposits held in escrow	\$	122	\$	21 60	\$	21 32	\$	150
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	122	\$	81	\$	53	\$	150
DUVAL CO SCHOOL READINESS COALITION ASSETS Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ \$ \$	22 22 22 22	\$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$	- - -	\$ \$ \$	22 22 22 22
FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM ASSETS Equity in pooled cash and investments TOTAL ASSETS	\$	87 87	\$	893 893	\$	908 908	\$ \$	72 72
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to independent agencies and other governments	\$	16 71	\$	- 887	\$	16 886	\$	- 72
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	87	\$	887	\$	902	\$	72

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS (in thousands; continued) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	BALANCE OCTOBER 1, 2014		ADDITIONS		DEDUCTIONS		BALANCE SEPTEMBER 30, 2015	
SHERIFF'S AGENCY FUND								
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	2,521	\$	-	\$	491	\$	2,030
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,521	\$		\$	491	\$	2,030
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Due to independent agencies and other governments	\$	11	\$	-	\$	11		-
Deposits held in escrow		1,851 659		-		457 23		1,394 636
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	2,521	\$		\$	491	\$	2,030
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS								
	ø	51 121	ø	1 020 227	¢	1.042.751	e	46,607
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	51,121 2,470	\$	1,039,237 78	\$	1,043,751	\$	46,607 2,517
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	53,591	\$	1,039,315	\$	1,043,782	\$	49,124
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	239	\$	218,809	\$	218,983	\$	65
Due to independent agencies and other governments		19,246		1,808		3,041		18,013
Due to individuals Deposits held in escrow		6,859 26,566		89 481		363 3,244		6,585 23,803
Miscellaneous liabilities		681		- 401		23		658
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	53,591	\$	221,187	\$	225,654	\$	49,124

COMPONENT UNITS

Component Units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's governing body with certain exceptions, and either (a) the ability to impose will by the primary government; or (b) the potential for the organization to provide financial benefits to, or impose financial burdens on the primary government. Financial accountability may also be determined if the component unit is fiscally dependent on the City and the potential financial benefit/burden relationship mentioned above exists.

COMPONENT UNITS THAT DO NOT ISSUE A SEPARATE REPORT:

The Jacksonville Housing Finance Authority provides money for loans and technical assistance for construction and rehabilitation of housing to alleviate a shortage of housing and capital for investment in housing in Jacksonville.

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET - COMPONENT UNIT JACKSONVILLE HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 (in thousands)

	JACKSONVILLE HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY
ASSETS:	
Equity in cash and investments	\$ 7,155
Cash in escrow and with fiscal agents	2,651
Receivables (net, where applicable, of	
allowances for uncollectibles):	
Mortgages	12,324
TOTAL ASSETS	22,130
ABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES ABILITIES:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 11
Deposits	50
•	
OTAL LIABILITIES	61
UND BALANCES:	
Non Spendable:	
Imprest cash and cash in escrow	2,651
Spendable:	
Restricted	
Economic Environment	12,324
Committed	
Housing and Urban Development	7,094
OTAL FUND BALANCES	22,069

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -COMPONENT UNITS - JACKSONVILLE HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 (in thousands)

	JACKSONVILLE HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY
REVENUES:	
Investment earnings	\$ 266
Other	299
Total Revenues	565
EXPENDITURES:	
Current: Economic environment	272
Economic environment.	212
Total Expenditures	272
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	293
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	293
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	21,776
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 22,069
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Some revenues and expenses reported in the statement of activities did not require the use of or provide	
current financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds:	
Decrease in compensated absences payable	35 15
Decrease in other post employment benefits liability	15
Change in Net Position	\$ 343



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SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

The Supplemental Information provided herein contains schedules of long-term bonded indebtedness and debt service requirement detail, Self-Insurance Fund schedules detailing ten year trend information of general liability and workers compensation claims development, and General Fund balance sheet and statement of revenues expenditures and changes in fund balance schedules breaking out the General Service District, Emergency Reserve and other subfunds.

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM BONDED INDEBTEDNESS (in thousands) SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

6.300%
5.500%
3.750 - 5.000%
4.000%
5.060 - 5.220%
4.000 - 5.000%
3.500% (a
2.890% (a
3.000 - 5.000%
5.000%
4.000 - 5.000%
5.000 - 5.250%
4.240 - 4.990% (b
3.250 - 5.000%
5.000 - 5.250%
1.120%
5.000%
4.000 - 5.000%
1.164 - 2.372%
4.250 - 5.250%
5.000%
2.200 - 2.660%
2.200 - 2.660%

^{*} Indicates individual bond series that were issued in support of multiple operations. The par amount of bonds allocated to the other operations were determined prorata based on the project funding at the time of closing, and must be combined to determine the total amount of bonds outstanding for that bond series.

- $(a) \ \ The \ above \ rates \ represent \ assumed \ rates \ on \ variable \ rate \ debt \ for \ coverage \ analysis \ or \ other \ purposes.$
- (b) The taxable rates are subsidized under the Build America Bond program.
- (c) \$107,494 of Banking Fund projects remain authorized but unfunded

(continued)

PAYMENT DATES	ISSUE DATE	FINAL MATURITY DATE	ISSUED	RETIRED	OUTSTANDING
4/1; 10/1	02/23/93	10/01/15	\$ 43,605	\$ 42,342	\$ 1,263
4/1; 10/1	04/24/01	10/01/18	103,725	75,915	\$ 27,810
4/1; 10/1	12/29/06	10/01/32	36,540	34,965	\$ 1,575
4/1; 10/1	12/29/06	10/01/15	9,255	7,190	\$ 2,065
4/1; 10/1	12/29/06	10/01/19	23,555	9,195	\$ 14,360
4/1; 10/1	09/19/07	10/01/32	42,245	7,700	\$ 34,545
Monthly	07/01/08	10/01/34	67,037	9,364	\$ 57,673
Monthly	07/01/08	10/01/34	67,037	9,364	\$ 57,673
4/1; 10/1	09/30/09	10/01/34	39,585	5,265	\$ 34,320
4/1; 10/1	09/30/09	10/01/19	18,535	8,285	\$ 10,250
4/1; 10/1	09/30/09	10/01/16	2,275	1,840	\$ 435
4/1; 10/1	12/15/09	10/01/26	30,170	23,335	\$ 6,835
4/1; 10/1	12/15/09	10/01/21	10,995	0	\$ 10,995
4/1; 10/1	09/29/10	10/01/34	48,000	19,516	\$ 28,484
4/1; 10/1	06/10/11	10/01/41	76,500	500	\$ 76,000
4/1; 10/1	09/28/12	10/01/22	2,850	4	\$ 2,846
4/1; 10/1	12/13/12	10/01/32	183,058	5,390	\$ 177,668
4/1; 10/1	12/13/12	10/01/23	11,840	2,225	\$ 9,615
4/1; 10/1	12/13/12	10/01/20	34,340	0	\$ 34,340
4/1; 10/1	09/16/13	10/01/40	27,175	0	\$ 27,175
4/1; 10/1	11/19/14	10/01/34	61,401	0	\$ 61,401
			\$ 939,723	\$ 262,395	\$ 677,328
2/1. 9/1	02/19/97	08/01/16	\$ 1.700	¢ 1.570	\$ 130
2/1; 8/1			+ -,	\$ 1,570	7 0
2/1; 8/1	10/28/97	08/01/16	775	615	80
			\$ 2,475	\$ 2,185	\$ 210

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM BONDED INDEBTEDNESS (in thousands) (continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	INTEREST RATES
Special Revenue Bonds Payable from Internal Service Operations:	
Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2008 * Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2009C-1 * Special Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2009C-2 (Direct Pay Build America Bonds) * Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A * Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2012B * Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2013A Special Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2013B * Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2014 Total	3.750 - 5.625% 5.000 - 5.250% (b) 4.240 - 4.990% (b) 3.250 - 5.000% 5.000 - 5.250% 1.120% 2.000 - 5.250% 0.540 - 4.643% 5.000%
Notes Payable from Internal Service Operations:	
* Commercial Paper	5.000% (a)
Total	
Revenue Bonds Supported by BJP Revenues:	
Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2007	4.750 - 5.000% 3.330% (a) 4.190% (a) 4.000 - 5.000% 2.375 - 5.000% 3.000 - 5.000% 4.000 - 5.000% 5.000%
Total	
Special Revenue Bonds Supported by BJP Revenues: Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B-1A	3.000 - 5.000% 6.259% (b) 5.000% 4.000 - 5.000% 5.250%
Total	
Notes Payable Supported by BJP Revenues:	
State Infrastructure Bank Loan #1 State Infrastructure Bank Loan #2	2.000% 2.500%
Total	
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	

^{*} Indicates individual bond series that were issued in support of multiple operations. The par amount of bonds allocated to the other operations were determined prorata based on the project funding at the time of closing, and must be combined to determine the total amount of bonds outstanding for that bond series.

- (a) The above rates represent assumed rates on variable rate debt for coverage analysis or other purposes.
- (b) The taxable rates are subsidized under the Build America Bond program.
- (c) \$107,494 of Banking Fund projects remain authorized but unfunded

(continued)

PAYMENT DATES	ISSUE DATE	FINAL MATURITY DATE	ISSUED	RETIRED	OUTSTANDING
4/1; 10/1	09/24/08	10/01/33	\$ 54,215 (c)	\$ 14,445	\$ 39,770
4/1; 10/1	12/15/09	10/01/26	40,160 (c)	32,050	\$ 8,110
4/1; 10/1	12/15/09	10/01/21	26,315 (c)	0	\$ 26,315
4/1; 10/1	09/29/10	10/01/30	46,945 (c)	7,549	\$ 39,396
4/1; 10/1	12/21/10	10/01/20	27,205 (c)	5,840	\$ 21,365
4/1; 10/1	06/10/11	10/01/36	32,380 (c)	3,875	\$ 28,505
4/1; 10/1	09/28/12	10/01/16	4,040 (c)	2,000	\$ 2,040
4/1; 10/1	09/28/12 09/16/13	10/01/22 10/01/40	3,470 (c) 26,860 (c)	5 715	\$ 3,465 \$ 26,145
4/1; 10/1 4/1; 10/1	09/16/13	10/01/40	26,860 (c) 35,145 (c)	2,560	\$ 32,585
4/1; 10/1	11/19/14	10/01/26	36,975 (c)	2,300	\$ 36,975
			\$ 333,710	\$ 69,039	\$ 264,671
Monthly	11/04/04	12/31/34	\$ 162,125	\$ 137,125	\$ 25,000
			\$ 162,125	\$ 137,125	\$ 25,000
	00/07/07	40/04/0=	4.400.4		
4/1; 10/1	09/05/07	10/01/37	\$ 100,675	\$ 22,975	\$ 77,700
Monthly	04/25/08	10/01/32	154,535 121,740	15,300	139,235
Monthly 4/1; 10/1	05/14/08 09/16/08	10/01/27 10/01/30	121,740	34,330 18,830	87,410 86,640
4/1; 10/1	07/22/11	10/01/30	79,220	16,125	63,095
4/1; 10/1	03/29/12	10/01/20	238,570	16,705	221,865
4/1; 10/1	03/29/12	10/01/31	151,660	0	151,660
4/1; 10/1	03/29/12	10/01/22	57,730	11,880	45,850
4/1; 10/1	08/30/12	10/01/30	41,095	0	41,095
			\$ 1,050,695	\$ 136,145	\$ 914,550
4/1: 10/1	09/30/09	10/01/25	\$ 52,090	\$ 6,325	\$ 45,765
4/1; 10/1	09/30/09	10/01/23	55,925	0,323	55,925
4/1; 10/1	09/16/10	10/01/28	100,205	23,115	77,090
4/1; 10/1	06/17/11	10/01/30	86,600	8,750	77,850
4/1; 10/1	09/16/13	10/01/30	31,565	0	31,565
			\$ 326,385	\$ 38,190	\$ 288,195
10/1	07/28/05	10/01/23	\$ 40,000	\$ 18,583	19,397
10/1	03/13/07	10/01/21	48,698	23,061	22,279
			\$ 88,698	\$ 41,643	\$ 41,676
			\$ 2,903,811	\$ 686,722	\$ 2,211,630

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM BONDED INDEBTEDNESS (in thousands) (continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:	INTEREST RATES	г ——
Revenue Bonds Supported by Business-Type Activities:		
	3.500%	(a)
* Capital Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A * Capital Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2008B	2.890%	(a)
* Excise Taxes Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009B	5.000%	()
* Excise Taxes Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009C (AMT)	4.000%	
* Better Jacksonville Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	4.125 - 5.000%	ó
* Better Jacksonville Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A	5.000%	
Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	3.000 - 5.000%	á
* Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012C	5.000%	
* Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2014	5.000%	
* Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2014 * Commercial Paper	5.000%	(a)
TOTAL BUSINESS-LIKE ACTIVITIES		
TOTAL BONDED INDEBTEDNESS		

^{*} Indicates individual bond series that were issued in support of multiple operations. The par amount of bonds allocated to the other operations were determined prorata based on the project funding at the time of closing, and must be combined to determine the total amount of bonds outstanding for that bond series.

- (a) The above rates represent assumed rates on variable rate debt for coverage analysis or other purposes.
- (b) The taxable rates are subsidized under the Build America Bond program.
- (c) \$107,494 of Banking Fund projects remain authorized but unfunded

(continued)

PAYMENT DATES	ISSUE DATE	FINAL MATURITY DATE	ISSUED	RETIRED	OUTSTANDING
Monthly	07/01/08	10/01/34	\$ 248	\$ 46	\$ 202
Monthly	07/01/08	10/01/34	248	46	202
4/1; 10/1	09/30/09	10/01/16	10,475	7,110	3,365
4/1; 10/1	09/30/09	10/01/16	21,455	14,470	6,985
4/1; 10/1	03/29/12	10/01/30	41,480	0	41,480
4/1; 10/1	08/30/12	10/01/30	73,795	0	73,795
4/1; 10/1	12/13/12	10/01/30	118,005	8,750	109,255
4/1; 10/1	12/13/12	10/01/18	922	0	922
4/1; 10/1	11/19/14	10/01/34	1,784	0	1,784
Monthly	07/21/14	10/01/45	43,410	0	43,410
			\$ 311.822	\$ 30,423	\$ 281,400
			\$ 3,215,633	\$ 717,145	\$ 2,493,030

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS COMPARED TO CASH IN SINKING FUND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	PRINCIPAL OUTSTANDING
OVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:	
Revenue Bonds Supported by General Funds:	
Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Series 1993	\$ 1,263,518
Local Government Sales Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2001	27,810,000
Excise Taxes Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2006A	1,575,000
Excise Taxes Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2006B (AMT)	2,065,000
Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2006C	14,360,000
Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Series 2007	34,545,000
* Capital Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A	57,673,116
* Capital Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2008B	57,673,116
Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A	34,320,000
* Excise Taxes Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009B	10,250,000
* Excise Taxes Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009C (AMT)	435,000
* Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2009C-1	6,835,000
* Special Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2009C-2 (Direct Pay Build America Bonds)	10,995,000
* Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A	28,484,000
* Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A	76,000,000
* Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2012B	2,845,600
* Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012C	177,668,000
Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012D	9,615,000
Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012E	34,340,000
* Special Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A	27,175,000
* Special Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2014	61,401,000
Total	\$ 677,328,350
	Ψ 077,320,330
Notes Payable Supported by General Funds:	
U.S. Government Guaranteed Note Payable, Series 1997 (LaVilla)	130,000
U.S. Government Guaranteed Note Payable, Series 1997 (Armor Holdings)	80,000
Total	\$ 210,000
Special Revenue Bonds Payable from Internal Service Operations:	
Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2008	\$ 39,770,000
* Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2009C-1	8,110,000
* Special Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2009C-2 (Direct Pay Build America Bonds)	26,315,000
* Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A	39,396,000
Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2010C-1	21,365,000
* Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A	28,505,000
Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A	2,040,000
* Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2012B	3,464,400
* Special Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A	26,145,000
Special Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2013B	32,585,000
* Special Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2014	36,975,000
Total	\$ 264,670,400
Notes Payable from Internal Service Operations:	
* Commercial Paper	\$ 25,000,000
Total	\$ 25,000,000

^{*} Indicates individual bond series that were issued in support of multiple operations. The par amount of bonds allocated to the other operations were determined prorata based on the project funding at the time of closing, and must be combined to determine the total amount of bonds outstanding for that bond series.

