

Definitions

Applicant – Any entity which makes an application for Section 3 covered assistance, and includes, but is not limited to, any State, unit of local government, public housing agency or other public body, public or private nonprofit organization, private agency or institution, mortgagor, developer, limited dividend sponsor, builder, property manager, community housing development organization, resident management corporation, resident council, or cooperative association.

Assistant – the Assistant Secretary for Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity.

Business Concern – a business entity formed in accordance with State law, and which is licensed under State, county or municipal law to engage in the type of business activity for which it was formed.

Consultant - any entity which contracts to perform work generated the expenditure of Section 3 covered assistance, or for work in connection with a Section 3 covered project.

Employment Opportunities Generated by Section 3 Covered Assistance – all employment opportunities generated by the expenditure of Section 3 covered public assistance (i.e. operating assistance, development assistance and modernization assistance, as described in Section 135.3 (a) (1)). With respect to Section 3 covered housing and community development assistance, this term means all employment opportunities arising in connection with Section 3 covered projects (as described in Section 135.3 (a) (2)), including management and administrative jobs. Management and administrative jobs include architectural, engineering or related professional services required to prepare plans, drawings, specifications, or work write-ups; and jobs directly related to administrative support of these activities, (e.g. construction manager, relocation specialist, payroll clerk, etc.)

Housing Authority (HA) – Public Housing Agency.

Housing Development – low-income housing owned, developed, or operated by public housing agencies in accordance with HUD's public housing program regulations codified in 24 CFR Chapter IX.

HUD Youthbuild Programs – programs that receive assistance under subtitle D of Title IV of the National Affordable Housing Act, as amended by the Housing and Community Development Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 12899), and provide disadvantaged youth with opportunities for employment, education, leadership development, and training in the construction or rehabilitation of housing for homeless individuals and members of low- and very low-income families.

JTPA – The Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1579 (a)).

Low-income person – families (including single persons) whose incomes do not exceed 80 percent of the median income for the area, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Housing and Urban Development, with adjustments for smaller and larger families. However, the Secretary may establish income ceilings higher or lower than 80 percent of the median for the area on the basis of the Secretary's findings that such variations are necessary because of prevailing levels of construction costs or unusually high or low-income families.

Metropolitan Area – a metropolitan statistical area (MSA), as established by the Office of Management and Budget.

New Hires – full-time employees for permanent, temporary or seasonal employment opportunities.

Recipient – any entity which receives Section 3 covered assistance, directly from HUD or from another recipient and includes, but is not limited to, any State unit of local government, PHA, or other public body, public or private nonprofit organization, private agency or institution, mortgagor, developer, limited dividend sponsor, builder, property manager, community housing development organization, resident management corporation, resident council, or cooperative association. Recipient also includes any successor, assignee or transferee of any such entity, but does not include any ultimate beneficiary under the HUD program to which Section 3 applies and does not include contractors.

Section 3 – Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1701u).

Section 3 Business Concern – a business concern, defined as follows:

- 1) That is 51 percent or more owned by Section 3 resident: or
- 2) Whose permanent, full-time employees include persons, at least 30 percent of whom are currently Section 3 residents, or within three years of the date of first employment with the business concern were Section 3 residents; or
- 3) That provides evidence of a commitment to subcontract in excess of 25 percent of the dollar award of all subcontractors to be awarded to business concerns that meet the qualifications set forth in paragraphs 1 or 2 above.

Section 3 Covered Assistance –

- 1) public housing development assistance provided pursuant to Section 5 of the 1937 Act;
- 2) public housing operating assistance provided pursuant to Section 9 of the 1937 Act;
- 3) public housing modernization assistance provided pursuant to Section 14 of the 1937 Act;
- 4) assistance provided under any HUD housing or community development program that is expended for work arising in connection with housing rehabilitation, construction, or other public construction project (which includes other buildings or improvements, regardless of ownership).

Section 3 Clause – the contract provisions set forth in Section 135.38.

Section 3 RFP/Q – a proposal awarded by a recipient or contractor for work generated by the expenditure of Section 3 covered assistance, or for work arising in connection with a Section 3 covered project.

Section 3 Covered Project - applies only to projects in which HUD funding (i.e., CDBG, HOME, NSP, etc.) is involved.

Section 3 Resident – a public housing resident or an individual who resides in the metropolitan area or Non-metropolitan County in which the Section 3 covered assistance is expended and who is considered to be a low-to very low-income person.

Subcontractor – any entity (other than a person who is an employee of the design firm) which has a contract with a design firm to undertake a portion of the firm's obligation for the performance of work generated by the expenditure of Section 3 covered assistance, or arising in connection with a Section 3 covered project.

Very low-income person – families (including single persons) whose income do not exceed 50 percent of the median family income for the area, as determined by the Secretary of HUD with adjustments for smaller and larger families, except that the Secretary may establish income ceilings higher or lower than 50 percent of median for the area on the basis of the Secretary's findings that such variations are necessary because of unusually high or low family incomes.