(continued)

TOTAL INTEREST TO MATURITY	TOTAL DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY	CASH IN SINKING FUND	CASH IN DEBT SERVICE RESERVE FUND	NET DEBT
\$ 3,871,482	\$ 5,135,000	\$ 5,201,346	\$ 12,591	\$ 0
3,161,126	30,971,126	7,176,934	515	23,793,677
31,500	1,606,500	1,608,363	0	0
41,300	2,106,300	2,149,572	0	0
1,936,638	16,296,638	2,967,527	0	13,329,111
17,167,225	51,712,225	2,121,167	0	49,591,058
22,736,708	80,409,824	2,293,045	0	78,116,779
19,223,539	76,896,655	2,094,049	0	74,802,606
18,275,993	52,595,993	2,202,096	0	50,393,897
1,328,000	11,578,000	1,931,181	0	9,646,819
16,500	451,500	209,285	0	242,215
1,939,442	8,774,442	3,459,937	541,094	4,773,411
1,177,830	12,172,830	311,785	870,422	10,990,623
13,644,106	42,128,106	1,705,298	3,748,315	36,674,493
64,293,637	140,293,637	2,670,947	6,894,681	130,728,009
238,562	3,084,162	18,135	0	3,066,027
70,854,925	248,522,925	15,362,264	0	233,160,661
2,194,025	11,809,025	1,361,969	0	10,447,056
2,448,714	36,788,714	306,377	0	36,482,337
28,055,086 37,363,025	55,230,086 98,764,025	689,694 1,539,093	0	54,540,392 97,224,932
\$ 309,999,363	\$ 987,327,713	\$ 57,380,064	\$ 12,067,618	\$ 918,004,103
Ψ 307,777,303	Ψ 707,527,713	ψ 37,300,004	Ψ 12,007,010	Ψ 710,004,103
3,458	133,458	0	0	133,458
2,128	82,128	8,866	0	73,262
\$ 5,586	\$ 215,586	\$ 8,866	\$ 0	\$ 206,720
ф. 15 202 001	¢ 55 162 001	¢ 4.042.054	¢ 2.200.440	¢ 47 701 570
\$ 15,393,981	\$ 55,163,981	\$ 4,043,954	\$ 3,398,449	\$ 47,721,578
2,143,725 3,093,304	10,253,725	4,294,935 747,579	642,030	5,316,760 26,577,492
12,833,760	29,408,304 52,229,760		2,083,233 5,184,265	43,282,440
3,356,375	24,721,375	3,763,055 3,677,524	1,688,340	
13,538,362	42,043,362	2,151,544	2,585,959	19,355,511 37,305,859
22,904	2,062,904	1,026,424	2,383,939	1,036,480
285,414	3,749,814	22,219	0	3,727,595
16,854,509	42,999,509	1,404,624	0	41,594,885
5,604,640	38,189,640	3,472,735	0	34,716,905
24,020,625	60,995,625	925,151	0	60,070,474
\$ 97,147,599	\$ 361,817,999	\$ 25,529,744	\$ 15,582,276	\$ 320,705,979
¢ (05,000	¢ 25.225.000	Φ.Ω	Φ. Ω	¢ 25 (25 000
\$ 625,000	\$ 25,625,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 25,625,000
\$ 625,000	\$ 25,625,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 25,625,000

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS COMPARED TO CASH IN SINKING FUND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	PRINCIPAL OUTSTANDING
Revenue Bonds Supported by BJP Revenues:	
Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2007	\$ 77,700,000
Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A	139,235,000
Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2008B	87,410,000
Better Jacksonville Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2008	86,640,000
Better Jacksonville Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011	63,095,000
* Better Jacksonville Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	221,865,000
Transportation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A	151,660,000
Transportation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B	45,850,000
* Better Jacksonville Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A	41,095,000
Total	\$ 914,550,000
Special Revenue Bonds Supported by BJP Revenues:	
Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B-1A	\$ 45,765,000
Special Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2009B-1B (Direct Pay Build America Bonds)	55,925,000
Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B	77,090,000
Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2011B	77,850,000
Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013C	31,565,000
Total	\$ 288,195,000
Notes Payable Supported by BJP Revenues:	
State Infrastructure Bank Loan	\$ 19,396,832
State Infrastructure Bank Loan	22,278,465
Total	\$ 41,675,297
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 2,211,629,047
USINESS-LIKE ACTIVITIES:	
Revenue Bonds Supported by Business-Type Activities:	
* Capital Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A	201,884
* Capital Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2008B	201,884
* Excise Taxes Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009B	3,365,000
* Excise Taxes Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009C (AMT)	6,985,000
* Better Jacksonville Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	41,480,000
* Better Jacksonville Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A	73,795,000
Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	109,255,000
* Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012C	922,000
* Special Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2014	1,784,000
* Commercial Paper	43,410,000
TOTAL BUSINESS-LIKE ACTIVITIES	\$ 281,399,768
TOTAL BONDED INDEBTEDNESS	\$ 2,493,028,815

^{*} Indicates individual bond series that were issued in support of multiple operations. The par amount of bonds allocated to the other operations were determined prorata based on the project funding at the time of closing, and must be combined to determine the total amount of bonds outstanding for that bond series.

(continued)

NET DEBT	CASH IN DEBT SERVICE RESERVE FUND	CASH IN SINKING FUND	TOTAL DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY	TOTAL INTEREST TO MATURITY
¢ 12 < 220 A	4. 5.110.040	\$ 5.504.614	4.100.002.100	Ф. c1.222.100
\$ 126,320,44	\$ 7,118,043	\$ 5,594,614	\$ 139,033,100	\$ 61,333,100
179,131,01	0	11,634,058	190,765,071	51,530,071
100,341,45	0	6,789,067	107,130,517	19,720,517
111,653,12	7,872,580	5,753,310	125,279,012	38,639,012
66,402,63	5,441,782	6,375,131	78,219,551	15,124,551
271,309,60	20,118,281	16,343,959	307,771,848	85,906,848
229,086,24	14,641,562	5,397,050	249,124,858	97,464,858
49,743,74	4,215,507	3,163,823	57,123,075	11,273,075
56,864,94	10,900,641	1,501,791	69,267,375	28,172,375
\$ 1,190,853,20	\$ 70,308,396	\$ 62,552,803	\$ 1,323,714,407	\$ 409,164,407
\$ 53,888,74	\$ 4,997,550	\$ 3,051,251	\$ 61,937,549	\$ 16,172,549
79,052,02	6,107,024	1,662,934	86,821,985	30,896,985
96,524,59	8,591,445	2,817,206	107,933,250	30,843,250
101,692,05	8,430,962	4,412,734	114,535,750	36,685,750
50,807,61	3,517,823	1,211,200	55,536,636	23,971,636
\$ 381,965,04	\$ 31,644,804	\$ 13,155,325	\$ 426,765,170	\$ 138,570,170
\$ 18,888,88	\$ 0	\$ 2,446,636	\$ 21,335,525	\$ 1,938,693
20,288,71	0	4,003,659	24,292,374	2,013,909
\$ 39,177,60	\$ 0	\$ 6,450,295	\$ 45,627,899	\$ 3,952,602
\$ 2,876,537,65	\$ 129,603,094	\$ 165,077,098	\$ 3,171,093,774	\$ 959,464,727
267,01	0	9,736	276,753	74,869
257,21	0	8,922	266,137	64,253
1,804,40	0	1,730,723	3,535,125	170,125
3,725,12	0	3,542,974	7,268,100	283,100
63,321,68	3,616,537	806,232	67,744,452	26,264,452
118,488,38	6,316,238	1,460,507	126,265,125	52,470,125
138,406,63	10,502,241	7,643,296	156,552,175	47,297,175
901,08	0	127,164	1,028,250	106,250
2,838,42	0	64,422	2,902,850	1,118,850
69,456,00	0	0	69,456,000	26,046,000
\$ 399,465,97	\$ 20,435,016	\$ 15,393,976	\$ 435,294,967	\$ 153,895,199
\$ 3,276,003,63	\$ 150,038,110	\$ 180,471,074	\$ 3,606,388,741	\$ 1,113,359,926

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY -GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES REVENUE BONDS SUPPORTED BY GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Purpose:	Development Terminal for Ope Jacksonville Po	eration by the	To Refund a of Sales Tax Rev Series 1995 a	venue Bonds,	To Refund the Sunshine State Governmental Finance Commission Bonds, Series 1995A and various Capital Improvements		
	Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Series 1993		Local Governme Refunding Revo	enue Bonds,	Excise Taxes Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2006A		
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042 2042 2042	1,263,518	3,871,482	6,405,000 6,760,000 7,125,000 7,520,000	1,353,413 991,375 609,538 206,800	1,575,000	31,500	
	\$ 1,263,518	\$ 3,871,482	\$ 27,810,000	\$ 3,161,126	\$ 1,575,000	\$ 31,500	

Interest Rates: 6.300% 5.500% 3.750% - 5.000%

To Refund the Sunshine State Governmental Finance Commission Bonds, Series 1995B (AMT) To Fund the Renovation of the Carling, Ed Ball and Laura Street Trio, and Dredging of Privately Owned Canals To Fund citywide Capital Improvements

Excise Taxes
Revenue Refunding Bonds,
Series 2006B (AMT)

Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2006C Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Series 2007

Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2,065,000	41,300	2,590,000	674,990	1,285,000	1,608,350
		2,725,000	539,574	1,335,000	1,555,950
		2,865,000	395,753	1,390,000	1,501,450
		3,010,000	243,584	1,445,000	1,444,750
		3,170,000	82,737	1,505,000	1,385,750
				1,560,000	1,316,650
				1,640,000	1,236,650
				1,720,000	1,152,650
				1,810,000	1,064,400
				1,900,000	971,650
				1,995,000	874,275
				2,095,000	772,025
				2,200,000	664,650
				2,310,000	557,675
				2,410,000	451,475
				2,520,000	334,250
				2,645,000	205,125
				2,780,000	69,500

\$ 2.065,000	\$ 41.300	\$ 14.360.000	\$ 1.936.638	\$ 34,545,000	\$ 17,167,225
Ψ =,000,000	Ψ .1,500	Ψ 1 .,000,000	Ψ 1,>20,020	Ψ υ .,υ .υ,οοο	Ψ 17,107,220

4.000%

5.060% - 5.220% (Taxable) 4.000% - 5.000%

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY -GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES REVENUE BONDS SUPPORTED BY GENERAL FUND (continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Purpose:

To partially Refund the Capital Projects Revenue Bonds, Series 1997-1, 1997-2, 1997-3 and 2002-1 To partially Refund the Capital Projects Revenue Bonds, Series 1997-1, 1997-2, 1997-3 and 2002-1 To Fund Citywide Capital Improvements

Capital Projects
Revenue Refunding Bonds,
Series 2008A

Capital Projects
Revenue Refunding Bonds,
Series 2008B

Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A

	Series 2	008A	Series 2008B		Series 2009A	
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2016	1,773,386	1,965,606	1,773,386	1,641,128	1,150,000	1,507,861
2017	2,067,290	1,888,789	2,067,290	1,585,630	1,170,000	1,473,061
2018	1,952,718	1,820,161	1,952,718	1,527,541	1,215,000	1,436,071
2019	1,843,126	1,755,381	1,843,126	1,472,691	1,255,000	1,395,453
2020	2,142,012	1,685,910	2,142,012	1,415,106	1,300,000	1,350,025
2021	2,241,640	1,603,204	2,241,640	1,351,762	1,345,000	1,293,869
2022	2,356,213	1,521,122	2,356,213	1,285,323	1,410,000	1,229,213
2023	2,630,191	1,429,916	2,630,191	1,213,269	1,460,000	1,159,963
2024	2,585,358	1,343,010	2,585,358	1,137,905	1,550,000	1,087,288
2025	2,565,433	1,249,575	2,565,433	1,063,476	1,620,000	1,018,713
2026	2,844,392	1,150,892	2,844,392	985,304	1,685,000	945,609
2027	2,978,891	1,344,089	2,978,891	901,157	1,765,000	863,219
2028	3,123,352	940,807	3,123,352	812,980	1,835,000	782,538
2029	3,367,441	821,183	3,367,441	719,188	1,910,000	696,966
2030	3,347,516	704,043	3,347,516	622,157	2,005,000	601,763
2031	3,601,568	578,805	3,601,568	521,743	2,115,000	502,906
2032	3,775,918	448,435	3,775,918	415,138	2,220,000	399,950
2033	3,960,231	309,256	3,960,231	303,350	2,325,000	292,006
2034	4,169,450	164,027	4,169,450	185,877	2,435,000	178,956
2035	4,346,990	12,497	4,346,990	62,814	2,550,000	60,563
2036						
2037						
2038						
2039						
2040						
2041						
2042						
2043						
	\$ 57,673,116	\$ 22,736,708	\$ 57,673,116	\$ 19,223,539	\$ 34,320,000	\$ 18,275,993

Variable Rate

Interest Rates: Assumed at 3.500% 2.890% 3.000% - 5.000%

Taxes Reven	Taxes Revenue Bonds, Revenue Bonds, Series 1999B and Cons Series 1996A and 1999A Capital In Excise Taxes Excise Taxes Revenue Refunding Bonds, Revenue Refunding Bonds, Specia				Acquisition on of Various ement Projects	To Fund the Acquisition and Construction of Various Capital Improvement Projects		
Revenue Refur				Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2009C-1		enue Bonds es 2009C-2, rica Bonds)		
Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
1,865,000 1,965,000 2,035,000 2,140,000 2,245,000	465,875 370,125 270,125 165,750 56,125	240,000 195,000	12,600 3,900	85,000 1,075,000 1,130,000 1,185,000	260,713 176,712 176,712 176,712 176,712 176,712 176,712 176,712 174,588 145,588 90,463 31,106	\$ 3,780,000 1,375,000 1,420,000 1,450,000 1,475,000 1,495,000	326,273 274,184 202,255 161,231 117,710 71,932 24,245	
\$ 10,250,000	\$ 1,328,000	\$ 435,000 4.000% -	\$ 16,500	\$ 6,835,000	\$ 1,939,442 5 250%	\$ 10,995,000 4.240% -	\$ 1,177,830	
5.000	J70	4.000% - (Taxa		5.000% -	3.230%	4.240% - (2.756% - 3.244% (Taya	net of subsidy)	

(Taxable)

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY -GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES REVENUE BONDS SUPPORTED BY GENERAL FUND (continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Purpose:

To Fund the Acquisition and Construction of Various Capital Improvement Projects To Fund a Portion of the Courthouse

To Refund a Portion of Special Revenue Bonds Series 2009C-1

	Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A		-	Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A		Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2012B	
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2016	1,026,000	1,329,013	740,000	3,838,788	2,200	31,858	
2017	1,059,000	1,276,888	990,000	3,795,538	4,400	31,821	
2018	1,097,000	122,987	1,535,000	3,732,413		31,797	
2019	1,136,000	1,167,162	1,610,000	3,653,788		31,797	
2020	1,175,000	1,109,387	1,695,000	3,571,163		31,797	
2021	1,219,000	1,049,537	1,775,000	3,484,413		31,797	
2022	1,263,000	987,488	1,865,000	3,393,413		31,797	
2023	1,312,000	923,113	1,960,000	3,297,788	2,839,000	15,898	
2024	1,367,000	868,099	2,055,000	3,197,413			
2025	1,428,000	821,787	2,155,000	3,092,163			
2026	1,494,000	771,545	2,265,000	2,981,663			
2027	1,566,000	706,250	2,380,000	2,862,563			
2028	1,643,000	626,025	2,505,000	2,734,331			
2029	1,726,000	541,800	2,635,000	2,599,406			
2030	1,814,000	453,300	2,770,000	2,457,525			
2031	1,909,000	360,225	2,920,000	2,308,163			
2032	1,820,000	267,000	3,070,000	2,150,925			
2033	1,910,000	173,750	3,230,000	1,985,550			
2034	2,005,000	75,875	3,405,000	1,811,381			
2035	515,000	12,875	3,580,000	1,632,500			
2036		,	3,760,000	1,449,000			
2037			3,945,000	1,256,375			
2038			4,190,000	1,053,000			
2039			4,400,000	838,250			
2040			4,620,000	612,750			
2041			4,850,000	376,000			
2042			5,095,000	127,375			
2043							
	\$ 28,484,000	\$ 13,644,106	\$ 76,000,000	\$ 64,293,637	\$ 2,845,600	\$ 238,562	

Interest Rates: 3.250% - 5.000% 5.000% - 5.250% 1.120%

To Refund the Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Series 2001B and 2002B; to refund the Guaranteed Entitlement Bonds, Series 2002; and to refund the Local Gov't Sales Tax Bonds, Series 1996 and 2002

To Refund the Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A To Refund the Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Series 2003C

Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012C Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012D Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2012E

Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
10,946,000	8,573,600	1,130,000	433,200		612,244
14,021,000	7,940,350	900,000	382,450	\$ 5,205,000	581,950
14,783,000	7,206,975	945,000	341,050	6,740,000	504,005
16,013,000	6,423,100	985,000	302,450	7,080,000	396,067
8,115,000	5,812,725	1,020,000	257,250	7,450,000	261,169
8,515,000	5,396,975	1,075,000	204,875	7,865,000	93,279
8,945,000	4,960,475	1,130,000	149,750	7,003,000	75,217
9,390,000	4,502,100	1,185,000	91,875		
9,855,000	4,020,975	1,245,000	31,125		
10,350,000	3,515,850	1,243,000	31,123		
10,865,000	2,985,475				
9,235,000	2,482,975				
6,880,000	2,080,100				
7,220,000	1,727,600				
7,585,000	1,357,475				
7,965,000	1,008,550				
, ,	, , , ,				
8,285,000	642,125				
8,700,000	217,500				

\$ 177,668,000	\$ 70,854,925	\$ 9,615,000	\$ 2,194,025	\$ 34,340,000	\$ 2,448,714

5.000% 4.000% - 5.000% 1.164% - 2.372% (Taxable)

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY -GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES REVENUE BONDS SUPPORTED BY GENERAL FUND (continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Purpose:

To Fund Citywide Capital Improvements and Refund a Portion of the Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2009C-1 and 2010A To Fund a Portion of the Various Banking Fund Project Costs; to refund a portion of the Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A and 2006A

Special Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A Special Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2014

Year Principal Interest Principal Interest 2016 1,378,238 3,070,050 2017 1,378,238 3,070,050 2018 1,378,238 3,070,050 2019 1,378,238 3,070,050 2020 1,378,238 3,070,050 2021 1,378,238 1,804,000 3,024,950 2022 1,378,238 3,092,000 2,902,550 2023 1,378,238 4,422,000 2,714,700 2024 1,378,238 4,641,000 2,488,12: 2025 1,378,238 4,876,000 2,250,200 2026 1,378,238 5,120,000 2,000,300 2027 1,378,238 5,374,000 1,737,950 2028 \$ 265,000 1,372,606 5,643,000 1,462,522 2029 1,250,000 1,334,162 4,785,000 1,201,822 2030 1,315,000 1,266,831 5,022,000 956,650 2031 1,160,000 1,201,862 5,278,000 <td< th=""><th>Total</th><th>ies 2014</th><th>Bonds, Se</th><th>es 2013A</th><th>Bonds, Serie</th><th></th></td<>	Total	ies 2014	Bonds, Se	es 2013A	Bonds, Serie	
2016 1,378,238 3,070,050 2017 1,378,238 3,070,050 2018 1,378,238 3,070,050 2019 1,378,238 3,070,050 2020 1,378,238 3,070,050 2021 1,378,238 1,804,000 3,024,950 2022 1,378,238 3,092,000 2,902,550 2023 1,378,238 4,422,000 2,714,700 2024 1,378,238 4,641,000 2,488,121 2025 1,378,238 4,876,000 2,250,200 2026 1,378,238 5,120,000 2,000,300 2027 1,378,238 5,374,000 1,737,950 2028 \$ 265,000 1,372,606 5,643,000 1,462,522 2029 1,250,000 1,334,162 4,785,000 1,201,822 2030 1,315,000 1,266,831 5,022,000 956,650 2031 1,160,000 1,201,862 5,278,000 699,151 2032 1,215,000 1,074,156 5,805,000 145,123 2034 2,375,000 978,344 2035	Principal					Fiscal
2017 1,378,238 3,070,050 2018 1,378,238 3,070,050 2019 1,378,238 3,070,050 2020 1,378,238 3,070,050 2021 1,378,238 1,804,000 3,024,950 2022 1,378,238 3,092,000 2,902,550 2023 1,378,238 4,422,000 2,714,700 2024 1,378,238 4,641,000 2,488,120 2025 1,378,238 4,876,000 2,250,200 2026 1,378,238 5,120,000 2,000,300 2027 1,378,238 5,374,000 1,737,950 2028 \$ 265,000 1,372,606 5,643,000 1,462,523 2029 1,250,000 1,334,162 4,785,000 1,201,823 2030 1,315,000 1,266,831 5,022,000 956,656 2031 1,160,000 1,201,862 5,278,000 699,150 2032 1,215,000 1,074,156 5,805,000 145,123 2033 1,275,000 978,344 2035 3,520,000 828,000 2036 <	and Interest	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Year
2018 1,378,238 3,070,056 2019 1,378,238 3,070,056 2020 1,378,238 3,070,056 2021 1,378,238 1,804,000 3,024,956 2022 1,378,238 3,092,000 2,902,556 2023 1,378,238 4,422,000 2,714,700 2024 1,378,238 4,641,000 2,488,122 2025 1,378,238 4,876,000 2,250,200 2026 1,378,238 5,120,000 2,000,300 2027 1,378,238 5,374,000 1,737,950 2028 \$ 265,000 1,372,606 5,643,000 1,462,522 2029 1,250,000 1,334,162 4,785,000 1,201,822 2030 1,315,000 1,266,831 5,022,000 956,650 2031 1,160,000 1,201,862 5,278,000 699,150 2032 1,215,000 1,395,19 5,539,000 428,722 2033 1,275,000 1,074,156 5,805,000 145,122 2034 2,375,000 828,000 2036 2,185,000 685,375	72,217,572	3,070,050		1,378,238		2016
2019 1,378,238 3,070,050 2020 1,378,238 3,070,050 2021 1,378,238 1,804,000 3,024,950 2022 1,378,238 3,092,000 2,902,550 2023 1,378,238 4,422,000 2,714,700 2024 1,378,238 4,641,000 2,488,120 2025 1,378,238 4,876,000 2,250,200 2026 1,378,238 5,120,000 2,000,300 2027 1,378,238 5,374,000 1,737,950 2028 \$ 265,000 1,372,606 5,643,000 1,462,522 2029 1,250,000 1,334,162 4,785,000 1,201,822 2030 1,315,000 1,266,831 5,022,000 956,650 2031 1,160,000 1,201,862 5,278,000 699,150 2032 1,215,000 1,074,156 5,805,000 145,125 2034 2,375,000 978,344 5,805,000 145,125 2036 2,185,000 685,375 5,805,000 145,125 2037 2,295,000 573,375 5,805,000 <td>71,560,565</td> <td>3,070,050</td> <td></td> <td>1,378,238</td> <td></td> <td>2017</td>	71,560,565	3,070,050		1,378,238		2017
2020 1,378,238 3,070,050 2021 1,378,238 1,804,000 3,024,950 2022 1,378,238 3,092,000 2,902,550 2023 1,378,238 4,422,000 2,714,700 2024 1,378,238 4,641,000 2,488,122 2025 1,378,238 4,876,000 2,250,200 2026 1,378,238 5,120,000 2,000,300 2027 1,378,238 5,374,000 1,737,950 2028 \$ 265,000 1,372,606 5,643,000 1,462,525 2029 1,250,000 1,334,162 4,785,000 1,201,825 2030 1,315,000 1,266,831 5,022,000 956,650 2031 1,160,000 1,201,862 5,278,000 699,150 2032 1,215,000 1,139,519 5,539,000 428,725 2033 1,275,000 1,074,156 5,805,000 145,125 2034 2,375,000 828,000 2036 2,185,000 685,375 2037 2,295,000 573,375 2038 2,405,000 455,875	69,337,557	3,070,050		1,378,238		2018
2021 1,378,238 1,804,000 3,024,950 2022 1,378,238 3,092,000 2,902,550 2023 1,378,238 4,422,000 2,714,700 2024 1,378,238 4,641,000 2,488,123 2025 1,378,238 4,876,000 2,250,200 2026 1,378,238 5,120,000 2,000,300 2027 1,378,238 5,374,000 1,737,950 2028 \$ 265,000 1,372,606 5,643,000 1,462,523 2029 1,250,000 1,334,162 4,785,000 1,201,823 2030 1,315,000 1,266,831 5,022,000 956,650 2031 1,160,000 1,201,862 5,278,000 699,150 2032 1,215,000 1,139,519 5,539,000 428,723 2033 1,275,000 1,074,156 5,805,000 145,123 2034 2,375,000 978,344 5,805,000 145,123 2036 2,185,000 685,375 5,805,000 145,123 2037 2,295,000 573,375 5,805,000 204,125 <	70,745,256	3,070,050		1,378,238		2019
2022 1,378,238 3,092,000 2,902,550 2023 1,378,238 4,422,000 2,714,700 2024 1,378,238 4,641,000 2,488,125 2025 1,378,238 4,876,000 2,250,200 2026 1,378,238 5,120,000 2,000,300 2027 1,378,238 5,374,000 1,737,950 2028 \$ 265,000 1,372,606 5,643,000 1,462,525 2029 1,250,000 1,334,162 4,785,000 1,201,825 2030 1,315,000 1,266,831 5,022,000 956,650 2031 1,160,000 1,201,862 5,278,000 699,150 2032 1,215,000 1,139,519 5,539,000 428,725 2033 1,275,000 1,074,156 5,805,000 145,125 2034 2,375,000 828,000 2036 2,185,000 685,375 2037 2,295,000 573,375 2038 2,405,000 455,875 2039 2,515,000 332,875 2040 2,635,000 204,125	55,170,878	3,070,050		1,378,238		2020
2023 1,378,238 4,422,000 2,714,700 2024 1,378,238 4,641,000 2,488,122 2025 1,378,238 4,876,000 2,250,200 2026 1,378,238 5,120,000 2,000,300 2027 1,378,238 5,374,000 1,737,950 2028 \$ 265,000 1,372,606 5,643,000 1,462,525 2029 1,250,000 1,334,162 4,785,000 1,201,825 2030 1,315,000 1,266,831 5,022,000 956,650 2031 1,160,000 1,201,862 5,278,000 699,150 2032 1,215,000 1,139,519 5,539,000 428,725 2033 1,275,000 1,074,156 5,805,000 145,125 2034 2,375,000 978,344 2035 3,520,000 828,000 2036 2,185,000 685,375 5,805,000 145,125 2037 2,295,000 573,375 5,200 204,000 455,875 2039 2,515,000 332,875 2040 2,635,000 204,125 2041 2,765,000	51,594,473	3,024,950	1,804,000	1,378,238		2021
2024 1,378,238 4,641,000 2,488,12: 2025 1,378,238 4,876,000 2,250,200 2026 1,378,238 5,120,000 2,000,300 2027 1,378,238 5,374,000 1,737,950 2028 \$ 265,000 1,372,606 5,643,000 1,462,525 2029 1,250,000 1,334,162 4,785,000 1,201,825 2030 1,315,000 1,266,831 5,022,000 956,650 2031 1,160,000 1,201,862 5,278,000 699,150 2032 1,215,000 1,139,519 5,539,000 428,725 2033 1,275,000 1,074,156 5,805,000 145,125 2034 2,375,000 978,344 5,805,000 145,125 2035 3,520,000 828,000 2036 2,185,000 685,375 2037 2,295,000 573,375 5 2039 2,515,000 332,875 2040 2,635,000 204,125 2041 2,765,000 69,125	44,829,402	2,902,550	3,092,000	1,378,238		2022
2025 1,378,238 4,876,000 2,250,200 2026 1,378,238 5,120,000 2,000,300 2027 1,378,238 5,374,000 1,737,950 2028 \$ 265,000 1,372,606 5,643,000 1,462,525 2029 1,250,000 1,334,162 4,785,000 1,201,825 2030 1,315,000 1,266,831 5,022,000 956,650 2031 1,160,000 1,201,862 5,278,000 699,150 2032 1,215,000 1,139,519 5,539,000 428,725 2033 1,275,000 1,074,156 5,805,000 145,125 2034 2,375,000 978,344 5,805,000 145,125 2035 3,520,000 828,000 2036 2,185,000 685,375 2037 2,295,000 573,375 5 2038 2,405,000 455,875 2039 2,515,000 332,875 2040 2,635,000 204,125 2041 2,765,000 69,125	47,604,604	2,714,700	4,422,000	1,378,238		2023
2026 1,378,238 5,120,000 2,000,300 2027 1,378,238 5,374,000 1,737,950 2028 \$ 265,000 1,372,606 5,643,000 1,462,525 2029 1,250,000 1,334,162 4,785,000 1,201,825 2030 1,315,000 1,266,831 5,022,000 956,650 2031 1,160,000 1,201,862 5,278,000 699,150 2032 1,215,000 1,139,519 5,539,000 428,725 2033 1,275,000 1,074,156 5,805,000 145,125 2034 2,375,000 978,344 2035 3,520,000 828,000 2036 2,185,000 685,375 2037 2,295,000 573,375 2038 2,405,000 455,875 2039 2,515,000 332,875 2040 2,635,000 204,125 2041 2,765,000 69,125	44,569,882	2,488,125	4,641,000	1,378,238		2024
2027 1,378,238 5,374,000 1,737,950 2028 \$ 265,000 1,372,606 5,643,000 1,462,522 2029 1,250,000 1,334,162 4,785,000 1,201,822 2030 1,315,000 1,266,831 5,022,000 956,650 2031 1,160,000 1,201,862 5,278,000 699,150 2032 1,215,000 1,139,519 5,539,000 428,722 2033 1,275,000 1,074,156 5,805,000 145,122 2034 2,375,000 978,344 2035 3,520,000 828,000 2036 2,185,000 685,375 2037 2,295,000 573,375 2038 2,405,000 455,875 2039 2,515,000 332,875 2040 2,635,000 204,125 2041 2,765,000 69,125	44,042,106	2,250,200	4,876,000	1,378,238		2025
2028 \$ 265,000 1,372,606 5,643,000 1,462,522 2029 1,250,000 1,334,162 4,785,000 1,201,822 2030 1,315,000 1,266,831 5,022,000 956,650 2031 1,160,000 1,201,862 5,278,000 699,150 2032 1,215,000 1,139,519 5,539,000 428,722 2033 1,275,000 1,074,156 5,805,000 145,123 2034 2,375,000 978,344 2035 3,520,000 828,000 2036 2,185,000 685,375 2037 2,295,000 573,375 2038 2,405,000 455,875 2039 2,515,000 332,875 2040 2,635,000 204,125 2041 2,765,000 69,125	44,406,548	2,000,300	5,120,000	1,378,238		2026
2029 1,250,000 1,334,162 4,785,000 1,201,822 2030 1,315,000 1,266,831 5,022,000 956,650 2031 1,160,000 1,201,862 5,278,000 699,150 2032 1,215,000 1,139,519 5,539,000 428,722 2033 1,275,000 1,074,156 5,805,000 145,123 2034 2,375,000 978,344 2035 3,520,000 828,000 2036 2,185,000 685,375 2037 2,295,000 573,375 2038 2,405,000 455,875 2039 2,515,000 332,875 2040 2,635,000 204,125 2041 2,765,000 69,125	42,637,354	1,737,950	5,374,000	1,378,238		2027
2030 1,315,000 1,266,831 5,022,000 956,650 2031 1,160,000 1,201,862 5,278,000 699,150 2032 1,215,000 1,139,519 5,539,000 428,725 2033 1,275,000 1,074,156 5,805,000 145,125 2034 2,375,000 978,344 2035 3,520,000 828,000 2036 2,185,000 685,375 2037 2,295,000 573,375 2038 2,405,000 455,875 2039 2,515,000 332,875 2040 2,635,000 204,125 2041 2,765,000 69,125	38,694,266	1,462,525	5,643,000	1,372,606	\$ 265,000	2028
2031 1,160,000 1,201,862 5,278,000 699,150 2032 1,215,000 1,139,519 5,539,000 428,725 2033 1,275,000 1,074,156 5,805,000 145,125 2034 2,375,000 978,344 2035 3,520,000 828,000 2036 2,185,000 685,375 2037 2,295,000 573,375 2038 2,405,000 455,875 2039 2,515,000 332,875 2040 2,635,000 204,125 2041 2,765,000 69,125	38,770,687	1,201,825	4,785,000	1,334,162	1,250,000	2029
2032 1,215,000 1,139,519 5,539,000 428,725 2033 1,275,000 1,074,156 5,805,000 145,125 2034 2,375,000 978,344 2035 3,520,000 828,000 2036 2,185,000 685,375 2037 2,295,000 573,375 2038 2,405,000 455,875 2039 2,515,000 332,875 2040 2,635,000 204,125 2041 2,765,000 69,125	38,487,251	956,650	5,022,000	1,266,831	1,315,000	2030
2033 1,275,000 1,074,156 5,805,000 145,125 2034 2,375,000 978,344 2035 3,520,000 828,000 2036 2,185,000 685,375 2037 2,295,000 573,375 2038 2,405,000 455,875 2039 2,515,000 332,875 2040 2,635,000 204,125 2041 2,765,000 69,125	38,585,790	699,150	5,278,000	1,201,862	1,160,000	2031
2034 2,375,000 978,344 2035 3,520,000 828,000 2036 2,185,000 685,375 2037 2,295,000 573,375 2038 2,405,000 455,875 2039 2,515,000 332,875 2040 2,635,000 204,125 2041 2,765,000 69,125	38,442,778	428,725	5,539,000	1,139,519	1,215,000	2032
2035 3,520,000 828,000 2036 2,185,000 685,375 2037 2,295,000 573,375 2038 2,405,000 455,875 2039 2,515,000 332,875 2040 2,635,000 204,125 2041 2,765,000 69,125	38,515,655	145,125	5,805,000	1,074,156	1,275,000	2033
2036 2,185,000 685,375 2037 2,295,000 573,375 2038 2,405,000 455,875 2039 2,515,000 332,875 2040 2,635,000 204,125 2041 2,765,000 69,125	21,953,360			978,344	2,375,000	2034
2037 2,295,000 573,375 2038 2,405,000 455,875 2039 2,515,000 332,875 2040 2,635,000 204,125 2041 2,765,000 69,125	21,468,229			828,000	3,520,000	2035
2038 2,405,000 455,875 2039 2,515,000 332,875 2040 2,635,000 204,125 2041 2,765,000 69,125	8,079,375			685,375	2,185,000	2036
2039 2,515,000 332,875 2040 2,635,000 204,125 2041 2,765,000 69,125	8,069,750			573,375	2,295,000	2037
2040 2,635,000 204,125 2041 2,765,000 69,125	8,103,875			455,875	2,405,000	2038
2041 2,765,000 69,125	8,086,125			332,875	2,515,000	2039
	8,071,875			204,125	2,635,000	2040
	8,060,125			69,125	2,765,000	2041
2042	5,222,375					2042
2043	(2043
\$ 27,175,000 \$ 28,055,086 \$ 61,401,000 \$ 37,363,025	\$ 987,327,713	\$ 37,363,025	\$ 61.401.000	\$ 28.055.086	\$ 27.175.000	

Interest Rates: 4.250% - 5.250%

5.000%



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CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY -GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NOTES PAYABLE SUPPORTED BY GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Purpose:	HUD Section 108	HUD Section 108
	Program Loan for	Program Loan for
	LaVilla Project	Armor Holdings

	U.S. Gover Guarantee Payable, Ser	ed Note	U.S. Gover Guarantee Payable, Ser	ed Note	Total
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal And Interest
2016	130,000	3,458	80,000	2,128	215,586
	\$ 130,000	\$ 3,458	\$ 80,000	\$ 2,128	\$ 215,586

Interest Rates: 2.200% - 2.660% (Taxable) 2.200% - 2.660% (Taxable)



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CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES SPECIAL REVENUE BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE FROM INTERNAL SERVICE OPERATIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Purpose

To Fund the Banking Fund Program

To Fund the Acquisition and Construction of Various Capital Improvement Projects To Fund the Acquisition and Construction of Various Capital Improvement Projects

	Commercial Paper		Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2008		Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2009C-1	
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2016 2017	25,000,000	625,000	3,085,000	1,847,389	4,240,000	302,150
			3,210,000	1,721,489		196,150
2018			3,340,000	1,588,401		196,150
2019			3,480,000	1,432,514		196,150
2020			3,655,000	1,263,276		196,150
2021			3,815,000	1,095,201		196,150
2022			3,990,000	914,601		196,150
2023 2024			940,000 990,000	796,339 748,089	120,000	196,150 193,150
2024			·	· ·	1,310,000	
			1,040,000	696,819		157,400
2026			1,090,000	641,959	1,380,000	90,150
2027			1,145,000	583,563	1,060,000	27,825
2028			1,210,000	520,231		
2029			1,275,000	451,894		
2030			1,345,000	379,844		
2031			1,420,000	303,806		
2032			1,495,000	223,644		
2033			1,580,000	138,094		
2034			1,665,000	46,828		
2035						
2036						
2037						
2038						
2039						
2040						
2041						
2042						
	\$ 25,000,000	\$ 625,000	\$ 39,770,000	\$ 15,393,981	\$ 8,110,000	\$ 2,143,725

Interest Rates:

Variable Rate Assumed at 5.000% 3.750% - 5.625%

5.000% - 5.250%

To Fund the Acquisition and Construction of Various Capital Improvement Projects To Fund the Acquisition and Construction of Various Capital Improvement Projects To Fund the Acquisition and Construction of Various Capital Improvement Projects To Fund the Acquisition and Construction of Various Capital Improvement Projects

Special Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2009C-2 (Build America Bonds)

Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2010C-1 Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A

			_		_		_
Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
	790,609	2.814.000	1.820.063	3.140.000	989,750	1,425,000	1,411,638
4,200,000	732,733	2,976,000	1,675,313	3,300,000	828,750	1,495,000	1,338,638
6,825,000	576,372	3,138,000	1,522,463	3,465,000	659,625	1,570,000	1,262,013
3,625,000	423,811	3,309,000	1,361,288	3,635,000	482,125	1,650,000	1,181,513
3,750,000	311,967	3,145,000	1,199,938	3,815,000	295,875	1,730,000	1,097,013
3,885,000	192,455	3,321,000	1,038,288	4,010,000	100,250	1,820,000	1,008,263
4,030,000	65,357	3,507,000	867,588			1,910,000	915,013
		3,693,000	687,588			2,005,000	817,138
		1,593,000	569,376			2,105,000	714,388
		1,632,000	515,950			1,020,000	636,263
		1,666,000	459,255			1,070,000	584,013
		1,559,000	391,125			1,125,000	527,731
		1,637,000	311,225			1,180,000	467,225
		1,714,000	227,450			1,245,000	403,569
		1,801,000	139,575			1,310,000	336,500
		1,891,000	47,275			1,375,000	266,019
						1,455,000	191,731
						545,000	139,231
						570,000	109,963
						605,000	79,875
						630,000	49,000
						665,000	1,625

\$ 26,315,000

3.250% - 5.000%

\$ 12,833,760

\$ 39,396,000

5.000%

\$ 3,356,375

\$ 21,365,000

5.000% - 5.250%

\$ 13,538,362

\$ 28,505,000

4.240% - 4.990% (2.756% - 3.244% net) (Taxable)

\$ 3,093,304

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

SPECIAL REVENUE BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE FROM INTERNAL SERVICE OPERATIONS (continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Purpose

To Fund the Acquisition and Construction of Various Capital Improvement Projects To Refund a Portion of Special Revenue Bonds Series 2009C-1 To Refund a Portion of the Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2009C-1 and 2010A

	Special Rever Series 2		Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2012B			
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2016 2017	1,015,000 1,025,000	17,164 5,740	2,800 5,600	38,786 38,739	760,000 785,000	1,274,256 1,247,156
2017	1,023,000	3,740	3,000	37,707	815,000	1,215,156
2019				37,707	850,000	1,177,606
2020				37,707	890,000	1,134,106
2020				37,707	930,000	1,088,606
2022				37,707	980,000	1,040,856
2023			3,456,000	19,354	1,025,000	990,731
2024			3,430,000	17,554	1,080,000	938,106
2025					1,135,000	882,731
2026					1,190,000	830,556
2027					195,000	802,735
2028					530,000	787,450
2029					1,770,000	729,725
2030					1,870,000	634,175
2031					1,680,000	540,988
2032					1,755,000	450,819
2033					1,850,000	356,188
2034					1,950,000	256,438
2035					2,055,000	153,875
2036					300,000	95,000
2037					315,000	79,625
2038					335,000	63,375
2039					350,000	46,250
2040					365,000	28,375
2041					385,000	9,625
2042						
	\$ 2,040,000	\$ 22,904	\$ 3,464,400	\$ 285,414	\$ 26,145,000	\$ 16,854,509

Interest Rates: 1.120% 1.120% 2.000% - 5.250%

To Fund the Purchase of the Godbold City Hall Annex and Refund the Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A To Fund a Portion of the Various Banking Fund Project Costs; to refund a portion of the Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A and 2006A

Special Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2013B Special Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2014

Bonds, Taxable Series 2013B		Bonds, Ser	Total	
Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal And Interest
2,980,000	964,847		1,848,750	56,392,202
3,760,000	920,361		1,848,750	31,310,419
3,815,000	845,762	865,000	1,827,125	33,563,774
4,065,000	744,932	600,000	1,790,500	30,042,146
4,180,000	619,435	230,000	1,769,750	29,320,217
3,540,000	486,591	1,360,000	1,730,000	29,654,511
3,675,000	353,104	1,730,000	1,652,750	25,865,126
1,385,000	255,410	1,815,000	1,564,125	19,645,835
1,440,000	197,222	1,910,000	1,471,000	14,069,331
1,500,000	134,460	2,005,000	1,373,125	14,038,748
1,565,000	66,730	2,105,000	1,270,375	14,009,038
680,000	15,786	2,210,000	1,162,500	11,485,265
		2,320,000	1,049,250	10,012,381
		2,435,000	930,375	11,182,013
		2,555,000	805,625	11,176,719
		2,685,000	674,625	10,883,713
		2,820,000	537,000	8,928,194
		2,960,000	392,500	7,961,013
		3,105,000	240,875	7,944,104
		3,265,000	81,625	6,240,375
				1,074,000
				1,061,250
				398,375
				396,250
				393,375
				394,625
				, (
\$ 32,585,000	\$ 5,604,640	\$ 36,975,000	\$ 24,020,625	\$ 387,442,999

0.540% - 4.643% (Taxable) 5.000%

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY -GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES REVENUE BONDS SUPPORTED BY BJP REVENUES SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Purpose:

Better Jacksonville Transportation Projects To Refund the Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A and 2003B (Auction Rate Securities) To Refund the Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 and 2004A (Auction Rate Securities)

Transportation	Revenue Bonds,
Series	s 2007

Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2008B

	Series	Series 2007 Series 2008A		Series 2008B		
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2016	3,970,000	3,772,450	11,875,000	4,225,504	5,955,000	3,440,467
2017	4,170,000	3,568,950	11,450,000	3,836,927	8,915,000	3,068,026
2018		3,464,700		3,806,025	8,990,000	2,691,861
2019		3,464,700		3,806,025	9,285,000	2,304,101
2020		3,464,700		3,816,453	9,310,000	1,919,522
2021		3,464,700		3,806,025	9,730,000	1,508,403
2022		3,464,700		3,806,025	4,430,000	1,304,673
2023		3,464,700		3,806,025	4,695,000	1,108,999
2024		3,464,700		3,816,453	4,780,000	911,593
2025		3,464,700	10,460,000	3,490,790	4,965,000	701,892
2026		3,464,700	11,005,000	3,130,901	5,210,000	484,586
2027	4,375,000	3,355,325	11,560,000	2,752,814	5,460,000	256,829
2028	4,595,000	3,131,075	12,155,000	2,361,661	5,685,000	19,565
2029	4,825,000	2,895,575	12,770,000	1,937,641		
2030	5,065,000	2,648,325	13,430,000	1,498,434		
2031	5,320,000	2,395,350	14,110,000	1,036,953		
2032	5,575,000	2,129,625	14,830,000	553,340		
2033	5,850,000	1,844,000	15,590,000	42,075		
2034	6,145,000	1,544,125				
2035	6,450,000	1,229,250				
2036	6,775,000	898,625				
2037	7,115,000	551,375				
2038	7,470,000	186,750				
	\$ 77,700,000	\$ 61,333,100	\$ 139,235,000	\$ 51,530,071	\$ 87,410,000	\$ 19,720,517

Interest Rates:

4.750% - 5.000%

Variable Rate Assumed at 3.28% Variable Rate Assumed at 4.19%

Hedges Fixed at 3.455% and 4.010%

Better Jacksonville Infrastructure Projects		To partially Refund the Better Jacksonville Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2001		To partially Refund the Better Jacksonville Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2001, 2003 and 2004 To Refund the Transportation Revenue Bond Series 2001		Better Jacksonville ads Sales Tax Revenue Bonds		Revenue Bonds,
Better Jacksonville Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2008		Sales Tax Refundin	Better Jacksonville Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 Series 2012 Series 2012		Cax Revenue Transportation ding Bonds, Revenue Refunding Bond		nding Bonds,	
Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
3,665,000 3,850,000 4,040,000 4,245,000 4,455,000 4,680,000 5,160,000 5,415,000 5,685,000 6,270,000 6,585,000 7,225,000 7,585,000	4,206,675 4,018,800 3,821,550 3,614,425 3,396,925 3,168,550 2,928,675 2,676,800 2,412,425 2,134,925 1,843,550 1,537,550 1,224,406 904,256 559,875 189,625	5,740,000 6,025,000 6,315,000 6,630,000 6,950,000 7,295,000 7,660,000 8,040,000 8,440,000	2,982,450 2,694,100 2,391,375 2,074,313 1,743,438 1,389,375 1,015,500 623,000 211,000	11,660,000 12,235,000 12,850,000 13,490,000 14,170,000 14,880,000 15,620,000 16,390,000 22,970,000 14,340,000 15,055,000 15,815,000 5,245,000 5,505,000 15,695,000	10,701,794 10,106,469 9,479,344 8,821,344 8,130,844 7,405,094 6,645,819 5,854,794 5,052,419 4,079,544 3,146,794 2,411,919 1,659,880 1,153,091 884,341 373,358	2,155,000 11,140,000 11,690,000 12,265,000 12,870,000 20,425,000 21,445,000 22,515,000 23,645,000	7,469,038 7,469,038 7,469,038 7,469,038 7,469,038 7,469,038 7,469,038 7,469,38 7,104,338 6,533,588 5,934,713 5,306,338 4,650,688 3,806,163 2,759,413 1,111,644 548,769	
\$ 86,640,000	\$ 38,639,012	\$ 63,095,000	\$ 15,124,551	\$ 221,865,000	\$ 85,906,848	\$ 151,660,000	\$ 97,464,858	
4.000% - 5.000%		2.375% -	5.000%	3.000% -	5.000%	4.000% -	5.000%	

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY -GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES REVENUE BONDS SUPPORTED BY BJP REVENUES (continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Purpose: To Refund the State of Florida Senior Lien (Jacksonville Transportation Authority)

Refunding Bonds, Series 1997 To partially Refund the Better Jacksonville Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2003 and 2004

Transportation
Revenue Refunding Bonds,
Series 2012B

Better Jacksonville Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds,

Fiscal Year Principal Interest Principal Interest 2016 2,185,000 2,193,450 2,054,750 2017 3,350,000 2,082,750 2,054,750 2018 3,575,000 1,926,375 2,054,750 2019 5,720,000 1,694,000 2,054,750 2020 6,055,000 1,399,625 2,054,750 2021 6,380,000 1,088,750 2,054,750 2022 10,115,000 676,375 2,054,750 2023 8,470,000 211,750 2,054,750 2024 145,000 2,051,125 2025 2,047,500 2026 4,335,000 1,939,125	Principal
2017 3,350,000 2,082,750 2,054,750 2018 3,575,000 1,926,375 2,054,750 2019 5,720,000 1,694,000 2,054,750 2020 6,055,000 1,399,625 2,054,750 2021 6,380,000 1,088,750 2,054,750 2022 10,115,000 676,375 2,054,750 2023 8,470,000 211,750 2,054,750 2024 145,000 2,051,125 2025 2,047,500	and Interest
2018 3,575,000 1,926,375 2,054,750 2019 5,720,000 1,694,000 2,054,750 2020 6,055,000 1,399,625 2,054,750 2021 6,380,000 1,088,750 2,054,750 2022 10,115,000 676,375 2,054,750 2023 8,470,000 211,750 2,054,750 2024 145,000 2,051,125 2025 2,047,500	86,096,578
2019 5,720,000 1,694,000 2,054,750 2020 6,055,000 1,399,625 2,054,750 2021 6,380,000 1,088,750 2,054,750 2022 10,115,000 676,375 2,054,750 2023 8,470,000 211,750 2,054,750 2024 145,000 2,051,125 2025 2,047,500	88,894,810
2020 6,055,000 1,399,625 2,054,750 2021 6,380,000 1,088,750 2,054,750 2022 10,115,000 676,375 2,054,750 2023 8,470,000 211,750 2,054,750 2024 145,000 2,051,125 2025 2,047,500	72,875,018
2021 6,380,000 1,088,750 2,054,750 2022 10,115,000 676,375 2,054,750 2023 8,470,000 211,750 2,054,750 2024 145,000 2,051,125 2025 2,047,500	74,672,696
2022 10,115,000 676,375 2,054,750 2023 8,470,000 211,750 2,054,750 2024 145,000 2,051,125 2025 2,047,500	74,335,295
2023 8,470,000 211,750 2,054,750 2024 145,000 2,051,125 2025 2,047,500	74,319,685
2024 145,000 2,051,125 2,047,500	72,105,555
2025 2,047,500	72,136,756
	70,889,053
2026 4,335,000 1,939,125	78,222,939
	73,069,369
2027 4,550,000 1,717,000	77,477,775
2028 4,775,000 1,483,875	77,651,150
2029 6,000,000 1,214,500	68,071,226
2030 6,310,000 906,750	68,237,138
2031 14,980,000 374,500	85,686,430
2032	47,281,734
2033	23,326,075
2034	7,689,125
2035	7,679,250
2036	7,673,625
2037	7,666,375
2038	7,656,750
\$ 45,850,000 \$ 11,273,075 \$ 41,095,000 \$ 28,172,375	\$ 1,323,714,407

Interest Rates 3.000% - 5.000% 5.000%



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CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY -GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES SPECIAL REVENUE BONDS SUPPORTED BY BJP REVENUES SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Purpose:	Purpose: Better Jacksonville Road and Infrastructure Projects		Better Jacl Road and Inf Proje	rastructure	Better Jacl Road and Infi Proje	rastructure
	-	Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B-1A		Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B-1B (Build America Bonds)		nue Bonds, 010B
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031	2,050,000 2,155,000 2,240,000 2,305,000 2,420,000 2,545,000 2,640,000 4,600,000 7,005,000 7,980,000 9,825,000	2,124,719 2,031,319 1,954,619 1,863,394 1,745,269 1,633,869 1,516,969 1,335,969 1,046,219 677,969 242,234	\$ 10,310,000 10,730,000 11,170,000 11,620,000 12,095,000	2,275,225 2,275,225 2,275,225 2,275,225 2,275,225 2,275,225 2,275,225 2,275,225 2,275,225 2,275,225 2,275,225 2,275,225 2,065,501 1,637,511 1,192,027 728,438 246,033	\$ 7,705,000 7,705,000 7,705,000 7,705,000 7,705,000 7,710,000 7,710,000 7,710,000 7,710,000 7,710,000 15,000	3,854,500 3,854,500 3,854,500 3,661,875 3,276,625 2,891,375 2,506,125 2,120,875 1,735,500 1,350,000 964,500 579,000 193,500 375
	\$ 45,765,000	\$ 16,172,549	\$ 55,925,000	\$ 30,896,985	\$ 77,090,000	\$ 30,843,250

Interest Rates: 3.000% - 5.000% 5.000% 5.000%

(4.068% net of subsidy) (Taxable) Better Jacksonville Road and Infrastructure Projects To Refund a Portion of the Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B and 2011B

Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2011B		Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013C		Total
Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal and Interest
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				15.000.105
2,200,000	3,837,500		1,657,163	17,999,107
2,425,000	3,721,875		1,657,163	18,120,082
4,500,000	3,548,750		1,657,163	20,030,257
100,000	3,433,750		1,657,163	23,001,407
1,500,000	3,393,750		1,657,163	23,973,032
4,000,000	3,256,250		1,657,163	25,963,882
5,250,000	3,025,000		1,657,163	26,575,482
6,130,000	2,740,500		1,657,163	28,564,732
6,375,000	2,427,875		1,657,163	30,231,982
6,630,000	2,102,750		1,657,163	30,383,107
6,895,000	1,764,625		1,657,163	31,333,747
7,170,000	1,413,000		1,657,163	30,904,664
7,460,000	1,047,250	\$ 4,325,000	1,543,631	34,646,892
7,755,000	666,875	6,575,000	1,257,506	28,631,783
8,070,000	271,250	6,530,000	913,500	28,133,188
1,390,000	34,750	14,135,000	371,043	28,271,826
\$ 77,850,000	\$ 36,685,750	\$ 31,565,000	\$ 23,971,636	\$ 426,765,170

4.000% - 5.000%

5.250%

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY -GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NOTES PAYABLE SUPPORTED BY BJP REVENUES SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Purpose Better Jacksonville Infrastructure Projects Better Jacksonville Infrastructure Projects

		State Infrastructure Bank Loan #1; Dated 7/28/05		ed 3/13/07	Total
Fiscal					Principal
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	And Interest
2016	2,056,463	387,937	3,443,038	556,962	6,444,400
2017	2,097,493	346,807	3,529,114	470,886	6,444,300
2018	2,143,543	304,857	3,617,342	382,658	6,448,400
2019	2,184,613	261,987	3,707,776	292,224	6,446,600
2020	2,225,706	218,294	3,800,470	199,530	6,444,000
2021	2,271,820	173,780	3,895,482	104,518	6,445,600
2022	2,317,956	128,344	285,243	7,131	2,738,674
2023	2,364,115	81,985			2,446,100
2024	1,735,123	34,702			1,769,825
	\$ 19,396,832	\$ 1,938,693	\$ 22,278,465	\$ 2,013,909	\$ 45,627,899

Interest Rates: 2.000% 2.500%



CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY -PAYABLE FROM ENTERPRISE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Purpose	To Partially F Capital Projec Bonds, Serie 1997-2, 199 Series 20	ets Revenue es 1997-1, 97-3 and	To Partially F Capital Projec Bonds, Seric 1997-2, 199 Series 2	ets Revenue es 1997-1, 97-3 and	To Refund the Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Series 1996A and 1999A Excise Taxes Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009B		
	Capital P Revenue Refun Series 2	ding Bonds,	Capital P Revenue Refun Series 2	ding Bonds,			
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2016 2017 2018	6,614 7,710 7,282	6,867 6,582 6,327	6,614 7,710 7,282	5,739 5,532 5,315	1,645,000 1,720,000	127,125 43,000	
2019 2020	6,874 7,988	6,085 5,825	6,874 7,988	5,111 4,896			
2021 2022 2023	8,360 8,787 9,809	5,517 5,211 4,871	8,360 8,787 9,809	4,660 4,412 4,143			
2024 2025 2026	9,642 9,567 10,608	4,545 4,199 3,830	9,642 9,567 10,608	3,862 3,585 3,293			
2027 2028	11,109 11,648	3,444 3,046	11,109 11,648	2,979 2,650			
2029 2030 2031	12,559 12,484 13,432	2,600 2,164 1,697	12,559 12,484 13,432	2,301 1,939 1,564			
2032 2033	14,082 14,769	1,209 692	14,082 14,769	1,167 750			
2034 2035 2036	15,550 3,010	150 8	15,550 3,010	312 43			
2037 2038 2039							
2040 2041 2042							
2043 2044							

Interest Rates: Assumed at 3.50% 2.890% 5.000% Variable Rate

\$ 74,869

2045 2046

\$ 201,884

\$ 201,884

\$ 64,253

\$ 3,365,000

\$ 170,125

To Refund the Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Series 1999B To Partially Refund the Better Jacksonville Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2001, 2003 and 2004 To Partially Refund the Better Jacksonville Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 and 2004

Excise Taxes Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009C (AMT) Better Jacksonville Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012

Better Jacksonville Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A

Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
3,400,000	211,400		2,036,824		3,689,750
3,585,000	71,700		2,036,824		3,689,750
			2,036,824		3,689,750
			2,036,824		3,689,750
			2,036,824		3,689,750
			2,036,824		3,689,750
			2,036,824		3,689,750
			2,036,824		3,689,750
			2,036,824	45,000	3,688,625
		4,685,000	1,919,699		3,687,500
		4,935,000	1,679,199	4,310,000	3,579,750
		5,185,000	1,426,199	4,525,000	3,358,875
		5,440,000	1,167,354	4,755,000	3,126,875
		5,605,000	898,009	13,180,000	2,678,500
		5,885,000	610,759	13,830,000	2,003,250
		9,745,000	231,817	33,150,000	828,750

\$ 6,985,000	\$ 283,100	\$ 41,480,000	\$ 26,264,452	\$ 73,795,000	\$ 52,470,125

4.000% 4.125% - 5.000% 5.000%

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY -PAYABLE FROM ENTERPRISE FUNDS (continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Purpose	To Refund the Improvement Reserves 1997, 1 2002B and	To Refund a Po Sales Tax Revo Series 1	enue Bonds,	To Fund a Portion of the Various Banking Fund Project Costs; to refund a portion of the Excise Taxes Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A and 2006A			
	Capital Imp Revenue Refun Series 2	nding Bonds,	Special Refunding Series 2	Bonds,	Special Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2014		
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2016	5,040,000	5,117,450	\$ 104,000	43,500		89,200	
2017	5,240,000	4,937,050	259,000	34,425		89,200	
2018	5,435,000	4,696,375	272,000	21,150		89,200	
2019	5,705,000	4,446,400	287,000	7,175		89,200	
2020	5,945,000	4,213,400				89,200	
2021	6,140,000	3,941,000			71,000	87,425	
2022	6,445,000	3,626,375			98,000	83,200	
2023	6,770,000	3,296,000			103,000	78,175	
2024	7,110,000	2,949,000			109,000	72,875	
2025	7,465,000	2,584,625			114,000	67,300	
2026	7,345,000	2,214,375			120,000	61,450	
2027	7,350,000	1,847,000			126,000	55,300	
2028	7,715,000	1,470,375			132,000	48,850	
2029	8,105,000	1,074,875			165,000	41,425	
2030	8,510,000	659,500			173,000	32,975	
2031	8,935,000	223,375			182,000	24,100	
2032					191,000	14,775	
2033					200,000	5,000	
2034							
2035							
2036							
2037 2038							
2039							
2039							
2040							
2042							
2042							
2044							
2045							
2046							
	\$ 109,255,000	\$ 47,297,175	\$ 922,000	\$ 106,250	\$ 1,784,000	\$ 1,118,850	

Interest Rates 3.000% - 5.000% 5.000% 5.000%

To Fund the Interim Financing of Stadium Improvements

Commercial Paper	
Principal	Interest
	2,170,500
\$ 1,765,000	2,126,375
1,835,000	2,036,375
1,910,000	1,942,750
1,990,000	1,845,250
2,060,000	1,744,000
2,140,000	1,639,000
2,230,000	1,529,750
2,320,000	1,416,000
2,410,000	1,297,750
2,510,000	1,174,750
2,615,000	1,046,625
2,740,000	912,750
2,860,000	772,750
2,990,000	626,500
3,125,000	473,625
385,000	385,875
395,000	366,375
410,000	346,250
430,000	325,250
455,000	303,125
475,000	279,875
495,000	255,625
520,000	230,250
540,000	203,750
565,000	176,125
595,000	147,125
620,000	116,750
645,000	85,125
675,000	52,125
705,000	17,625
\$ 43,410,000	\$ 26,046,000

Variable Rate Assumed at 5.000%

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF SELF-INSURANCE FUND TEN YEAR CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION (in thousands) WORKERS COMPENSATION

		For the Year Ended September 30								
		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010
Revenue	\$	21,723	\$	25,140	\$	22,124	\$	17,692	\$	19,369
Interest Revenue	,	2,095	_	2,807	T	1,404	_	5,753	-	4,218
Total Revenue	\$	23,818	\$	27,947	\$	23,528	\$	23,445	\$	23,587
Unallocated Expenses	\$_	3,529	\$_	3,166	\$	3,288	\$	3,309	\$	3,051
Estimated Incurred Claims										
and Expense, End of Policy Year	\$	11,799	\$_	10,451	\$	13,091	\$	13,418	\$	13,251
Paid (Cumulative) as of:										
End of Policy Year	\$	2,339	\$	1,916	\$	2,742	\$	2,923	\$	3,201
One Year Later		4,219		4,003		5,163		6,207		5,411
Two Years Later		4,756		4,576		6,181		7,430		6,411
Three Years Later		5,059		4,976		6,843		8,061		7,752
Four Years Later		5,407		5,212		7,335		8,429		8,648
Five Years Later		6,210		5,395		7,697		8,619		9,129
Six Years Later		6,638		5,559		8,035		9,016		
Seven Years Later		6,977		5,967		9,740				
Eight Years Later		7,270		6,308						
Nine Years Later		7,681								
Reestimated incurred										
Claims and Expense:										
End of Policy Year	\$	11,799	\$	10,451	\$	13,091	\$	13,418	\$	13,251
One Year Later		10,626		10,523		12,684		12,981		13,467
Two Years Later		9,941		9,531		12,809		13,243		13,886
Three Years Later		9,088		8,438		12,329		12,049		16,560
Four Years Later		8,816		8,589		12,432		13,136		17,517
Five Years Later		10,029		8,790		12,617		13,384		16,373
Six Years Later		10,424		9,222		12,850		13,415		
Seven Years Later		10,962		9,584		14,878				
Eight Years Later		11,414		9,498						
Nine Years Later		11,755								
Increase (Decrease) in										
Estimated Incurred Claims and										
Expense from End of Policy Year	\$_	(44)	\$	(953)	\$	1,787	\$	(3)	\$	3,122

	2011	 2012	 2013	 2014	_	2015
\$	19,848 2,387	\$ 22,339 2,553	\$ 22,904 1,346	\$ 32,925 1,703	\$	26,580 1,861
\$	22,235	\$ 24,892	\$ 24,250	\$ 34,628	\$	28,441
\$	3,116	\$ 2,528	\$ 2,360	\$ 3,442	\$	3,404
\$	11,694	 14,662	\$ 16,026	\$ 16,294	\$	18,844
\$	2,859 4,444 5,343 5,936 6,433	\$ 3,672 6,773 8,423 10,130	\$ 3,353 5,860 6,886	\$ 3,995 6,744	\$	4,210
\$	11,694 10,381 12,031 11,814 12,137	\$ 14,662 17,726 19,270 20,730	\$ 16,026 15,642 16,365	\$ 16,294 18,062	\$	18,844
\$	443	\$ 6,068	\$ 339	\$ 1,768	\$	0

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF SELF-INSURANCE FUND TEN YEAR CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION (in thousands) GENERAL LIABILITY

	For the Year Ended September 30								
	2006		2007	_	2008	_	2009		2010
Revenue	\$ 6,496	\$	6,980	\$	8,283	\$	7,310	\$	6,780
Interest Revenue	 666	_	855		510	_	24,004		1,529
Total Revenue	\$ 7,162	\$_	7,835	\$	8,793	\$_	31,314	\$ 	8,309
Unallocated Expenses	\$ 1,648	\$_	1,708	\$	1,911	\$_	2,044	\$	2,087
Estimated Incurred Claims									
and Expense, End of Policy Year	\$ 4,651	\$	4,365	\$	5,994	\$	4,794	\$	4,485
Paid (Cumulative) as of:									
End of Policy Year	\$ 1,063	\$	857	\$	1,495	\$	1,192	\$	1,019
One Year Later	1,709		1,371		2,372		2,082		2,221
Two Years Later	2,294		1,822		3,325		2,972		2,702
Three Years Later	2,693		2,258		3,766		3,257		3,351
Four Years Later	2,743		2,312		4,015		3,918		3,582
Five Years Later	2,830		2,395		4,533		4,088		3,686
Six Years Later	2,837		2,496		4,563		4,297		
Seven Years Later	2,837		2,496		4,571				
Eight Years Later	2,837		2,496						
Nine Years Later	2,838								
Reestimated incurred									
Claims and Expense:									
End of Policy Year	\$ 4,651	\$	4,365	\$	5,994	\$	4,794	\$	4,485
One Year Later	3,913		3,779		5,617		4,595		4,615
Two Years Later	3,627		2,857		5,156		4,716		4,269
Three Years Later	3,212		2,636		4,861		4,464		4,424
Four Years Later	2,950		2,617		4,443		4,579		4,388
Five Years Later	2,876		2,407		4,732		4,496		4,262
Six Years Later	2,856		2,496		4,729		4,515		
Seven Years Later	2,867		2,496		4,716				
Eight Years Later	2,898		2,496						
Nine Years Later	2,891								
Increase (Decrease) in									
Estimated Incurred Claims and									
Expense from End of Policy Year	\$ (1,760)	\$	(1,869)	\$	(1,278)	\$	(279)		(223)

For the Year Ended September 30

	2011	2012	2013 2014					2015
\$	6,363 802	\$ 7,052 1,077	\$	8,129 648	\$	8,186 644	\$	10,494 594
\$	7,165	\$ 8,129	\$	8,777	\$	8,830	\$	11,088
\$_	2,032	\$ 2,121	\$	2,109	\$	2,240	\$_	2,301
\$_	4,794	\$ 4,993	\$	4,715	\$	5,126	\$	5,623
\$	1,242 2,329 3,236 4,106 4,464	\$ 1,333 2,076 3,071 4,013	\$	1,126 2,025 3,311	\$	1,395 3,084	\$	1,372
\$	4,794 4,483 5,073 4,857 8,010	\$ 4,993 4,884 5,260 5,419	\$	4,715 4,884 5,232	\$	5,126 6,393	\$	5,623
\$_	3,216	\$ 426	\$	517	\$	1,267	\$	0

	GENERAL SERVICE DISTRICT	EMERGENCY RESERVE	OTHER GENERAL FUND	TOTAL 2015
ASSETS:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 64,629	\$ 49,919	\$ 23,108	\$ 137,656
Cash in escrow and with fiscal agents	178	-	-	178
Securities lending collateral	70,892	-	-	70,892
Receivables (net, where applicable, of allowances for uncollectibles):				
Accounts and interest	8.455	_	_	8.455
Other	14,136	_	2.958	17.094
Due from other funds	16,773	-	-	16,773
Due from independent agencies and other governments.	45,684	-	319	46,003
Inventories	4,120	-	-	4,120
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 224,867	49,919	\$ 26,385	\$ 301,171
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 25,962	\$ -	\$ 1.165	\$ 27,127
Deposits	2,804	φ -	\$ 1,103	2.804
1	,	-	2 624	,
Unearned revenue	20,535	-	2,634	23,169
Securities lending obligations	70,892			70,892
TOTAL LIABILITIES	120,193		3,799	123,992
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES:				
Unavailable Revenue	180	-	-	180
FUND BALANCES: Non Spendable: Non Spendable	4,120	-	-	4,120
Spendable:				
Committed	7,833	49,919	894	58,646
Assigned	13,989	15,515	1.585	15.574
Unassigned	\$ 78,552	-	20,107	\$ 98,659
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	104,494	49,919	22,586	176,999
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF		.		A 201 1=:
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 224,867	\$ 49,919	\$ 26,385	\$ 301,171

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 (in thousands)

	GENERAL SERVICE DISTRICT	EMERGENCY RESERVE	OTHER GENERAL FUND	TOTAL 2015
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ 512,359	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 512,359
Utility and Communications service taxes	124,006	-	-	124,006
Sales and tourist taxes	1,058	-	-	1,058
Local business taxes	7,324	-	-	7,324
Licenses, permits, and fees	41,544	-	2,164	43,708
Intergovernmental	148,402		38	148,440
Charges for services	40,279	_	11,424	51,703
Fines and forfeitures	2,098	_	_	2,098
JEA contribution	111,688	_	-	111,688
Investment earnings	2,738	700	(3,438)	· -
Other			(2,910)	14,344
Total Revenues	1,008,750	700	\$ 7,278	1,016,728
EXPENDITURES: Current:				
General government	84,621	-	28,813	113,434
Human services	65,169	-	781	65,950
Public safety	603,602	-	557	604,159
Culture and recreation	56,664	_	4,504	61,168
Transportation	23,954	_	-	23,954
Economic environment	11,557	_	1,421	12,978
Physical environment	23,124	_	,	23,124
Debt service:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			,
Interest and fiscal charges	10,214			10,214
Total Expenditures	878,905		36,076	914,981
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	129,845	700	\$ (28,798)	101,747
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Intrafund Transfer In	63	-	21,944	22,007
Intrafund Transfer Out	(21,944)	-	(63)	(22,007)
Transfers in	7,037	-	-	7,037
Transfers out	(108,460)		(5,623)	(114,083)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(123,304)	-	16,258	(107,046)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	6,541	700	\$ (12,540)	(5,299)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	97,953	49,219	35,126	182,298
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 104,494	\$ 49,919	\$ 22,586	\$ 176,999



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Jacksonville's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

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Financial Tr	ends
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These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Net Position by Components	272 - 273
Changes in Net Position	274 - 277
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	278
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	280 - 281

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	284 - 285
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	286
Principal Property Taxpayers	
Property Tax Levies and Collections	290 - 291

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

• •	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type to Personal Income and Per Capita	294 - 295
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	296
Legal Debt Margin Information	296
Pledged Revenue Coverage	

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Demographic and Economic Statistics	.305
Principal Employers	.306

Operating Information

These schedules contain services and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report compares to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Personnel Distribution by Department Classified Positions	309
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	310 - 313
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.



STATISTICAL SECTION – FINANCIAL TRENDS

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA NET POSITION BY COMPONENTS (in thousands) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Governmental activities:					
Net investments in capital assets	\$ 882,202	\$ 918,659	\$ 895,899	\$ 948,789	\$ 908,709
Restricted	47,181	50,630	47,546	50,529	46,503
Unrestricted	(2,042,815)	(157,869)	(190,125)	(222,645)	(120,998)
Total governmental activities net position	(1,113,432)	811,420	753,320	776,673	834,214
Business type activities					
Net investments in capital assets	163,294	161,999	128,001	128,766	124,213
Restricted	-	-	1,852	1,579	2,667
Unrestricted	55,048	44,996	53,606	50,039	38,545
Total business type activities net position	218,342	206,995	183,459	180,384	165,425
Primary government					
Net investments in capital assets	1,045,496	1,080,658	1,023,900	1,077,555	1,032,922
Restricted	47,181	50,630	49,398	52,108	49,170
Unrestricted	(1,987,767)	(112,873)	(136,519)	(172,606)	(82,453)
Total primary government net position	\$ (895,090)	\$ 1,018,415	\$ 936,779	\$ 957,057	\$ 999,639

Notes:

- (1) The City transferred \$404,898 of capital assets associated with the sports venues from governmental activities to business type activities.
- (2) The Pollution Remediation Liability of \$162,710, previously considered a liability of business type activities, was reclassified to a liability of governmental type activities.
- (3) 2013 amounts were adjusted for GASB 65 implementation.

 2010	2009	2009 2008	2007	2006
\$ 974,561	\$ 953,289	953,289 \$ 1,000,539 (1)) \$ 1,063,627	\$ 900,373
92,336	86,676	86,676 81,048	41,702	103,733
 (207,729)	(326,149)	(326,149) (390,777) (2	(259,189)	(127,555)
 859,168	713,816	713,816 690,810	846,140	876,551
135,912	126,221	126,221 114,078 (1)	16,341	13,375
-	-		8,274	13,045
14,586	19,035	19,035 24,060 (2)	(105,181)	(118,120)
 150,498	145,256	145,256 138,138	(80,566)	(91,700)
1,110,473	1,079,510	1,079,510 1,114,617	1,079,968	913,748
92,336	86,676	86,676 81,048	49,976	116,778
 (193,143)	(307,114)	(307,114) (366,717)	(364,370)	(245,675)
\$ 1,009,666	\$ 859,072	859,072 \$ 828,948	\$ 765,574	\$ 784,851

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (in thousands) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

		2015	 2014		2013		2012	 2011	_	2010
Expenses										
Government activities										
General government	\$	148,592	\$ 150,118	\$	159,054	\$	156,064	\$ 171,163	\$	186,072
Human services		108,830	108,596		104,902		113,260	108,837		112,785
Public safety		629,100	619,730		577,021		537,222	559,401		549,369
Culture and recreation		79,883	80,844		78,305		64,883	74,066		75,451
Transportation		150,470	141,928		147,750		154,770	170,557		192,231
Economic environment		45,062	43,956		47,394		76,227	124,520		71,082
Physical environment		114,932	122,963		114,134		125,407	118,564		98,058
Interest on long term debt		82,828	87,011		97,531		128,302	88,404		87,723
Total governmental activities expenses	1	,359,697	 1,355,146		1,326,091		1,356,135	 1,415,512		1,372,771
Business type activities:										
Parking system		3,496	3,513		3,178		3,499	3,879		3,585
Sports complex		-	_		_		_	_		_
Motor vehicle inspections		430	464		494		477	446		476
Solid Waste		70,316	58,429		71,073		73,111	62,977		73,934
Storm Water Services		23,022	19,796		19,656		18,913	18,730		17,340
Mayport Ferry		2,069	2,405		2,767		_	_		_
EverBank Field		28,494	25,530		23,136		24,134	23,603		24,485
Veterans Memorial Arena		17,649	14,878		14,694		14,433	14,747		15,602
Baseball Stadium		4,406	3,216		3,083		3,118	3,142		3,335
Performing Arts		3,932	4,095		3,850		4,363	4,369		4,265
Convention Center		3,889	3,778		3,536		3,662	3,764		3,804
Equestrian Center		1,139	1,664		1,465		1,686	1,836		1,816
Sports Complex Capital Maintenance		-	-		106		-	-		-
Ritz Theater		1,416	 954					 -		-
Total business type activities expenses		160,258	138,722		147,038		147,396	137,493		148,642
Total primary government expenses	1	1,519,955	 1,493,868	_	1,473,129	_	1,503,531	 1,553,005		1,521,413
		,,,,,,,,,	 1,173,000	_	1,175,127		1,505,551	 1,000,000		1,521,115
Program Revenues Government activities										
Charges for services:		53,029	54712		71 541		64,104	65,993		67,454
General government			54,713		71,541		38,121	45,908		
Public safety		50,684	55,878		30,137			· · · · · ·		46,457
Other activities		8,681	8,158		8,773		17,181	10,352		5,997
Operating grants and contributions		59,379	53,946		68,470		82,833	96,142		83,456
Capital grants and contributions		70,271	 72,978		55,208		41,194	 27,565	_	170,558
Total governmental activities program revenues		242,044	 245,673		234,129		243,433	 245,960		373,922
Business type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Sports complex		-	-		-		-	-		-
Solid Waste		69,649	69,570		68,759		69,748	66,610		47,112
Storm Water		29,087	29,142		30,259		26,519	20,789		28,035
EverBank Field		6,438	6,476		4,566		4,054	3,379		3,719
Veterans Memorial Arena		6,261	4,806		5,165		4,641	5,288		4,797
Other Activities		9,862	 9,045		8,579		7,889	 7,473		6,998
Total business type activities revenue		121,297	 119,039		117,328		112,851	 103,539		90,661
		363,341	364,712						\$	464,583

	2009	2008	2007			2006
\$	180,054	\$ 174,777	\$	201,186		\$ 194,406
Ψ	107,991	102,076	Ψ	108,738		106,755
	527,227	511,009		472,531		429,207
	71,091	67,054		93,197		84,527
	217,296	178,949		316,261		216,674
	72,571	77,460		77,440		74,030
	97,114	125,984		69,211		55,605
	94,289	102,835		94,114		92,682
	1,367,633	1,340,144		1,432,678		1,253,886
	3,417	3,921		6,340		4,975
	433	462		482		25,964 439
	86,674	69,230		71,240		92,935
	14,612	55		71,240		,2,,33
	- 11,012	-		1,937		2,346
	20,361	11,850		11,732		2,3.0
	12,355	8,055		7,750		_
	1,993	1,297		1,135		_
	4,006	3,264		3,959		_
	4,342	3,681		3,443		_
	1,890	1,449		1,309		-
	-	-		-		-
				-		-
	150.092	103,264		100 227		126 650
	150,083			109,327		126,659
	1,517,716	1,443,408		1,542,005		1,380,545
	103,824	94,079		71,614		86,817
	45,322	47,233		45,825		45,670
	6,865	12,523		18,304		11,491
	83,068	82,342		87,234		69,485
	52,464	56,230	_	52,112		76,072
	291,543	292,407	_	275,089		289,535
	_	-		_		16,004
	42,752	39,892		39,123		44,093
	29,134	7,506		-		-
	3,536	4,106		3,534		-
	4,704	5,520		5,979		-
	7,364	8,605		10,804		5,570
	87,490	65,629		59,440		65,667
\$	379,033	\$ 358,036	\$	334,529		\$ 355,202

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (in thousands) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Net (expense)revenue						
Government activities	\$ (1,117,653)	\$ (1,109,473)	\$ (1,091,962)	\$ (1,112,702)	\$ (1,169,552)	\$ (998,849)
Business type activities	(38,961)	(19,683)	(29,710)	(34,545)	(33,954)	(57,981)
Total primary government net expense	(1,156,614)	(1,129,156)	(1,121,672)	(1,147,247)	(1,203,506)	(1,056,830)
General revenues and other changes in						
net position						
Government activities:						
Property taxes	527,754	502,624	444,219	463,680	498,507	493,171
Utility and Communications service taxes	124,006	122,733	123,785	123,132	127,955	126,653
Sales and tourist taxes	194,148	180,964	172,430	164,827	161,943	158,062
Local business taxes	7,324	7,085	7,129	7,396	7,447	8,052
Intergovernmental - unrestricted	148,440	138,969	127,561	160,793	172,571	170,687
JEA contributions	111,688	109,188	106,688	104,188	101,688	99,188
Unrestricted earnings on investments	9,365	21,690	5,884	40,329	18,844	57,454
Franchise fees	41,013	40,417	38,851	40,624	43,037	39,842
Miscellaneous	36,233	55,227	40,627	33,249	35,693	26,626
Special item - refinancing state bonds	-	-	-	(61,196)	-	-
Special item - Repeal of JEDC	-	-	28,970	-	-	-
Transfers	(15,290)	(11,324)	(4,020)	(21,861)	(23,087)	(35,534)
Total general revenues, special items, and transfers	1,184,681	1,167,573	1,092,124	1,055,161	1,144,598	1,144,201
Business type activities						
Unrestricted earnings on investments	1,251	2,008	294	4,025	2,127	5,770
Sales and tourist taxes	14,541	13,394	12,385	11,692	11,134	10,965
Miscellaneous	19,226	16,493	17,081	11,926	12,533	10,954
Special item - pollution remediation & settlement	-	-	-	_	-	-
Transfers	15,290	11,324	4,020	21,861	23,087	35,534
Total business type activities	50,308	43,219	33,780	49,504	48,881	63,223
Total primary government	1,234,989	1,210,792	1,125,904	1,104,665	1,193,479	1,207,424
Changes in net position:						
Governmental activities	67,028	58,100	162	(57,541)	(24,954)	145,352
Business type activities	11,347	23,536	4.070	14,959	14,927	5,242
Business type activities	11,547	23,330	4,070	14,237	14,927	3,242
Total primary government	\$ 78,375	\$ 81,636	\$ 4,232	\$ (42,582)	\$ (10,027)	\$ 150,594

(continued)

2009	2008	2007	2006		
\$ (1,076,090)	\$ (1,047,737)	\$ (1,157,589)	\$ (964,351)		
(62,593)		(37,635) $(49,887)$ (60)			
(1,138,683)	(1,085,372)	(1,207,476)			
(1,136,063)	(1,085,572)	(1,207,470)	(1,025,343)		
474,381	477,368	465,918	408,942		
118,453	114,392	104,634	104,259		
162,295	179,645	181,621	196,257		
7,928	7,932	7,618	8,855		
166,923	185,041	206,371	228,237		
96,961	96,096	92,915	89,188		
73,326	15,263	34,033	44,380		
-	-	-	-		
29,028	48,976	63,772	52,912		
-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-		
(30,199)	(232,306)	(29,704)	(36,212)		
1,099,096	892,407	1,127,178	1,096,818		
8,237	2,516	6,165	4,765		
10,875	12,695	12,520	_		
20,400	8,822	12,632	3,776		
-	-	-	-		
30,199	232,306	29,704	36,212		
69,711	256,339	61,021	44,753		
1,168,807	1,148,746	1,188,199	1,141,571		
23,006	(155,330)	(30,411)	132,467		
7,118	218,704	11,134	(16,239)		
\$ 30,124	\$ 63,374	\$ (19,277)	\$ 116,228		

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (in thousands) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Pre-GASB 54

a 15 1	2008	2007	2006
General Fund			
Reserved	\$ 57,317	\$ 57,507	\$ 53,935
Unreserved	40,841	26,476	23,974
Total General Fund	\$ 98,158	\$ 83,983	\$ 77,909
All other Governmental funds			
Reserved	\$ 312,341	\$ 393,177	\$ 388,723
Unreserved, reported in:			
Special revenue funds	181,662	185,307	176,468
Capital projects funds	(24,510)	(38,688)	17,731
Permanent fund	195	194	188
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 469,688	\$ 539,990	\$ 583,110

Post-GASB 54

	201	15	2	2014	2	2013	2012		2011		2010	2	2009	2008
General Fund														
Non Spendable:														
Non Spendable	\$ 4	,120	\$	4,186	\$	4,189	\$ 5,115	\$	5,149	\$	6,604	\$	6,259	\$ 4,300
Spendable:														
Committed	58	,646		63,646		70,248	69,965		60,012		58,921		62,846	54,889
Assigned	15	,574		23,978		3,656	2,903		1,962		2,766		3,114	3,050
Unassigned	98	,659		90,488		97,118	72,138		61,798		41,774		37,962	35,919
Total General Fund	\$ 176	,999	\$ 1	82,298	\$ 1	75,211	\$ 150,121	\$ 1	128,921	\$	110,065	\$ 1	10,181	\$ 98,158
All other Governmental funds														
Non Spendable:														
Non Spendable	\$	123	\$	125	\$	225	\$ 224	\$	124	\$	127	\$	123	\$ 123
Spendable:														
Restricted	190	,769	1	88,687	1	96,855	241,181	2	296,901	3	329,146	2	221,416	155,333
Committed	275	,258	2	23,832	2	13,314	218,283	2	246,415	2	214,964	2	224,657	291,554
Assigned		-		-		1,860	2,653		2,079		3,215		8,764	23,777
Unassigned	(11	,960)	((14,048)		_	 (3,671)		(200)			((34,264)	(1,099)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 454	,190	\$ 3	398,596	\$ 4	12,254	\$ 458,670	\$ 5	545,319	\$ 3	547,452	\$ 4	120,696	\$ 469,688

Note: Eight years of data is available for GASB 54 compliance which was adopted in 2009. 2008 data was restated for GASB 54 comparable presentation.



CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (in thousands) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2015		2014		2013		2012
Revenue								
Property taxes	\$	527,754	\$	502,624	\$	444,219	\$	463,680
Utility service taxes		124,006		122,733		123,785		123,132
Sales and tourist taxes		194,148		180,964		172,430		164,827
Local business taxes		7,324		7,085		7,129		7,396
Licenses, permits, and fees		57,454		52,960		49,959		50,198
Intergovernmental		256,336		243,528		241,981		249,177
Charges for services		89,351		101,259		95,178		105,405
Fines and forfeitures		6,602		4,947		4,165		4,427
JEA contribution		111,688		109,188		106,688		104,188
Payment in lieu of taxes		_		_		_		_
Investment earnings		6,602		17,871		6,621		34,698
Other		32,805		48,543		36,998		30,428
Total Revenue		1,414,070		1,391,702		1,289,153		1,337,556
Expenditures		, ,		, ,		,,		,,
General government		143,516		143,390		152,308		163,217
Human services		107,035		105,802		102,051		110,779
Public safety		630,540		604,160		570,893		527,047
Culture and recreation		68,093		65,651		63,100		53,763
		,		ŕ				
Transportation		140,616		133,893		133,075		140,422
Economic environment		43,556		42,807		47,184		67,672
Physical environment		28,600		27,020		18,253		20,930
Capital outlay		54,128		87,538		78,354		121,541
Debt service:								
Principal		94,563		88,070		81,776		76,148
Interest and fiscal charges		95,820		98,924		102,032		103,885
Other		1,515		1,731		4,294		7,505
Total Expenditures		1,407,982		1,398,986		1,353,320		1,392,909
Excess of Revenue Over								
(Under) Expenditures		6,088		(7,284)		(64,167)		(55,353)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Long term debt issued.		60,720		18,044		13,603		2,349
Refunding bond issued		61,401		-		287,888		491,905
Premium on special obligation bonds payable		11,001		_		41,542		46,925
Discount on special obligation bonds payable		_		_		(159)		_
Payment to escrow agent - refunded bonds		(71,915)		_		(324,201)		(529,833)
Transfers in		213,114		197,372		183,089		205,055
Transfers out		(230,114)		(214,703)		(187,891)		(226,497)
	-		_					
Total Other Financing Sources(Uses):		44,207	_	713		13,871		(10,096)
Special Item:								
Repeal of Jacksonville Economic Development Commission		_		-		28,970		-
Net Changes in Fund Balances	\$	50,295	\$	(6,571)	\$	(21,326)	\$	(65,449)
- I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I		20,273	Ψ	(3,571)	<u> </u>	(21,323)	4	(55,117)
Debt Service as Percentage of NonCapital Expenditures	1	13.99%		14.12%		14.23%		14.10%

2011	2010	2009	2008 2007		2007	2006		
\$ 498,507	\$ 493,171	\$ 474,381	\$	477,368	\$	465,918	\$	408,942
127,955	126,878	118,453		114,392		104,634		104,259
161,943	158,062	162,295		179,645		181,621		196,257
7,447	8,052	7,928		7,932		7,618		8,855
43,405	39,842	38,846		19,424		1,249		1,654
272,446	268,008	263,316		286,492		299,696		314,959
117,749	112,563	112,013		128,570		128,391		134,977
4,136	5,095	5,152		5,841		6,103		7,347
101,688	99,188	96,688		94,188		91,438		88,688
-	_	_		_		3,713		_
14,927	48,495	62,593		15,346		31,101		41,384
31,432	27,996	29,031		47,443		63,772		52,912
 1,381,635	1,387,350	1,370,696		1,376,641		1,385,254		1,360,234
171,391	180,259	167,245		162,202		152,894		136,815
107,895	112,792	107,309		100,858		107,651		105,979
553,746	553,756	527,027		502,305		474,120		427,478
63,151	67,352	64,076		59,096		72,993		72,924
148,793	163,768	144,298		164,918		163,433		148,107
117,876	70,626	66,713		72,433		76,991		72,270
29,314	21,726	24,945		20,539		21,874		19,307
196,145	243,601	273,518		216,770		351,581		302,583
82,942	61,777	79,554		74,365		66,294		64,774
90,673	84,325	89,339		102,423		96,907		95,365
 4,710	 8,536	2,846		1,607		1,759		1,085
 1,566,636	 1,568,518	 1,546,870		1,477,516		1,586,497		1,446,687
 (185,001)	 (181,168)	 (176,174)		(100,875)		(201,243)		(86,453)
210,758	319,680	166,858		584,893		190,455		114,170
79,220	-	18,200		-		-		-
18,481	19,543	7,904		3,587		4,097		1,693
-	-			3,307		- 1,007		- 1,075
(85,238)	_	(18,622)		(410,460)		_		(41,457)
174,192	181,638	196,914		219,862		192,537		214,270
(195,689)	(212,543)	(232,049)		(245,238)		(222,892)		(249,031)
 201,724	 308,318	 139,205		152,644		164,197		39,645
 · ·	·	,		,		,		,
\$ 16,723	\$ 127,150	\$ (36,969)	\$	51,769	\$	(37,046)	\$	(46,808)
12.48%	10.84%	13.04%		13.93%		11.54%		12.72%



STATISTICAL SECTION – REVENUE CAPACITY

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST NINE YEARS (in thousands)

Real	Pro	nertx
ixcai	110	DCILI

Year	Residential Real Property	Commercial Real Property	Industrial Real Property	Other Real Property	Personal Property	Centrally Assessed Property (1)
2007	\$ 31,686,651	\$ 13,394,365	\$ 3,199,698	\$ 5,338,289	\$ 7,899,162	\$ 167,104
2008	36,941,849	15,093,348	3,777,631	6,643,841	8,305,449	177,308
2009	39,265,137	16,929,605	4,317,968	7,025,130	11,570,293	200,236
2010	44,839,547	18,085,667	4,507,151	7,994,713	12,081,891	197,806
2011	40,194,453	16,584,154	4,217,089	8,303,924	12,283,738	141,080
2012	36,146,776	15,706,066	3,786,599	7,955,092	12,241,838	158,707
2013	32,988,302	15,589,684	3,728,970	7,989,623	12,562,483	161,349
2014	31,587,050	15,532,668	3,962,211	8,243,727	12,907,988	162,447
2015	34,047,629	16,841,558	3,981,164	8,404,475	15,280,372	172,360

- (1) Centrally assessed property is primarily railroad property and private car line property, which must be separately assessed.
- (2) Estimated actual values are the total "just" values or property subject to taxation, as defined by Section 193.011 of the Florida Statutes.

Note:

The information in the schedule is presented to conform with the requirements of GASB statement 44. Prior to the change in format, real assessed values were presented in aggregate. Additionally, all assessed value columns were presented net of tax exempt property. The City is not able to present data in the current format prior to 2007. Additionally information presented for 2007 and 2008 differ from the original final tax roll due to subsequent Value Board Adjustment modifications.

Source: Property Appraiser's Office

Unaudited - see accompanying independent auditors' report.

Less: Tax Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Values (2)	Assessed as a Percentage of Actual Values
\$ 14,055,282	\$ 47,629,987	9.6400	\$ 70,926,829	67.15%
15,713,214	55,226,212	8.4841	83,838,185	65.87%
23,804,210	55,504,160	8.4841	91,002,440	60.99%
34,507,969	53,198,806	9.2727	87,706,774	60.66%
32,283,447	49,440,991	10.0353	81,724,438	60.50%
30,066,283	45,927,695	10.0353	75,993,978	60.44%
29,281,387	43,739,023	10.0353	73,020,410	59.90%
29,249,565	43,146,527	11.4419	72,396,092	59.60%
33,456,738	45,270,814	11.4419	78,727,557	57.50%

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value)

						Overlapping Rates		
		City of Jac	cksonville		Other Taxi	ng Authorities		
Year	District (Note 1)	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total City Millage	Total School Millage	Water Management District Millage	FIND Millage (Note 2)	Combined Millage Total
2006	GSD	9.6500	0.0000	9.6500	8.4250	0.4620	0.0385	18.5755
2007	GSD	9.6400	0.0000	9.6400	8.0420	0.4620	0.0385	18.1825
2008	GSD	8.4841	0.0000	8.4841	7.7550	0.4158	0.0345	16.6894
2009	GSD	8.4841	0.0000	8.4841	7.5610	0.4158	0.0345	16.4954
2010	GSD	9.2727	0.0000	9.2727	7.5820	0.4158	0.0345	17.3050
2011	GSD	10.0353	0.0000	10.0353	7.8440	0.4158	0.0345	18.3296
2012	GSD	10.0353	0.0000	10.0353	7.5530	0.3313	0.0345	17.9541
2013	GSD	10.0353	0.0000	10.0353	7.6000	0.3313	0.0345	18.0011
2014	GSD	11.4419	0.0000	11.4419	7.3880	0.3283	0.0345	19.1927
2015	GSD	11.4419	0.0000	11.4419	7.1170	0.3023	0.0320	18.8932

⁽¹⁾ The GSD (General Services District) is the most prevalent millage rate. The GSD applies to most taxpayers and is in effect a county-wide rate.

Source: Property Appraiser's Office

Unaudited - see accompanying independent auditors' report.

⁽²⁾ Florida Inland Navigational District



CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

			2015					
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Va	<u>aluation</u>	Rank	Percentage			
AT&T/Bellsouth Communications	Communications	\$	272,298,268	1	0.52%			
St Johns Town Center	Retail		241,592,888	2	0.46%			
Stone Mountain/ Gwinnett Ind	Distribution Center		230,704,055	3	0.44%			
Anheuser Busch/Metal Container Corp	Manufacturing		226,472,673	4	0.43%			
Johnson & Johnson/Vistakon	Manufacturing		226,380,935	5	0.43%			
Wal-Mart	Retail		213,782,477	6	0.41%			
Mid America Apartments	Real Estate Mgmt/Development		199,669,411	7	0.38%			
Florida Blue	Insurance		188,395,159	8	0.36%			
Beemer & Associates	Real Estate Mgmt/Development		156,825,180	9	0.30%			
Jacksonville Avenues (Avenues Mall)	Retail		150,874,547	10	0.29%			
Cedar Bay Generating Co	Utilities		-		-			
First States Investors	Real Estate Mgmt/Development		-		-			
Flagler Development Company	Real Estate Mgmt/Development		-		-			
Liberty Property Limited Partnership	Real Estate Mgmt/Development		-		-			
Total Taxable Assessed Value of 10 Largest Taxpayers	-	\$	2,106,995,593		4.01%			
Total Taxable Assessed Value of Other Taxpayers	_	\$50),492,733,941		95.99%			
Total Taxable Assessed Value of All Taxpayers	<u>-</u>	\$ 5	2,599,729,534		100.00%			

Source: Tax Collector's Office

2006							
Valuation	Rank	Percentage					
406,459,530	1	0.77%					
-		-					
-		-					
308,597,388	2	0.59%					
246,775,775	3	0.47%					
162,620,178	6	0.31%					
137,493,824	10	0.26%					
206,435,773	5	0.39%					
-		-					
-		-					
162,354,525	7	0.31%					
142,336,200	9	0.27%					
235,454,572	4	0.45%					
143,248,555	8	0.27%					
\$ 2,151,776,320		4.10%					
50,309,637,309		95.90%					
\$ 52,461,413,629		100.00%					
Ψ 32,401,413,027		100.0070					

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Collected within the				
Fiscal		_	Fiscal Year of	the Levy			
Year Ended Sept. 30		Taxes Levied for the Fiscal year (1)	Amount	Percentage of Levy			
2006	General Fund - General Services District (2)	\$ 410,959,779	\$ 408,175,252	99.3%			
2007	General Fund - General Services District (2)	\$ 471,622,380	\$ 468,874,795	99.4%			
2008	General Fund - General Services District (2)	\$ 480,223,601	\$ 478,018,859	99.5%			
2009	General Fund - General Services District (2)	\$ 478,948,728	\$ 476,188,360	99.4%			
2010	General Fund - General Services District	\$ 497,900,724	\$ 493,688,968	99.2%			
2011	General Fund - General Services District	\$ 505,368,958	\$ 500,440,998	99.0%			
2012	General Fund - General Services District	\$ 468,994,952	\$ 466,200,537	99.4%			
2013	General Fund - General Services District	\$ 447,266,774	\$ 445,217,626	99.5%			
2014	General Fund - General Services District	\$ 507,188,920	\$ 503,707,320	99.3%			
2015	General Fund - General Services District	\$ 532,856,955	\$ 529,934,810	99.5%			
(1)	Tax levies are final certified amounts net of disco	ounts allowed. The discou	int schedule is as foll	ows:			
	For taxes paid in: November - 4%						
	December - 3%						
	January - 2%						
	February - 1%						

⁽²⁾ Correction made to amounts previously reported to reflect taxes levied amount net of discounts.

Source: Tax Collector's Office

		Total Collections to date					
Collections in Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy				
\$	2,084,894	\$ 410,260,146	99.8%				
\$	1,023,320	\$ 469,898,115	99.6%				
\$	1,568,875	\$ 479,587,734	99.9%				
\$	1,897,061	\$ 478,085,421	99.8%				
\$	1,641,202	\$ 495,330,170	99.5%				
\$	2,191,146	\$ 502,632,144	99.5%				
\$	1,982,503	\$ 468,183,040	99.8%				
\$	2,499,165	\$ 447,716,791	100.1%				
\$	1,978,427	\$ 505,685,747	99.7%				
\$	-	\$ 529,934,810	99.5%				



STATISTICAL SECTION – DEBT CAPACITY

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE TO PERSONAL INCOME AND PER CAPITA LAST TEN YEARS

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Government Activities

Fiscal Year	Revenue Bonds Payable from General Fund	Notes Payable from General Fund	Revenue Bonds Payable from BJP Revenues	Notes Payable from BJP Revenues	Notes and Bonds Payable from Internal Services Fund	Capitalized Lease Obligations
2006	985,840	7,995	1,064,210	15,920	72,205	144
2007	985,015	7,360	1,147,120	57,426	72,205	952
2008	779,533	6,630	1,090,568	66,414	153,730	609
2009	771,550	5,790	1,178,193	60,719	156,643	313
2010	826,574	4,845	1,256,964	65,872	250,713	-
2011	869,266	3,900	1,316,408	62,511	291,154	-
2012	828,572	2,875	1,315,267	57,447	273,813	-
2013	754,432	1,840	1,290,036	52,311	273,588	-
2014	719,978	785	1,249,005	47,055	249,875	-
2015	677,328	210	1,202,745	41,675	289,670	-

Business-Type Activities

Revenue Bonds	Capitalized Lease Obligations	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita	Less Unamortized Discount/Premium and Deferred Loss on Advanced Refunding	Adjusted Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
63,465	-	2,209,779	6.88%	2,633.54	3,841	2,213,620	6.89%	2,638.12
57,560	=	2,327,638	7.06%	2,746.85	7,516	2,335,154	7.08%	2,755.72
357,124	=	2,454,608	7.44%	2,877.36	11,041	2,465,649	7.48%	2,890.30
341,887	-	2,515,095	7.97%	2,930.35	17,902	2,532,997	8.03%	2,951.21
326,143	-	2,731,111	8.37%	3,160.05	51,782	2,782,893	8.53%	3,219.96
313,015	-	2,856,254	8.35%	3,303.55	73,661	2,929,915	8.56%	3,388.75
287,423	-	2,765,397	7.77%	3,179.61	125,011	2,890,408	8.12%	3,323.34
257,674	-	2,629,881	7.41%	3,001.89	181,219	2,811,100	7.92%	3,208.74
272,123	-	2,538,821	6.85%	2,852.59	169,704	2,708,525	7.30%	3,043.27
281,400	-	2,493,028	n/a	2,752.98	167,547	2,660,575	n/a	2,938.00

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT as of September 30, 2015

Governmental Unit Debt Repaid with Property Taxes	Net General Obligation Bonds (1)	Estimated Percentage Applicable (2)	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt	
Duval County School Board - Bonds Duval County School Board - Certificate of Participation Duval County School Board - Revenue Anticipation Note	\$ 7,085,735 \$ 406,240,868 \$ 2,490,481	100.000% 100.000% 100.000%	\$ 7,085,735 406,240,868 2,490,481	
Other Debt				
None	-	-	<u> </u>	
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt			\$ 415,817,084	
City Direct Debt:				
Government Activities	\$ 2,211,629,047	100.000%	2,211,629,047	
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 2,627,446,131	

- (1) The net general obligation debt outstanding includes debt which is secured by the District to levy taxes on real estate less amounts available in debt service funds.
- (2) The applicable percentage is based on the District's geographical boundaries within Duval County.

Source: Duval County Public Schools - Business Services

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION as of September 30, 2015

The amount of debt the City of Jacksonville can issue is not limited by either the City of Jacksonville charter or code, nor the Florida State Statutes.



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CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN YEARS

(dollars in thousands)

Excise Tax Revenue Bonds

Fiscal	Utility Service	Fuel Oil	Occupational License	Gross Available	Debt Se	ervice	
Year	Taxes	Taxes	Taxes	Revenues	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2005	92,848	113	8,143	101,104	26,120	17,320	2.33 x
2006	97,284	229	8,809	106,322	28,570	17,388	2.31 x
2007	97,833	92	7,618	105,543	31,205	21,578	2.00 x
2008	107,531	71	7,932	115,533	32,930	21,100	2.14 x
2009	111,634	90	7,928	119,652	26,435	19,846	2.59 x
2010	120,333	24	7,867	128,224	21,616	21,463	2.98 x
2011	121,931	45	7,394	129,370	27,386	20,837	2.68 x
2012	117,206	28	7,356	124,591	23,407	20,604	2.83 x
2013	117,939	33	7,129	125,101	19,458	13,310	3.82 x
2014	117,311	34	7,085	124,430	17,048	12,713	4.18 x
2015	118,546	27	7,324	125,897	17,079	8,894	4.85 x

Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds

Franchise	Communication Services	Sports Facility Sales Tax	Convention Development	Sports Facility Tourist Development	Gross Available	Debt S	ervice	
Fees	Taxes	Rebate	Tax (2%)	Tax (2%)	Revenues	Principal	Interest	Coverage
1,276	6,502	2,000	4,800	5,108	19,686	1,750	10,441	1.61 x
1,710	6,746	2,000	5,201	5,530	21,187	2,215	8,530	1.97 x
1,335	6,709	2,000	5,118	5,402	20,565	3,675	7,733	1.80 x
1,132	6,790	2,000	5,197	5,498	20,618	3,775	7,631	1.81 x
1,349	6,726	2,000	4,366	4,675	19,117	4,005	7,453	1.67 x
1,351	6,522	2,000	4,238	4,561	18,672	4,140	7,317	1.63 x
1,293	5,980	2,000	4,403	4,731	18,407	4,325	7,132	1.61 x
1,272	5,896	2,000	4,670	5,022	18,860	4,525	6,935	1.65 x
1,247	5,813	2,000	4,995	5,390	19,445	3,855	4,334	2.37 x
1,399	5,388	2,000	5,502	5,892	20,181	4,895	4,340	2.19 x
1,413	5,433	2,000	6,004	6,538	21,388	5,040	5,193	2.09 x

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN YEARS

(dollars in thousands)

	Capital Project Revenue Bonds										
Fiscal	JEA Contribution - Electric	JEA Contribution - Water and	Gross Available	Debt Se	rvice						
Year	Services	Sewer	Revenues	Principal	Interest	Coverage					
2005	68,677	17,261	85,938	2,205	2,875	16.92 x					
2006	71,031	17,657	88,688	2,265	4,478	13.15 x					
2007	73,100	18,337	91,438	2,430	5,103	12.14 x					
2008	73,847	20,341	94,188	2,495	4,262	13.94 x					
2009	76,094	20,593	96,688	2,680	1,581	22.69 x					
2010	79,008	20,180	99,188	2,810	474	30.20 x					
2011	81,922	19,766	101,688	3,440	898	23.44 x					
2012	83,038	21,150	104,188	2,610	1,932	22.94 x					
2013	83,969	22,719	106,688	3,240	1,855	20.94 x					
2014	87,318	21,870	109,188	3,390	1,764	21.19 x					
2015	90,109	21,579	111,688	3,560	866	25.23 x					

Local Government Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Better Jacksonville Infrastructure Sales Tax Bonds

Debt Se	ervice		Infrastructure	Debt Se		
Principal	Interest	Coverage	Sales Tax	Principal	Interest	Coverage
8,675	8,517	4.73 x	69,337	7,865	29,042	1.88 x
9,085	8,114	5.04 x	73,227	13,310	28,071	1.77 x
9,480	7,748	4.87 x	70,665	15,799	28,011	1.61 x
9,815	7,351	4.52 x	70,262	19,844	27,948	1.47 x
10,660	6,735	4.05 x	63,330	22,474	33,515	1.13 x
11,080	6,316	3.89 x	61,322	23,591	32,381	1.10 x
11,530	5,867	4.07 x	63,061	24,136	29,840	1.17 x
12,115	5,280	4.18 x	64,573	25,016	20,237	1.43 x
9,545	2,609	6.39 x	68,531	24,892	29,312	1.26 x
10,075	2,084	6.68 x	71,930	25,660	28,054	1.34 x
6,405	1,530	10.97 x	77,596	21,065	26,197	1.64 x
	Principal 8,675 9,085 9,480 9,815 10,660 11,080 11,530 12,115 9,545 10,075	8,675 8,517 9,085 8,114 9,480 7,748 9,815 7,351 10,660 6,735 11,080 6,316 11,530 5,867 12,115 5,280 9,545 2,609 10,075 2,084	Principal Interest Coverage 8,675 8,517 4.73 x 9,085 8,114 5.04 x 9,480 7,748 4.87 x 9,815 7,351 4.52 x 10,660 6,735 4.05 x 11,080 6,316 3.89 x 11,530 5,867 4.07 x 12,115 5,280 4.18 x 9,545 2,609 6.39 x 10,075 2,084 6.68 x	Principal Interest Coverage Sales Tax 8,675 8,517 4.73 x 69,337 9,085 8,114 5.04 x 73,227 9,480 7,748 4.87 x 70,665 9,815 7,351 4.52 x 70,262 10,660 6,735 4.05 x 63,330 11,080 6,316 3.89 x 61,322 11,530 5,867 4.07 x 63,061 12,115 5,280 4.18 x 64,573 9,545 2,609 6.39 x 68,531 10,075 2,084 6.68 x 71,930	Principal Interest Coverage Sales Tax Principal 8,675 8,517 4.73 x 69,337 7,865 9,085 8,114 5.04 x 73,227 13,310 9,480 7,748 4.87 x 70,665 15,799 9,815 7,351 4.52 x 70,262 19,844 10,660 6,735 4.05 x 63,330 22,474 11,080 6,316 3.89 x 61,322 23,591 11,530 5,867 4.07 x 63,061 24,136 12,115 5,280 4.18 x 64,573 25,016 9,545 2,609 6.39 x 68,531 24,892 10,075 2,084 6.68 x 71,930 25,660	Principal Interest Coverage Sales Tax Principal Interest 8,675 8,517 4.73 x 69,337 7,865 29,042 9,085 8,114 5.04 x 73,227 13,310 28,071 9,480 7,748 4.87 x 70,665 15,799 28,011 9,815 7,351 4.52 x 70,262 19,844 27,948 10,660 6,735 4.05 x 63,330 22,474 33,515 11,080 6,316 3.89 x 61,322 23,591 32,381 11,530 5,867 4.07 x 63,061 24,136 29,840 12,115 5,280 4.18 x 64,573 25,016 20,237 9,545 2,609 6.39 x 68,531 24,892 29,312 10,075 2,084 6.68 x 71,930 25,660 28,054

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN YEARS

(dollars in thousands)

Transportation Revenue Bonds (Better Jax)

Fiscal	Transportation	Gas Tax (Constitutional	Gross Available	Debt Se	rvice	
Year	Sales Tax	Fuel Tax)	Revenues	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2005	71,717	9,280	80,997	4,185	18,148	3.63 x
2006	76,136	9,280	85,416	6,684	22,039	2.97 x
2007	73,543	9,235	82,779	4,495	23,283	2.98 x
2008	72,339	8,856	81,195	2,595	24,408	3.01 x
2009	65,132	8,693	73,825	7,495	21,054	2.59 x
2010	62,868	8,549	71,417	7,705	17,730	2.81 x
2011	65,189	8,392	73,581	20,240	17,816	1.93 x
2012	66,650	8,286	74,936	8,145	13,532	3.46 x
2013	70,532	8,155	78,687	20,240	18,668	2.02 x
2014	74,334	8,385	82,719	22,930	17,953	2.02 x
2015	80,097	8,743	88,840	23,985	19,094	2.06 x

Special Revenue Bonds (Covenant Pledge)

General Fund	Exclusion of Ad Valorem	Total Covenant	Debt Ser		
Revenues (1)	Tax Revenue	Revenues (2)	Principal	Interest	Coverage (3)
-	-	-	-	-	n/a
-	-	-	-	-	n/a
-	-	-	=	-	n/a
-	-	-	=	-	n/a
959,147	(458,539)	500,608	535	2,477	166.18 x
976,476	(476,532)	499,944	7,099	12,723	25.22 x
984,034	(482,694)	501,340	9,551	27,555	13.51 x
954,602	(450,571)	504,031	24,031	33,914	8.70 x
924,728	(431,622)	493,106	26,324	39,828	7.45 x
1,012,919	(488,455)	524,464	30,990	44,227	6.97 x
1,016,728	(512,359)	504,369	41,020	47,019	5.73 x

- (1) General Fund revenues are presented in more detail in the section titled Basic Financial Statements Fund Level.
- (2) Covenant Revenues are defined as revenues deposited to the credit of the City's General Fund derived from any source whatsoever that are legally available for the payment of the Special Revenue bond obligations, inclusive of operating transfers from other funds in to the General Fund, but exclusive of revenues derived from ad valorem taxation.
- (3) The Series 2008 obligations were the first of the Special Revenue Bonds to be issued on September 28, 2008. The first interest payment date was April 1, 2009. Revenues and coverage is only presented from the first fiscal year in which principal and/or interest was paid.

STATISTICAL SECT	ION – DEMOGRAP	HIC AND ECONOM	IIC INFORMATION

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	otal Personal ome (thousands) (2)	P	r Capita ersonal come (2)	Median Age (1)	Educational Attainment Rate (3)	School Enrollment (4)	Unemployment rate (5)
2006	839,090	\$ 33,221,579	\$	39,592	35.5	24.10%	125,171	3.1%
2007	847,384	\$ 34,060,804	\$	40,195	36.1	25.20%	125,063	3.9%
2008	853,077	\$ 34,142,370	\$	40,023	35.3	23.60%	125,403	6.5%
2009	858,291	\$ 32,584,235	\$	37,964	35.5	26.10%	123,716	10.5%
2010	864,263	\$ 33,529,211	\$	38,795	35.8	24.90%	124,044	10.4%
2011	864,601	\$ 34,685,340	\$	40,117	35.8	25.50%	125,176	9.4%
2012	869,729	\$ 35,979,716	\$	41,369	35.7	26.40%	126,078	7.6%
2013	876,075	\$ 37,580,871	\$	42,897	36.1	27.40%	126,765	6.4%
2014	890,066	\$ 37,088,909	\$	41,316	36.2	26.10%	127,630	6.0%
2015	905,574	NA		NA	36.3	N/A	129,225	5.2%

Source:

- (1) Florida Office of Economic and Demographic Research
- (2) U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (3) U.S Census Bureau
- (4) Duval County Public Schools, Budget Department
- (5) US Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics

Notes: NA - 2015 data was not available at the time of this report.

The educational attainment rate measures the percentage of the population 25 years and older with a bachelor's degree or higher.

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

2015

EMPLOYER	Employees	Rank	% of Total City Employment
Naval Air Station Jacksonville	25,240	1	5.75%
Duval County Public Schools	14,480	2	3.30%
Naval Station Mayport	9,000	3	2.05%
Baptist Health	8,270	5	1.88%
Bank of America Merrill Lynch	8,000	6	1.82%
City of Jacksonville	7,110	4	1.62%
Florida Blue	6,500	7	1.48%
Mayo Clinic	4,970	8	1.13%
United Parcel Service	4,100	9	0.93%
Citi	4,000	10	0.91%
Total	91,670		20.89%

2006

EMPLOYER	Employees	Rank	% of Total City Employment
Naval Air Station Jacksonville	25,245	1	5.97%
Naval Station Mayport	15,293	2	3.62%
Duval County Public Schools	14,284	3	3.38%
City of Jacksonville	8,119	4	1.92%
Baptist Health	7,000	5	1.66%
Florida Blue	7,000	5	1.66%
Publix Distribution Center	6,615	6	1.57%
Winn-Dixie	6,200	7	1.47%
Mayo Clinic	5,000	8	1.18%
CSX	4,400	9	1.04%
Citi	4,200	10	0.99%
Total	103,356		24.45%

Notes:

A complete update of the principal employers list for 2015 was not available at the time of this report. The above schedule presents the total number of employees for major employer and the percentage of overall City employment each represent. For comparability, the source of the 2006 total employment of the City employment was modified.

Source: Jacksonville Regional Chamber of Commerce City of Jacksonville - Annual Budget Document (Total Staffing)



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STATISTICAL SECTION - OPERATING INFORMATION

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Department										
Office of the Sheriff	3,039	3,045	3,060	3,301	3,371	3,362	3,199	3,002	2,997	2,976
Fire and Rescue	1,304	1,305	1,305	1,300	1,325	1,339	1,338	1,308	1,329	1,294
Public Works	520	502	510	776	790	794	841	853	703	736
Intra-Governmental Services	314	315	323	459	513	-	-	-	-	-
Public Libraries	285	285	285	354	355	363	369	368	382	401
Park and Recreation	280	238	268	133	139	_	-	-	-	-
Tax Collector	226	226	227	235	244	244	223	254	254	254
Regulatory Compliance	206	212	212	243	246	-	-	-	-	-
Planning and Development	153	146	142	161	190	194	238	225	83	86
Property Appraiser	120	120	120	122	128	128	128	128	128	128
Finance	93	93	98	97	100	100	117	117	-	-
Office of Economic Development	56	82	80	84	88	-	-	-	-	-
City Council	79	79	77	78	82	82	82	85	82	82
General Counsel	62	62	62	70	71	74	77	75	75	76
Employee Services	50	50	54	11	12	-	-	-	-	-
Special Services	-	47	51	63	75	-	-	-	-	-
Jacksonville Children's Commission	38	37	38	44	49	50	52	74	58	70
Supervisor of Elections	33	35	35	35	34	34	35	34	33	33
Mayor's Office	35	34	28	35	37	24	16	17	19	21
Clerk of the Court	32	32	30	35	35	37	41	41	41	41
Medical Examiner	28	29	27	27	27	27	27	26	26	26
Office of Sports and Entertainment	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Military Affairs, Veterans & Disabled Svcs	14	19	17	15	17	-	-	-	-	-
Courts	16	16	16	16	16	22	12	6	5	6
Human Rights Commission	6	9	10	12	13	17	17	20	20	21
Downtown Investment Authority	5	4								
Advisory Boards	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Jacksonville Housing & Finance Auth.	-	3	3	3	2	2	1	-	-	-
Office of Ethics, Compliance & Oversight	1	1	-	-	-					-
Central Operations	-	-	-	-	-	401	436	461	-	-
Environmental and Compliance	-	-	-	-	-	294	301	314	343	380
Recreation and Community Services	-	-	-	-	-	238	243	247	-	-
Information Technology	-	-	-	-	-	190	194	200	-	-
Jacksonville Economic Dev. Commission	-	-	-	-	-	17	18	15	28	32
Housing and Neighborhoods	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	39	135	149
Administration and Finance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	651	679
Parks, Rec., Enter., and Conservation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	387	417
Community Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		134	147
Procurement and Supply	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	46
Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	13
Judicial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	7,017	7,030	7,082	7,714	7,964	8,042	8,014	7,914	7,978	8,119

Source: City of Jacksonville - Budget's Annual Financial Plan- (Does not include part-time employees)

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FISCAL YEAR				
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Function/Program					
Police					
Average daily calls received by JSO Communication	4,105	4,028	4,092	4,192	3,992
Average daily police calls for service	2,440	2,463	2,446	2,617	2,833
Traffic citations issued	78,472	91,644	82,408	95,594	118,263
Total sworn officers	1,603	1,603	1,603	1,603	1,726
Total civilians	1,430	1,436	1,439	1,441	1,631
Average daily population by institution:					
John E Goode Pretrial Detention Facility	2,650	2,583	2,474	2,738	2,949
James I. Montgomery Correctional Center	560	645	595	649	737
Community Corrections Division	252	247	266	303	308
Fire/Rescue					
Fire incidents	15,427	14,703	20,836	20,061	21,333
Rescue incidents	116,730	100,843	98,254	93,741	90,182
Rescue transports	81,420	73,290	73,041	73,441	57,162
Fire /Rescue Communication(9-1-1)	,	, ,	, .	,	
No. of calls for emergency assistance	110,797	115,546	116,209	113,802	115,180
Fire prevention	.,	- ,-	-,	-,	, , , ,
No. of inspections	15,644	21,599	19,442	12,952	8,642
No. of public education participants	85,000	85,000	70,580	140,508	56,875
Solid Waste	05,000	02,000	, 0,000	1.0,000	20,075
Refuse collections (tons per day)	2,335	2,337	2,258	2,255	2,254
Recyclables collected(tons per day)	451	312	312	388	366
Motor Vehicle	151	312	312	300	200
Number of vehicles inspected	9,450	9,760	9,526	9,166	10,282
Animal Care and Control	J, 150	2,700	2,320	>,100	10,202
Complaints received	22,742	24,452	28,770	28,728	26,564
Animals impounded	11,358	11,257	15,419	16,544	18,029
License tags dispensed	63,274	66,084	74,258	70,977	45,763
Housing					
Community Development Block Grant(CDBG)					
Limited Repair Program	21	15	48	64	68
Utility top-in Program	45	31	47	69	85
Home Ownership Made Easy(HOME)					
Head Start Homeownership	40	46	85	116	107
Home-American Dream	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Elderly Relocation/New Construction	N/A	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Targeted Redevelopment	18	16	N/A	N/A	N/A
State Housing Initiative Partnership(SHIP)					
Home Owner Rehabilitation	27	N/A	2	17	42
Head Start Homeownership	71	50	N/A	N/A	N/A
Targeted Redevelopment	8	31	N/A	N/A	N/A
Special Needs Housing Rehab	15	240	N/A	N/A	N/A
SHIP Rental Rehabilitation	4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Neighborhood Stabilization Program 3 (NSP3)	7	1 1/11	14/21	1 1/ 2 1	11/71
Home Rental Rehabilitation	40	N/A	2	N/A	N/A
Home Ownership Units	4	7	9	N/A	N/A
Tionic Ownership Ones	-	,	,	1 1/11	1 1/A

Notes: N/A=Statistical Information is not available

2010	2009	FISCAL YEAR 2008	2007	2006
				_
4,138	4,289	5,045	4,738	4,605
2,728	2,893	3,111	2,982	2,997
128,152	154,806	216,644	220,569	208,825
1,790	1,751	1,704	1,665	1,591
1,637	1,552	1,348	1,335	1,236
2,825	2,692	2,578	2,536	2,322
620	659	677	718	747
313	295	297	314	312
313	2)3	291	314	312
18,991	19,251	21,667	20,835	19,604
92,287	90,851	92,150	92,875	89,260
59,527	53,700	51,013	49,340	45,110
115,204	110,102	113,817	113,710	108,864
7,329	5,717	8,406	8,411	10,351
56,312	75,655	70,388	46,195	48,722
00,012	75,055	, 0,500	.0,170	.0,722
2,324	2,360	2,591	2,731	3,173
433	452	505	490	493
10,274	10,607	10,929	10,895	11,196
30,112	24,849	16,138	16,491	34,398
19,877	25,377	25,368	26,642	25,870
24,087	86,236	65,318	65,369	64,648
44	30	44	55	53
103	37	88	78	81
136	160	105	111	46
	2	27		33
N/A N/A	N/A	1	6 4	33 4
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
14/71	14/71	14/11	14/11	11/11
67	62	28	6	26
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
1 V /A	1 V /A	1 V / <i>P</i> 4	1N/ PA	IN/A

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (continued)

		F	ISCAL YEAR		
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Function/Program					
Parks and Recreations					
Pool Attendance	496,693	355,743	477,753	430,873	342,402
Camp Attendance	700	880	2,432	1,889	1,502
Swimming lessons (children)	7,456	2,903	2,545	2,430	2,865
Permits issued(Athletic, special use, picnic)	3,524	3,999	3,508	3,153	3,298
Cecil Attendance	232,547	226,352	239,833	259,792	260,737
Athletic volunteers total hours of service	740,949	761,871	717,818	893,253	710,161
Jacksonville Children's Commission					
Early Learning Coalition-Child Care Service	-	-	-	12,986	10,399
Team UP Programs	8,255	8,069	7,766	7,926	7,471
Community Based After School Programs	2,713	2,411	2,264	2,209	2,511
Healthy Kids and Kidcare*	600	69	N/A	N/A	25
Summer Camp Seats	5,715	5,964	6,151	6,137	5,919
Summer Lunch Program					
Lunches served daily	254,856	241,083	249,252	232,923	231,836
Snacks served daily	22,378	197,743	207,856	192,358	190,740
Number of Sites	182	179	185	174	167
Number of days served	44	44	44	44	44
After School Food Program					
Snacks served annually	379,415	332,182	379,924	328,727	304,911
Suppers served annually	656,469	631,273	639,534	649,064	655,905
Number of sites	62	60	56	48	43
Early Literacy					
JaxKids Book Club**	9,807	10,353	10,353	10,535	10,219
Others	3,687	6,324	6,106	10,364	10,290
Workforce Development Training Institute	3,749	2,101	6,578	6,303	6,724
Background Screenings	914	816	1,181	1,137	883
Mentoring					
No. of children linked with a mentor	1,402	1,134	993	989	1,402
No. of children receiving mental health svcs	1,323	1,494	1,490	1,271	1,226
No. of children receiving community based svcs	832	867	750	885	999
Library					
Programs	10,924	10,919	8,992	11,268	11,166
Gate count	3,366,944	3,467,582	3,912,717	4,551,279	4,863,746
Circulation	5,913,850	6,513,057	7,172,084	8,396,991	8,747,754

Source: City of Jacksonville Annual Financial plan

Various City Departments

Notes: N/A=Statistical Information is not available

*New Grant Began in 2014

^{**}Name changed from Mayor Peyton's Book Club to JaxKids Book Club

		FISCAL YEAR		
2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
	_	-		
425 211	652 606	411 254	129 102	466 221
435,211	653,606	411,354	428,403	466,321
1,959	2,323	2,082	5,094	4,956
3,607	5,588	4,444	5,529	4,458
3,289	3,028	1,696	1,912	3,322
428,929	331,691	269,046	264,833	211,320
728,006	776,570	1,081,745	912,550	1,082,695
12,559	12,507	12,844	13,018	13,547
7,413	6,701	4,722	4,129	3,987
2,144	2,440	2,507	2,409	2,365
47	24	24	7,430	7,042
5,830	5,979	3,524	4,083	4,972
285,924	308,900	340,838	340,213	323,571
254,490	264,935	299,416	275,421	272,656
173	185	201	157	175
44	49	49	57	47
248,061	457,503	430,843	358,622	409,704
574,811	382,932	293,810	302,231	313,087
42	42	28	24	24
10,180	9,766	9,604	8,818	8,399
5,502	5,856	5,531	6,800	7,851
5,745	4,388	3,713	1,500	1,142
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,395	1,157	1,132	403	N/A
1,240	1,301	1,275	1,176	N/A
*			,	
2,472	2,053	1,829	1,778	N/A
10,694	12,628	11,194	11,417	9,243
5,029,115	5,257,939	4,829,892	4,703,234	4,365,463
9,087,192	9,156,597	8,824,972	8,378,103	7,948,860

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Fiscal Year		
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Function/Program					
Police					
Vehicular Patrol units					
Patrol Cars	1,298	1,259	1,303	1,343	1,460
Motorcycles	27	28	22	22	22
Other Vehicles	88	191	156	145	147
Unmarked	512	498	497	497	445
Horse Patrol	4	4	4	4	5
Fire Protection					
Stations	53	53	53	53	53
Marine Based stations	2	2	2	2	2
Rescue Units	41	41	40	34	34
Parks and Recreation					
Boat ramps	25	25	25	25	22
Community Center	57	57	61	61	66
Softball and Baseball Diamonds	248	248	271	271	226
Swimming pools	35	35	34	34	35
Tennis Courts	177	177	161	161	161
Soccer Fields	110	110	84	84	68
Street					
Miles of the street maintained	3,689	3,667	3,667	3,659	3,655
Street - paved (miles)	3,685	3,663	3,663	3,655	3,651
Street - unpaved (miles)	4	4	4	4	4
Street maintained primary (miles)	360	358	358	358	358
Interstate (miles)	120	120	120	120	120
Parking					
Downtown parking garages capacity	3,115	2,812	2,812	2,213	2,586
Downtown parking lots capacity	180	524	524	524	1,286
On street meters	1,690	1,690	1,696	1,650	1,323
Solid Waste					
No. of city landfills in operation	1	1	1	1	1
No. of city yard waste recycling	0	0	0	0	0
Community Services	Ü	· ·	Ü	· ·	· ·
Senior Citizen Centers	20	19	19	19	19
Passenger busses	26	25	25	26	26
Library					
Facilities	21	21	21	21	21
Square footage	785,046	785,046	785,046	785,046	785,046
No. of items held(books, DVD's, CD's, etc)	2,354,787	2,344,637	2,413,255	2,875,295	2,875,295

Source: City of Jacksonville Annual Financial plan Various City Departments

		Fiscal Year		
2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
1,290	1,133	1,468	1,468	1,418
21	22	20	16	16
343	411	164	160	160
480	412	285	255	255
5	6	6	6	6
53	53	52	50	52
2	2	2	2	2
34	32	31	31	30
22	22	22	32	32
65	65	65	53	53
226	214	210	280	287
35	35	35	36	36
161	161	156	158	156
68	68	68	84	78
3,626	3,620	3,603	3,570	3,534
3,622	3,616	3,599	3,566	3,530
4	4	4	4	4
386	372	372	372	372
95	95	95	115	95
2,636	2,636	2,576	2,576	2,280
1,205	1,205	1,262	1,262	1,530
1,448	1,448	1,450	1,500	1,600
1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	2
18	18	18	18	18
26	26	26	26	26
21	21	21	21	21
785,046	785,046	785,046	785,046	785,046
3,023,307	3,147,971	3,113,359	3,071,780	2,856,089



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